

# Secure 3 click

PID: MIKROE-2761







**Secure 3 click** carries the ATSHA204A, a cryptographic coprocessor with secure hardware-based key storage from Microchip. The click is designed to run on either 3.3V or 5V power supply. Secure 3 click communicates with the target microcontroller over an I2C interface.

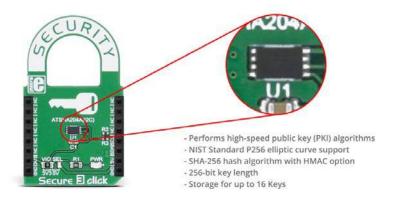
#### It is ideal to use for:

- Secure download and boot authentication and protect code in-transit
- Ecosystem control ensure only OEM/licensed nodes and accessories work
- Anti-cloning prevent building with identical BOM or stolen code
- Message security authentication, message integrity, and confidentiality of network nodes (IoT)

**NOTE:** The click comes with stacking headers which allow you to combine it with other clicks more easily by using just one mikroBUS™ socket.

#### ATSHA204A features

The ATSHA204A is a member of the Microchip CryptoAuthentication™ family of high-security hardware authentication devices, which uses Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA-256) with 256-bit key length, message authentication code (MAC) and hash-based message authentication code (HMAC) options. It has a flexible command set that allows use in many applications.



The ATSHA204A device includes an Electrically Erasable Programmable Read-Only Memory (EEPROM) array that can be used for key storage, miscellaneous read/write data, read-only, secret data, consumption logging, and security configuration. Access to the various sections of memory can be restricted in a variety of ways, and the configuration can then be locked to prevent changes.

### **Specifications**

| Туре                | EEPROM   |
|---------------------|--|
| On-board<br>modules | ATSHA204A - a cryptographic coprocessor with secure hardware-based key storage   |
|                     | superior SHA-256 hash algorithm with 256-bit key length, message authentication code (MAC) and hash-based message authentication code (HMAC) options, storage for up to sixteen keys |
| Key Benefits        | cost-effective symmetric authentication solution   |
| Interface           | I2C  |
| Input<br>Voltage    | 3.3V or 5V   |
| Click board<br>size | M (42.9 x 25.4 mm)   |

# Pinout diagram

This table shows how the pinout on **Secure 3 click** corresponds to the pinout on the mikroBUS<sup>TM</sup> socket (the latter shown in the two middle columns).

| Notes        | Pin   | mikro** BUS |      |     |    | Pin | Notes        |
|--------------|-------|-------------|------|-----|----|-----|--------------|
|              | NC    | 1           | AN   | PWM | 16 | NC  |              |
|              | NC    | 2           | RST  | INT | 15 | NC  |              |
|              | NC    | 3           | CS   | TX  | 14 | NC  |              |
|              | NC    | 4           | SCK  | RX  | 13 | NC  |              |
|              | NC    | 5           | MISO | SCL | 12 | SCL | I2C clock    |
|              | NC    | 6           | MOSI | SDA | 11 | SDA | I2C data     |
| Power supply | +3.3V | 7           | 3.3V | 5V  | 10 | +5V | Power supply |
| Ground       | GND   | 8           | GND  | GND | 9  | GND | Ground       |

# Jumpers and settings

| Designator | Name        | Default<br>Position | Default<br>Option | Description   |
|------------|-------------|---------------------|-------------------|---|
| IIJP1      | VIO<br>SEL. | Left                | 13V3              | Power Supply Voltage Selection 3V3/5V, left position 3V3, right position 5V |

## Programming

Code examples for Secure 3 click, written for MikroElektronika hardware and compilers are available on Libstock.

### Code snippet

The following code snippet creates a MAC for a given input and then checks if it is valid using verify function.

```
01 static void MACTest ()
02 {
       //Generates nonce for use in MAC generation
03
04
       memset (bufferIn, 0x45, 128);
05
       if (atcab_nonce(bufferIn) == ATCA_SUCCESS)
06
07
           LOG( "rnrn Nonce generated." );
80
09
       else LOG( "rnrn Nonce generation failed..." );
10
       delay_ms (1500);
11
      //Generates MAC for given input
12
13
       memset (bufferOut, 0x00, 128);
       memset (bufferIn, 0x14, 128);
14
15
       if (atcab_mac( 0, 0, bufferIn, bufferOut ) == ATCA_SUCCESS)
16
17
           LOG( "rnrn MAC generated: " );
18
           outputHex (bufferOut, 32);
19
20
       else LOG( "rnrn Mac generation failed..." );
        delay_ms (1500);
21
22
      //Checks if the generated MAC is valid
23
       memset (bufferIn, 0x14, 128);
24
25
       if (atcab_checkmac( 0, 0, bufferIn, bufferOut, otherData) ==
ATCA_SUCCESS)
26
       {
27
           LOG( "rnrn Check MAC successful. " );
28
29
       else LOG( "rnrn Check MAC failed..." );
30 }
```