

Description

The TLC271 operational amplifier combines a wide range of input offset voltage grades with low offset voltage drift and high input impedance. In addition, the TLC271 offers a bias-select mode that allows the user to select the best combination of power dissipation and AC performance for a particular application.

Using the bias-select option, these devices can be programmed to fit a wide range of applications. Three offset voltage grades are available, ranging from the low-cost TLC271 (10mV) to the TLC271B (2mV) low-offset version. The devices are offered in both commercial and industrial operating temperature ranges.

The extremely high input impedance and low bias currents, in conjunction with good common-mode and supply voltage rejection make these devices an excellent choice for high performance designs.

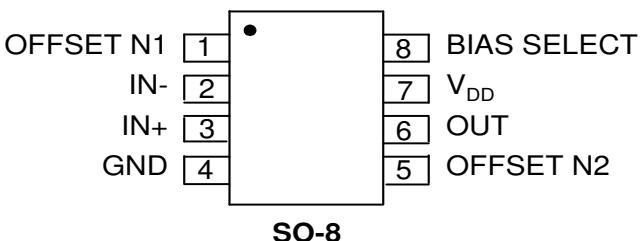
The devices also feature low-voltage single-supply operation with a common-mode input voltage range which includes the negative rail.

Features

- Wide range of supply voltages over specified temperature range:
0°C to 70°C . . . 3 V to 16 V
-40°C to 85°C . . . 4 V to 16 V
- Single-Supply Operation
- Common-Mode Input Voltage Range
- Extends Below the Negative Rail
- Low Noise:
20 nV/√Hz Typical @ f = 1kHz
(High-Bias Mode)
- Output Voltage Range Includes Negative Rail
- High Input Impedance
- ESD-Protection Circuitry
- Designed-In Latch-Up Immunity
- **Totally Lead-Free & Fully RoHS Compliant (Notes 1 & 2)**
- **Halogen and Antimony Free. "Green" Device (Note 3)**

Pin Assignments

(Top View)



Applications

With the programmability options of the TLC271, a designer can choose a very low current option allowing for extended battery life or choose a higher current option for more performance. It is possible to switch performance modes as the application demands change.

The TLC271 is well suited for many consumer audio, industrial and other low power applications.

- Audio
Microphone Preamplifier
Filtering – Equalizers
Signal Amplification
- Industrial
Power Supply
Instrumentation
Metering
- Medical
Portable Meters and Measurement
Instrumentation

Notes:

1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS) & 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) compliant.
2. See http://www.diodes.com/quality/lead_free.html for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.
3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.

Ordering Information

TLC271-XXX - X



None: 10mV

A: 5mV

B: 2mV

C: Commercial

I: Industrial

S: SO-8

13: Tape & Reel

| Device | Package Code | Offset Voltage | Operating Temperature Range | Packaging (Note 4) | 13" Tape and Reel | |
|--------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| | | | | | Quantity | Part Number Suffix |
| TLC271CS-13 | S | 10mV | 0 to 70°C | SO-8 | 2500/Tape & Reel | -13 |
| TLC271ACS-13 | S | 5mV | 0 to 70°C | SO-8 | 2500/Tape & Reel | -13 |
| TLC271BCS-13 | S | 2mV | 0 to 70°C | SO-8 | 2500/Tape & Reel | -13 |
| TLC271IS-13 | S | 10mV | -40 to 85°C | SO-8 | 2500/Tape & Reel | -13 |
| TLC271AIS-13 | S | 5mV | -40 to 85°C | SO-8 | 2500/Tape & Reel | -13 |
| TLC271BIS-13 | S | 2mV | -40 to 85°C | SO-8 | 2500/Tape & Reel | -13 |

Note: 4. Pad layout as shown on Diodes Inc. suggested pad layout document AP02001, which can be found on our website at <http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02001.pdf>.

Pin Descriptions

| Pin Name | Pin number | Description |
|-----------------|------------|------------------------------------|
| OFFSET N1 | 1 | Offset Control Inverting Input |
| IN- | 2 | Inverting Input |
| IN+ | 3 | Non-Inverting Input |
| GND | 4 | Ground |
| OFFSET N2 | 5 | Offset Control Non-Inverting Input |
| OUT | 6 | Output |
| V _{DD} | 7 | Supply |
| BIAS SELECT | 8 | Bias Mode Select |

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Notes 5, 6, 7, 8, 9)

| Symbol | Parameter | Rating | Unit |
|----------|--|-----------------------|------|
| V_{DD} | Supply Voltage (Note 6) | 18 | V |
| V_{ID} | Differential Input Voltage (Note 7) | $\pm V_{DD}$ | V |
| V_{IN} | Input Voltage Range (either input) | -0.3 to V_{DD} | V |
| I_{IN} | Input Current | ± 5 | mA |
| I_o | Output Current | ± 30 | mA |
| | Output Short-Circuit to GND (Note 8) | Continuous | — |
| P_D | Power Dissipation (Note 9) | 1065 | mW |
| T_A | Operating Temperature Range | C Grade 0 to +70 | °C |
| | | I Grade -40 to +85 | |
| T_J | Operating Junction Temperature | 150 | °C |
| T_{ST} | Storage Temperature Range | -65 to +150 | °C |
| ESD HBM | Human Body Model ESD Protection (1.5kΩ in series with 100pF) | 1.5 | kV |

- Notes:
- 5. Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under recommended operating conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
 - 6. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to ground.
 - 7. Differential input voltages are at IN_+ with respect to IN_- .
 - 8. The output may be shorted to either supply. Temperature and/or supply voltages must be limited to ensure that the maximum dissipation rating is not exceeded.
 - 9. For operating at high temperatures, the TLC271 must be derated 8.5mW/°C to zero based on a +150°C maximum junction temperature and a thermal resistance of +117 °C/W when the device is soldered to a printed circuit board, operating in a still air ambient.

Recommended Operating Conditions

| Symbol | Parameter | C grade | | I grade | | Unit |
|----------|--------------------------------|----------------|------|---------|------|------|
| | | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| V_{DD} | Supply Voltage | 3 | 16 | 4 | 16 | V |
| V_{IC} | Common Mode Input Voltage | $V_{DD} = 5V$ | -0.2 | 3.5 | -0.2 | V |
| | | $V_{DD} = 10V$ | -0.2 | 8.5 | -0.2 | |
| T_A | Operating Free Air Temperature | 0 | +70 | -40 | +85 | °C |

Electrical Characteristics

| High Bias Mode | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|----------------|-----------------------------|------|-------------|-----------------------|------|------|-------|
| Parameter | | | Conditions | T _A | TLC271C, TLC271AC, TLC271BC | | | | | | Unit |
| | | | | | V _{DD} = 5V | | | V _{DD} = 10V | | | |
| V _I ^o | Input Offset Voltage | TLC271C V _o = 1.4V, V _{IC} = 0V, R _S = 50Ω, R _L = 10kΩ | | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ. | Max | |
| | | +25°C | — | 1.1 | 10 | — | 1.1 | 10 | | mV | |
| | | 0 to +70°C | — | — | 12 | — | — | 12 | | | |
| | | +25°C | — | 0.9 | 5 | — | 0.9 | 5 | | | |
| | | 0 to 70°C | — | — | 6.5 | — | — | 6.5 | | | |
| | | 25°C | — | 0.34 | 2 | — | 0.39 | 2 | | | |
| α _{V_I^o} | Average Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Voltage | | — | +25°C to 70°C | 1.8 | | | 2 | | | μV/°C |
| | I _I ^o | | V _o = V _{DD} /2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2 | +25°C | — | 0.1 | 60 | — | 0.1 | 60 | pA |
| I _{IB} | Input Bias Current (Note 10) | | +70°C | — | 7 | 300 | — | 7 | 300 | | pA |
| | I _{IB} | | V _o = V _{DD} /2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2 | +25°C | — | 0.6 | 60 | — | 0.7 | 60 | |
| V _{ICR} | Common Mode Input Voltage (Note 11) | | +70°C | — | 40 | 600 | — | 50 | 600 | | V |
| | | | +25°C | -0.2 to 4 | -0.3 to 4.2 | — | -0.2 to 9 | -0.3 to 9.2 | — | | |
| | | | 0 to +70°C | -0.2 to 3.5 | — | — | -0.2 to 8.5 | — | — | | |
| | | | +25°C | 3.2 | 3.8 | — | 8 | 8.5 | — | | |
| V _H | High Level Output Voltage | | 0°C | 3 | 3.8 | — | 7.8 | 8.5 | — | | V |
| | | | +70°C | 3 | 3.8 | — | 7.8 | 8.4 | — | | |
| | | | +25°C | — | 0 | 50 | — | 0 | 50 | | |
| V _L | Low Level Output Voltage | | 0°C | — | 0 | 50 | — | 0 | 50 | | mV |
| | | | +70°C | — | 0 | 50 | — | 0 | 50 | | |
| A _{VD} | Large Signal Differential Voltage Gain | | +25°C | 5 | 23 | — | 10 | 36 | — | | V/mV |
| | | | 0°C | 4 | 27 | — | 7.5 | 42 | — | | |
| | | | +70°C | 4 | 20 | — | 7.5 | 32 | — | | |
| CMRR | Common Mode Rejection Ratio | | +25°C | 65 | 80 | — | 65 | 85 | — | | dB |
| | | | 0°C | 60 | 84 | — | 60 | 88 | — | | |
| | | | +70°C | 60 | 85 | — | 60 | 88 | — | | |
| k _{SVR} | Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio (ΔV _{DD} /ΔV _I ^o) | | +25°C | 65 | 95 | — | 65 | 95 | — | | dB |
| | | | 0°C | 60 | 94 | — | 60 | 94 | — | | |
| | | | +70°C | 60 | 96 | — | 60 | 96 | — | | |
| I _{I(SEL)} | Input Current (BIAS SELECT) | | V _{I(SEL)} = 0 | +25°C | — | -1.4 | — | — | -1.9 | — | μA |
| I _{DD} | Supply Current | | V _o = V _{DD} /2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2, No load | +25°C | — | 675 | 1600 | — | 950 | 2000 | μA |
| | | | 0°C | — | 775 | 1800 | — | 1125 | 2200 | | |
| | | | +70°C | — | 575 | 1300 | — | 750 | 1700 | | |

Notes:

- 10. The typical values of input bias current and input offset current below 5pA were calculated.
- 11. This range also applies to each input individually.
- 12. At V_{DD} = 5 V, V_o = 0.25 V to 2 V; at V_{DD} = 10 V, V_o = 1 V to 6 V.

Electrical Characteristics

| High bias mode | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|----------------|-----------------------------|------|-------------|-----------------------|------|------|-------|--|
| Parameter | | | Conditions | T _A | TLC271I, TLC271AI, TLC271BI | | | | | | Unit | |
| | | | | | V _{DD} = 5V | | | V _{DD} = 10V | | | | |
| V _I ^o | Input Offset Voltage | TLC271I | V _o = 1.4V, V _{IC} = 0V, R _S = 50Ω, R _L = 10kΩ | +25 °C | — | 1.1 | 10 | — | 1.1 | 10 | mV | |
| | | | | -40 to 85 °C | — | — | 13 | — | — | 13 | | |
| | | | | +25 °C | — | 0.9 | 5 | — | 0.9 | 5 | | |
| | | TLC271AI | | -40 to 85 °C | — | — | 7 | — | — | 7 | | |
| | | | | +25 °C | — | 0.34 | 2 | — | 0.39 | 2 | | |
| | | | | -40 to 85 °C | — | — | 3.5 | — | — | 3.5 | | |
| α _{V_I^o} | Average Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Voltage | — | | +25 to 85 °C | 1.8 | | | 2 | | | μV/°C | |
| I _I ^o | Input Offset Current (Note 13) | V _o = V _{DD} /2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2 | +25 °C | — | 0.1 | 60 | — | 0.1 | 60 | pA | | |
| I _{IB} | Input Bias Current (Note 13) | | | +85 °C | — | 24 | 1000 | — | 26 | 1000 | | |
| V _{ICR} | Common Mode Input Voltage (Note 14) | | +25 °C | — | 0.6 | 60 | — | 0.7 | 60 | | | |
| | | | +85 °C | — | 200 | 2000 | — | 220 | 2000 | | | |
| | | | +25 °C | -0.2 to 4 | -0.3 to 4.2 | — | -0.2 to 9 | -0.3 to 9.2 | — | V | | |
| V _H | High Level Output Voltage | V _{ID} = 100mV, R _L = 10kΩ | +40 °C | -0.2 to 3.5 | — | — | -0.2 to 8.5 | — | — | V | | |
| | | | +85 °C | 3.2 | 3.8 | — | 8 | 8.5 | — | V | | |
| | | | +25 °C | 3 | 3.8 | — | 7.8 | 8.5 | — | | | |
| V _L | Low Level Output Voltage | V _{ID} = -100mV, I _L = 0 | +40 °C | 3 | 3.8 | — | 7.8 | 8.5 | — | mV | | |
| | | | +85 °C | — | 0 | 50 | — | 0 | 50 | | | |
| | | | +25 °C | — | 0 | 50 | — | 0 | 50 | | | |
| A _{VD} | Large Signal Differential Voltage Gain | R _L = 10kΩ (Note 15) | +40 °C | 5 | 23 | — | 10 | 36 | — | V/mV | | |
| | | | +85 °C | 3.5 | 32 | — | 7 | 46 | — | | | |
| | | | +25 °C | 3.5 | 19 | — | 7 | 31 | — | | | |
| CMRR | Common Mode Rejection Ratio | V _{IC} = V _{ICRmin} | +40 °C | 65 | 80 | — | 65 | 85 | — | dB | | |
| | | | +85 °C | 60 | 81 | — | 60 | 87 | — | | | |
| | | | +25 °C | 60 | 86 | — | 60 | 88 | — | | | |
| k _{SVR} | Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio (ΔV _{DD} /ΔV _I ^o) | V _{DD} = 5V to 10V, V _o = 1.4V | +40 °C | 65 | 95 | — | 65 | 95 | — | dB | | |
| | | | +85 °C | 60 | 92 | — | 60 | 92 | — | | | |
| | | | +25 °C | 60 | 96 | — | 60 | 96 | — | | | |
| I _{I(SEL)} | Input Current (BIAS SELECT) | V _{I(SEL)} = 0 | +25 °C | — | -1.4 | — | — | -1.9 | — | μA | | |
| I _{DD} | Supply Current | V _o = V _{DD} /2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2, No load | +40 °C | — | 675 | 1600 | — | 950 | 2000 | μA | | |
| | | | +85 °C | — | 950 | 2200 | — | 1375 | 2500 | | | |
| | | | +25 °C | — | 525 | 1200 | — | 725 | 1600 | | | |

Notes: 13. The typical values of input bias current and input offset current below 5pA were calculated.

14. This range also applies to each input individually.

15. At V_{DD} = 5 V, V_o = 0.25 V to 2 V; at V_{DD} = 10 V, V_o = 1 V to 6 V.

Electrical Characteristics

High bias mode: $V_{DD} = 5V$

| Parameter | | Conditions | | T_A | TLC271C, TLC271AC, TLC271BC | | | Unit |
|-----------|--------------------------------|---|--------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|-----|-----|-----------------|
| | | | | | Min | Typ | Max | |
| SR | Slew Rate at Unity Gain | $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 92 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25 °C | — | 3.6 | — | V/ μ s |
| | | | | 0 °C | — | 4 | — | |
| | | | | +70 °C | — | 3 | — | |
| | | | | +25 °C | — | 2.9 | — | |
| | | | $V_{I(PP)} = 2.5V$ | 0 °C | — | 3.1 | — | |
| | | | | +70 °C | — | 2.5 | — | |
| | | | | +25 °C | — | 25 | — | |
| | | | | See Figure 93 | — | — | — | |
| V_n | Equivalent Input Noise Voltage | $F = 1kHz$, $R_S = 20\Omega$ See Figure 93 | | +25 °C | — | 25 | — | nV/ \sqrt{Hz} |
| B^o_M | Maximum Output Swing Bandwidth | $V_o = V_{oH}$, $C_L = 20pF$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$ See Figure 92 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25 °C | — | 200 | — | kHz |
| | | | | 0 °C | — | 220 | — | |
| | | | | +70 °C | — | 140 | — | |
| B_1 | Unity Gain Bandwidth | $V_I = 10mV$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 94 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25 °C | — | 2.2 | — | MHz |
| | | | | 0 °C | — | 2.5 | — | |
| | | | | +70 °C | — | 1.8 | — | |
| ϕ_m | Phase Margin | $F = B_1$, $V_I = 10mV$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 94 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25 °C | — | 49° | — | — |
| | | | | 0 °C | — | 50° | — | |
| | | | | +70 °C | — | 46° | — | |

High bias mode: $V_{DD} = 10V$

| Parameter | | Conditions | | T_A | TLC271C, TLC271AC, TLC271BC | | | Unit |
|-----------|--------------------------------|---|--------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|-----|-----|------------|
| | | | | | Min | Typ | Max | |
| SR | Slew Rate at Unity Gain | $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 92 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25 °C | — | 5.3 | — | V/ μ s |
| | | | | 0 °C | — | 5.9 | — | |
| | | | | +70 °C | — | 4.3 | — | |
| | | | | +25 °C | — | 4.6 | — | |
| | | | $V_{I(PP)} = 5.5V$ | 0 °C | — | 5.1 | — | |
| | | | | +70 °C | — | 3.8 | — | |
| | | | | +25 °C | — | 25 | — | |
| | | | | See Figure 93 | — | — | — | |
| B^o_M | Maximum Output Swing Bandwidth | $V_o = V_{oH}$, $C_L = 20pF$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$ See Figure 92 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25 °C | — | 200 | — | kHz |
| | | | | 0 °C | — | 220 | — | |
| | | | | +70 °C | — | 140 | — | |
| B_1 | Unity Gain Bandwidth | $V_I = 10mV$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 94 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25 °C | — | 2.2 | — | MHz |
| | | | | 0 °C | — | 2.5 | — | |
| | | | | +70 °C | — | 1.8 | — | |
| ϕ_m | Phase Margin | $F = B_1$, $V_I = 10mV$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 94 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25 °C | — | 49° | — | — |
| | | | | 0 °C | — | 50° | — | |
| | | | | +70 °C | — | 46° | — | |

Electrical Characteristics

High bias mode: $V_{DD} = 5V$

| Parameter | | Conditions | | T_A | TLC271I, TLC271AI, TLC271BI | | | Unit |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|--|--------------------|-------|--------------------------------|-----|-----|-----------------|
| | | | | | Min | Typ | Max | |
| SR | Slew rate at unity gain | $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 92 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25°C | — | 3.6 | — | V/ μ s |
| | | | | -40°C | — | 4.5 | — | |
| | | | | +85°C | — | 2.8 | — | |
| | | See Figure 92 | $V_{I(PP)} = 2.5V$ | +25°C | — | 2.9 | — | |
| | | | | -40°C | — | 3.5 | — | |
| | | | | +85°C | — | 2.3 | — | |
| V_n | Equivalent input noise voltage | $F = 1kHz$, $R_S = 20\Omega$ See Figure 93 | | +25°C | — | 25 | — | nV/ \sqrt{Hz} |
| B_{oM} | Maximum output swing bandwidth | $V_o = V_{oH}$, $C_L = 20pF$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$ See Figure 92 | | +25°C | — | 320 | — | kHz |
| | | | | -40°C | — | 380 | — | |
| | | | | +85°C | — | 250 | — | |
| B_1 | Unity gain bandwidth | $V_I = 10mV$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 94 | | +25°C | — | 1.7 | — | MHz |
| | | | | -40°C | — | 2.6 | — | |
| | | | | +85°C | — | 1.2 | — | |
| ϕ_m | Phase margin | $F = B_1$, $V_I = 10mV$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 94 | | +25°C | — | 46° | — | — |
| | | | | -40°C | — | 49° | — | |
| | | | | +85°C | — | 43° | — | |

High bias mode: $V_{DD} = 10V$

| Parameter | | Conditions | | T_A | TLC271I, TLC271AI, TLC271BI | | | Unit |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|--|--------------------|-------|--------------------------------|-----|-----|-----------------|
| | | | | | Min | Typ | Max | |
| SR | Slew rate at unity gain | $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 92 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25°C | — | 5.3 | — | V/ μ s |
| | | | | -40°C | — | 6.8 | — | |
| | | | | +85°C | — | 4 | — | |
| | | See Figure 92 | $V_{I(PP)} = 5.5V$ | +25°C | — | 4.6 | — | |
| | | | | -40°C | — | 5.8 | — | |
| | | | | +85°C | — | 3.5 | — | |
| V_n | Equivalent input noise voltage | $F = 1kHz$, $R_S = 20\Omega$ See Figure 93 | | +25°C | — | 25 | — | nV/ \sqrt{Hz} |
| B_{oM} | Maximum output swing bandwidth | $V_o = V_{oH}$, $C_L = 20pF$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$ See Figure 92 | | +25°C | — | 200 | — | kHz |
| | | | | -40°C | — | 260 | — | |
| | | | | +85°C | — | 130 | — | |
| B_1 | Unity gain bandwidth | $V_I = 10mV$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 94 | | +25°C | — | 2.2 | — | MHz |
| | | | | -40°C | — | 3.1 | — | |
| | | | | +85°C | — | 1.7 | — | |
| ϕ_m | Phase margin | $F = B_1$, $V_I = 10mV$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 94 | | +25°C | — | 49° | — | — |
| | | | | -40°C | — | 52° | — | |
| | | | | +85°C | — | 46° | — | |

Electrical Characteristics

| Medium bias mode | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---|--|---|-------------|-----------------------------|------|-----------------------|-------------|
| Parameter | | | Conditions | TA | TLC271C, TLC271AC, TLC271BC | | | Unit |
| | | | | | V _{DD} = 5V | | V _{DD} = 10V | |
| V _I | Input Offset Voltage | TLC271C | V _o = 1.4V, V _{IC} = 0V, R _S = 50Ω, R _L = 100kΩ | +25°C | — | 1.1 | 10 | — |
| | | TLC271AC | | 0 to +70°C | — | — | 12 | — |
| | | TLC271BC | | +25°C | — | 0.9 | 5 | — |
| | | | | 0 to +70°C | — | — | 6.5 | — |
| | | | | +25°C | — | 0.25 | 2 | — |
| | | | | 0 to +70°C | — | — | 3 | — |
| αV _I | Average temperature coefficient of input offset voltage | | | 25 to +70°C | 1.7 | | 2.1 | |
| I _I | Input offset current (Note 16) | V _o = V _{DD} /2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2 | +25°C | — | 0.1 | 60 | — | 0.1 |
| | | | +70°C | — | 7 | 300 | — | 7 |
| I _{IB} | Input bias current (Note 16) | V _o = V _{DD} /2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2 | +25°C | — | 0.6 | 60 | — | 0.7 |
| | | | +70°C | — | 40 | 600 | — | 50 |
| V _{ICR} | Common mode input voltage (Note 17) | | +25°C | -0.2 to 4 | -0.3 to 4.2 | — | -0.2 to 9 | -0.3 to 9.2 |
| | | | 0 to +70°C | -0.2 to 3.5 | — | — | -0.2 to 8.5 | — |
| V _{OH} | High level output voltage | V _{ID} = 100mV, R _L = 100kΩ | +25°C | 3.2 | 3.9 | — | 8 | 8.7 |
| | | | 0°C | 3 | 3.9 | — | 7.8 | 8.7 |
| | | | +70°C | 3 | 4 | — | 7.8 | 8.7 |
| V _{OL} | Low level output voltage | V _{ID} = -100mV, I _O = 0 | +25°C | — | 0 | 50 | — | 0 |
| | | | 0°C | — | 0 | 50 | — | 0 |
| | | | +70°C | — | 0 | 50 | — | 0 |
| AVD | Large signal differential voltage gain | R _L = 100kΩ (Note 18) | +25°C | 25 | 170 | — | 25 | 275 |
| | | | 0°C | 15 | 200 | — | 15 | 320 |
| | | | +70°C | 15 | 140 | — | 15 | 230 |
| CMRR | Common mode rejection ratio | V _{IC} = V _{ICRmin} | +25°C | 65 | 91 | — | 65 | 94 |
| | | | 0°C | 60 | 91 | — | 60 | 94 |
| | | | +70°C | 60 | 92 | — | 60 | 94 |
| k _{SVR} | Supply voltage rejection ratio (ΔV _{DD} /ΔV _I) | V _{DD} = 5V to 10V, V _o = 1.4V | +25°C | 70 | 93 | — | 70 | 93 |
| | | | 0°C | 60 | 92 | — | 60 | 92 |
| | | | +70°C | 60 | 94 | — | 60 | 94 |
| I _{I(SEL)} | Input current (BIAS SELECT) | V _{I(SEL)} = 0 | +25°C | — | -130 | — | -160 | — |
| I _{DD} | Supply current | V _o = V _{DD} /2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2, No load | +25°C | — | 105 | 280 | — | 143 |
| | | | 0°C | — | 125 | 320 | — | 173 |
| | | | +70°C | — | 85 | 220 | — | 110 |
| 280 | | | | | | | | |

Notes:

- 16. The typical values of input bias current and input offset current below 5pA were calculated.
- 17. This range also applies to each input individually.
- 18. At V_{DD} = 5 V, V_o = 0.25 V to 2 V; at V_{DD} = 10 V, V_o = 1 V to 6 V.

Electrical Characteristics

| Medium bias mode | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---------------------------------|---|----------------|-----------------------------|-------------|------|-----------------------|-------------|------|-------|--|
| Parameter | | | Conditions | T _A | TLC271I, TLC271AI, TLC271BI | | | | | | Unit | |
| | | | | | V _{DD} = 5V | | | V _{DD} = 10V | | | | |
| V _I ^o | Input Offset Voltage | TLC271I TLC271AI TLC271BI | V _o = 1.4V, V _{IC} = 0V, R _S = 50Ω, R _L = 100kΩ | +25 °C | — | 1.1 | 10 | — | 1.1 | 10 | mV | |
| | | | | -40 to +85 °C | — | — | 13 | — | — | 13 | | |
| | | | | +25 °C | — | 0.9 | 5 | — | 0.9 | 5 | | |
| | | | | -40 to +85 °C | — | — | 7 | — | — | 7 | | |
| | | | | +25 °C | — | 0.25 | 2 | — | 0.26 | 2 | | |
| | | | | -40 to +85 °C | — | — | 3.5 | — | — | 3.5 | | |
| α _{V_I^o} | Average temperature coefficient of input offset voltage | | V _o = V _{DD} /2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2 | +25 to +85 °C | 1.7 | | | 2.1 | | | μV/°C | |
| I _I ^o | Input offset current (Note 19) | | | +25 °C | — | 0.1 | 60 | — | 0.1 | 60 | pA | |
| I _{IB} | Input bias current (Note 19) | | V _o = V _{DD} /2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2 | +25 °C | — | 0.6 | 60 | — | 0.7 | 60 | pA | |
| V _{ICR} | Common mode input voltage (Note 20) | | | +25 °C | — | 200 | 2000 | — | 220 | 2000 | | |
| V _H | High level output voltage | | V _{ID} = 100mV, R _L = 100kΩ | +25 °C | -0.2 to 4 | -0.3 to 4.2 | — | -0.2 to 9 | -0.3 to 9.2 | — | V | |
| | | | | -40 to +85 °C | -0.2 to 3.5 | — | — | -0.2 to 8.5 | — | — | V | |
| | | | | +25 °C | 3.2 | 3.9 | — | 8 | 8.7 | — | V | |
| V _L | Low level output voltage | | V _{ID} = -100mV, I _L = 0 | -40 °C | 3 | 3.9 | — | 7.8 | 8.7 | — | | |
| | | | | +85 °C | 3 | 4 | — | 7.8 | 8.7 | — | | |
| | | | | +25 °C | — | 0 | 50 | — | 0 | 50 | mV | |
| A _{VD} | Large signal differential voltage gain | | R _L = 100kΩ (Note 21) | -40 °C | — | 0 | 50 | — | 0 | 50 | | |
| | | | | +85 °C | — | 0 | 50 | — | 0 | 50 | | |
| | | | | +25 °C | 25 | 170 | — | 25 | 275 | — | V/mV | |
| CMRR | Common mode rejection ratio | | V _{IC} = V _{ICRmin} | -40 °C | 15 | 270 | — | 15 | 390 | — | | |
| | | | | +85 °C | 15 | 130 | — | 15 | 220 | — | | |
| | | | | +25 °C | 65 | 91 | — | 65 | 94 | — | dB | |
| K _{SVR} | Supply voltage rejection ratio (ΔV _{DD} /ΔV _I ^o) | | V _{DD} = 5V to 10V, V _o = 1.4V | -40 °C | 60 | 90 | — | 60 | 93 | — | | |
| | | | | +85 °C | 60 | 90 | — | 60 | 94 | — | | |
| | | | | +25 °C | 70 | 93 | — | 70 | 93 | — | dB | |
| I _{I(SEL)} | Input current (BIAS SELECT) | | V _{I(SEL)} = 0 | -40 °C | 60 | 91 | — | 60 | 91 | — | | |
| | | | | +85 °C | 60 | 94 | — | 60 | 94 | — | | |
| | | | | +25 °C | — | -130 | — | — | -160 | — | nA | |
| I _{DD} | Supply current | | V _o = V _{DD} /2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2, No load | +25 °C | — | 105 | 280 | — | 143 | 300 | μA | |
| | | | | -40 °C | — | 158 | 400 | — | 225 | 450 | | |
| | | | | +85 °C | — | 80 | 200 | — | 103 | 260 | | |

Notes: 19. The typical values of input bias current and input offset current below 5pA were calculated.

20. This range also applies to each input individually.

21. At V_{DD} = 5 V, V_o = 0.25 V to 2 V; at V_{DD} = 10 V, V_o = 1 V to 6 V.

Electrical Characteristics

| Medium bias mode: $V_{DD} = 5V$ | | Parameter | Conditions | T_A | TLC271C, TLC271AC, TLC271BC | | | Unit | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|---|--------------------|-------|--------------------------------|------|-----------------|------------|--|--|--|
| | | | | | Min | Typ | Max | | | | |
| SR | Slew rate at unity gain | | | | +25°C | — | 0.43 | | | | |
| | $R_L = 100k\Omega$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 92 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | 0°C | — | 0.46 | — | V/ μ s | | | | |
| | | | +70°C | — | 0.36 | — | | | | | |
| | | | +25°C | — | 0.4 | — | | | | | |
| | | $V_{I(PP)} = 2.5V$ | 0°C | — | 0.43 | — | | | | | |
| | | | +70°C | — | 0.34 | — | | | | | |
| | | | 25°C | — | 32 | — | nV/ \sqrt{Hz} | | | | |
| | | | 0°C | — | 55 | — | | | | | |
| B ^o M | Maximum output swing bandwidth | $V_o = V_{oH}$, $C_L = 20pF$, $R_L = 100k\Omega$ See Figure 92 | See | +70°C | — | 60 | — | kHz | | | |
| | | | | +25°C | — | 50 | — | | | | |
| | | | | 0°C | — | 525 | — | | | | |
| B ₁ | Unity gain bandwidth | $V_I = 10mV$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 94 | See | +70°C | — | 600 | — | MHz | | | |
| | | | | +25°C | — | 400 | — | | | | |
| | | | | 0°C | — | 40° | — | | | | |
| ϕ_m | Phase margin | $F = B_1$, $V_I = 10mV$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 94 | See Figure 94 | +70°C | — | 41° | — | — | | | |
| | | | | +25°C | — | 39° | — | | | | |
| | | | | 0°C | — | — | — | | | | |
| Medium bias mode: $V_{DD} = 10V$ | | Parameter | Conditions | T_A | TLC271C, TLC271AC, TLC271BC | | | Unit | | | |
| | | | | | Min | Typ | Max | | | | |
| SR | Slew Rate at Unity Gain | $R_L = 100k\Omega$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 92 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25°C | — | 0.62 | — | V/ μ s | | | |
| | | | | 0°C | — | 0.67 | — | | | | |
| | | | | +70°C | — | 0.51 | — | | | | |
| | | | | +25°C | — | 0.56 | — | | | | |
| | | | $V_{I(PP)} = 5.5V$ | 0°C | — | 0.61 | — | kHz | | | |
| | | | | +70°C | — | 0.46 | — | | | | |
| | | | | +25°C | — | 35 | — | | | | |
| | | | | 0°C | — | 40 | — | | | | |
| B ^o M | Maximum Output Swing Bandwidth | $V_o = V_{oH}$, $C_L = 20pF$, $R_L = 100k\Omega$ See Figure 92 | See | +70°C | — | 30 | — | MHz | | | |
| | | | | +25°C | — | 635 | — | | | | |
| | | | | 0°C | — | 710 | — | | | | |
| B ₁ | Unity Gain Bandwidth | $V_I = 10mV$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 94 | See | +70°C | — | 510 | — | — | | | |
| | | | | +25°C | — | 43° | — | | | | |
| | | | | 0°C | — | 44° | — | | | | |
| ϕ_m | Phase Margin | $F = B_1$, $V_I = 10mV$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 94 | See Figure 94 | +70°C | — | 42° | — | | | | |

Electrical Characteristics

| Medium bias mode: $V_{DD} = 5V$ | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------|-------|--------------------------------|------|-----------------|--|--|
| Parameter | | Conditions | | T_A | TLC271I, TLC271AI, TLC271BI | | | | |
| | | | | | Min | Typ | Max | | |
| SR | Slew rate at unity gain | $R_L = 100k\Omega$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 92 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25°C | — | 0.43 | — | | |
| | | | | -40°C | — | 0.51 | — | | |
| | | | | +85°C | — | 0.35 | — | | |
| | | | | +25°C | — | 0.4 | — | | |
| | | See Figure 92 | $V_{I(PP)} = 2.5V$ | -40°C | — | 0.48 | — | | |
| | | | | +85°C | — | 0.32 | — | | |
| | | | | +25°C | — | 32 | — | | |
| | | | | -40°C | — | — | nV/ \sqrt{Hz} | | |
| B $^{\circ}$ M | Maximum output swing bandwidth | $V_o = V_{oH}$, $C_L = 20pF$, $R_L = 100k\Omega$ See Figure 92 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25°C | — | 55 | — | | |
| | | | | -40°C | — | 75 | — | | |
| | | | | +85°C | — | 45 | — | | |
| B ₁ | Unity gain bandwidth | $V_I = 10mV$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 94 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25°C | — | 525 | — | | |
| | | | | -40°C | — | 770 | — | | |
| | | | | +85°C | — | 370 | MHz | | |
| ϕ_m | Phase margin | $F = B_1$, $V_I = 10mV$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 94 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25°C | — | 40° | — | | |
| | | | | -40°C | — | 43° | — | | |
| | | | | +85°C | — | 38° | — | | |
| Medium bias mode: $V_{DD} = 10V$ | | | | | | | | | |
| Parameter | | Conditions | | T_A | TLC271I, TLC271AI, TLC271BI | | | | |
| | | | | | Min | Typ | Max | | |
| SR | Slew Rate at Unity Gain | $R_L = 100k\Omega$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 92 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25°C | — | 0.62 | — | | |
| | | | | -40°C | — | 0.77 | — | | |
| | | | | +85°C | — | 0.47 | — | | |
| | | | | +25°C | — | 0.56 | — | | |
| | | See Figure 92 | $V_{I(PP)} = 5.5V$ | -40°C | — | 0.7 | — | | |
| | | | | +85°C | — | 0.44 | — | | |
| | | | | +25°C | — | 32 | — | | |
| | | | | -40°C | — | — | nV/ \sqrt{Hz} | | |
| B $^{\circ}$ M | Maximum Output Swing Bandwidth | $V_o = V_{oH}$, $C_L = 20pF$, $R_L = 100k\Omega$ See Figure 92 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25°C | — | 35 | — | | |
| | | | | -40°C | — | 45 | — | | |
| | | | | +85°C | — | 25 | kHz | | |
| B ₁ | Unity Gain Bandwidth | $V_I = 10mV$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 94 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25°C | — | 635 | — | | |
| | | | | -40°C | — | 880 | — | | |
| | | | | +85°C | — | 480 | MHz | | |
| ϕ_m | Phase Margin | $F = B_1$, $V_I = 10mV$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 94 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25°C | — | 43° | — | | |
| | | | | -40°C | — | 46° | — | | |
| | | | | +85°C | — | 41° | — | | |

Electrical Characteristics

| Low bias mode | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|--|----------|---|----------------|-----------------------------|-------------|-----|-----------------------|-------------|------|-------|--|
| Parameter | | | Conditions | T _A | TLC271C, TLC271AC, TLC271BC | | | | | Unit | | |
| | | | | | V _{DD} = 5V | | | V _{DD} = 10V | | | | |
| | | | | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ. | | | |
| V _I ^o | Input Offset Voltage | TLC271C | V _o = 1.4V, V _{IC} = 0V, R _S = 50Ω, R _L = 1MΩ | +25°C | — | 1.1 | 10 | — | 1.1 | 10 | mV | |
| | | TLC271AC | | 0 to +70°C | — | — | 12 | — | — | 12 | | |
| | | TLC271BC | | +25°C | — | 0.9 | 5 | — | 0.9 | 5 | | |
| | | | | 0 to +70°C | — | — | 6.5 | — | — | 6.5 | | |
| | | | | +25°C | — | 0.24 | 2 | — | 0.26 | 2 | | |
| | | | | 0 to +70°C | — | — | 3 | — | — | 3 | | |
| αV _I ^o | Average Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Voltage | | — | +25 to +70°C | 1.1 | | | 1 | | | μV/°C | |
| I _I ^o | Input Offset Current (Note 22) | | V _o = V _{DD} /2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2 | +25°C | — | 0.1 | 60 | — | 0.1 | 60 | pA | |
| | | | | +70°C | — | 7 | 300 | — | 8 | 300 | | |
| I _{IB} | Input Bias Current (Note 22) | | V _o = V _{DD} /2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2 | +25°C | — | 0.6 | 60 | — | 0.7 | 60 | pA | |
| | | | | +70°C | — | 40 | 600 | — | 50 | 600 | | |
| V _{ICR} | Common Mode Input Voltage (Note 23) | | — | +25°C | -0.2 to 4 | -0.3 to 4.2 | — | -0.2 to 9 | -0.3 to 9.2 | — | V | |
| | | | | 0 to +70°C | -0.2 to 3.5 | — | — | -0.2 to 8.5 | — | — | V | |
| V _H | High Level Output Voltage | | V _{ID} = 100mV, R _L = 1MΩ | +25°C | 3.2 | 4.1 | — | 8 | 8.9 | — | V | |
| | | | | 0°C | 3 | 4.1 | — | 7.8 | 8.9 | — | | |
| | | | | +70°C | 3 | 4.2 | — | 7.8 | 8.9 | — | | |
| V _L | Low Level Output Voltage | | V _{ID} = -100mV, I _L = 0 | +25°C | — | 0 | 50 | — | 0 | 50 | mV | |
| | | | | 0°C | — | 0 | 50 | — | 0 | 50 | | |
| | | | | +70°C | — | 0 | 50 | — | 0 | 50 | | |
| A _{VD} | Large Signal Differential Voltage Gain | | R _L = 1MΩ (Note 24) | +25°C | 50 | 520 | — | 50 | 870 | — | V/mV | |
| | | | | 0°C | 50 | 700 | — | 50 | 1030 | — | | |
| | | | | +70°C | 50 | 380 | — | 50 | 660 | — | | |
| CMRR | Common Mode Rejection Ratio | | V _{IC} = V _{ICRmin} | +25°C | 65 | 94 | — | 65 | 97 | — | dB | |
| | | | | 0°C | 60 | 95 | — | 60 | 97 | — | | |
| | | | | +70°C | 60 | 95 | — | 60 | 97 | — | | |
| k _{SVR} | Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio (ΔV _{DD} /ΔV _I ^o) | | V _{DD} = 5V to 10V, V _o = 1.4V | +25°C | 70 | 97 | — | 70 | 97 | — | dB | |
| | | | | 0°C | 60 | 97 | — | 60 | 97 | — | | |
| | | | | +70°C | 60 | 98 | — | 60 | 98 | — | | |
| I _{I(SEL)} | Input Current (BIAS SELECT) | | V _{I(SEL)} = 0 | +25°C | — | 65 | — | — | 95 | — | nA | |
| I _{DD} | Supply Current | | V _o = V _{DD} /2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2, No load | +25°C | — | 10 | 17 | — | 14 | 23 | μA | |
| | | | | 0°C | — | 12 | 21 | — | 18 | 33 | | |
| | | | | +70°C | — | 8 | 14 | — | 11 | 20 | | |

Notes:

- 22. The typical values of input bias current and input offset current below 5pA were calculated.

- 23. This range also applies to each input individually.

- 24. At V_{DD} = 5 V, V_o = 0.25 V to 2 V; at V_{DD} = 10 V, V_o = 1 V to 6 V.

Electrical Characteristics

| Low bias mode | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---------------------------------|---|----------------|-----------------------------|-------------|------|-----------------------|-------------|------|-------|--|
| Parameter | | | Conditions | T _A | TLC271I, TLC271AI, TLC271BI | | | | | | Unit | |
| | | | | | V _{DD} = 5V | | | V _{DD} = 10V | | | | |
| V _I ^o | Input Offset Voltage | TLC271I TLC271AI TLC271BI | V _o = 1.4V, V _{IC} = 0V, R _S = 50Ω, R _L = 1MΩ | +25 °C | — | 1.1 | 10 | — | 1.1 | 10 | mV | |
| | | | | -40 to +85 °C | — | — | 13 | — | — | 13 | | |
| | | | | +25 °C | — | 0.9 | 5 | — | 0.9 | 5 | | |
| | | | | -40 to +85 °C | — | — | 7 | — | — | 7 | | |
| | | | | +25 °C | — | 0.24 | 2 | — | 0.26 | 2 | | |
| | | | | -40 to +85 °C | — | — | 3.5 | — | — | 3.5 | | |
| α _{V_I^o} | Average Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Voltage | | V _o = V _{DD} /2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2 | +25 to +85 °C | 1.1 | | | 1 | | | μV/°C | |
| I _I ^o | Input Offset Current (Note 25) | | | +25 °C | — | 0.1 | 60 | — | 0.1 | 60 | pA | |
| I _{IB} | Input Bias Current (Note 25) | | V _o = V _{DD} /2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2 | +25 °C | — | 0.6 | 60 | — | 0.7 | 60 | pA | |
| V _{ICR} | Common Mode Input Voltage (Note 26) | | | +85 °C | — | 200 | 2000 | — | 220 | 2000 | V | |
| V _H | High Level Output Voltage | | V _{ID} = 100mV, R _L = 1MΩ | +25 °C | -0.2 to 4 | -0.3 to 4.2 | — | -0.2 to 9 | -0.3 to 9.2 | — | V | |
| | | | | -40 to +85 °C | -0.2 to 3.5 | — | — | -0.2 to 8.5 | — | — | V | |
| | | | | +25 °C | 3 | 4.1 | — | 8 | 8.9 | — | V | |
| V _L | Low Level Output Voltage | | V _{ID} = -100mV, I _L = 0 | -40 °C | 3 | 4.1 | — | 7.8 | 8.9 | — | mV | |
| | | | | +85 °C | 3 | 4.2 | — | 7.8 | 8.9 | — | mV | |
| | | | | +25 °C | — | 0 | 50 | — | 0 | 50 | mV | |
| A _{VD} | Large Signal Differential Voltage Gain | | R _L = 1MΩ (Note 27) | -40 °C | — | 0 | 50 | — | 0 | 50 | V/mV | |
| | | | | +85 °C | — | 0 | 50 | — | 0 | 50 | V/mV | |
| | | | | +25 °C | 50 | 520 | — | 50 | 870 | — | V/mV | |
| CMRR | Common Mode Rejection Ratio | | V _{IC} = V _{ICRmin} | -40 °C | 50 | 900 | — | 50 | 1550 | — | dB | |
| | | | | +85 °C | 50 | 330 | — | 50 | 585 | — | dB | |
| | | | | +25 °C | 65 | 94 | — | 65 | 97 | — | dB | |
| k _{SVR} | Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio (ΔV _{DD} /ΔV _I ^o) | | V _{DD} = 5V to 10V, V _o = 1.4V | -40 °C | 60 | 95 | — | 60 | 97 | — | dB | |
| | | | | +85 °C | 60 | 95 | — | 60 | 98 | — | dB | |
| | | | | +25 °C | 70 | 97 | — | 70 | 97 | — | dB | |
| I _{I(SEL)} | Input Current (BIAS SELECT) | | V _{I(SEL)} = 0 | -40 °C | 60 | 97 | — | 60 | 97 | — | nA | |
| | | | | +85 °C | 60 | 98 | — | 60 | 98 | — | nA | |
| | | | | +25 °C | — | 65 | — | — | 95 | — | nA | |
| I _{DD} | Supply Current | | V _o = V _{DD} /2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2, No load | -40 °C | — | 10 | 17 | — | 14 | 23 | μA | |
| | | | | +85 °C | — | 16 | 27 | — | 25 | 43 | μA | |
| | | | | +25 °C | — | 17 | 13 | — | 10 | 18 | μA | |

Notes: 25. The typical values of input bias current and input offset current below 5pA were calculated.

26. This range also applies to each input individually.

27. At V_{DD} = 5 V, V_o = 0.25 V to 2 V; at V_{DD} = 10 V, V_o = 1 V to 6 V.

Electrical Characteristics

| Low bias mode: $V_{DD} = 5V$ | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------|-------|--------------------------------|------|------|--|--|
| Parameter | | Conditions | | T_A | TLC271C, TLC271AC, TLC271BC | | Unit | | |
| | | | | | Min | Typ | | | |
| SR | Slew Rate at Unity Gain | $R_L = 1M\Omega$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 92 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25°C | — | 0.03 | — | | |
| | | | | 0°C | — | 0.04 | — | | |
| | | | | +70°C | — | 0.03 | — | | |
| | | See Figure 92 | $V_{I(PP)} = 2.5V$ | +25°C | — | 0.03 | — | | |
| | | | | 0°C | — | 0.03 | — | | |
| | | | | +70°C | — | 0.02 | — | | |
| V_n | Equivalent Input Noise Voltage | $F = 1kHz$, $R_S = 20\Omega$ See Figure 93 | | +25°C | — | 68 | — | | |
| B^o_M | Maximum Output Swing Bandwidth | $V_o = V_{oH}$, $C_L = 20pF$, $R_L = 1M\Omega$ See Figure 92 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25°C | — | 5 | — | | |
| | | | | 0°C | — | 6 | — | | |
| | | | | +70°C | — | 4.5 | — | | |
| B_1 | Unity Gain Bandwidth | $V_I = 10mV$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 94 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25°C | — | 85 | — | | |
| | | | | 0°C | — | 100 | — | | |
| | | | | +70°C | — | 65 | — | | |
| ϕ_m | Phase Margin | $F = B_1$, $V_I = 10mV$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 94 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25°C | — | 34° | — | | |
| | | | | 0°C | — | 36° | — | | |
| | | | | +70°C | — | 30° | — | | |
| Low bias mode: $V_{DD} = 10V$ | | | | | | | | | |
| Parameter | | Conditions | | T_A | TLC271C, TLC271AC, TLC271BC | | Unit | | |
| | | | | | Min | Typ | | | |
| SR | Slew Rate at Unity Gain | $R_L = 1M\Omega$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 92 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25°C | — | 0.05 | — | | |
| | | | | 0°C | — | 0.05 | — | | |
| | | | | +70°C | — | 0.04 | — | | |
| | | See Figure 92 | $V_{I(PP)} = 5.5V$ | +25°C | — | 0.04 | — | | |
| | | | | 0°C | — | 0.05 | — | | |
| | | | | +70°C | — | 0.04 | — | | |
| V_n | Equivalent Input Noise Voltage | $F = 1kHz$, $R_S = 20\Omega$ See Figure 93 | | +25°C | — | 68 | — | | |
| B^o_M | Maximum Output Swing Bandwidth | $V_o = V_{oH}$, $C_L = 20pF$, $R_L = 1M\Omega$ See Figure 92 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25°C | — | 1 | — | | |
| | | | | 0°C | — | 1.3 | — | | |
| | | | | +70°C | — | 0.9 | — | | |
| B_1 | Unity Gain Bandwidth | $V_I = 10mV$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 94 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25°C | — | 110 | — | | |
| | | | | 0°C | — | 125 | — | | |
| | | | | +70°C | — | 90 | — | | |
| ϕ_m | Phase Margin | $F = B_1$, $V_I = 10mV$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 94 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25°C | — | 38° | — | | |
| | | | | 0°C | — | 40° | — | | |
| | | | | +70°C | — | 34° | — | | |

Electrical Characteristics

Low bias mode: $V_{DD} = 5V$

| Parameter | | Conditions | T_A | TLC271I, TLC271AI, TLC271BI | | | Unit |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------------------|-----|-----------------|------|
| | | | | Min | Typ | Max | |
| SR | Slew Rate at Unity Gain | $R_L = 1M\Omega$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 92 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25°C | — | 0.03 | — |
| | | | | -40°C | — | 0.04 | — |
| | | | | +85°C | — | 0.03 | — |
| | | | | +25°C | — | 0.03 | — |
| | | See Figure 92 | $V_{I(PP)} = 2.5V$ | -40°C | — | 0.04 | — |
| | | | | +85°C | — | 0.02 | — |
| | | | | +25°C | — | 68 | — |
| | | | | +25°C | — | nV/ \sqrt{Hz} | — |
| B^o_M | Maximum Output Swing Bandwidth | $V_o = V_{oH}$, $C_L = 20pF$, $R_L = 1M\Omega$ See Figure 92 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25°C | — | 5 | — |
| | | | | -40°C | — | 7 | — |
| | | | | +85°C | — | 4 | — |
| B_1 | Unity Gain Bandwidth | $V_I = 10mV$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 94 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25°C | — | 85 | — |
| | | | | -40°C | — | 130 | — |
| | | | | +85°C | — | 55 | — |
| ϕ_m | Phase Margin | $F = B_1$, $V_I = 10mV$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 94 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25°C | — | 34° | — |
| | | | | -40°C | — | 38° | — |
| | | | | +85°C | — | 28° | — |

Low bias mode: $V_{DD} = 10V$

| Parameter | | Conditions | T_A | TLC271I, TLC271AI, TLC271BI | | | Unit |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------------------|-----|-----------------|------|
| | | | | Min | Typ | Max | |
| SR | Slew Rate at Unity Gain | $R_L = 1M\Omega$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 92 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25°C | — | 0.05 | — |
| | | | | -40°C | — | 0.06 | — |
| | | | | +85°C | — | 0.03 | — |
| | | | | +25°C | — | 0.04 | — |
| | | See Figure 92 | $V_{I(PP)} = 5.5V$ | -40°C | — | 0.05 | — |
| | | | | +85°C | — | 0.03 | — |
| | | | | +25°C | — | 68 | — |
| | | | | +25°C | — | nV/ \sqrt{Hz} | — |
| B^o_M | Maximum Output Swing Bandwidth | $V_o = V_{oH}$, $C_L = 20pF$, $R_L = 1M\Omega$ See Figure 92 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25°C | — | 1 | — |
| | | | | -40°C | — | 1.4 | — |
| | | | | +85°C | — | 0.8 | — |
| B_1 | Unity Gain Bandwidth | $V_I = 10mV$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 94 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25°C | — | 110 | — |
| | | | | -40°C | — | 155 | — |
| | | | | +85°C | — | 80 | — |
| ϕ_m | Phase Margin | $F = B_1$, $V_I = 10mV$, $C_L = 20pF$ See Figure 94 | $V_{I(PP)} = 1V$ | +25°C | — | 38° | — |
| | | | | -40°C | — | 42° | — |
| | | | | +85°C | — | 32° | — |

Typical Performance Characteristics Table Index of Graphs

| | | | Figure | | |
|----------------|--|--------------------------------|----------------|------------------|---------------|
| | | | High Bias Mode | Medium Bias Mode | Low Bias Mode |
| V_{I^o} | Input Offset Voltage | Distribution | 1,2 | 31,32 | 61,62 |
| $V_{^H}$ | High Level Output Voltage | vs. High Level Output Current | 3,4 | 33,34 | 63,64 |
| | | vs. Supply Voltage | 5 | 35 | 65 |
| | | vs. Free Air Temperature | 6 | 36 | 66 |
| $V_{^L}$ | Low Level Output Voltage | vs. Common Mode Input Voltage | 7,8 | 37,38 | 67,68 |
| | | vs. Differential Input Voltage | 9 | 39 | 69 |
| | | vs. Free Air Temperature | 10 | 40 | 70 |
| | | vs. Low Level Output Current | 11,12 | 41,42 | 71,72 |
| A_{VD} | Large Signal Differential Voltage Gain | vs. Supply Voltage | 13 | 43 | 73 |
| | | vs. Free Air Temperature | 14 | 44 | 74 |
| I_{IB} | Input Bias Current | vs. Free Air Temperature | 15 | 45 | 75 |
| I_{I^o} | Input Offset Current | vs. Free Air Temperature | 15 | 45 | 75 |
| V_{IC} | Common Mode Input Voltage | vs. Supply Voltage | 16 | 46 | 76 |
| I_{DD} | Supply Current | vs. Supply Voltage | 17 | 47 | 77 |
| | | vs. Free Air Temperature | 18 | 48 | 78 |
| SR | Slew Rate | vs. Supply Voltage | 19 | 49 | 79 |
| | | vs. Free Air Temperature | 20 | 50 | 80 |
| I_{sel} | Bias Select Current | vs. Supply Voltage | 21 | 51 | 81 |
| $V_{^o(PP)}$ | Maximum Peak to Peak Output Voltage | vs. Frequency | 22 | 52 | 82 |
| B_1 | Unity Gain Bandwidth | vs. Free Air Temperature | 23 | 53 | 83 |
| | | vs. Supply Voltage | 24 | 54 | 84 |
| A_{VD} | Large Signal Differential Voltage Gain | vs. Frequency | 29,30 | 59,60 | 89,90 |
| ϕ_m | Phase Margin | vs. Supply Voltage | 25 | 55 | 85 |
| | | vs. Free Air Temperature | 26 | 56 | 86 |
| | | vs. Capacitive Load | 27 | 57 | 87 |
| V_n | Equivalent Input Noise Voltage | vs. Frequency | 28 | 58 | 88 |
| ϕ_{shift} | Phase Shift | vs. Frequency | 29,30 | 59,60 | 89,90 |

Typical Performance Characteristics High Bias Mode

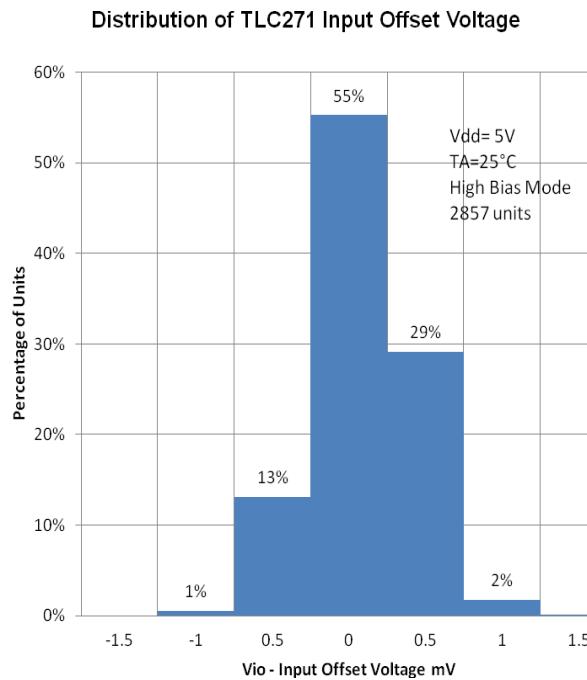


Figure 1

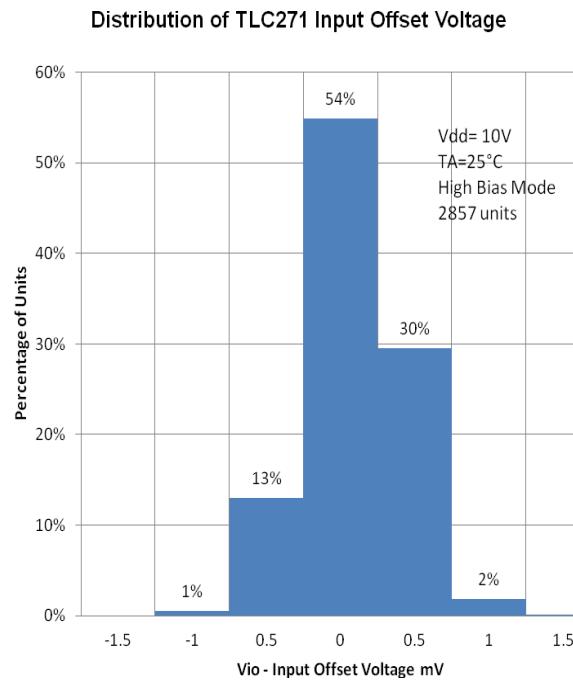


Figure 2

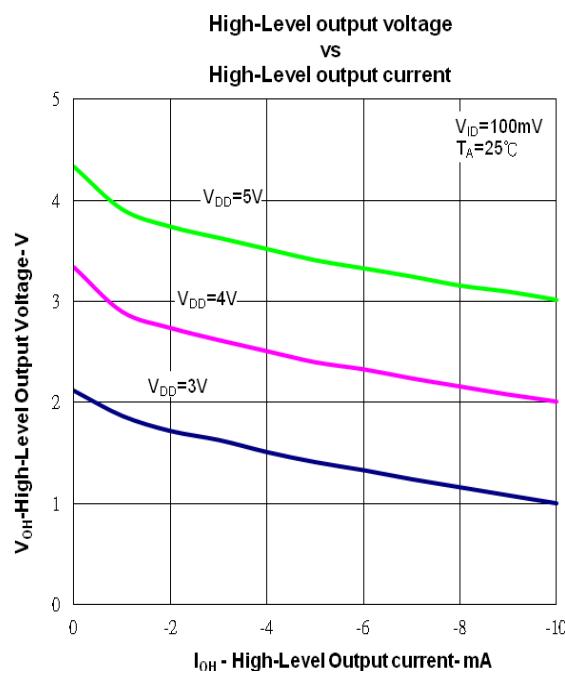


Figure 3

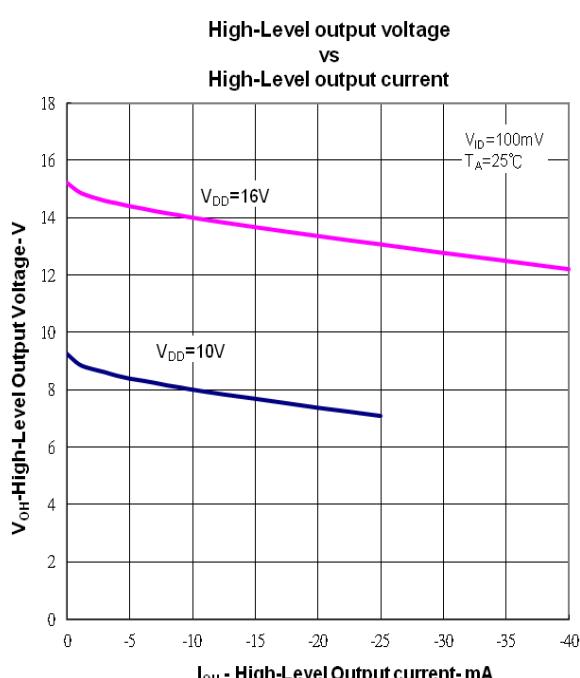


Figure 4

Typical Performance Characteristics High Bias Mode

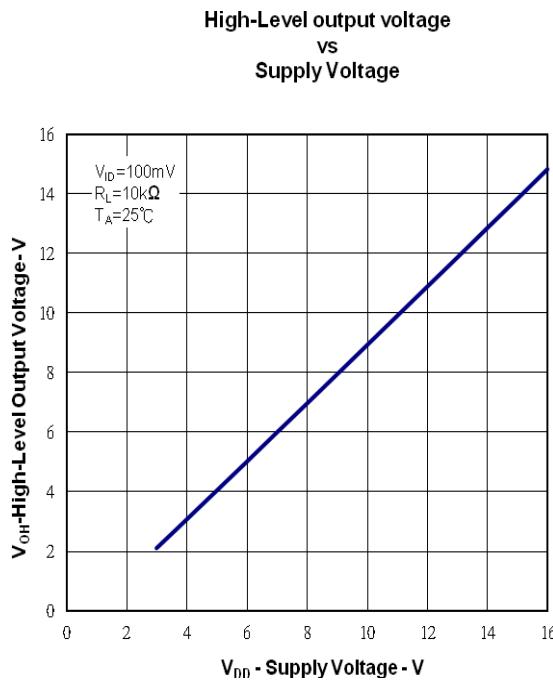


Figure 5

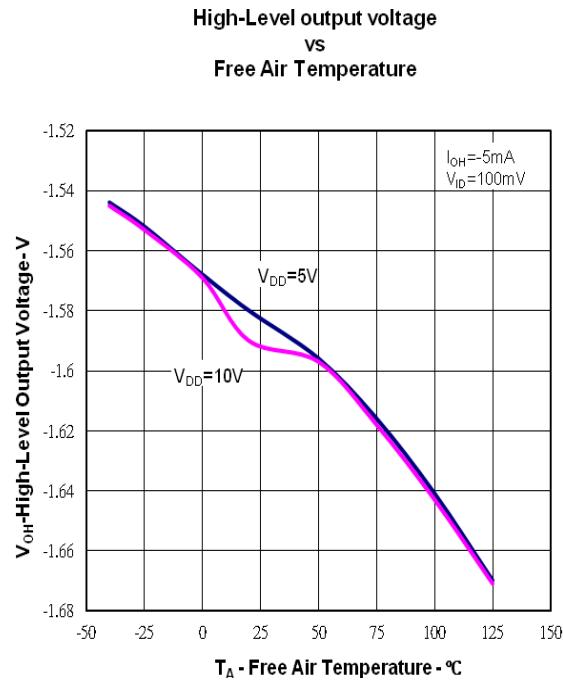


Figure 6

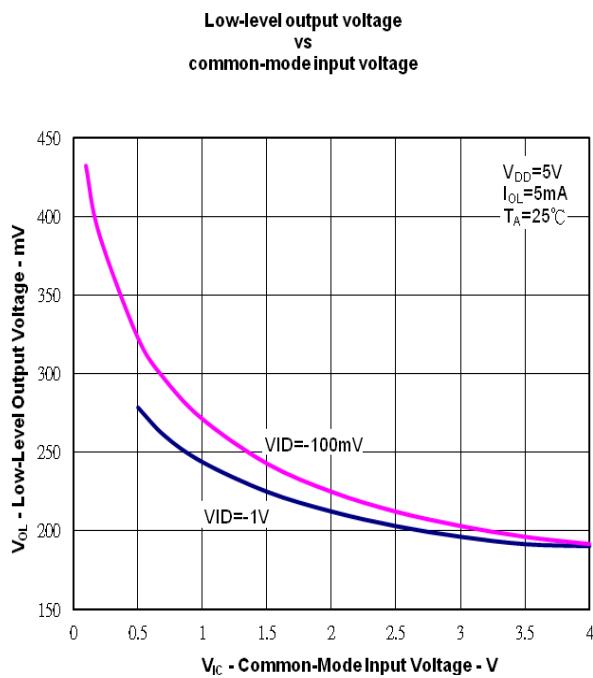


Figure 7

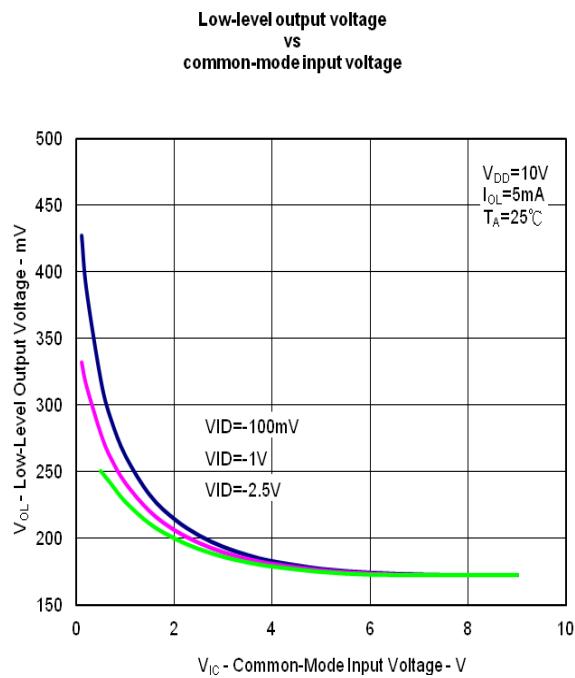


Figure 8

Typical Performance Characteristics High Bias Mode

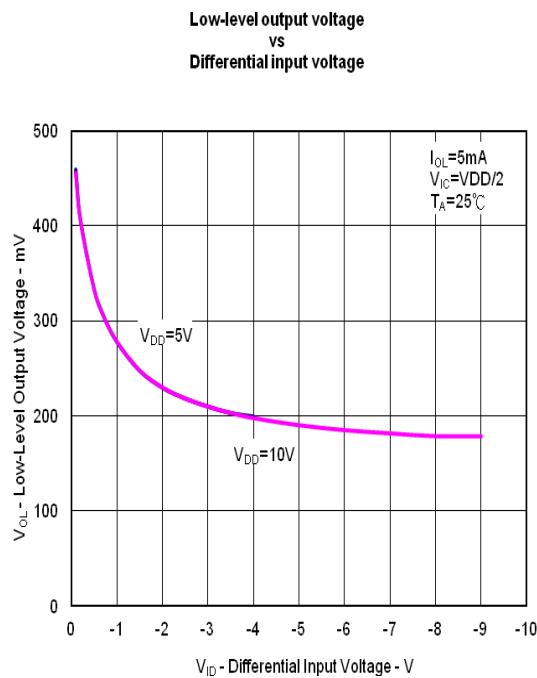


Figure 9

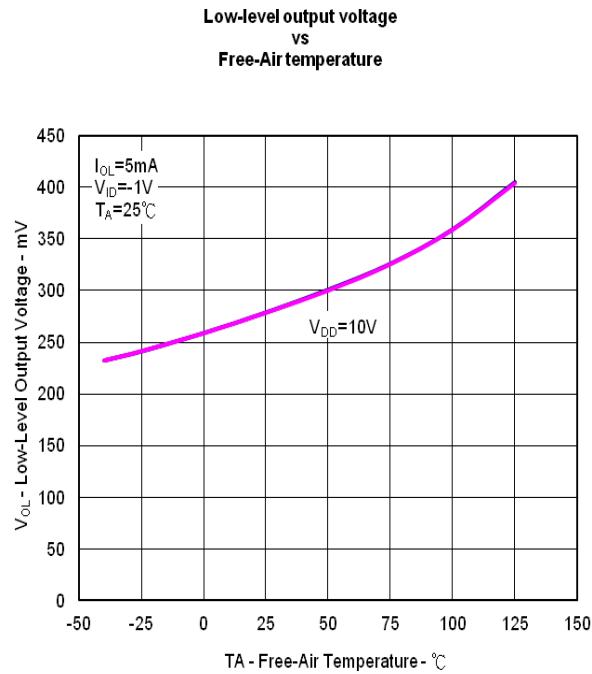


Figure 10

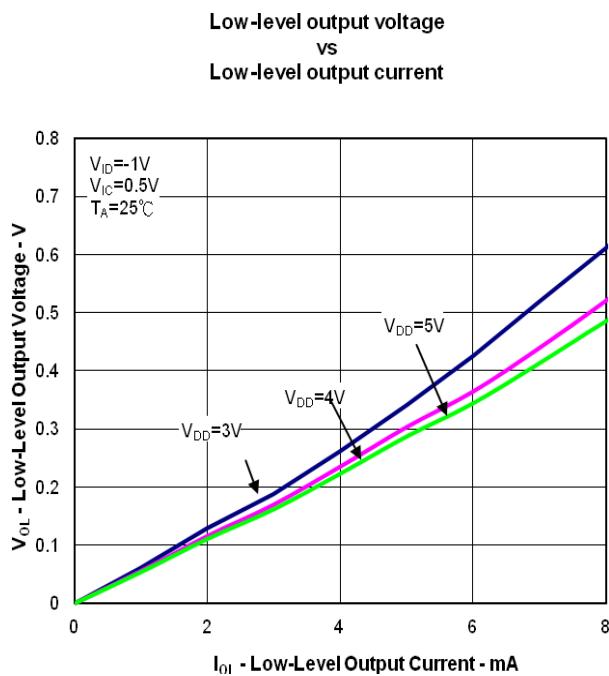


Figure 11

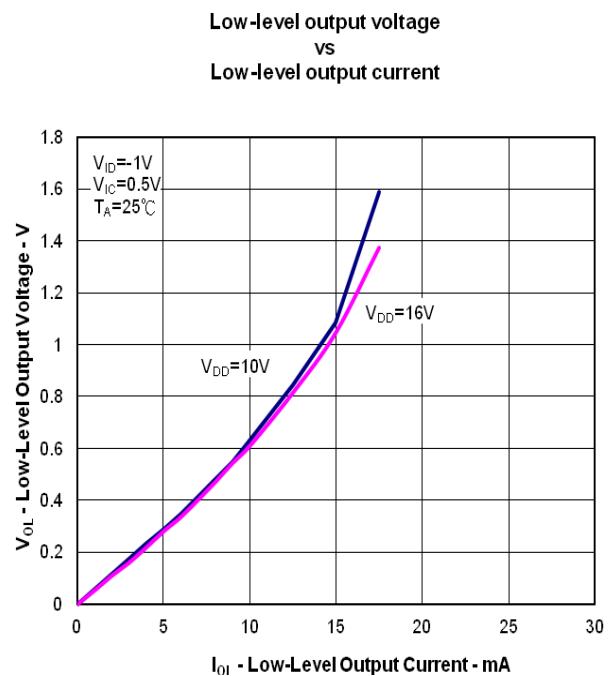


Figure 12

Typical Performance Characteristics High Bias Mode

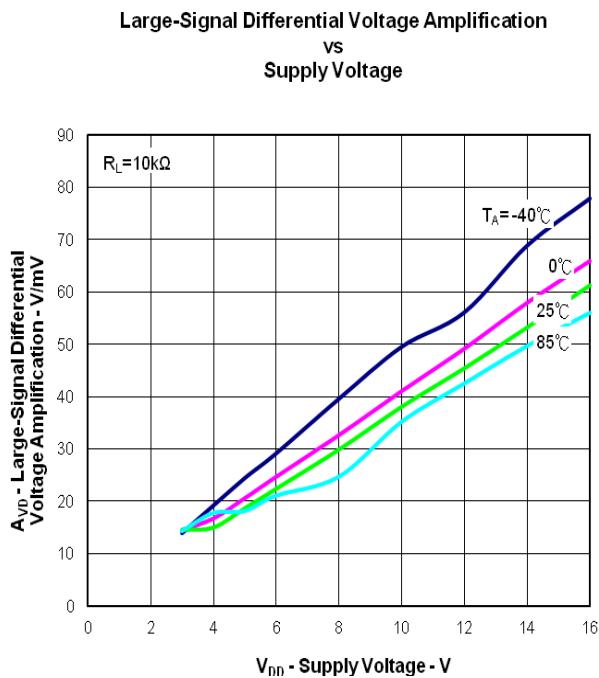


Figure 13

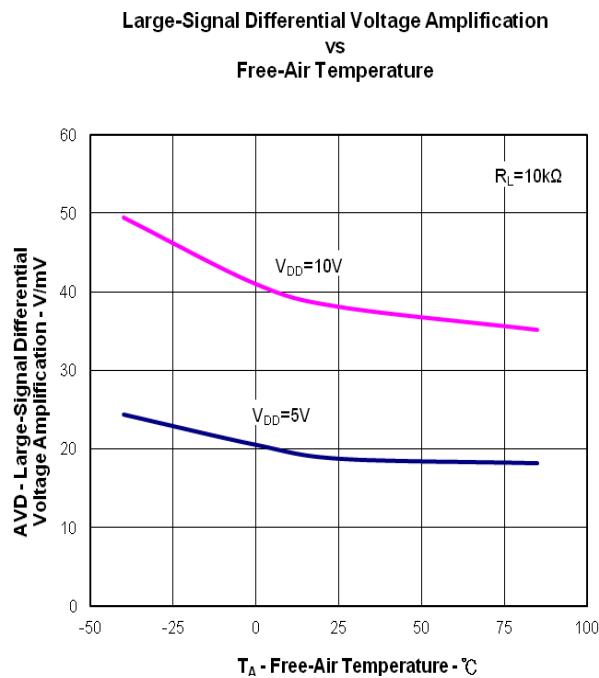


Figure 14

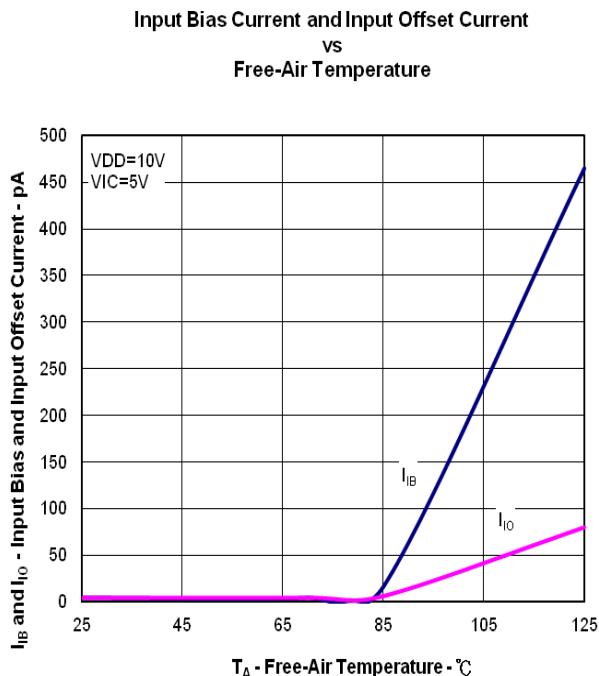


Figure 15

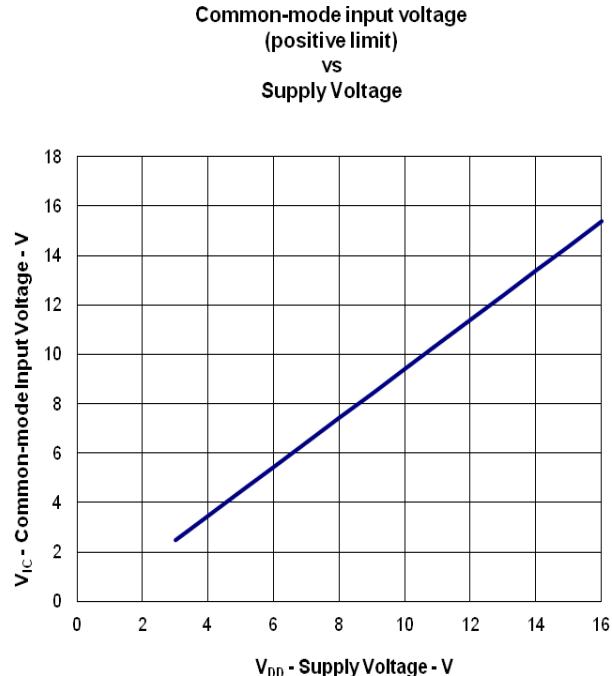


Figure 16

Typical Performance Characteristics High Bias Mode

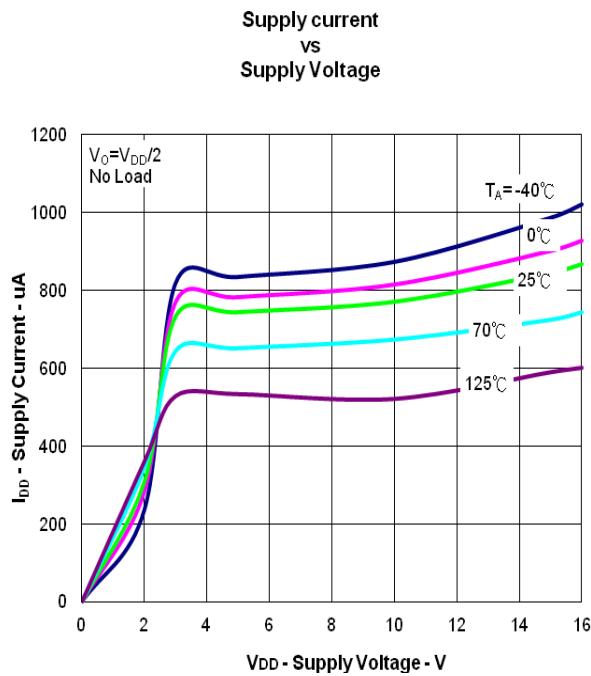


Figure 17

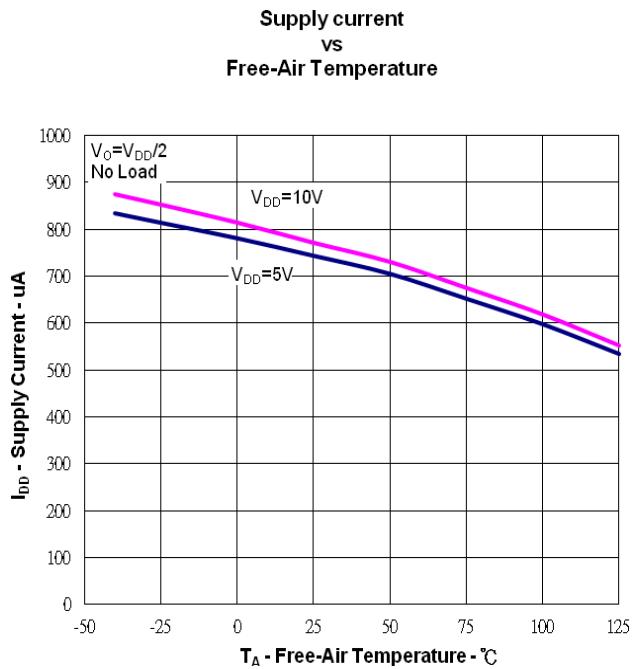


Figure 18

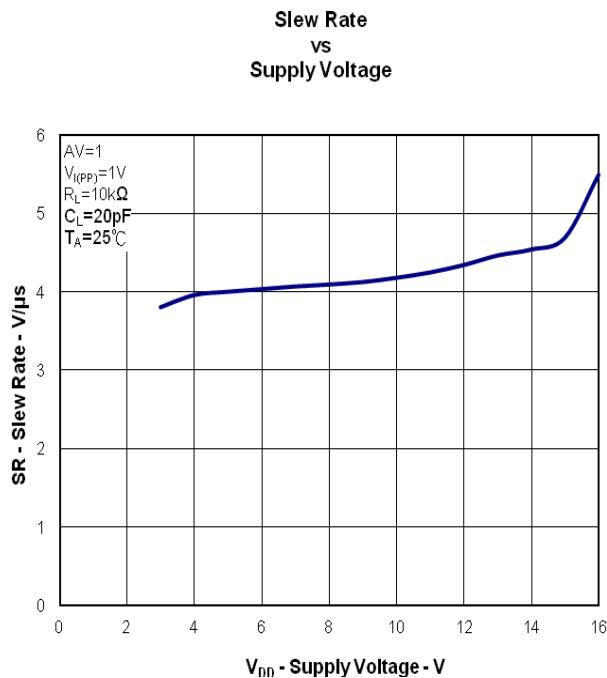


Figure 19

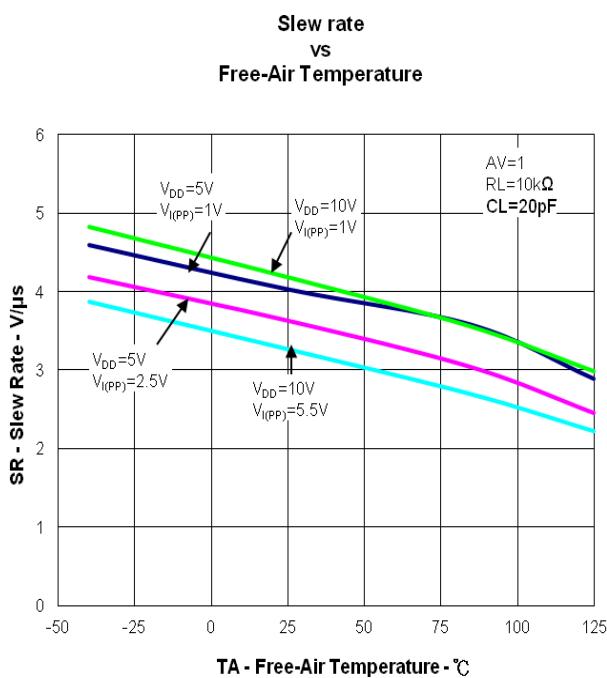


Figure 20

Typical Performance Characteristics High Bias Mode

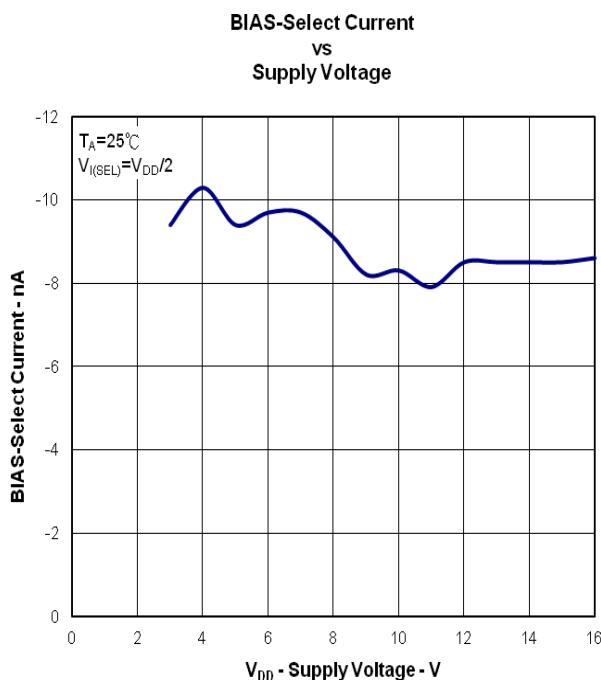


Figure 21

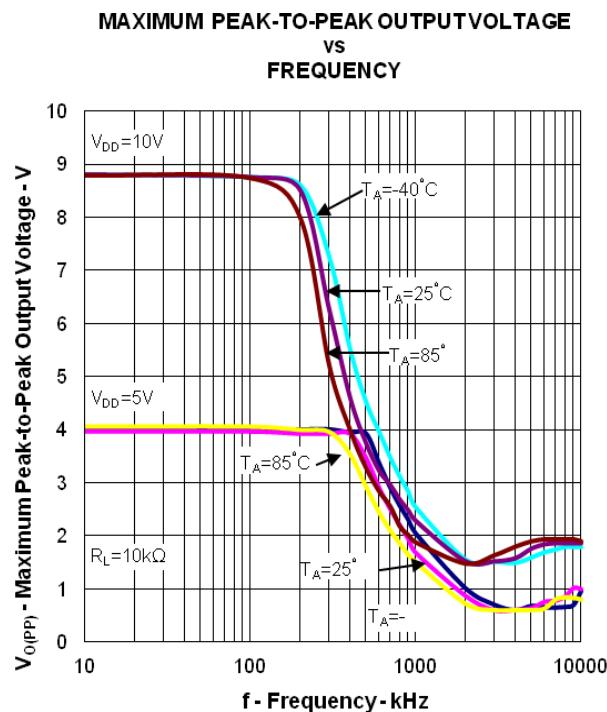


Figure 22

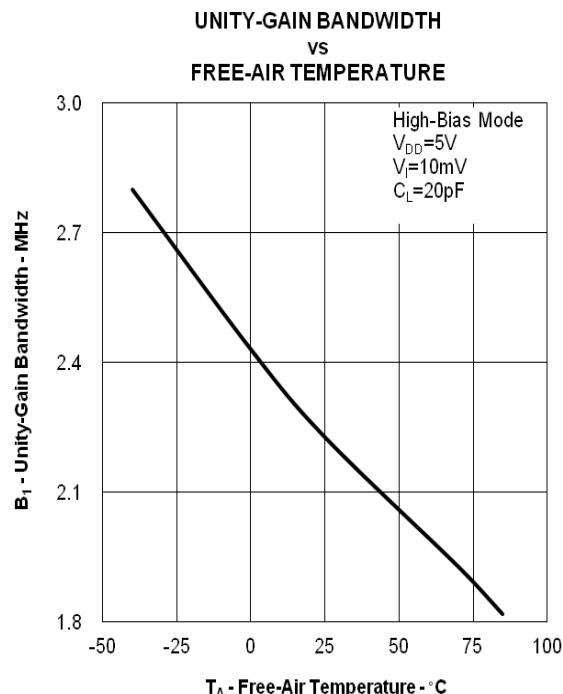


Figure 23

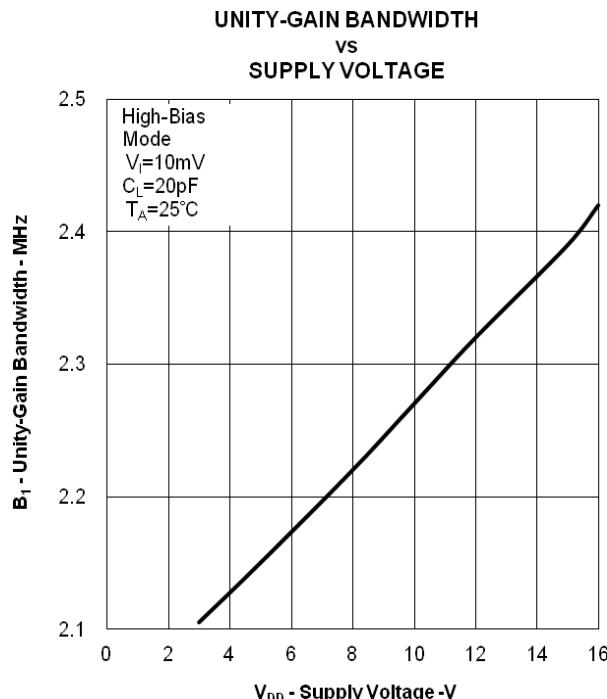


Figure 24

Typical Performance Characteristics High Bias Mode

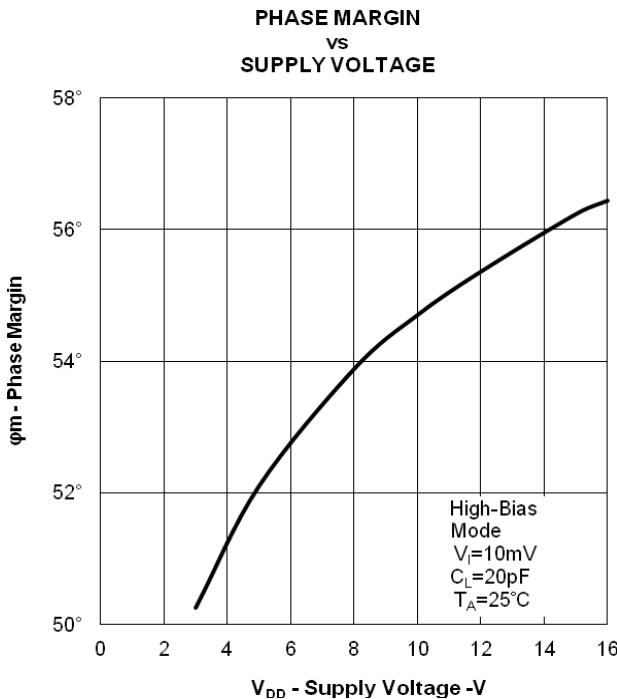


Figure 25

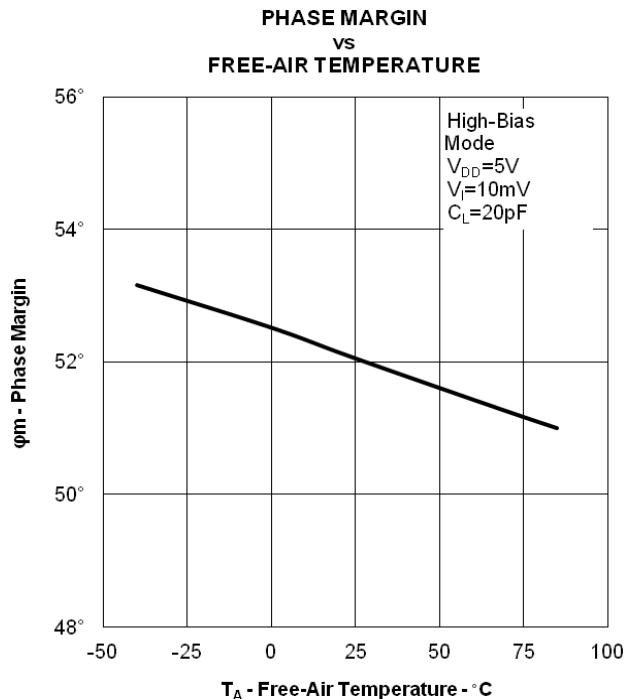


Figure 26

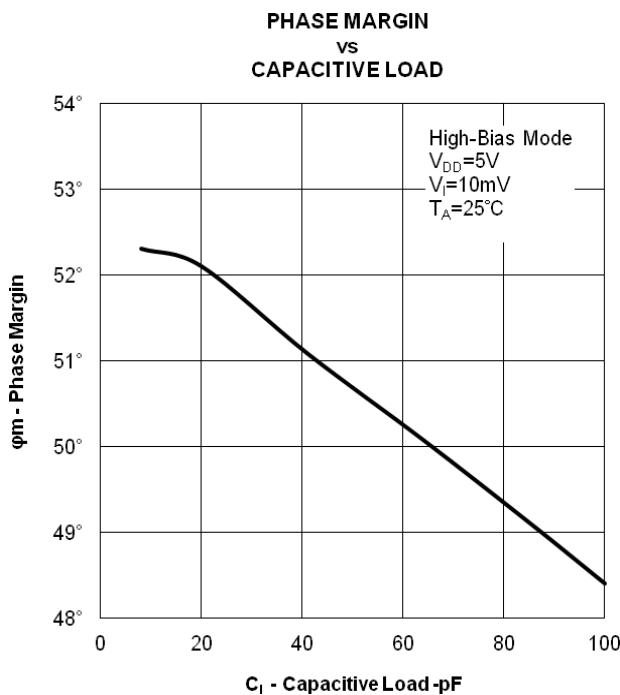


Figure 27

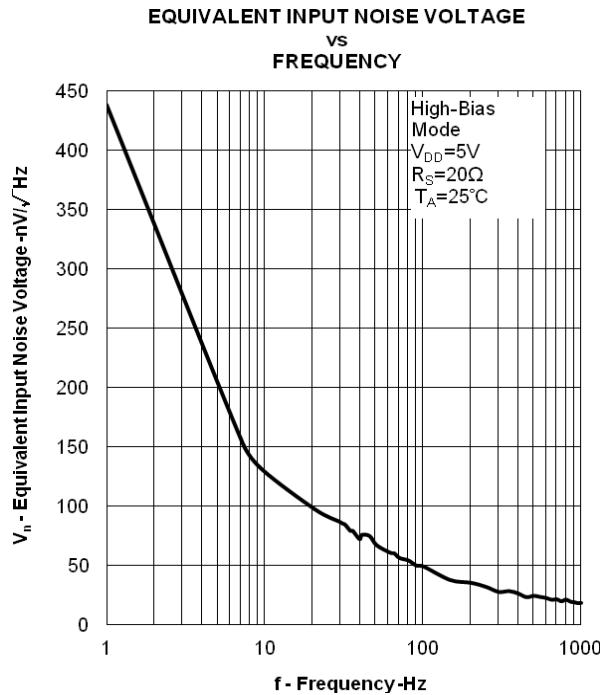


Figure 28

Typical Performance Characteristics High Bias Mode

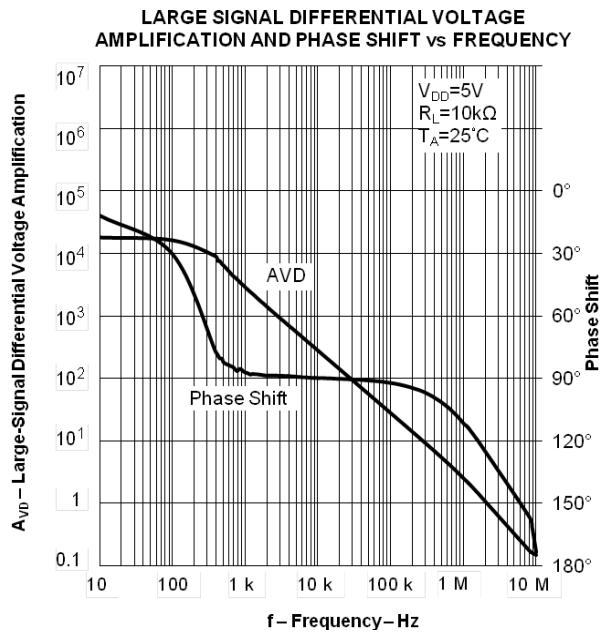


Figure 29

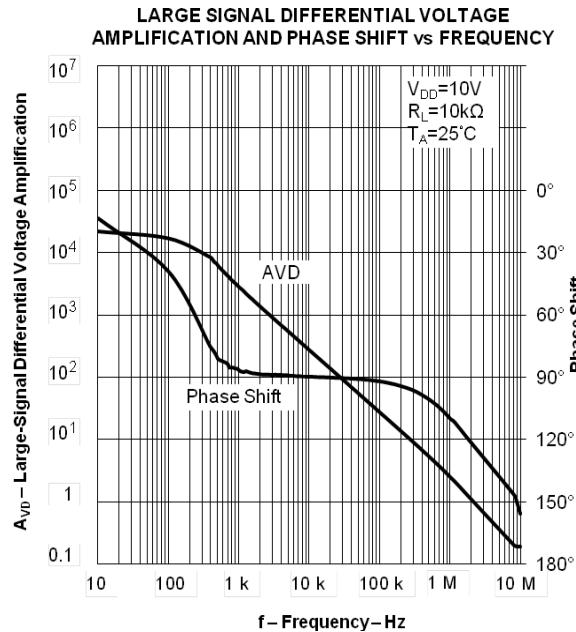


Figure 30

Typical Performance Characteristics Medium Bias Mode

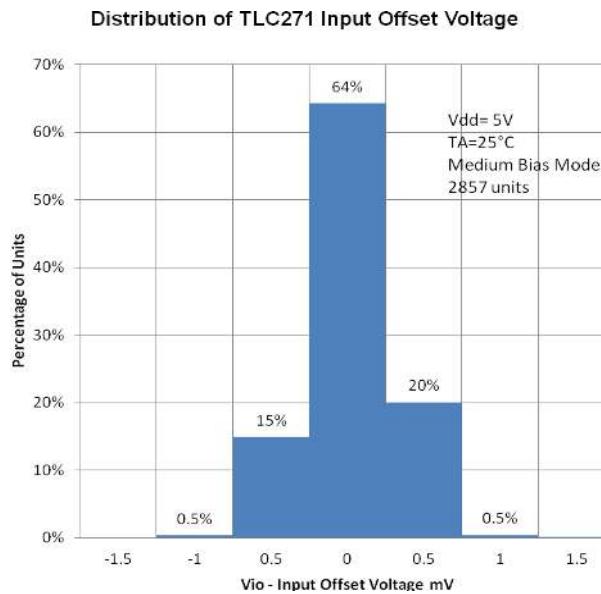


Figure 31

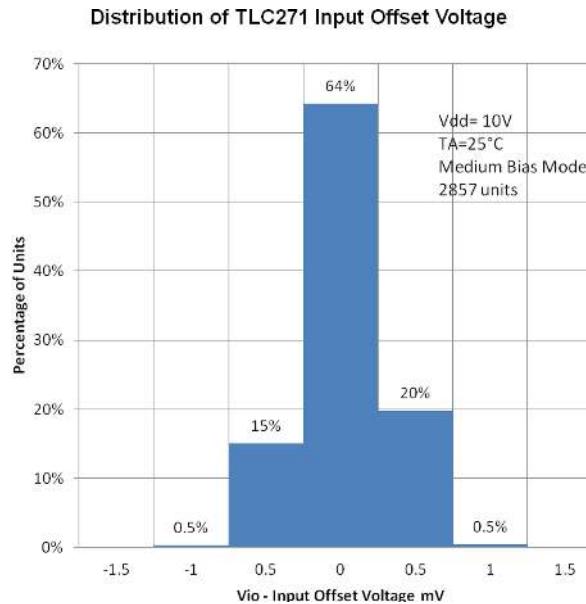


Figure 32

Typical Performance Characteristics Medium Bias Mode

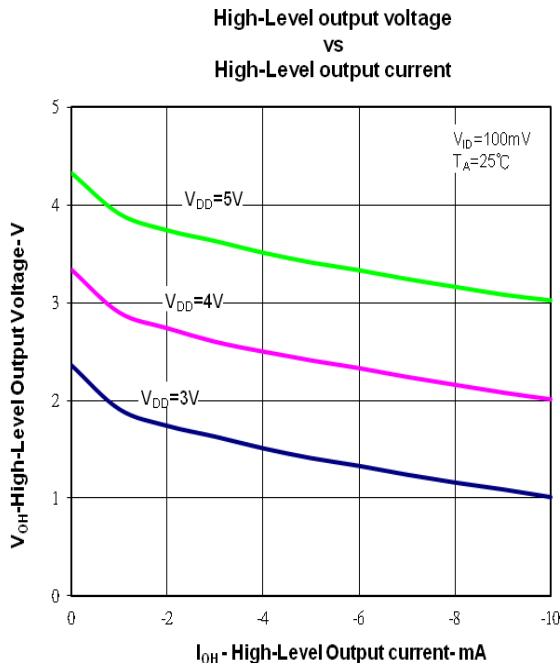


Figure 33

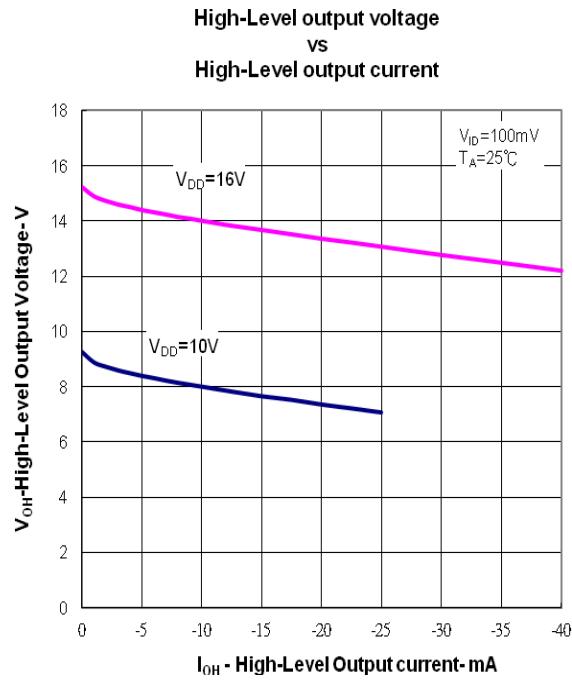


Figure 34

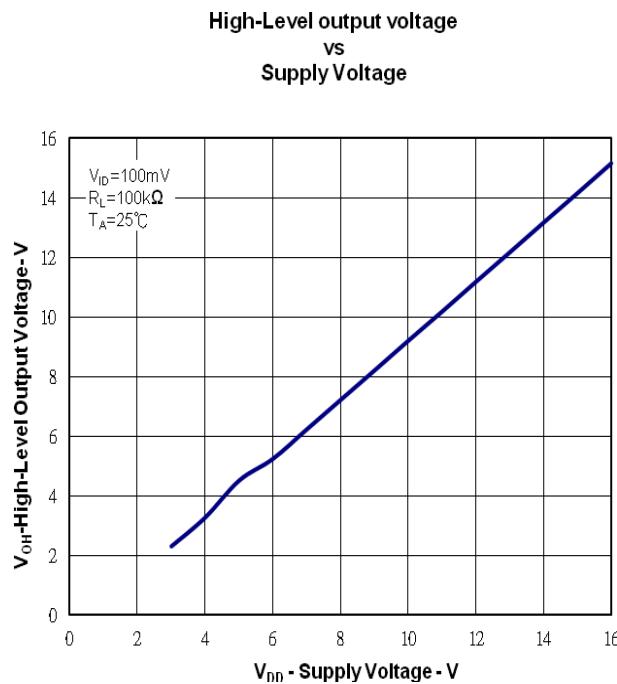


Figure 35

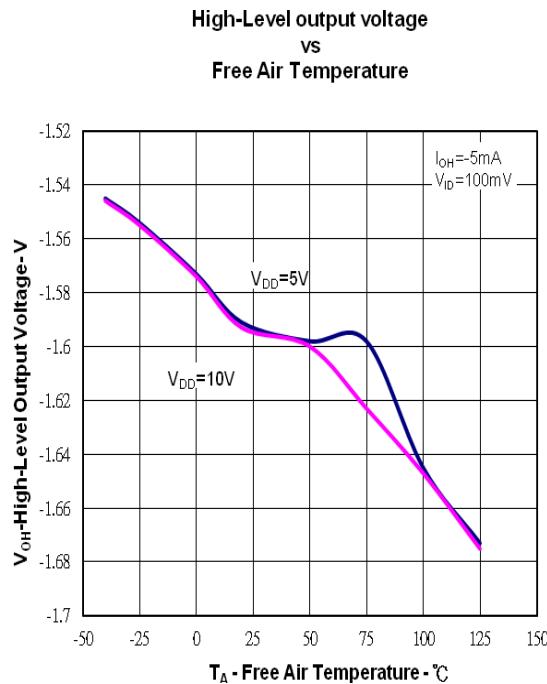


Figure 36

Typical Performance Characteristics Medium Bias Mode

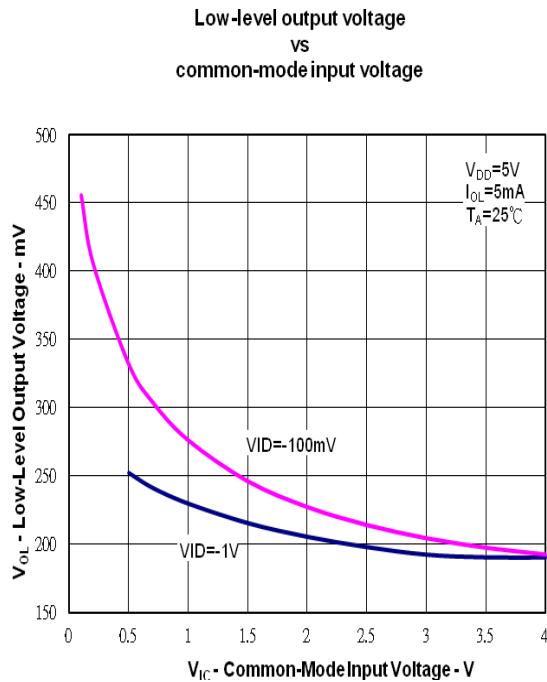


Figure 37

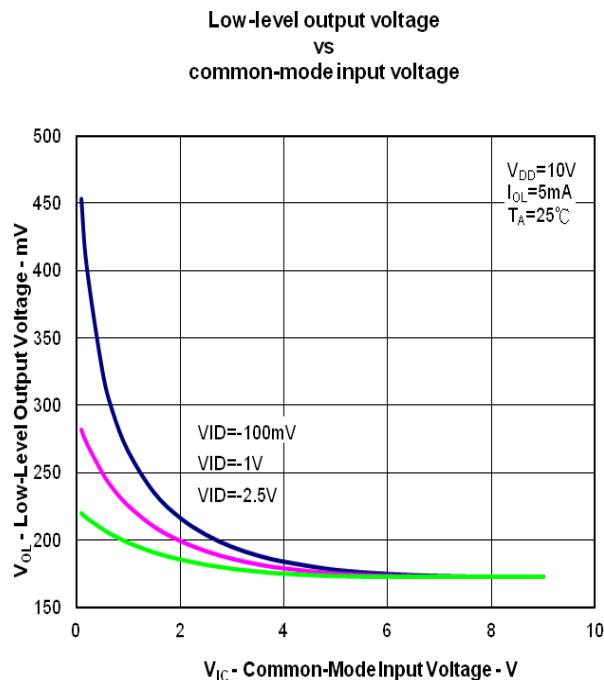


Figure 38

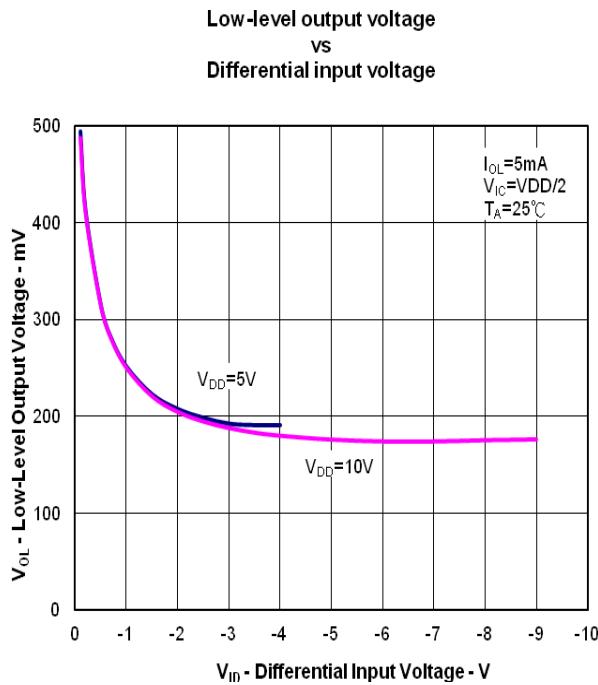


Figure 39

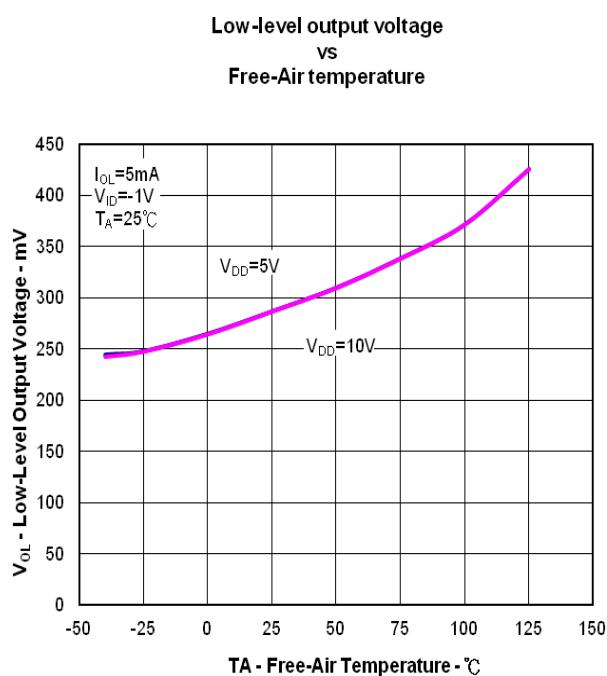


Figure 40

Typical Performance Characteristics Medium Bias Mode

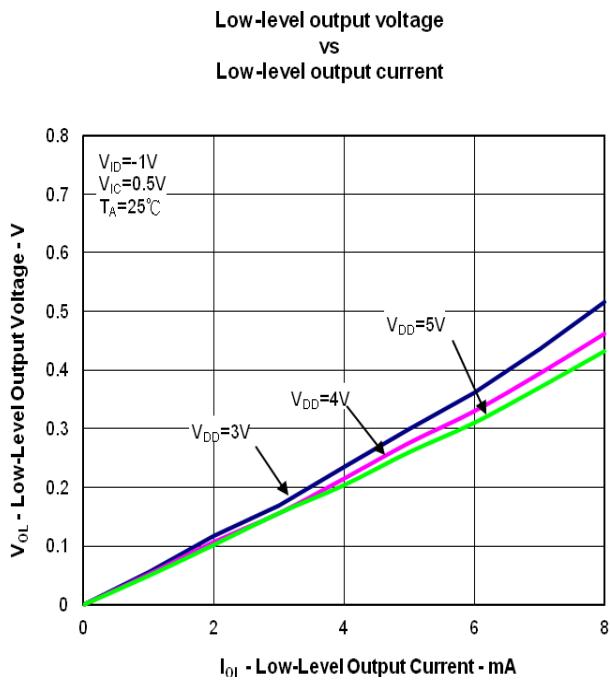


Figure 41

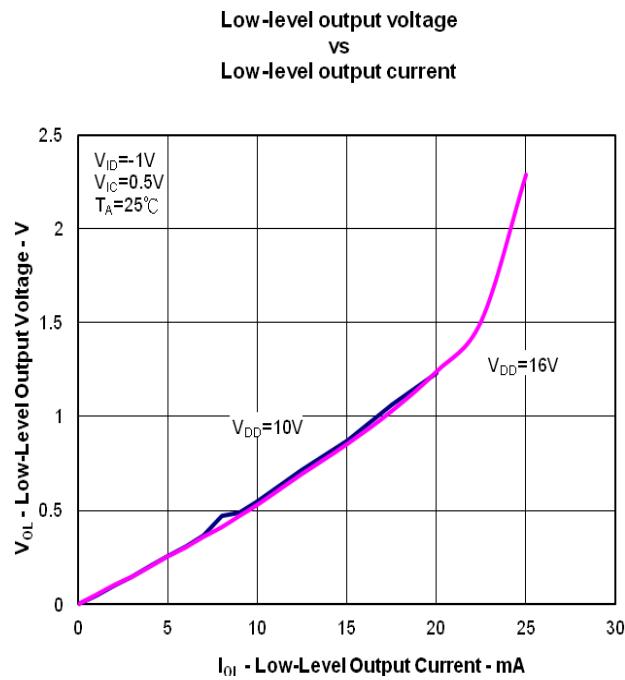


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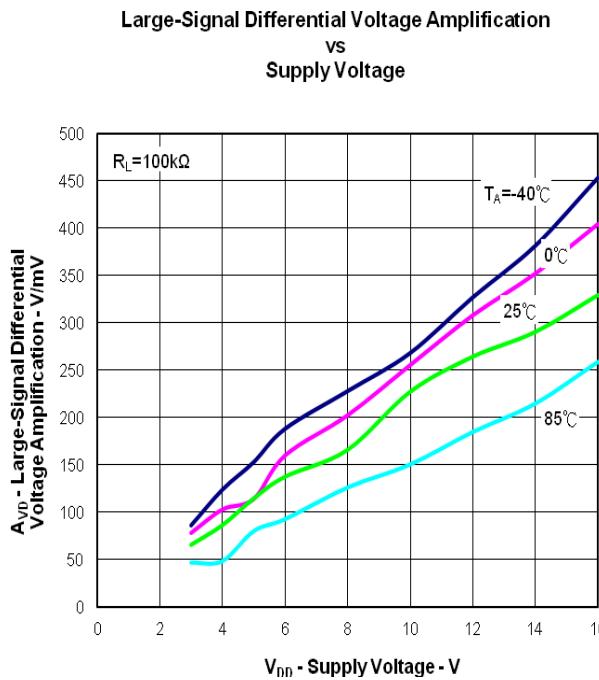


Figure 43

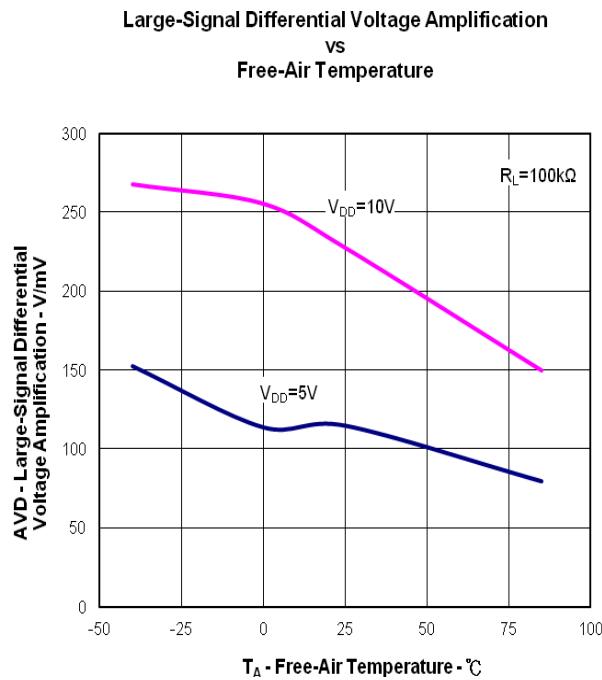


Figure 44

Typical Performance Characteristics Medium Bias Mode

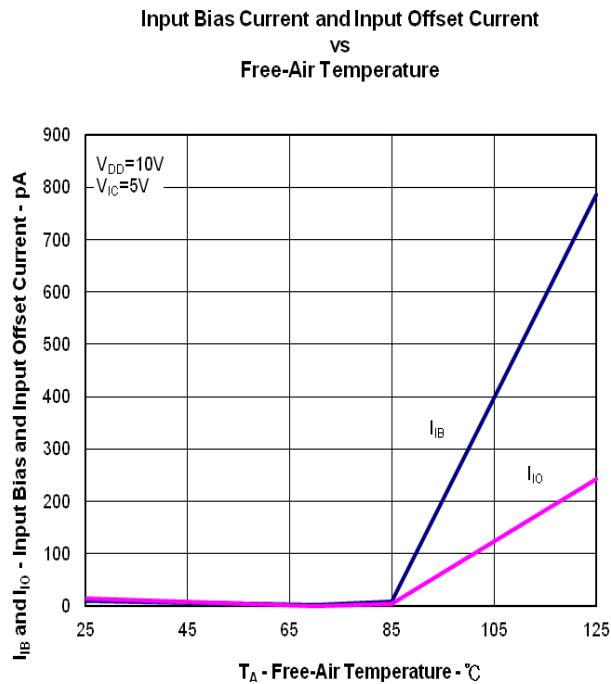


Figure 45

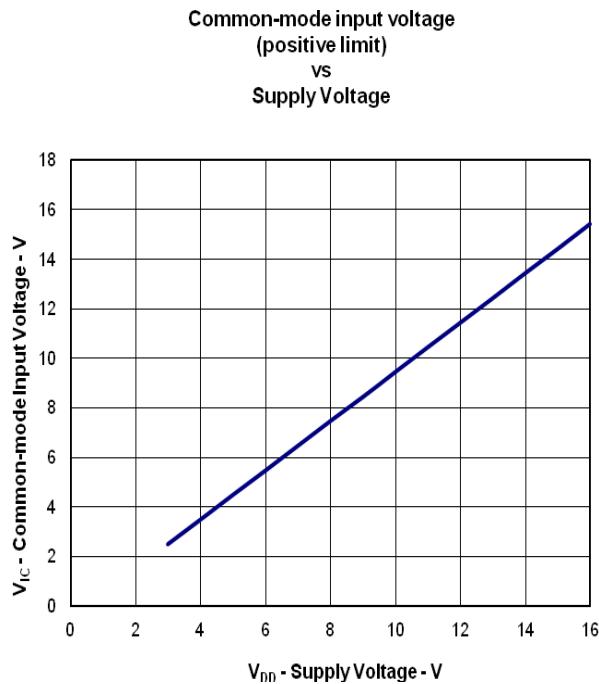


Figure 46

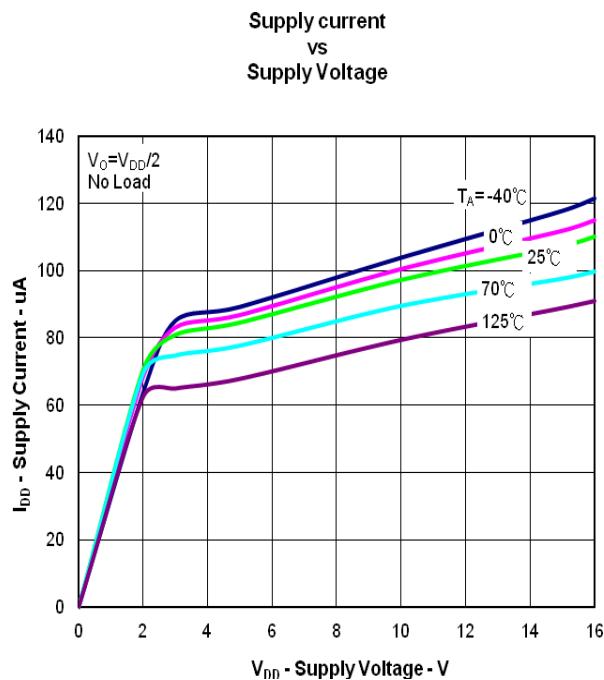


Figure 47

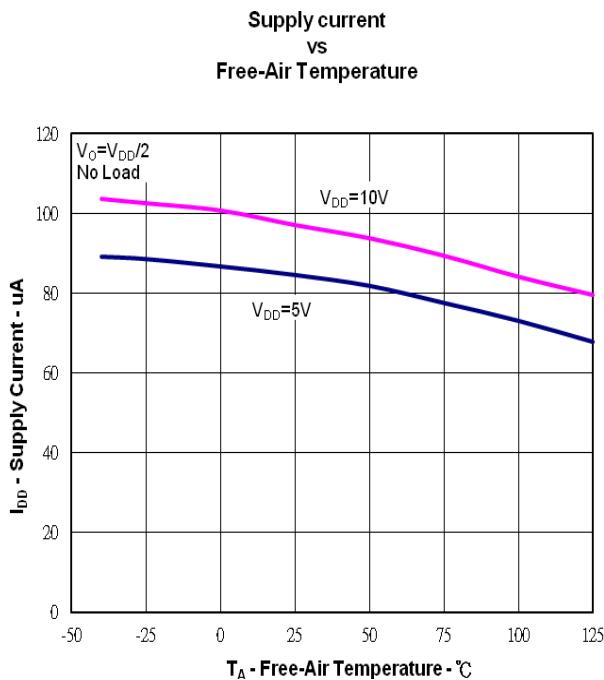


Figure 48

Typical Performance Characteristics Medium Bias Mode

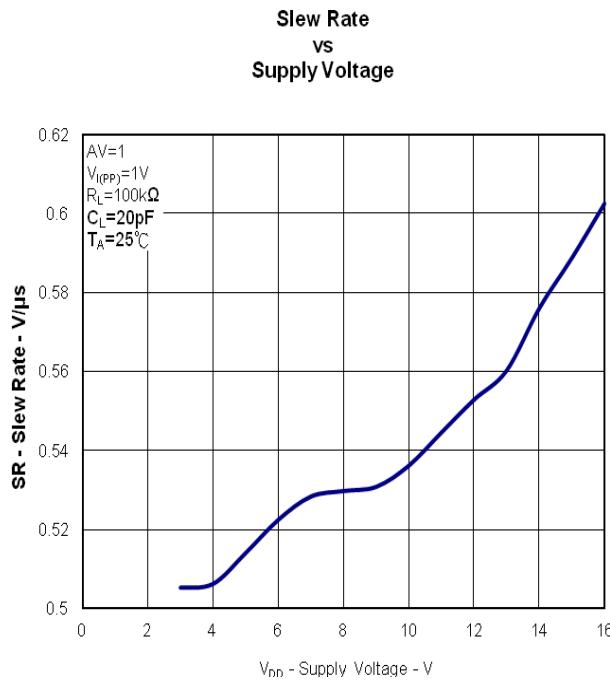


Figure 49

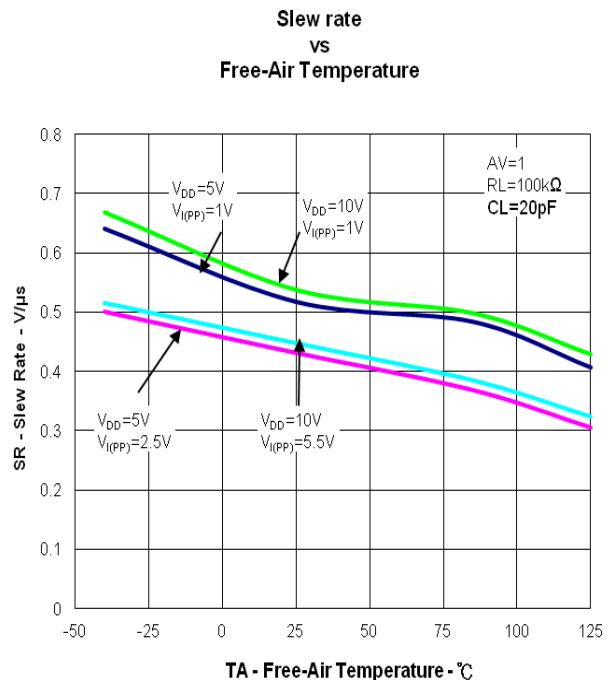


Figure 50

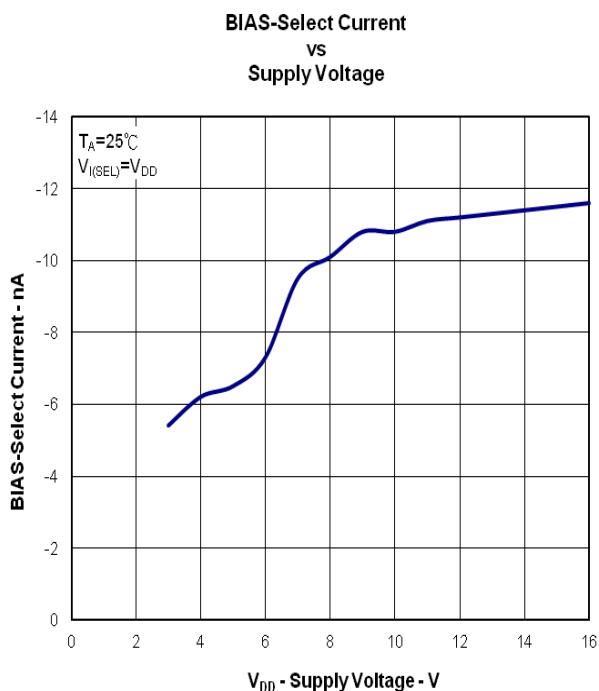


Figure 51

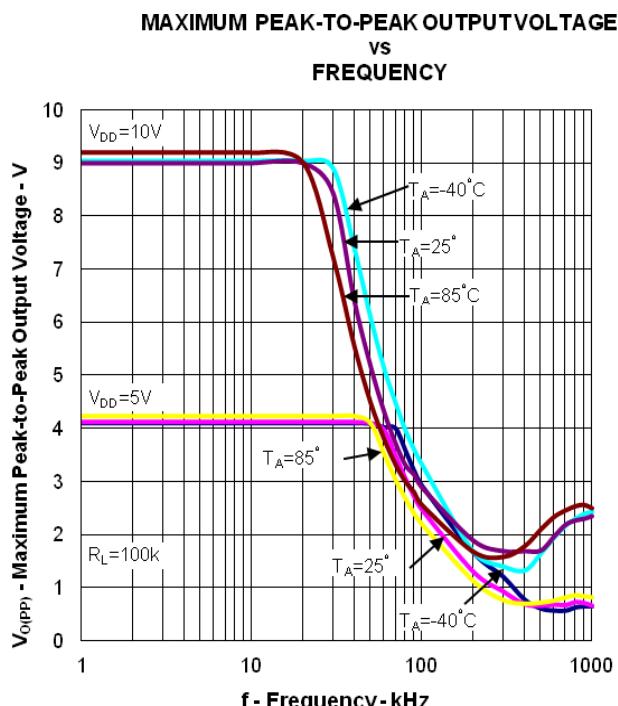


Figure 52

Typical Performance Characteristics Medium Bias Mode

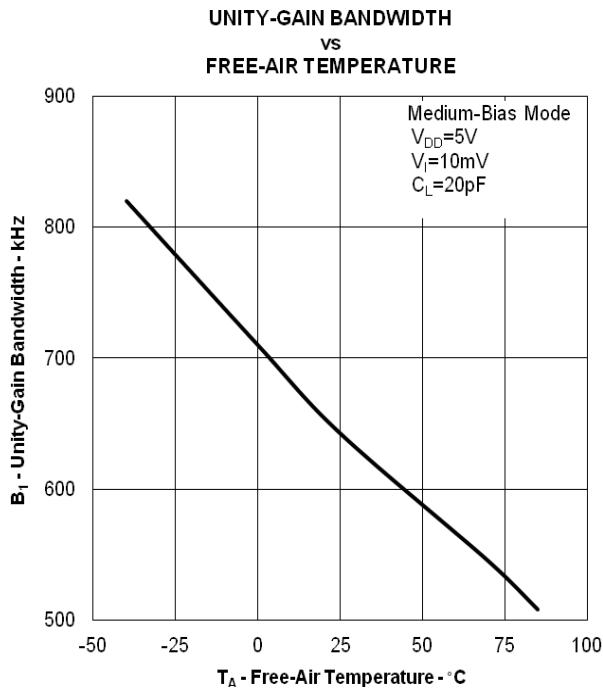


Figure 53

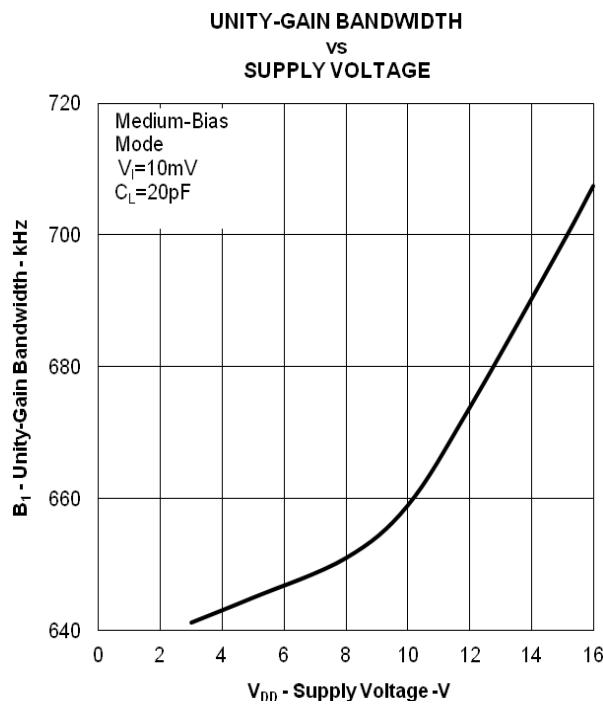


Figure 54

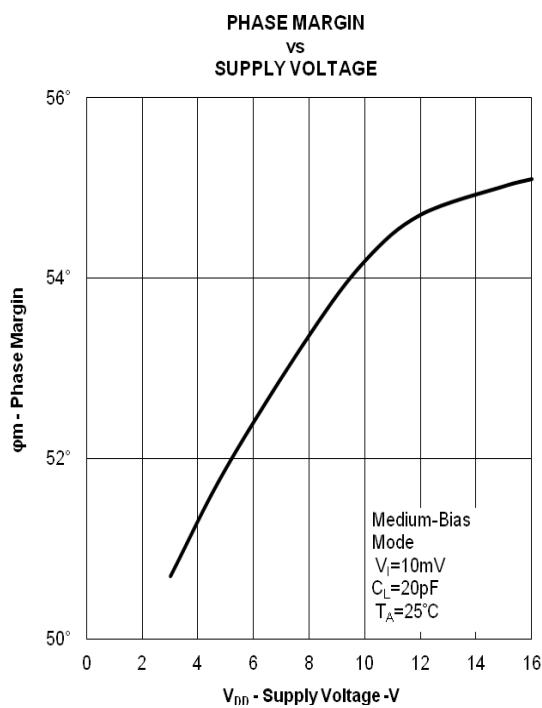


Figure 55

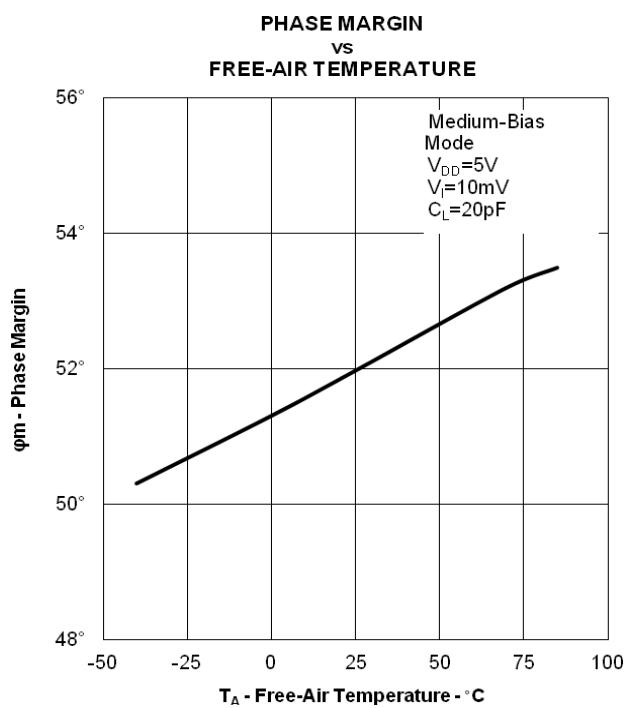


Figure 56

Typical Performance Characteristics Medium Bias Mode

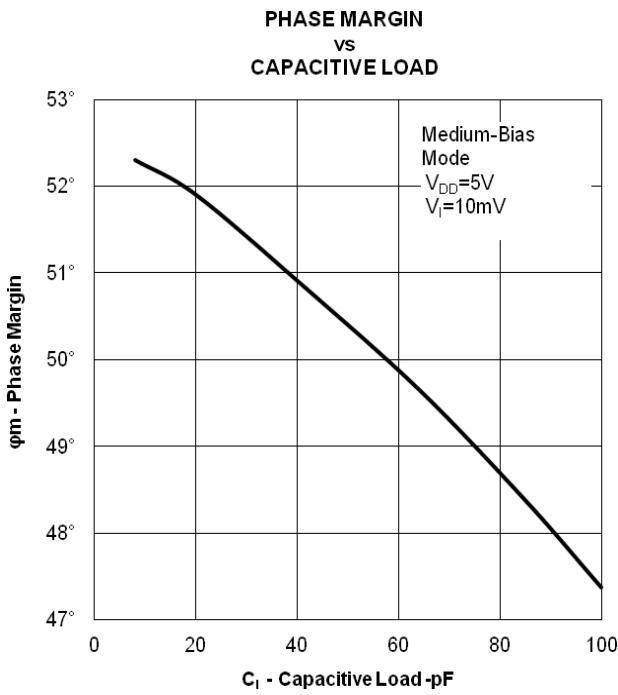


Figure 57

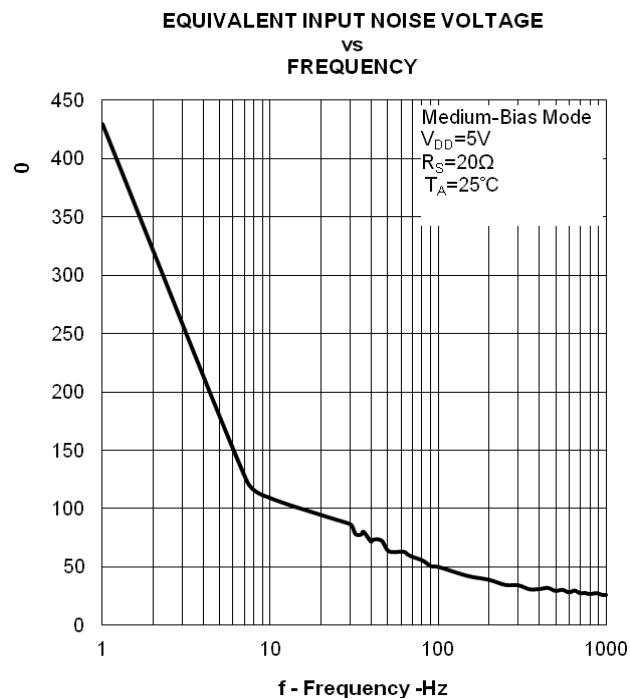


Figure 58

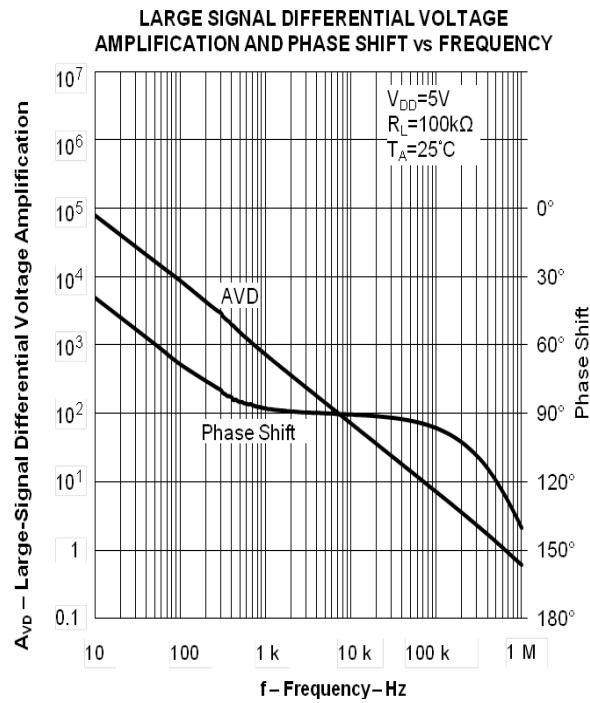


Figure 59

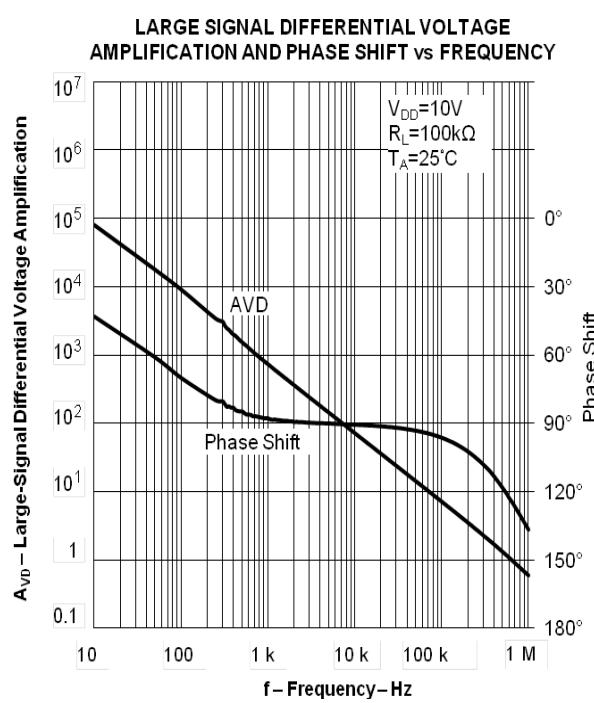


Figure 60

Typical Performance Characteristics Low Bias Mode

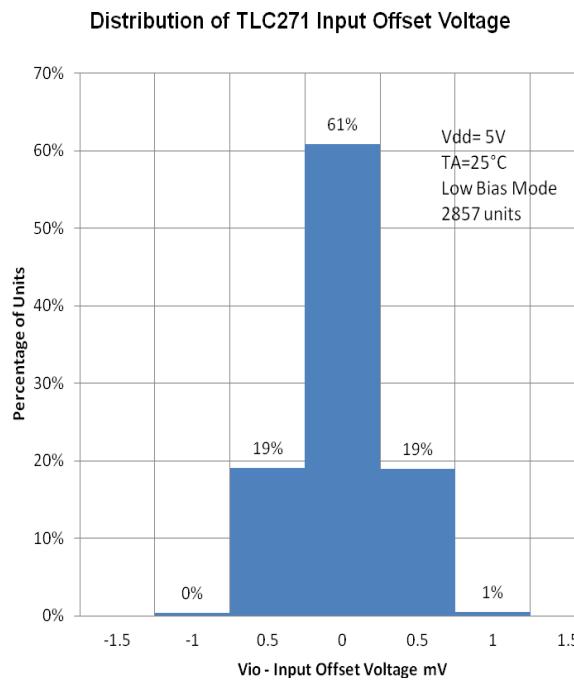


Figure 61

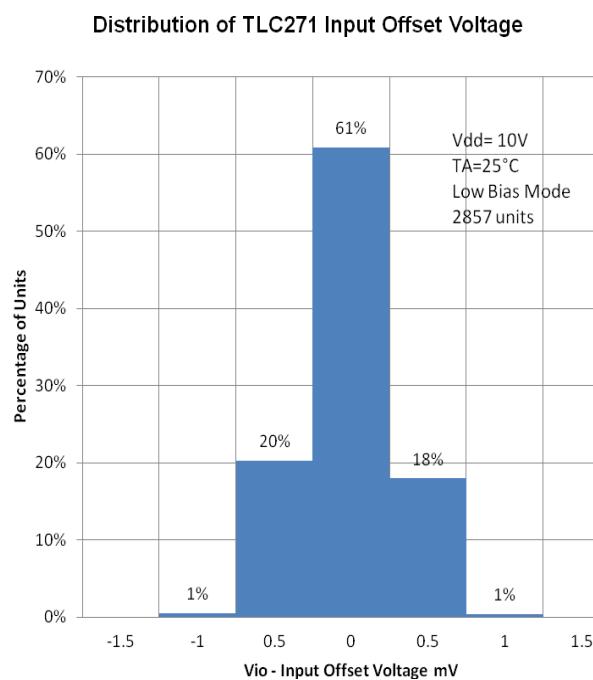


Figure 62

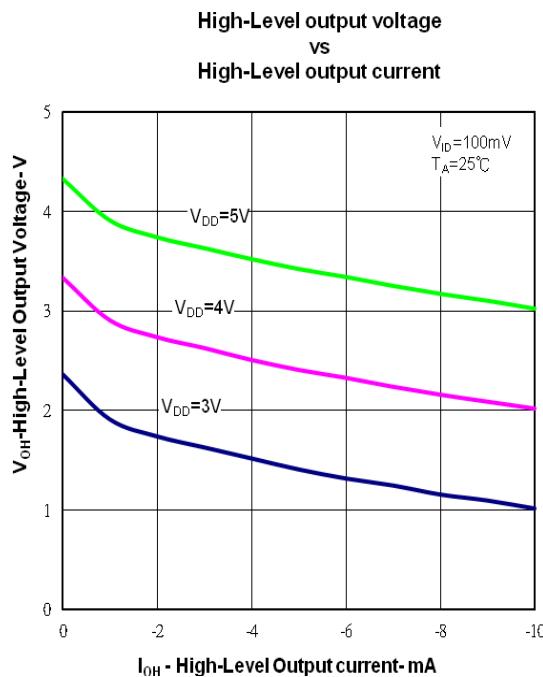


Figure 63

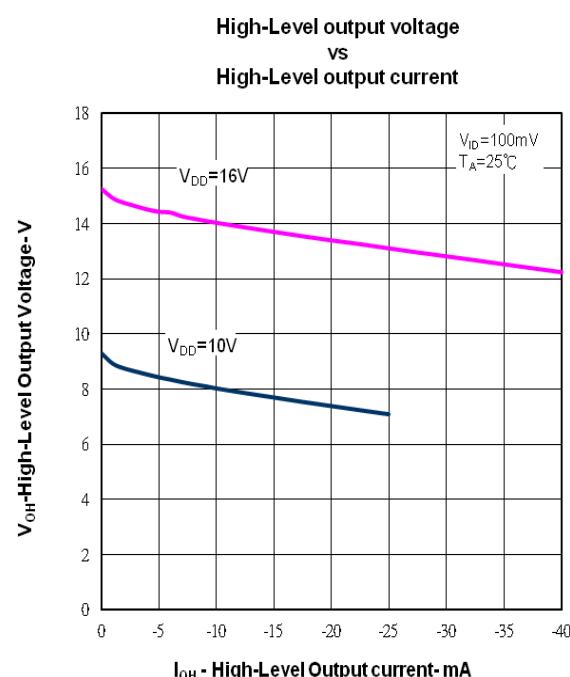
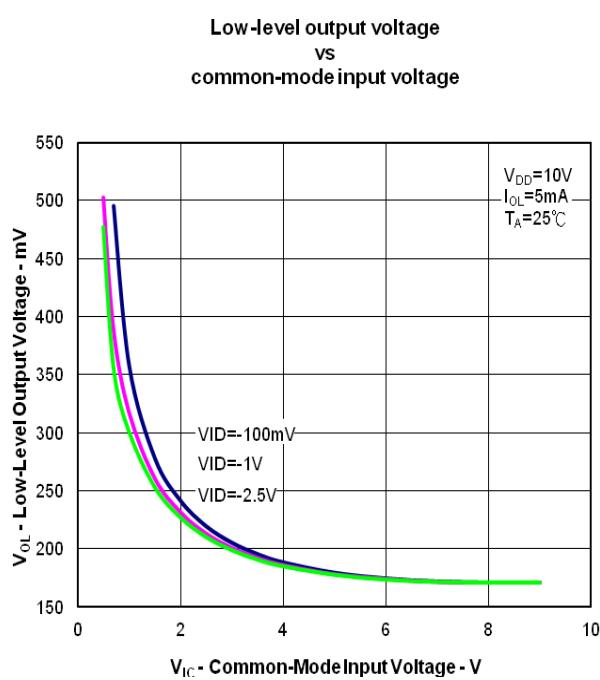
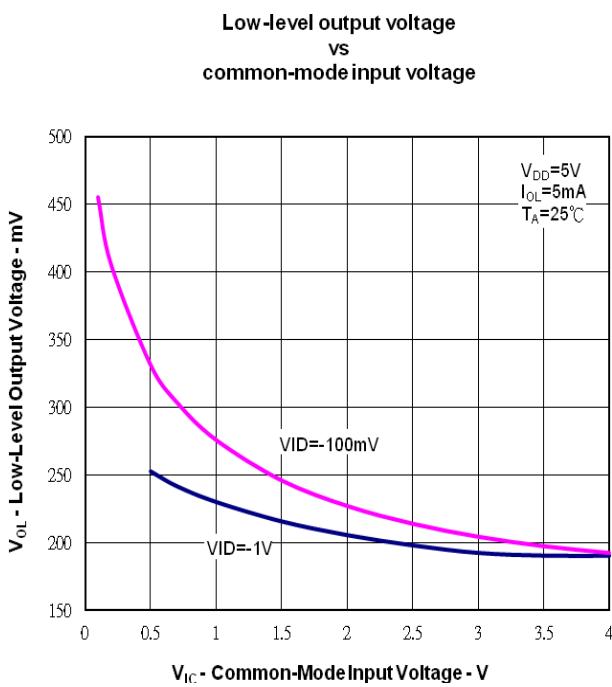
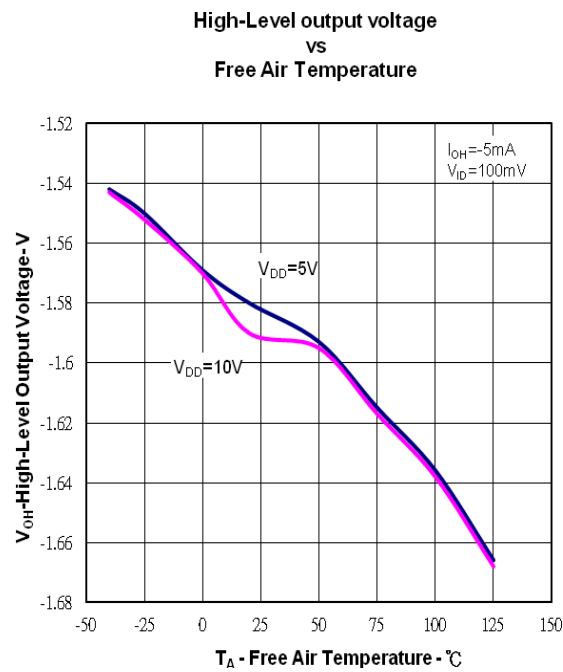
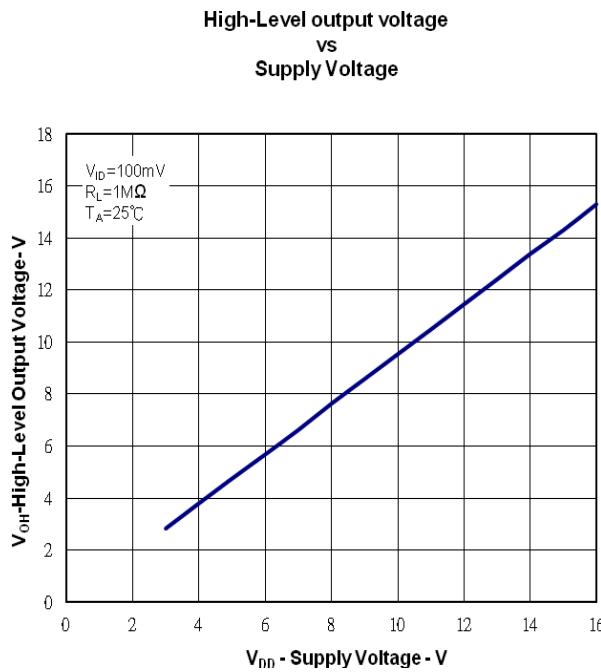


Figure 64

Typical Performance Characteristics Low Bias Mode



Typical Performance Characteristics Low Bias Mode

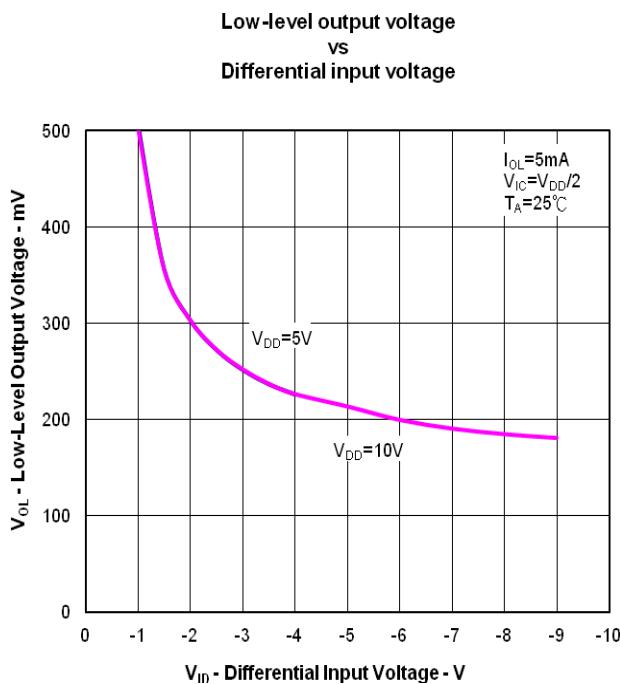


Figure 69

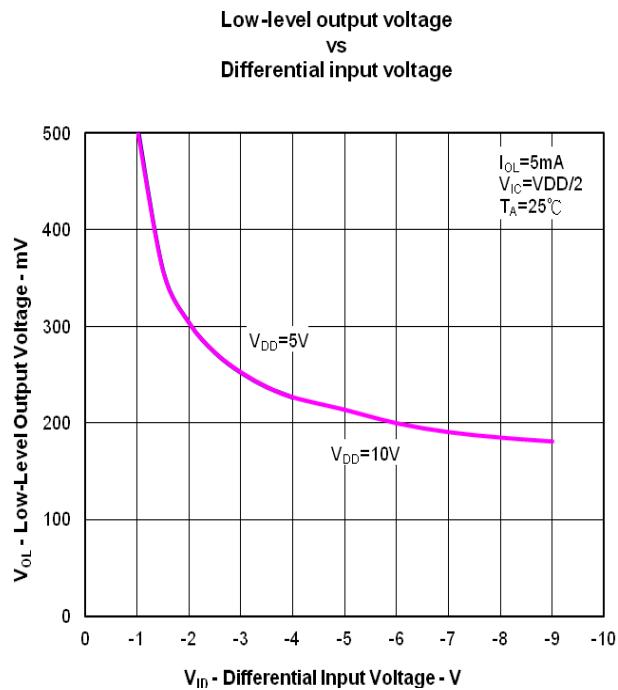


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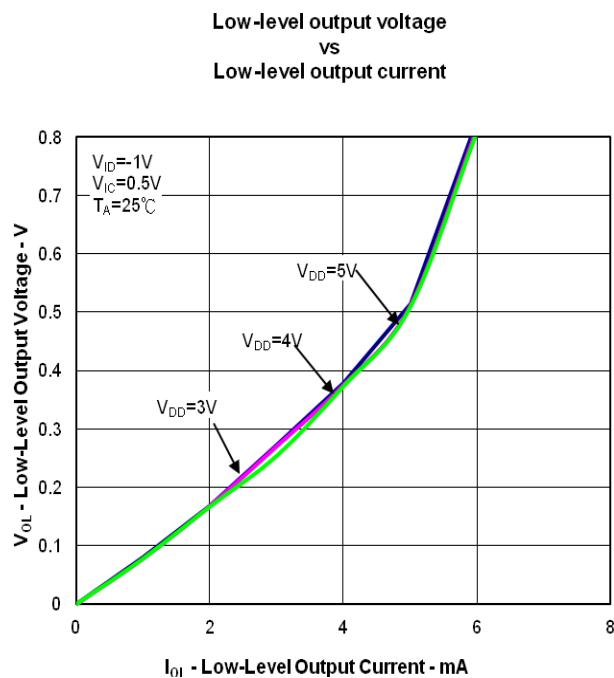


Figure 71

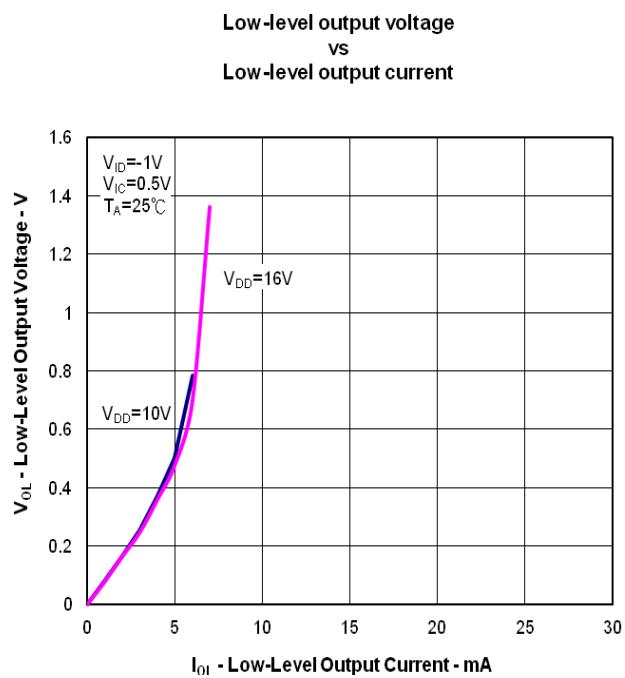


Figure 72

Typical Performance Characteristics Low Bias Mode

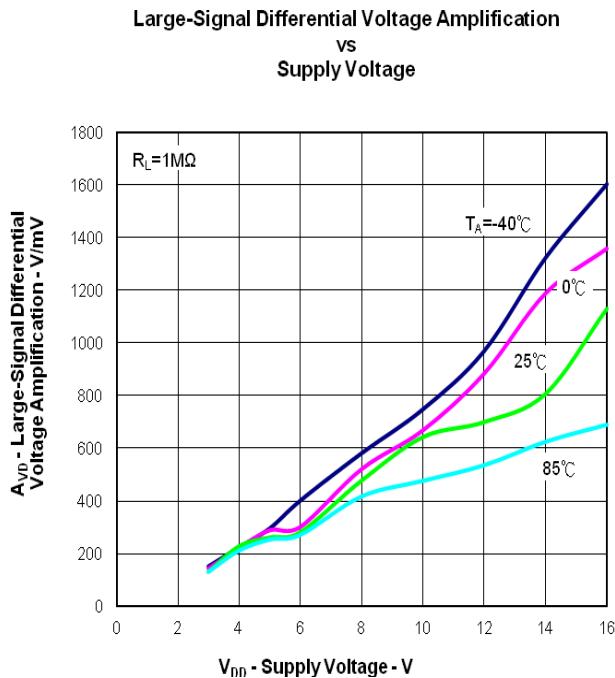


Figure 73

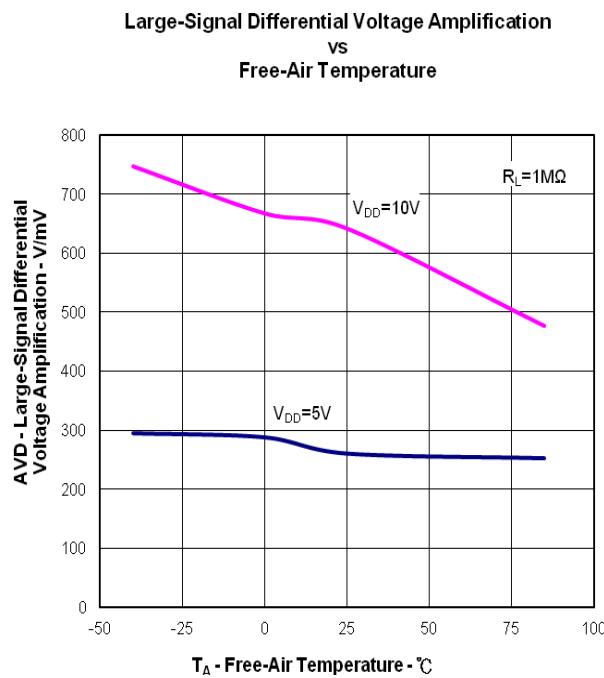


Figure 74

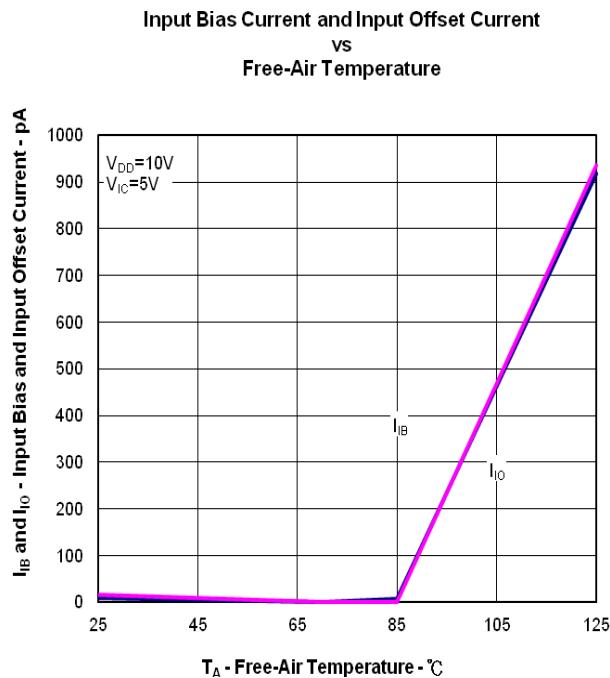


Figure 75

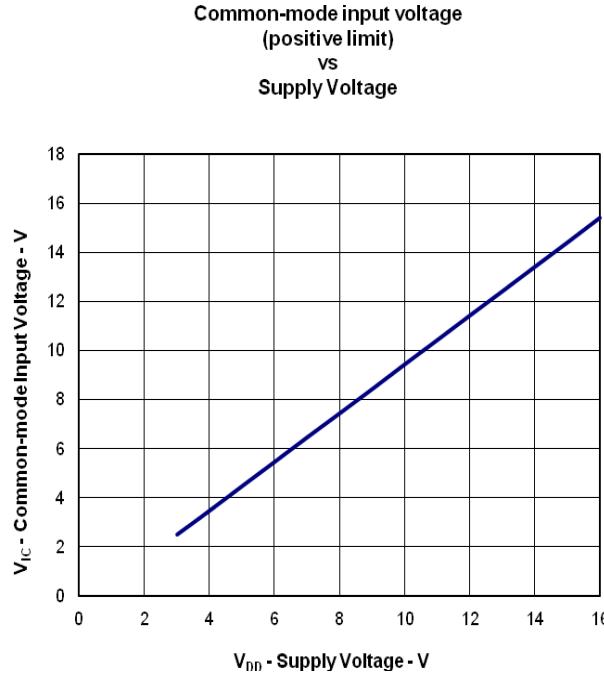


Figure 76

Typical Performance Characteristics Low Bias Mode

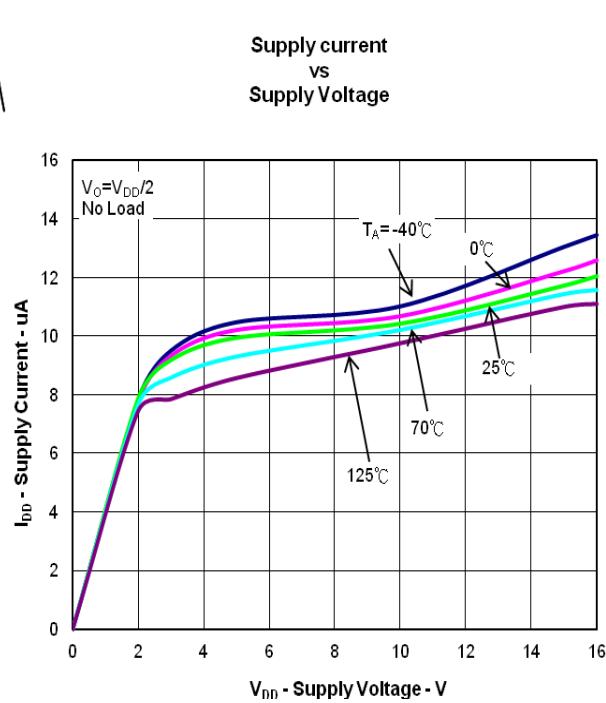


Figure 77

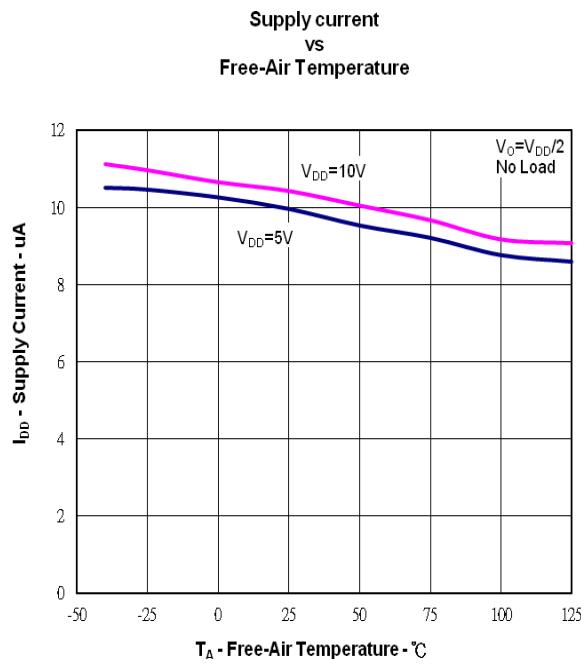


Figure 78

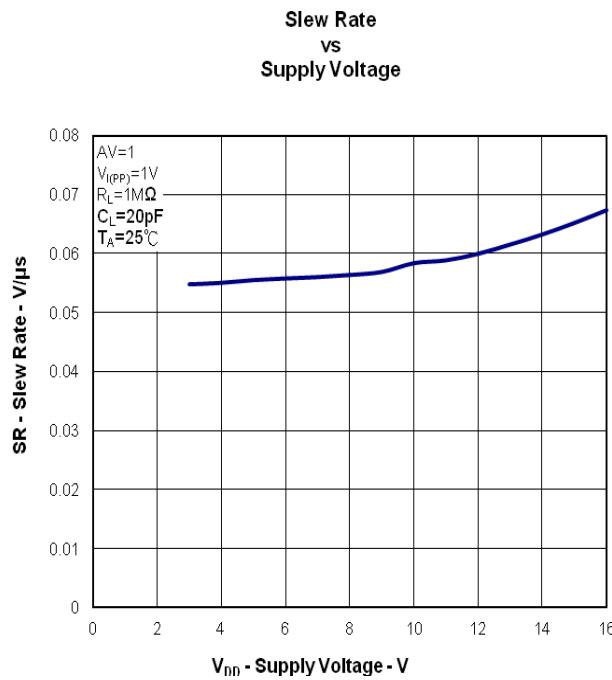


Figure 79

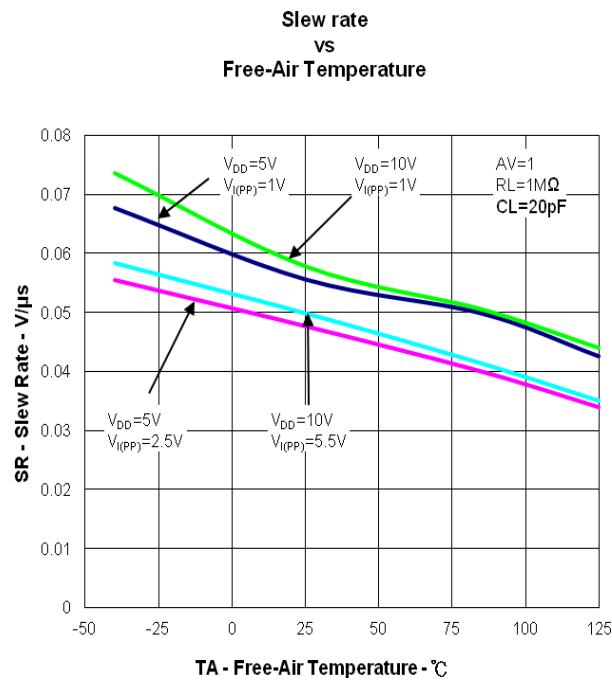


Figure 80

Typical Performance Characteristics Low Bias Mode

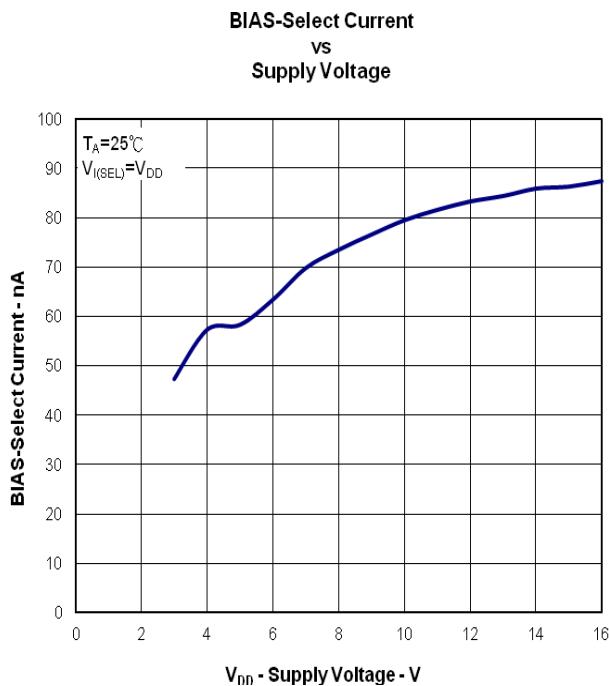


Figure 81

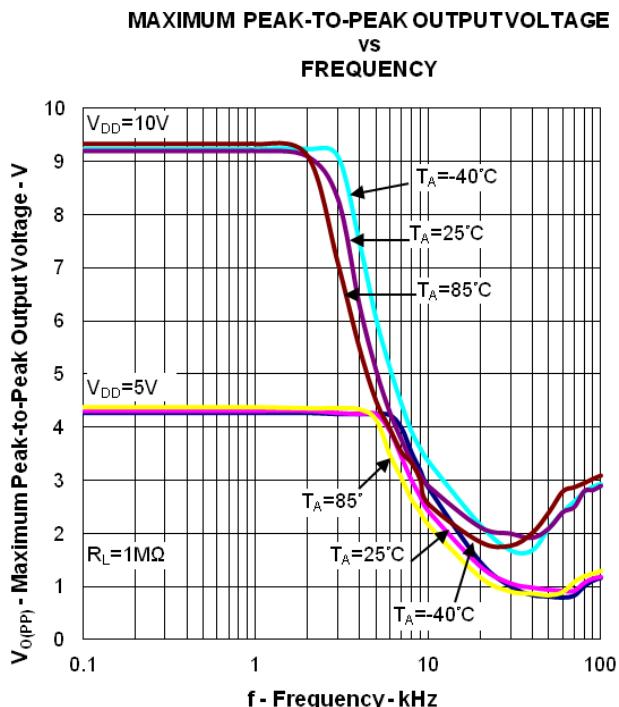


Figure 82

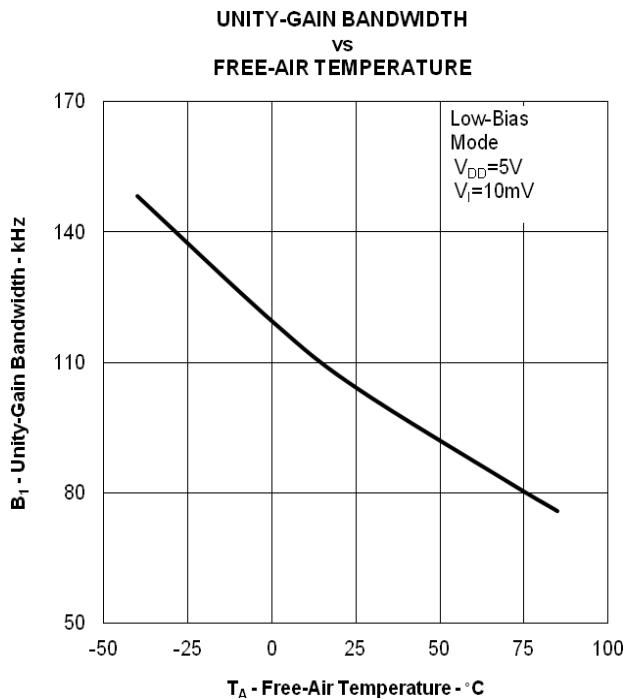


Figure 83

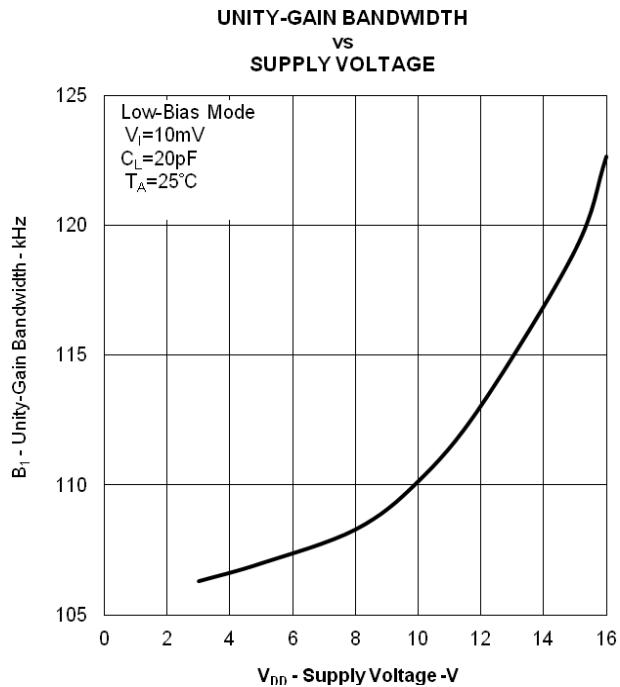


Figure 84

Typical Performance Characteristics Low Bias Mode

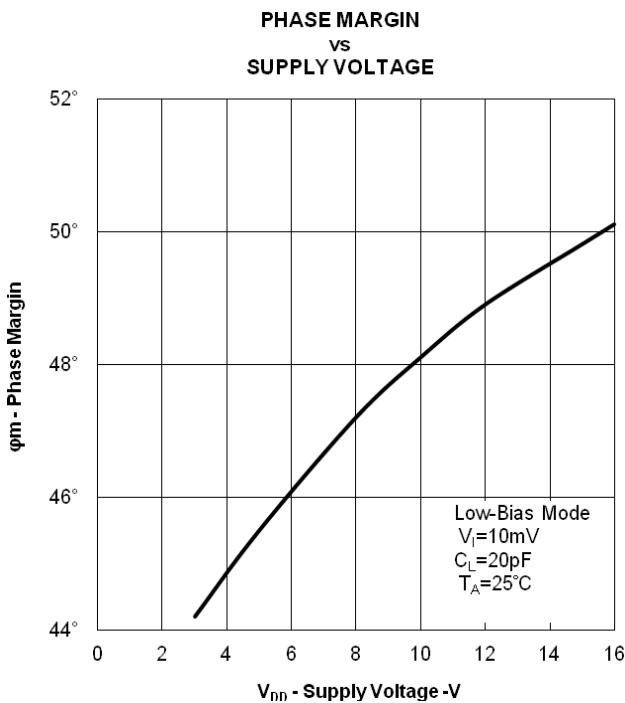


Figure 85

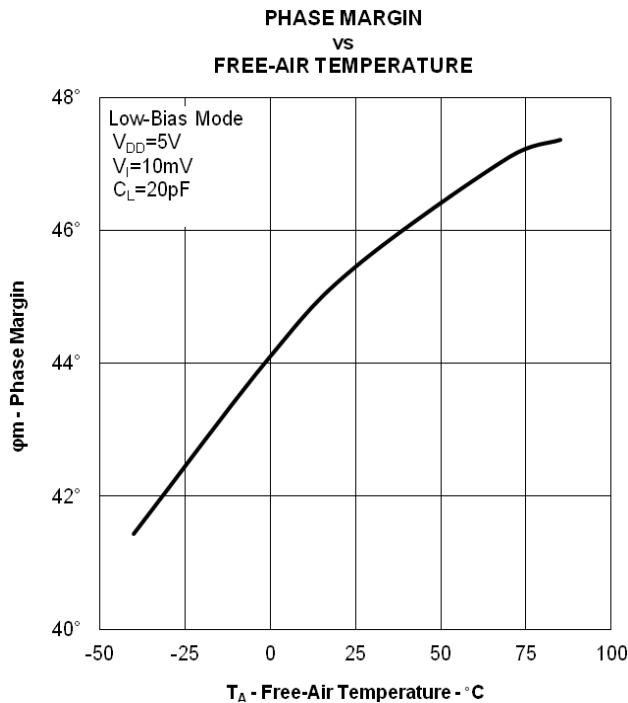


Figure 86

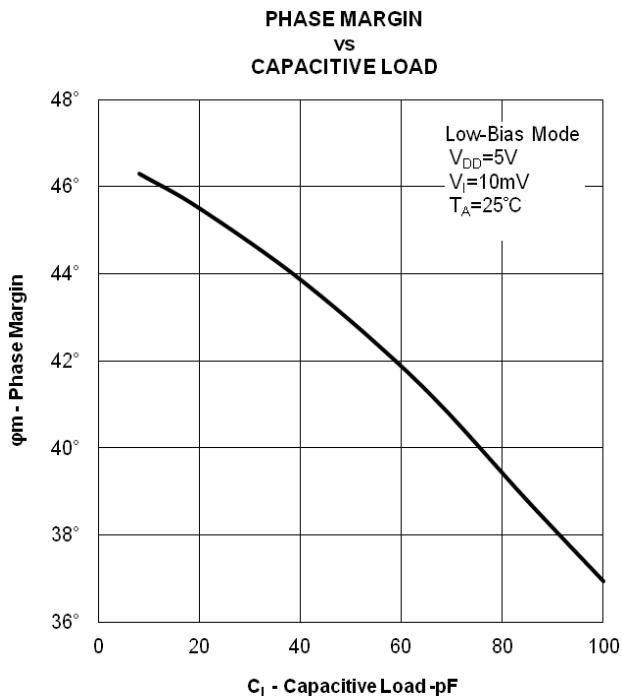


Figure 87

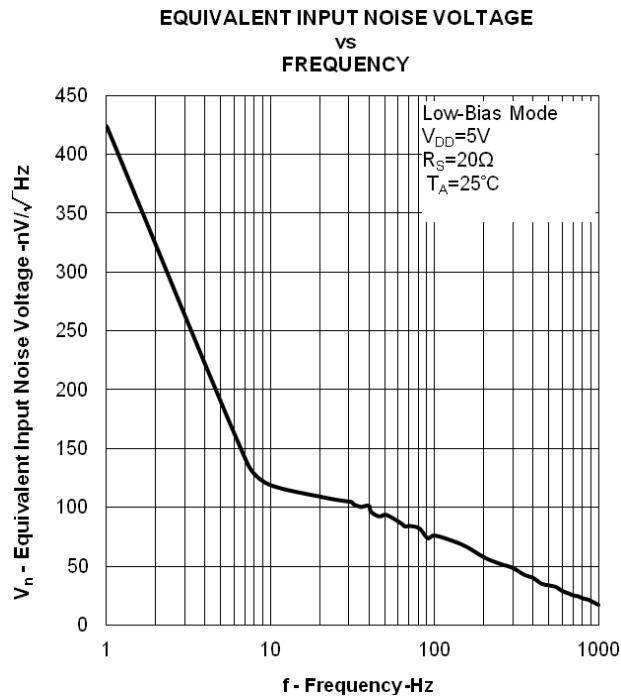


Figure 88

Typical Performance Characteristics Low Bias Mode

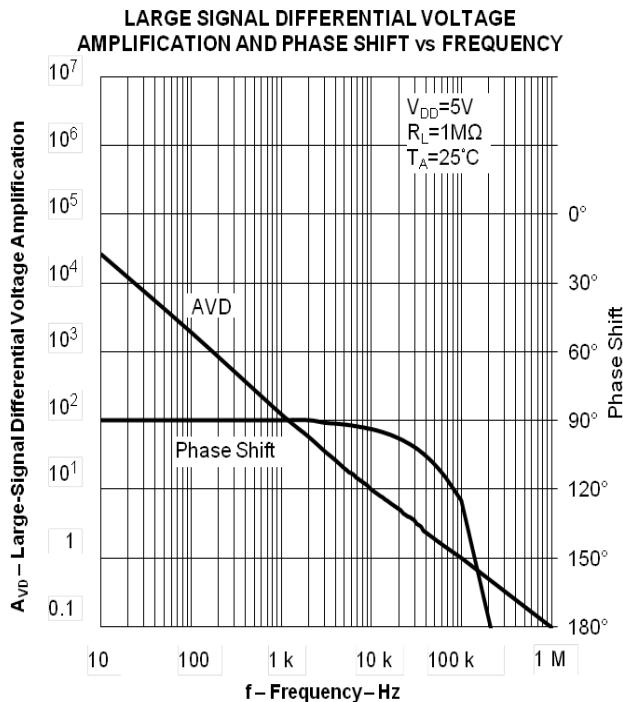


Figure 89

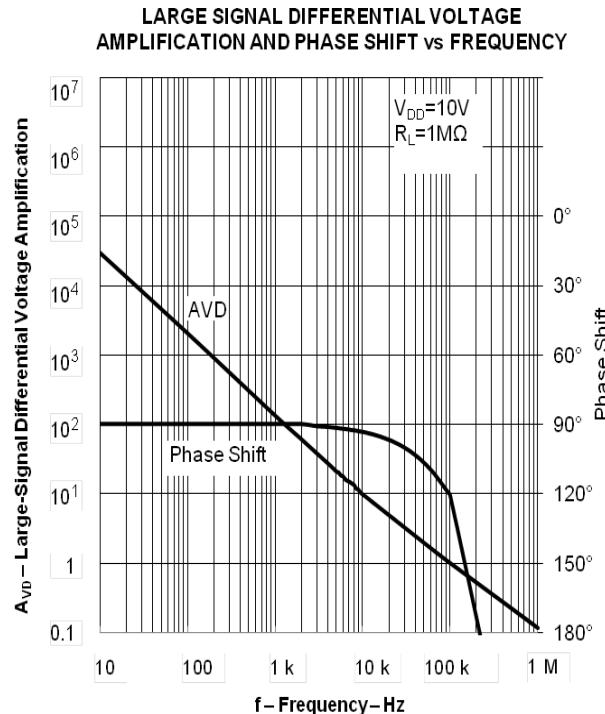


Figure 90

Application Information

Bias select feature

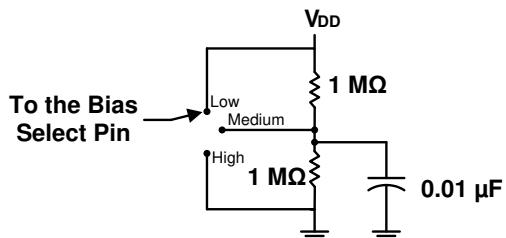
The TLC271 offers a bias-select feature that allows the user to select any one of three bias levels depending on the level of performance desired. The trade-off between bias levels relates to ac performance and power dissipation as below.

| Typical values $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$ | | Mode | | | Units |
|---|---|---------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
| | | High bias $R_L = 10\text{k}\Omega$ | Medium bias $R_L = 100\text{k}\Omega$ | Low bias $R_L = 1\text{M}\Omega$ | |
| P_D | Power Dissipation | 3.4 | 0.5 | 0.05 | mW |
| SR | Slew Rate | 3.6 | 0.4 | 0.03 | V/ μs |
| V_n | Equivalent Input Noise Voltage at $f=1\text{kHz}$ | 20 | 25 | 28 | nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
| B_1 | Unity Gain Bandwidth | 1.7 | 0.5 | 0.09 | MHz |
| ϕ_m | Phase Margin | 46° | 40° | 34° | — |
| AvD | Large Signal Differential Voltage Amplification | 23 | 170 | 480 | V/mV |

Bias selection

Bias selection is achieved by connecting the bias select pin to one of three voltage levels (see below). For medium-bias applications, it is recommended that the bias select pin be connected to the midpoint between the supply rails. This procedure is simple in split-supply applications, since this point is ground.

In single-supply applications, the medium-bias mode necessitates using a voltage divider as indicated below. The use of large-value resistors in the voltage divider reduces the current drain of the divider from the supply line. However, large-value resistors used in conjunction with a large-value capacitor require significant time to charge the supply to the midpoint after the supply is switched on. A voltage other than the midpoint can be used if it is within the voltages specified table.



| Bias Mode | Bias Select Voltage (Single Supply) |
|-----------|-------------------------------------|
| Low | V_{DD} |
| Medium | 1 V to $V_{DD} - 1$ V |
| High | GND |

Figure 91

High-Bias Mode

In high-bias mode, the TLC271 series features low offset voltage drift, high input impedance and low noise. Speed in this mode approaches that of BiFET devices but at only a fraction of the power dissipation. Unity-gain bandwidth is typically greater than 1 MHz.

Medium-Bias Mode

The TLC271 in medium-bias mode features low offset voltage drift, high input impedance and low noise. Speed in this mode is similar to general-purpose bipolar devices, but power dissipation is only a fraction of that consumed by bipolar devices.

Low-Bias Mode

In low-bias mode, the TLC271 features low offset voltage drift, high input impedance, extremely low power consumption and high differential voltage gain.

Application Information (cont.)

Parameter measurement circuits

Because the TLC271 is optimized for single-supply operation, circuit configurations used for the various tests can present some difficulties since the input signal must be offset from ground. This issue can be avoided by testing the device with split supplies and the output load tied to the negative rail. Example circuits are shown below.

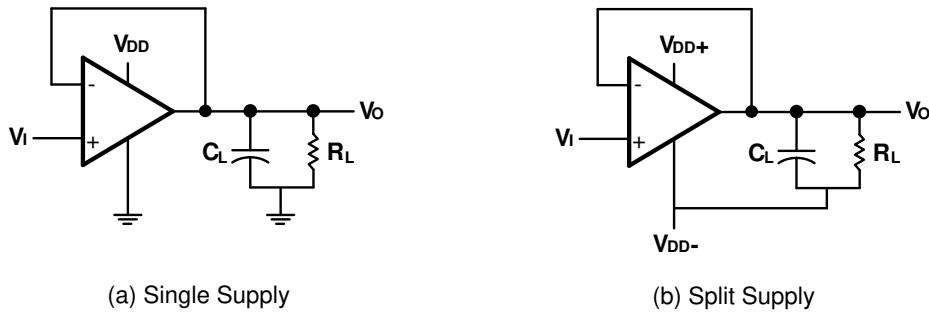


Figure 92 Measurement circuit with either single or split supply

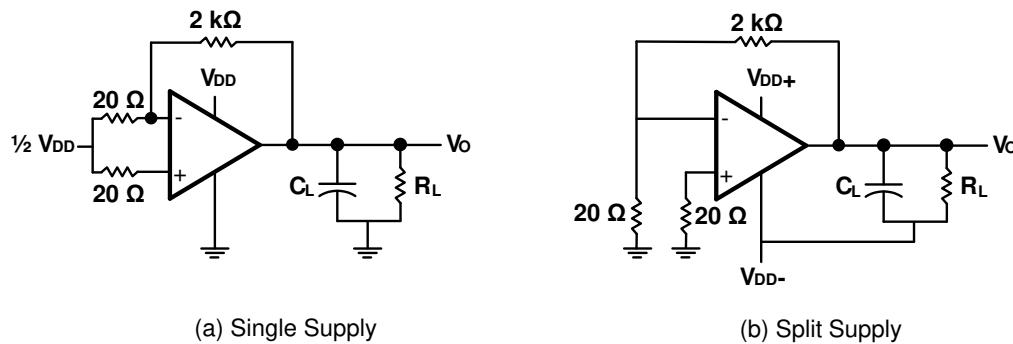


Fig 93 Noise measurement with single or split supply

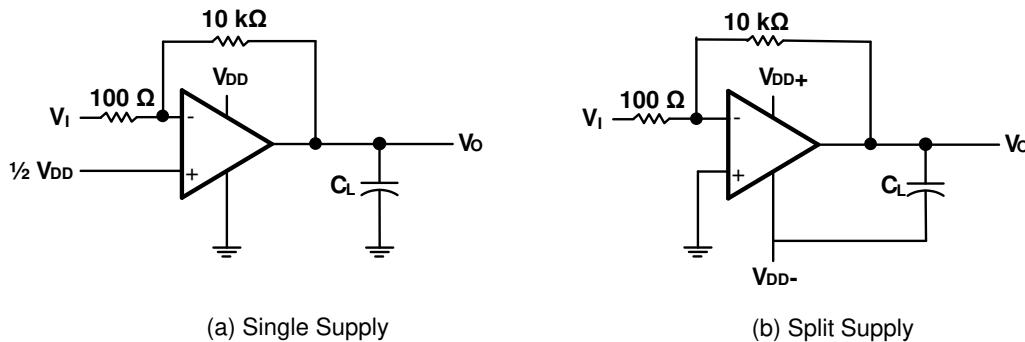
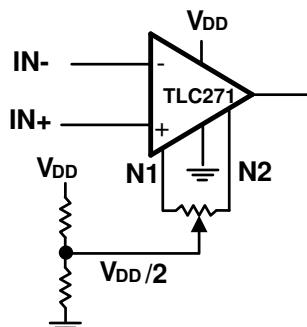


Figure 94 Gain of 100 with single or split supply

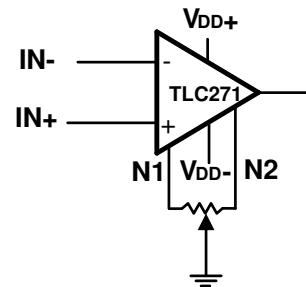
Application Notes

Offset Voltage Nulling Circuit

The TLC271 offers external input offset null control. Nulling of the input offset voltage may be achieved by adjusting a 100-k Ω potentiometer connected between the offset null terminals with the wiper connected as shown in Figure 95. The amount of nulling range varies with the bias selection. In the high-bias mode, the nulling range allows the maximum offset voltage specified to be trimmed to zero. In low-bias and medium-bias modes, total nulling may not be possible.



(a) Single Supply



(b) Split Supply

Figure 95 Offset Nulling Circuits

Input Bias Current – Error Protection

The TLC271 has an extremely high input impedance. To use the inputs as a high impedance node, for example, greater than 100K, or to accurately measure bias current, it will be necessary to place a guard ring around the input pins and drive this ring to a potential equivalent to the common mode input voltage. In many cases this common mode potential may exist as a part of the feedback circuit and can be obtained from one of the appropriate nodes. In the case for the SO8 package, pin 4 is connected to ground or V_{dd}- . Input pins 2 and 3 are normally well above the voltage on pin 4 so a large potential voltage on the order of several volts is likely between pins 3 and 4. To prevent interference with a 1 pA bias current the board resistance would need to be in the order of gigaohms to have a minimum impact. The goal is to have the common mode potential on the guard ring, therefore reducing the stray voltage near the input pins to millivolts in normal applications. Any solder flux residue, excess moisture, humidity or board contamination will be detrimental to using the device in a high impedance input mode.

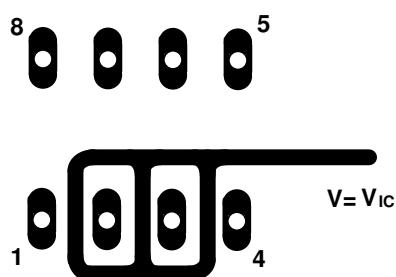


Figure 96 Bias Current Guarding for High Input Impedance Applications

Typical Application Circuits

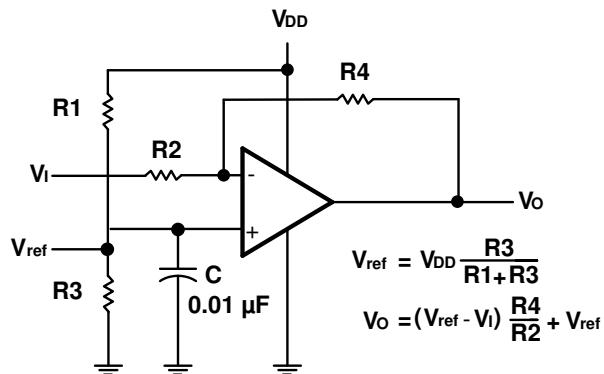


Figure 97 Inverting Amplifier With Voltage Reference

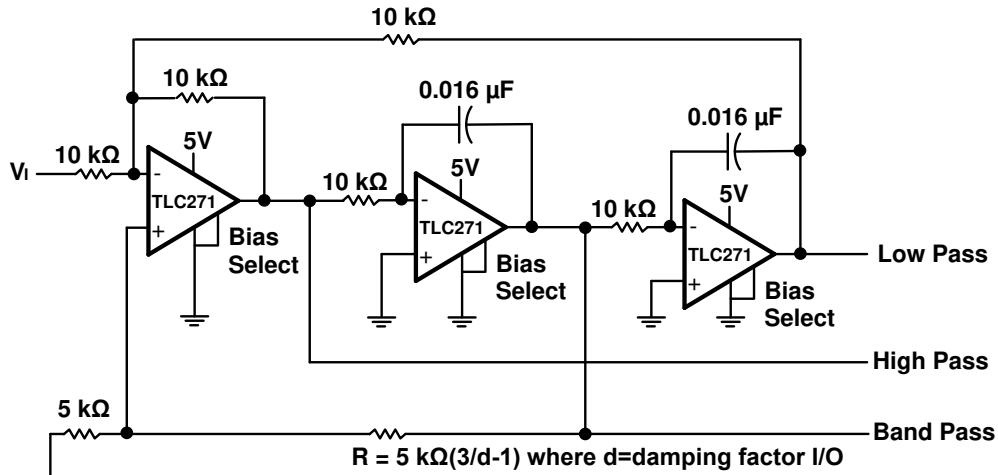


Figure 98 State Variable Filter

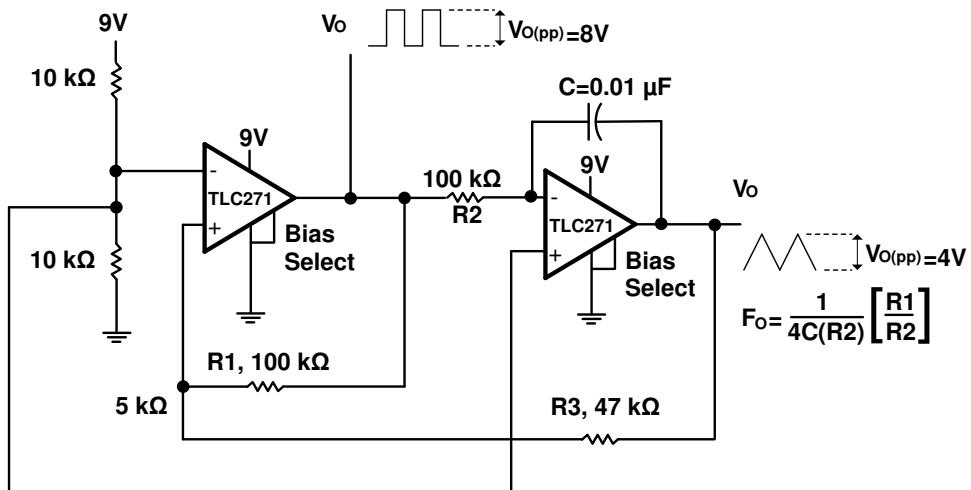


Figure 99 Single Supply Function Generator

Typical Application Circuits (cont.)

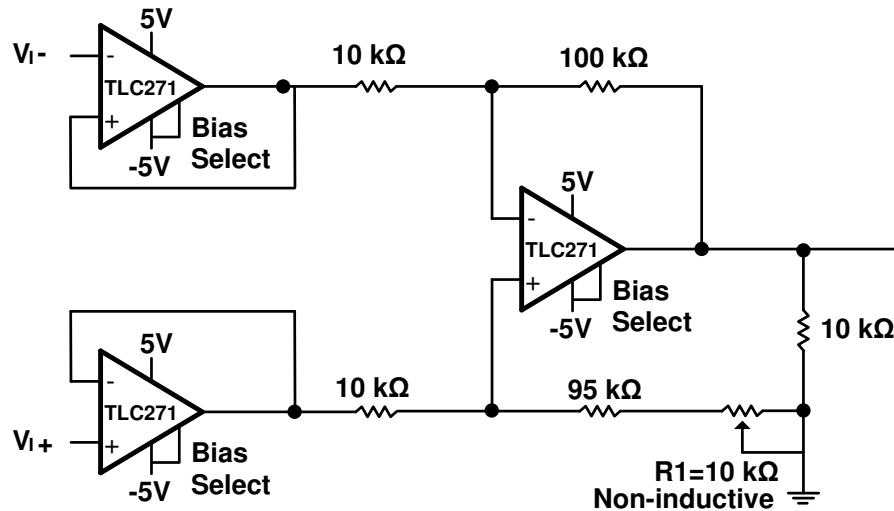


Figure 100 Low Power Instrumentation Amplifier

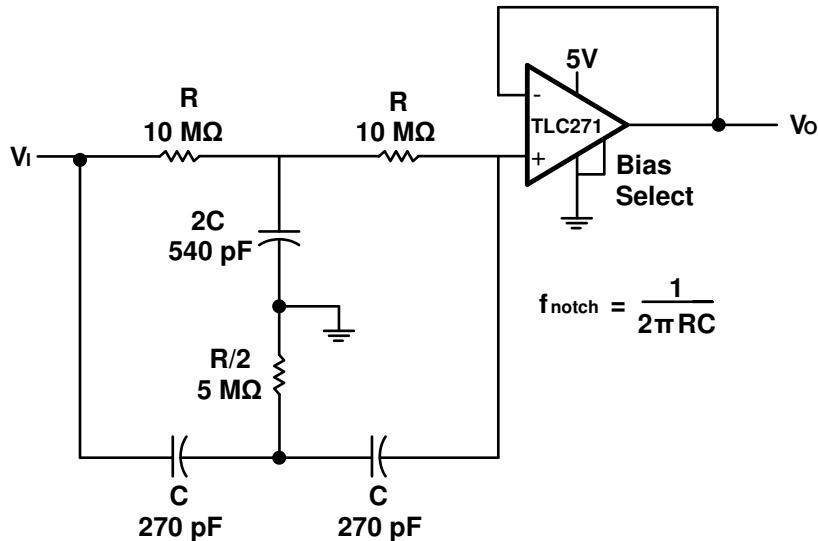


Figure 101 Single Supply Twin-T Notch Filter

Typical Application Circuits (cont.)

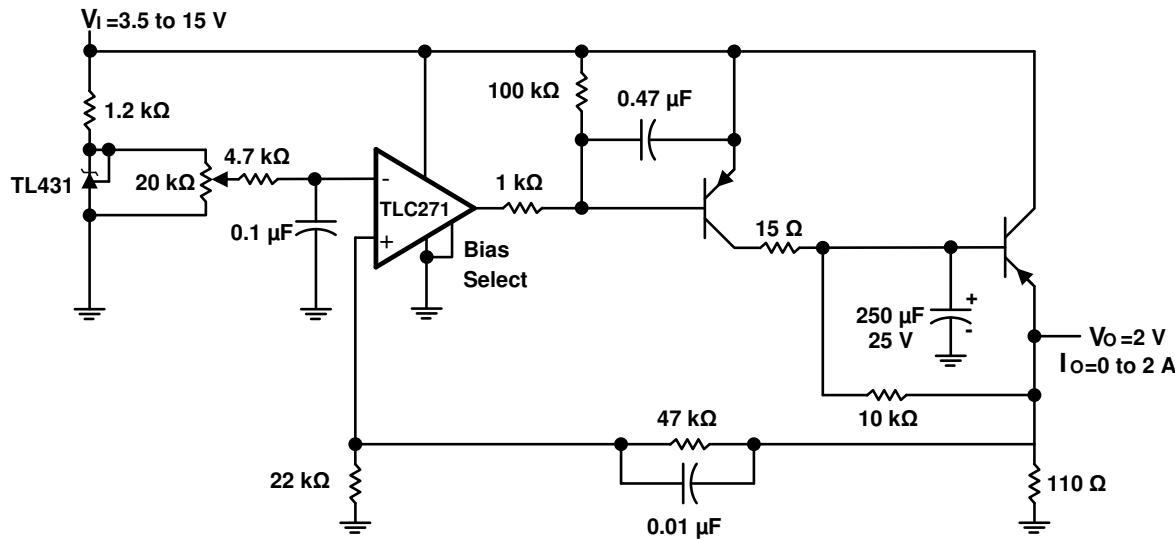


Figure 102 Power Supply

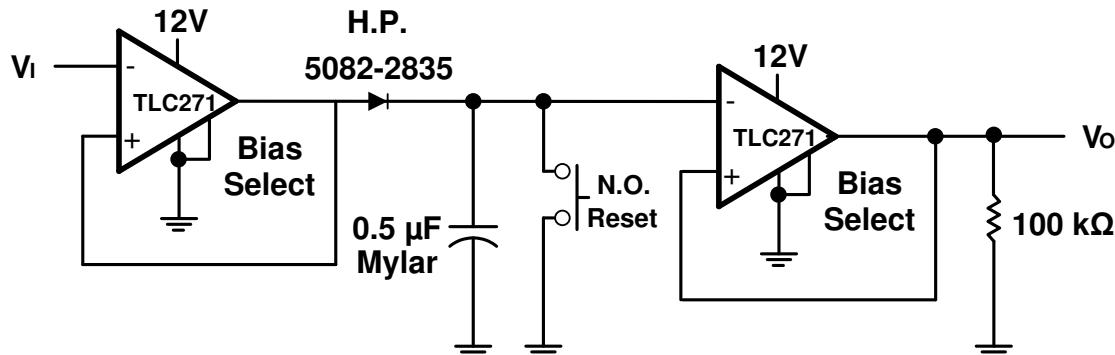


Figure 103 Positive Peak Detector

Typical Application Circuits (cont.)

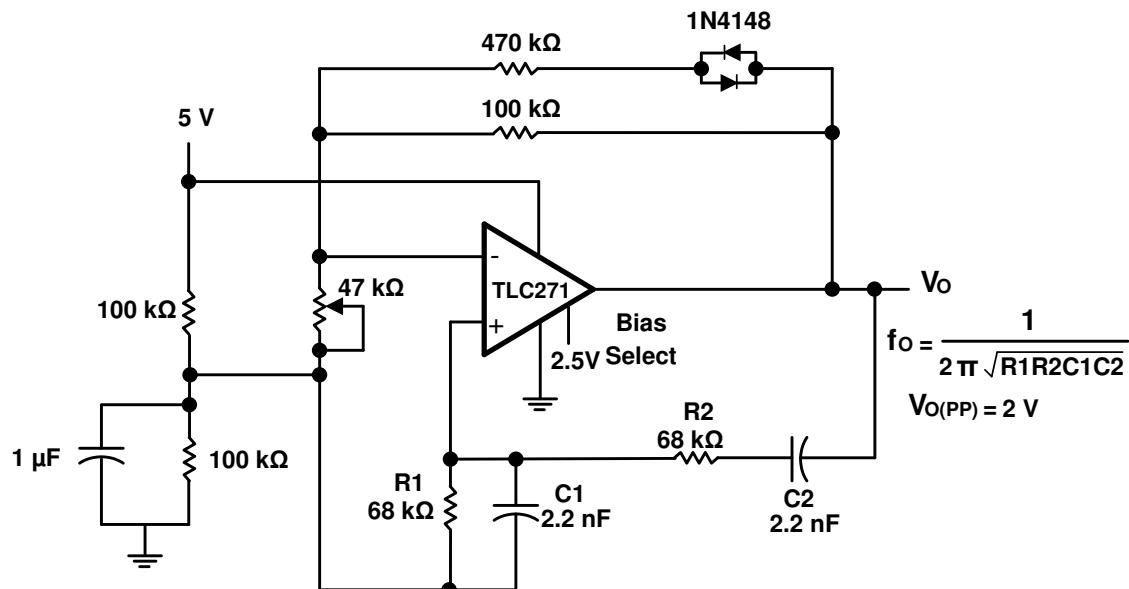


Figure 104 Wein Oscillator

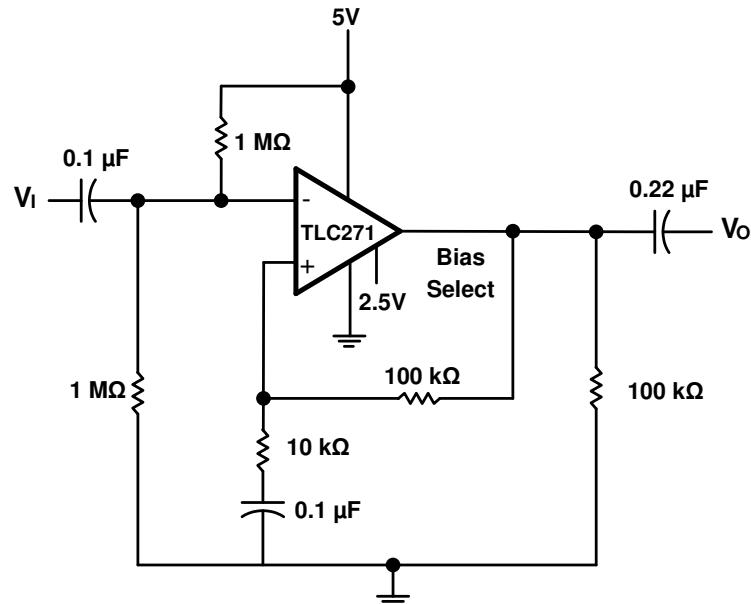


Figure 105 Single-Supply AC Amplifier

Typical Application Circuits (cont.)

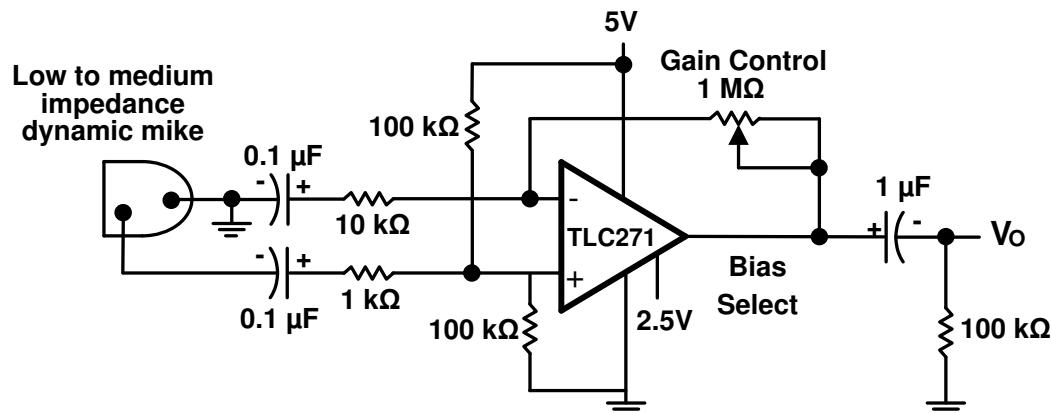


Figure 106 Microphone Preamplifier

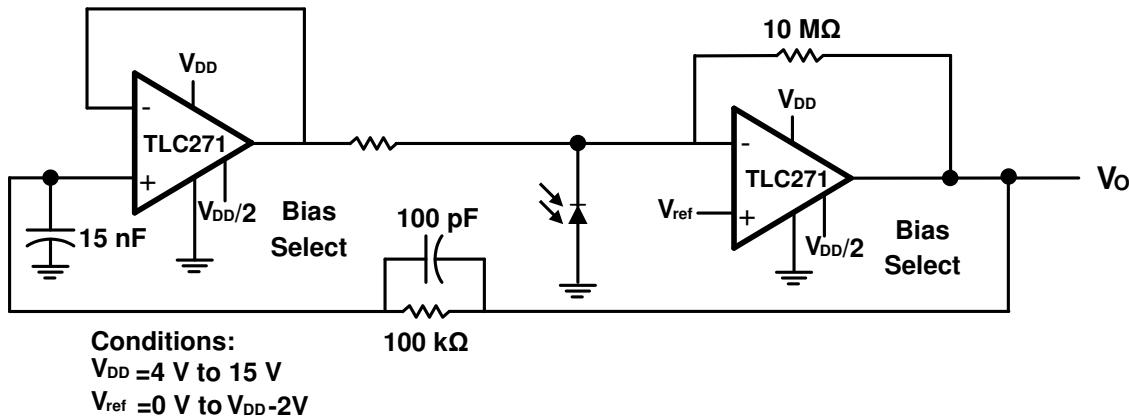


Figure 107 Photo-Diode Amplifier With Ambient Light Rejection

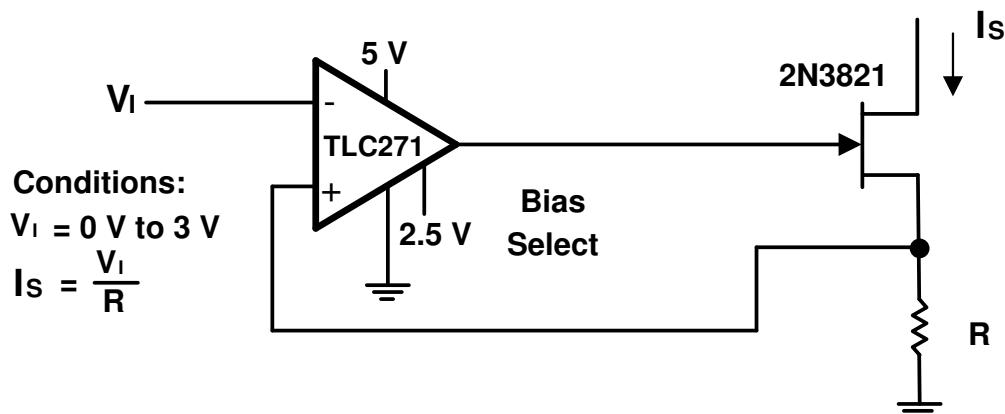


Figure 108 Precision Low-Current Sink

Typical Application Circuits (cont.)

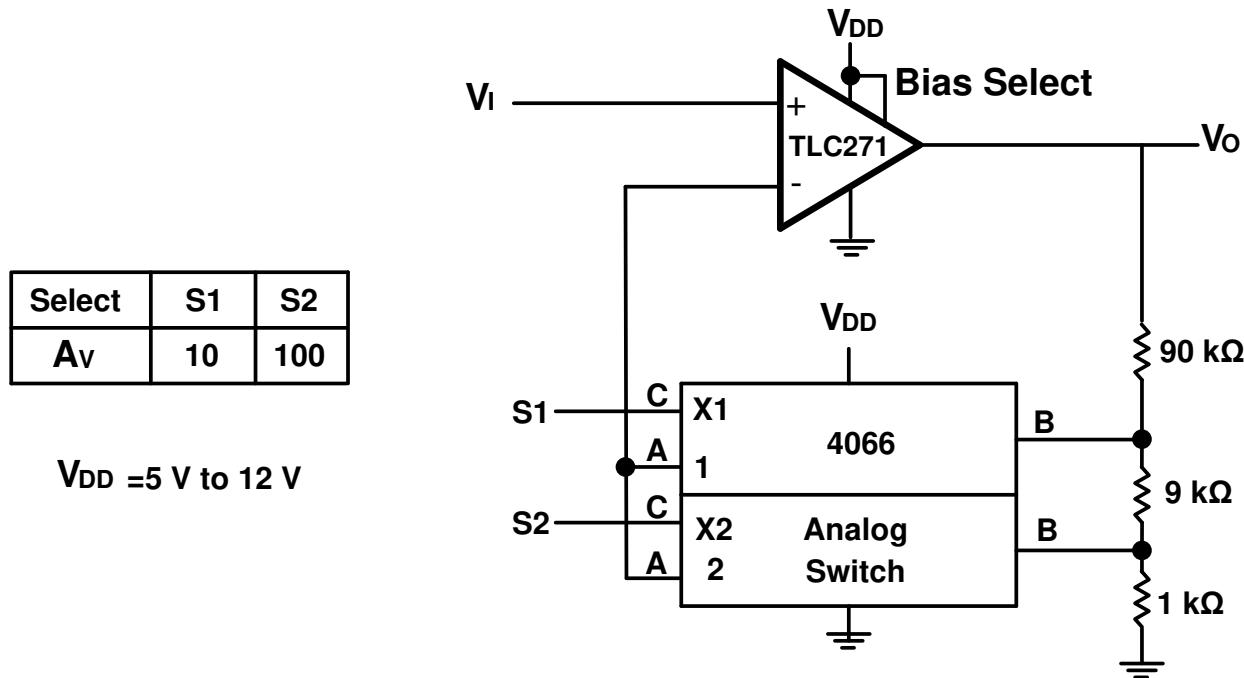


Figure 109 Amplifier With Digital Gain Selection

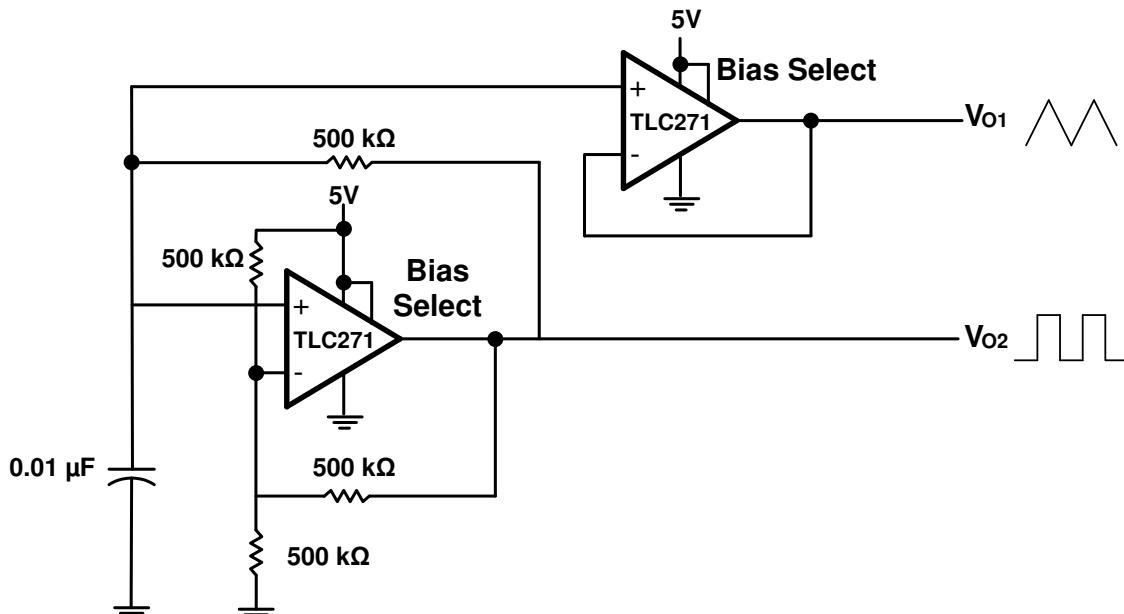


Figure 110 Multivibrator

Typical Application Circuits (cont.)

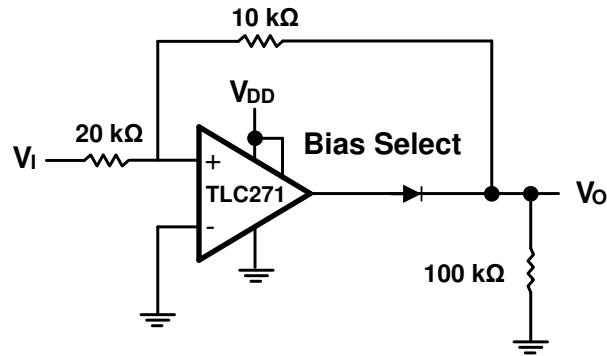
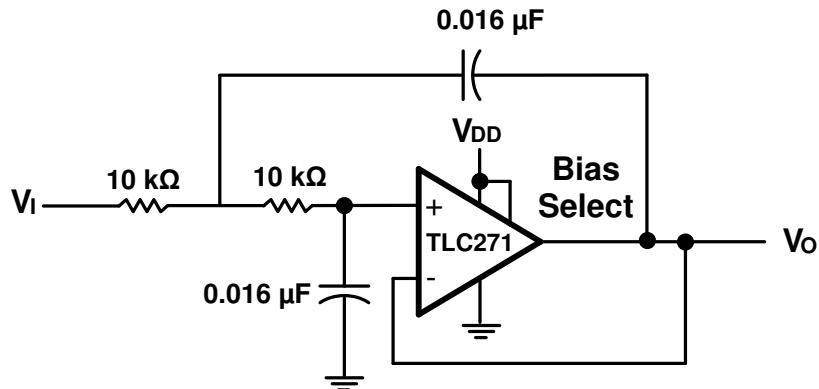


Figure 111 Full Wave Rectifier



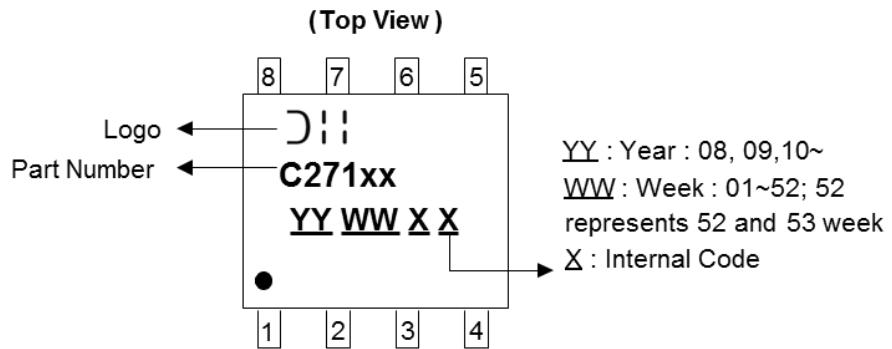
Normalized to $F_C = 1\text{ kHz}$ and $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$

Figure 112 Two-Pole Low-Pass Butterworth Filter

Marking Information

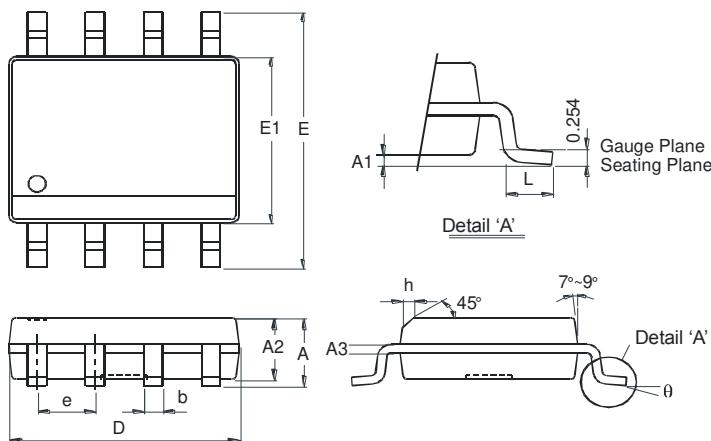
SO-8

| Part mark | Part number |
|-----------|-------------|
| C271C | TLC271CS |
| C271AC | TLC271ACS |
| C271BC | TLC271BCS |
| C271I | TLC271IS |
| C271AI | TLC271AIS |
| C271BI | TLC271BIS |



Package Outline Dimensions

Please see AP02002 at <http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02002.pdf> for the latest version.



| SO-8 | | |
|------|----------|------|
| Dim | Min | Max |
| A | - | 1.75 |
| A1 | 0.10 | 0.20 |
| A2 | 1.30 | 1.50 |
| A3 | 0.15 | 0.25 |
| b | 0.3 | 0.5 |
| D | 4.85 | 4.95 |
| E | 5.90 | 6.10 |
| E1 | 3.85 | 3.95 |
| e | 1.27 Typ | |
| h | - | 0.35 |
| L | 0.62 | 0.82 |
| θ | 0° | 8° |

All Dimensions in mm

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