

Agilent HLMP-FWxx 5mm Extra Bright Flat Top InGaN White LED Lamps. Data Sheet

HLMP-FW66, HLMP-FW67

Description

These high intensity white LED lamps are based on InGaN material technology. A blue LED die is coated by phosphor to produce white. The typical resulting color is described by the coordinates $x = 0.31$, $y = 0.31$ using the 1931 CIE Chromaticity Diagram.

These flat top lamps are untinted, non-diffused, and incorporate precise optics which produce well-defined spatial radiation patterns at specific viewing cone angle.

Features

- High luminous white emission
- Flat top
- Standoff or non-standoff leads
- Superior resistance to moisture

Applications

- Electronic signs and signals
- Small area illumination
- Legend backlighting
- General purpose indicators

Benefit

- Reduced power consumption, higher reliability, and increased optical/mechanical design flexibility compared to incandescent bulbs and other alternative white light sources.

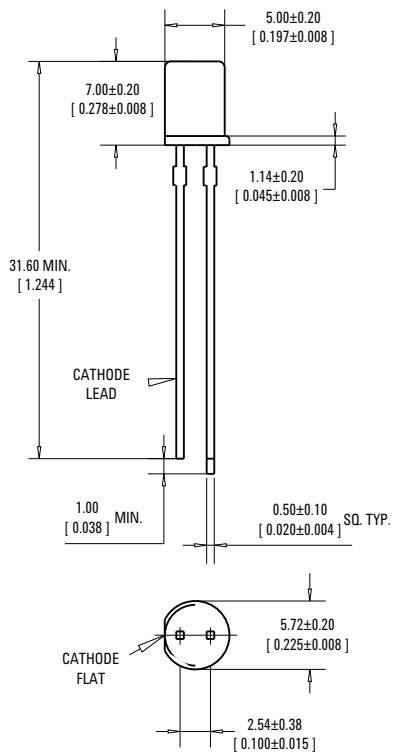
Caution: Devices are Class 1 ESD sensitive. Please observe appropriate precautions during handling and processing. Refer to Application Note AN-1142 for additional details.



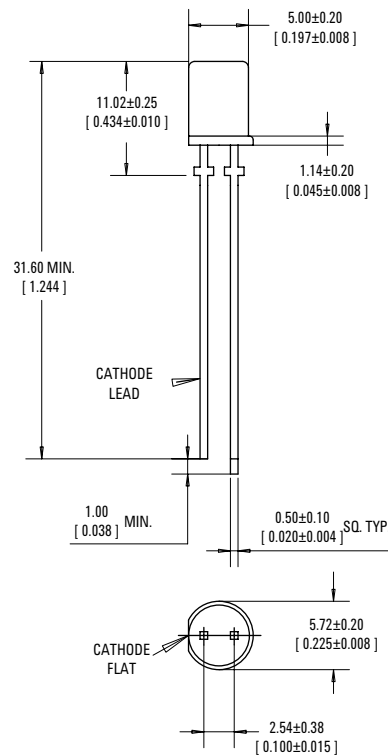
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Package Dimensions

Package Dimension A



Package Dimension B



Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters / inches.
2. Epoxy meniscus may extend about 1mm (0.040") down the leads.
3. If heat-sinking application is required, the terminal for heat sink is anode.

Part Numbering System

H L M P - FW XX - X X X XX

Mechanical Option

- 00: Bulk
- DD: Ammo Pack Straight Leads

Color Bin Options

- 0: Full color bin distribution
- B: Color bin 2 & 3 only

Maximum Intensity Bin

- 0: No maximum intensity bin limit
- Others: Refer to Device Selection Guide

Minimum Intensity Bin

- Refer to Device Selection Guide

Viewing Angle and Standoff Option

- 66: Flat top without standoff
- 67: Flat top with standoff

Device Selection Guide

Part Number	Typical Viewing Angle, 2 θ _{1/2} (Degree)	Intensity (mcd) at 20 MA		Standoff	Package Dimension
		Min.	Max.		
HLMP-FW66-LP0xx	85	400	1150	No	A
HLMP-FW66-MN0xx	85	520	880	No	A
HLMP-FW66-MNBxx	85	520	880	No	A
HLMP-FW66-MQ0xx	85	520	1500	No	A
HLMP-FW66-NP0xx	85	680	1150	No	A
HLMP-FW66-NPBxx	85	680	1150	No	A
HLMP-FW67-LP0xx	85	400	1150	Yes	B
HLMP-FW67-MN0xx	85	520	880	Yes	B
HLMP-FW67-MNBxx	85	520	880	Yes	B
HLMP-FW67-MQ0xx	85	520	1500	Yes	B
HLMP-FW67-NP0xx	85	680	1150	Yes	B
HLMP-FW67-NPBxx	85	680	1150	Yes	B

Notes:

1. Tolerance for luminous intensity measurement is $\pm 15\%$
2. The luminous intensity is measured on the mechanical axis of the lamp package.
3. The optical axis is closely aligned with the package mechanical axis.
4. 2 θ _{1/2} is the off-axis angle where the luminous intensity is $\frac{1}{2}$ the on axis intensity.
5. Part numbers in **BOLD** are recommended for new designs.

Absolute Maximum Rating at T_A = 25°C

Parameters	Value	Unit
DC forward current ^[1]	30	mA
Peak pulsed forward current ^[2]	100	mA
Power dissipation	105	mW
LED junction temperature	110	°C
Operating temperature range	-40 to +85	°C
Storage temperature range	-40 to +100	°C

Notes:

1. Derate linearly as shown in figure 2.
2. Duty factor 10%, frequency 1KHz

Electrical/Optical Characteristics $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameters	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Condition
Forward voltage	V_F		3.2	4.0	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Voltage ^[1]	V_R	5.0			V	$I_R = 10 \mu\text{A}$
Thermal resistance	$R\theta_{J-PIN}$		240		$^\circ\text{C/W}$	LED Junction to anode lead
Chromaticity Coordinates ^[2]	X Y		0.31 0.31			$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Capacitance	C		70			$V_F=0, f=1\text{MHz}$

Notes:

1. The reverse voltage of the product is equivalent to the forward voltage of the protective chip at $I_R = 10 \mu\text{A}$
2. The chromaticity coordinates are derived from the CIE 1931 Chromaticity Diagram and represent the perceived color of the device.

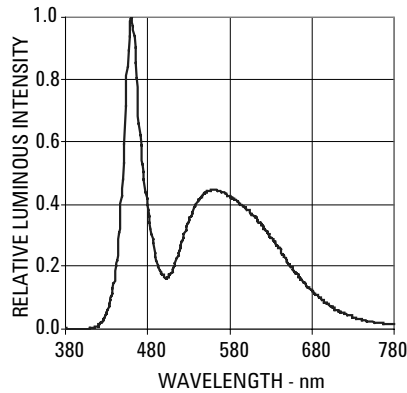


Figure 1. Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

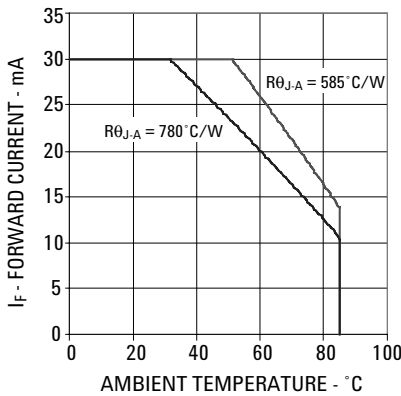


Figure 2. Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature.

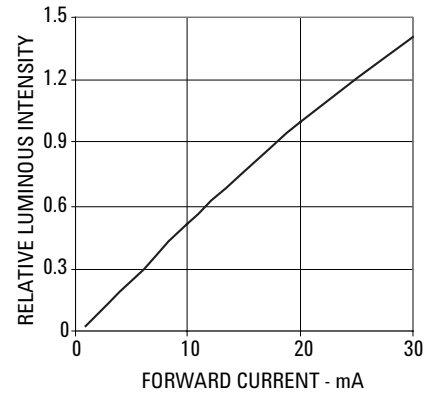


Figure 3. Relative Intensity versus DC Forward Current

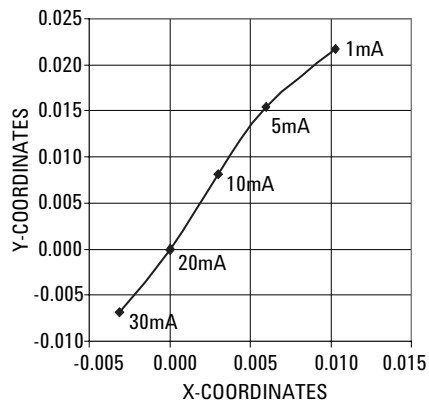


Figure 4. Chromaticity shift vs. Current

*Note: (x,y) values @ 20mA reference to (0,0)

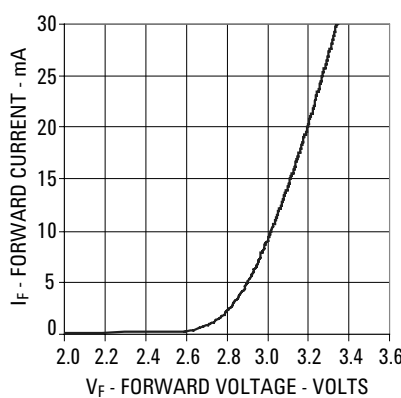


Figure 5. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage.

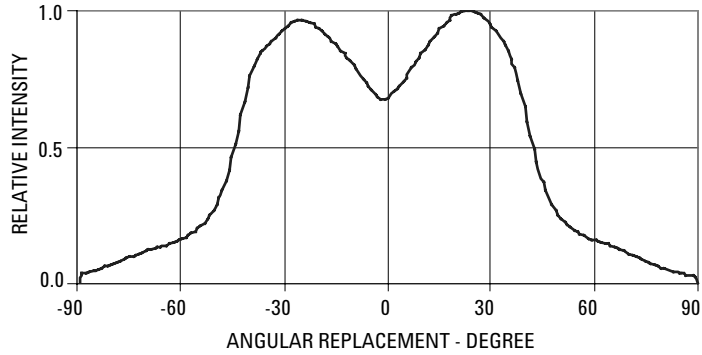


Figure 6. Spatial Radiation Pattern

Intensity Bin Limit Table

Bin	Intensity (mcd) at 20 mA	
	Min	Max
L	400	520
M	520	680
N	680	880
P	880	1150
Q	1150	1500

Tolerance for each bin limit is $\pm 15\%$

Color Bin Limit Table

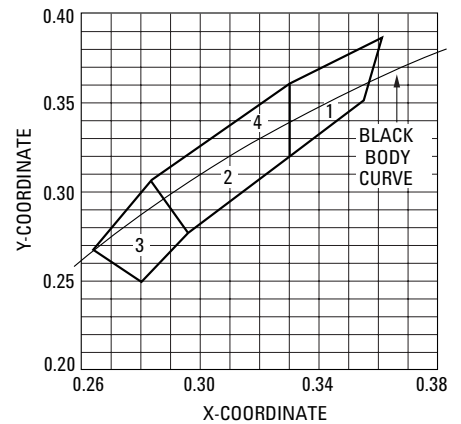
Rank	Limits (Chromaticity Coordinates)				
1	X	0.330	0.330	0.356	0.361
	Y	0.360	0.318	0.351	0.385
2	X	0.287	0.296	0.330	0.330
	Y	0.295	0.276	0.318	0.339
3	X	0.264	0.280	0.296	0.283
	Y	0.267	0.248	0.276	0.305
4	X	0.283	0.287	0.330	0.330
	Y	0.305	0.295	0.339	0.360

Tolerance for each bin limit is ± 0.01

Note:

- Bin categories are established for classification of products. Products may not be available in all bin categories. Please contact your Agilent representative for information on currently available bins.

Color Bin Limits with Respect to CIE 1931 Chromaticity Diagram



Precautions:

Lead Forming:

- The leads of an LED lamp may be preformed or cut to length prior to insertion and soldering into PC board.
- If lead forming is required before soldering, care must be taken to avoid any excessive mechanical stress induced to LED package. Otherwise, cut the leads of LED to length after soldering process at room temperature. The solder joint formed will absorb the mechanical stress of the lead cutting from traveling to the LED chip die attach and wirebond.
- It is recommended that tooling made to precisely form and cut the leads to length rather than rely upon hand operation.

Soldering Condition:

- Care must be taken during PCB assembly and soldering process to prevent damage to LED component.
- The closest LED is allowed to solder on board is 1.59mm below the body (encapsulant epoxy) for those parts without standoff.
- Recommended soldering condition:

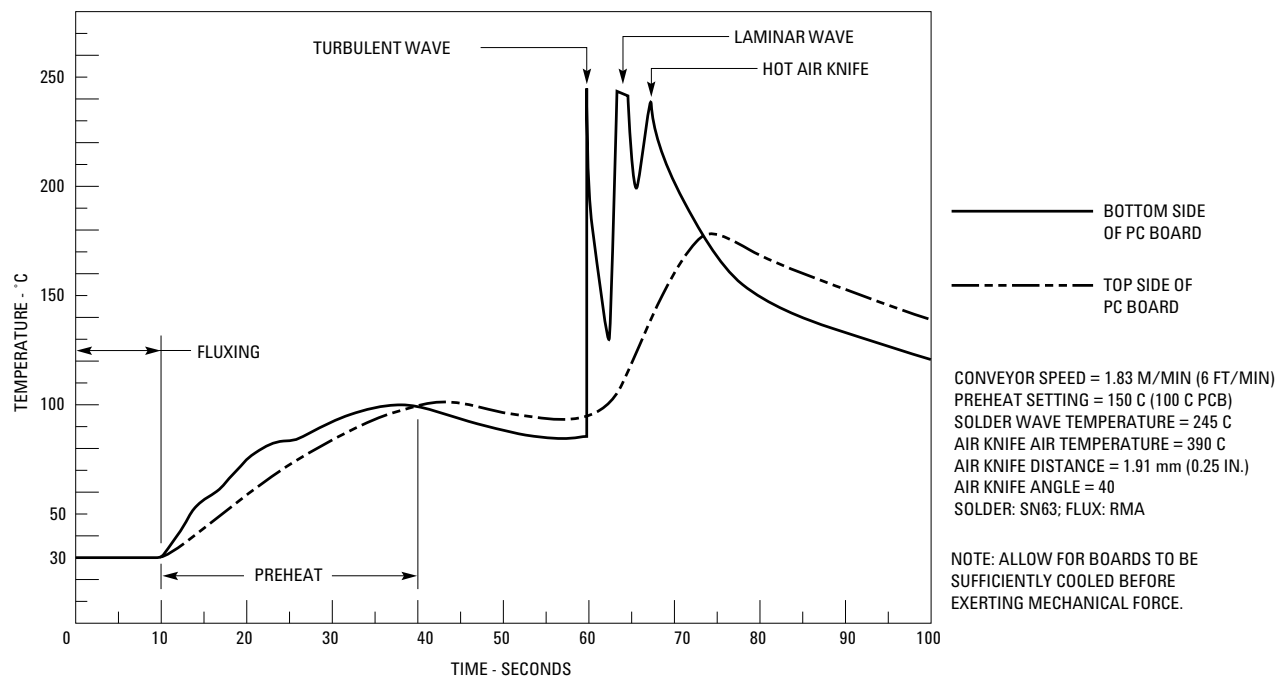
	Wave Soldering	Manual Solder Dipping
Pre-heat temperature	105 °C Max.	–
Preheat time	30 sec Max	–
Peak temperature	250 °C Max.	260 °C Max.
Dwell time	3 sec Max.	5 sec Max

- Wave soldering parameter must be set and maintain according to recommended temperature and dwell time in the solder wave. Customer is advised to periodically check on the soldering profile to ensure the soldering profile used is always conforming to recommended soldering condition.
- If necessary, use fixture to hold the LED component in proper orientation with respect to the PCB during soldering process.
- Proper handling is imperative to avoid excessive thermal stresses to LED components when heated. Therefore, the soldered PCB must be allowed to cool to room temperature, 25°C before handling.
- Special attention must be given to board fabrication, solder masking, surface plating and lead holes size and component orientation to assure solderability.
- Recommended PC board plated through holes size for LED component leads.

LED component lead size	Diagonal	Plated through hole diameter
0.457 x 0.457mm (0.018 x 0.018inch)	0.646 mm (0.025 inch)	0.976 to 1.078 mm (0.038 to 0.042 inch)
0.508 x 0.508mm (0.020 x 0.020inch)	0.718 mm (0.028 inch)	1.049 to 1.150mm (0.041 to 0.045 inch)

Note: Refer to application note AN1027 for more information on soldering LED components.

Recommended Wave Soldering Profile



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Data subject to change.

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