# AS3542 Data Sheet, Strictly Confidential

# Ultra Low Power Stereo Audio Codec with System PMU

# **1** General Description

The AS3542 is an ultra low power stereo audio codec and is designed for Portable Digital Audio Applications.

It allows CD quality playback with up to 96dBA SNR and recording in FM quality. With one microphone (including pre-amplifier and supply for an electret microphone) and one line input, it allows connecting a variety of audio inputs. The different audio signals can be mixed via a 6channel mixer and fed to either a headphone output for 16/32 headsets or a line output. The audio outputs have also an auto fading implemented which performs the fade-in, fade-out as well as the transition between specific volume levels automatically with an selectable timing.

Further the device offers advanced power management functions. All necessary ICs and peripherals in a Digital Audio Player are supplied by the AS3542. It features 2 DCDC converters for core and memory/periphery supply as well as 4 LDOs. Both DCDC converter feature DVM (dynamic voltage management) with an selectable timing for the voltage stepping. The different regulated supply voltages are programmable via the serial control interface.

The step-up converter for the backlight can operate up to 15V (with an external transistor even higher) in voltage and current control mode. An internal voltage protection is limiting the output voltage in the case of external component failures. An automatic dimming function allows a logarithmic on/off of the backlight with selectable timing.

AS3542 also contains a Li-Ion battery charger with constant current, constant voltage and trickle charging. The maximum charging current is 460mA. An integrated battery switch is separating the battery during charging or whenever an external power supply is present. With this switch it is also possible to operate with no or deeply discharged batteries.

The AS3542 has an on-chip, phase locked loop (PLL) which generates the needed internal CODEC master clock. I2S Frame and shift-clock have to be applied from the processor for playback and recording.

The single supply voltage may vary from 2.7V to 5.5V.

# 2 Key Features

# Audio

#### Audio power consumption:

- 5mW: 95dB DAC to Headphone @ 1.8V, 32Ω

#### Sigma Delta Converters

- DAC
  - 96dB SNR ('A' weighted) @ 1.8V
- ADC
  - 85dB SNR ('A' weighted) @ 1.8V
- Sampling Frequency
  - DAC: 8-48kHz
  - ADC: 8-24kHz

#### **High Efficiency Headphone Amplifier**

- volume control via serial interface
- 32 steps @1.5dB and MUTE
- 2x12mW @16Ω driver capability@ 1.8V supply
- THD -74dB @16Ω; 1.8V
- 2x40mW @16Ω driver capability@ 2.9V supply
- THD -77dB @16Ω; 2.9V
- headphone and over-current detection

#### Line Output

- volume control via serial interface
- 32 steps @1.5dB and MUTE
- 0.6Vp @10kΩ

#### **Microphone Input**

- 3 gain pre-setting (30dB/36dB/42dB) and AGC
- 32 gain steps @1.5dB and MUTE
- supply for electret microphone
- microphone detection
- remote control by switch

#### Line Input

- volume control via serial interface
- 32 steps @1.5dB and MUTE
- stereo or 2x mono



#### **Audio Mixer**

- 6 channel input/output mixer with AGC
- mixes line input and microphone with DAC
- left and right channels independent

#### **Power Management**

#### **Voltage Generation**

- step down for CPU core (0.61V-3.35V, 250mA)
- step down for peripheral (0.61V-3.35V, 250mA)
- LDO1 for AFE supply (1.7V (1.65-3.2V), 50mA)
- LDO2 for AFE supply (2.7V (2.3-3.5V), 200mA)
- LDO3 for peripherals (1.2V-3.5V, 100mA)
- LDO4 for peripherals (1.2V-3.5V, 100mA)
- separate input for LDO3
- power supply supervision & hibernation modes
- 5sec and 10sec emergency shut-down

#### **Backlight Driver**

- step up for backlight (15V)
- current control mode (1.2-36mA)
- voltage control mode
- 1 HV current sink
- automatic dimming
- over-voltage protection

#### **Battery Charger**

- automatic trickle charge (55mA)
- prog. constant current charging (55-460mA)
- prog. constant voltage charging (3.9V-4.25V)
- current limitation for USB mode
- integrated battery switch

## General

#### Supervisor

- automatic battery monitoring with interrupt generation and selectable warning level
- automatic temperature monitoring with interrupt generation and selectable warning and shutdown levels

#### **General Purpose ADC**

- 10bit resolution
- 19 inputs analog multiplexer

#### Interfaces

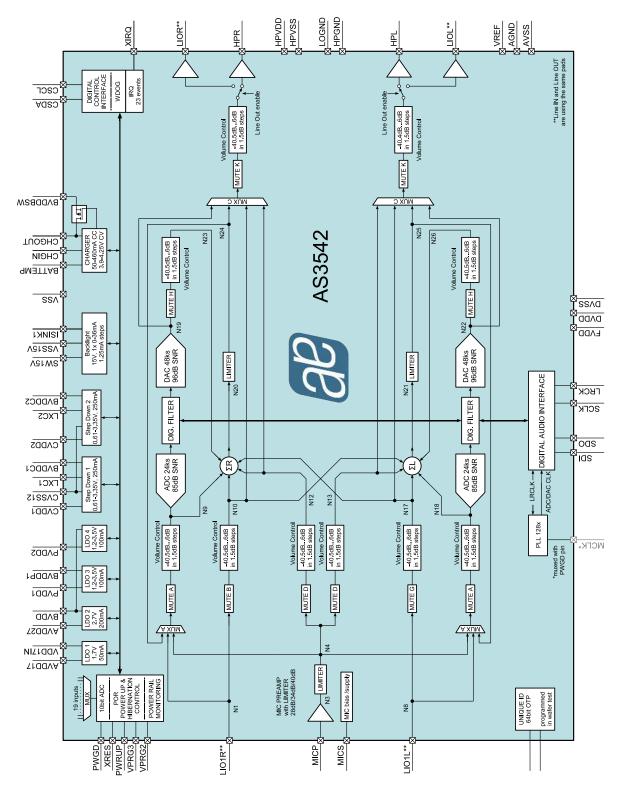
- 2 wire serial control interface
- reset pin with selectable delay, power good pin
- 64bit unique ID (OTP)
- 25 different interrupts
- Package MLF2 56 [7.0x7.0x0.85mm] 0.4mm pitch

# **3** Applications

Portable Digital Audio/Video Player and Recorder PDA, Smartphone

Data Sheet, Strictly Confidential - Applications

#### Figure 1. Block Diagram





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# **Revision History**

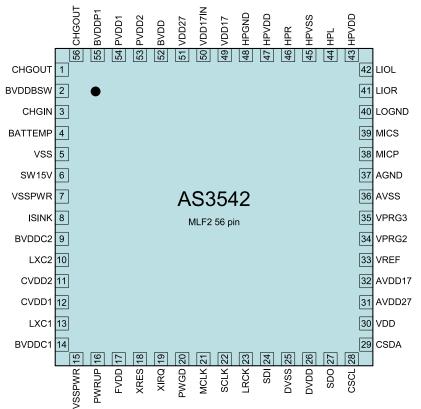
Table 1. Revision History

| Revision | Date      | Owner | Description                       |
|----------|-----------|-------|-----------------------------------|
| 1.00     | 17.4.2009 | pkm   | official release                  |
| 1.10     | 26.5.2009 | pkm   | added audio characterisation data |
|          |           |       |                                   |

# 4 Pinout

# 4.1 Pin Assignment

Figure 2. Pin Assignments (Top View)



# 4.2 Pin Description

Table 2. Pin Description for AS3542

| Pin Number | Pin Name | Туре    | Description  |
|------------|----------|---------|--|
| 1          | CHGOUT   | SUP IO  | Li-Ion Charger Output                              |
| 2          | BVDDBSW  | SUP IO  | Battery Switch output to be connected against BVDD |
| 3          | CHGIN    | SUP IN  | Li-Ion Charger Input                               |
| 4          | BATTEMP  | ANA IO  | Li-Ion Charger Battery Temp. Sensor Input          |
| 5          | VSS      | GND     | Power Management Neg. Reference Supply             |
| 6          | SW15V    | DIG OUT | DCDC15V Switch Output to Coil                      |
| 7          | VSSPWR   | GND     | Power Management Neg. Supply Terminal              |
| 8          | ISINK    | ANA IO  | DCDC15V Load Current Sink Terminal                 |
| 9          | BVDDC2   | SUP IN  | CVDD2 Step Down Pos. Supply Terminal               |
| 10         | LXC2     | DIG OUT | CVDD2 Step Down Switch Output to Coil              |
| 11         | CVDD2    | ANA IN  | CVDD2 and Feedback Pin                             |
| 12         | CVDD1    | ANA IN  | CVDD1 and Feedback Pin                             |
| 13         | LXC1     | DIG OUT | CVDD1 Step Down Switch Output to Coil              |
| 14         | BVDDC1   | SUP IN  | CVDD1 Step Down Pos. Supply Terminal               |

Table 2. Pin Description for AS3542

| Pin Number | Pin Name | Туре    | Description                                     |
|------------|----------|---------|---|
| 15         | VSSPWR   | GND     | Power Management Neg. Supply Terminal           |
| 16         | PWRUP    | DIG IN  | Power Up Input                                  |
| 17         | FVDD     | SUP IN  | Digital Pos. Supply (e.g. DAC, …)               |
| 18         | XRES     | DIG OUT | Reset Output                                    |
| 19         | XIRQ     | DIG OUT | Interrupt Request Output                        |
| 20         | PWGD     | DIG IO  | PowerUp Sequence Complete Output                |
| 21         | MCLK     | DIG IN  | MCLK input                                      |
| 22         | SCLK     | DIG IN  | I2S Shift Clock Input                           |
| 23         | LRCK     | DIG IN  | I2S Frame Clock Input                           |
| 24         | SDI      | DIG IN  | I2S Data Input to DAC                           |
| 25         | DVSS     | GND     | Digital Circuit Neg. Supply Terminal            |
| 26         | DVDD     | SUP IN  | Digital Periphery Pos. Supply                   |
| 27         | SDO      | DIG OUT | I2S Data Output from ADC                        |
| 28         | CSCL     | DIG IN  | 2 wire SERIF Clock Input                        |
| 29         | CSDA     | DIG IO  | 2 wire SERIF Data I/O                           |
| 30         | VDD      | ANA IO  | LDO output, supply input                        |
| 31         | AVDD27   | SUP IN  | Analog Pos. Supply                              |
| 32         | AVDD17   | SUP IN  | Audio Pos. Supply                               |
| 33         | VREF     | ANA IO  | DAC Reference Pin                               |
| 34         | VPRG2    | ANA IN  | Memory Supply Voltage Definition Pin            |
| 35         | VPRG3    | ANA IN  | PowerUp Sequence Definition Pin                 |
| 36         | AVSS     | GND     | Ground (analog)                                 |
| 37         | AGND     | ANA IO  | Analog Common Mode Voltage Pin                  |
| 38         | MICP     | ANA IN  | Microphone Input                                |
| 39         | MICS     | ANA IO  | Microphone Supply Output / Remote Control input |
| 40         | LOGND    | ANA IO  | Line Output Common Mode Voltage Pin             |
| 41         | LIOR     | ANA IO  | Analog Line Input 1 Right Channel               |
| 42         | LIOL     | ANA IO  | Analog Line Input 1 Right Channel               |
| 43         | HPVDD    | SUP IN  | Headphone Supply default 1.8V (max. 3.6V)       |
| 44         | HPL      | ANA OUT | Headphone Output Left Channel                   |
| 45         | HPVSS    | GND     | Headphone Ground                                |
| 46         | HPR      | ANA OUT | Headphone Output Right Channel                  |
| 47         | HPVDD    | SUP IN  | Headphone Supply default 1.8V (max. 3.6V)       |
| 48         | HPGND    | ANA IO  | Headphone Common Mode Voltage Pin               |
| 49         | VDD17    | SUP IO  | LDO1 Output default 1.7V                        |
| 50         | VDD17IN  | SUP IN  | LDO1 Pos. Supply Terminal                       |
| 51         | VDD27    | SUP IO  | LDO2 Output default 2.7V                        |
| 52         | BVDD     | SUP IN  | Main Battery Supply Input (2.7-5.5V)            |



| Table 2. Pin Description for AS3542 |
|-------------------------------------|
|-------------------------------------|

| Pin Number | Pin Name | Туре    | Description                                  |
|------------|----------|---------|--|
| 53         | PVDD2    | ANA OUT | LDO4 Output (PVDD2)                          |
| 54         | PVDD1    | ANA OUT | LDO3 Output (PVDD1)                          |
| 55         | BVDDP1   | SUP IN  | LDO3 Pos. Supply Terminal                    |
| 56         | CHGOUT   | SUP IO  | Li-Ion Charger Output (battery switch input) |

# **5** Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses beyond those listed in Table 3 may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in Electrical Characteristics on page 11 is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. The device should be operated under recommended operating conditions.

Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter   | Min       | Мах                  | Units | Comments   |
|---|-----------|----------------------|-------|--|
| 5V pins   | -0.5      | 7.0                  | v     | Applicable for pins BVDD, BVDDC1,<br>BVDDC2, BVDDP1, BVDDBSW,<br>CHGIN, CHGOUT, VBUS, CSCL,<br>CSDA, PWRUP |
| 3V pins   | -0.5      | 5.0                  | v     | Applicable for pins DVDD, HPVDD,<br>FVDD, VDD17IN, VDD, VPRG2,<br>VPRG3                                    |
| 15V pins  | -0.5      | 17                   | V     | Applicable for pin SW15V, ISINK  |
| Voltage difference at VSS terminals                   | -0.5      | 0.5                  | V     | Applicable for pins VSS, VSS15V,<br>CVSS12, HPVSS, AVSS, DVSS  |
| 3.3V pins with protection to AVDD27                   | -0.5      | 5.0<br>AVDD27        | V     | Applicable for pins BATTEMP, HPGND   |
| 3.3V pins with protection to DVDD                     | -0.5      | 5.0<br>DVDD+0.5      | V     | Applicable for pins MCLK, LRCK, SCLK,<br>SDI, SDO, XIRQ, XRES, PWGD  |
| 3.3V pins with protection to AVDD17                   | -0.5      | 5.0<br>AVDD17+0.5    | V     | Applicable for pins LIOL/R, LOGND,<br>VREF, AGND, MICP,MICS  |
| 3.3V pins with protection to HPVDD                    | -0.5      | 5.0<br>HPVDD+0.5     | V     | Applicable for pins HPCM, HPR/L  |
| voltage regulator pins with protection to BVDD        | -0.5      | 5.0<br>BVDD+0.5      | V     | Applicable for pins AVDD27, PVDD1/2,<br>CVDD1, LXC1, CVDD2, LXC2   |
| voltage regulator pins with protection<br>to AVDD17IN | -0.5      | 5.0<br>AVDD17IN +0.5 | V     | Applicable for pins AVDD17   |
| Input Current (latch-up immunity)                     | -100      | 100                  | mA    | Norm: JEDEC 17   |
| Continuous Power Dissipation (T <sub>A</sub> =        | +70°C)    |                      | -     |  |
| Continuous power dissipation                          |           | 600                  | mW    | PT <sup>1</sup> for MLF56 package  |
| Electrostatic Discharge                               |           |                      |       |  |
| Electrostatic Discharge HBM                           |           | +/-1                 | kV    | Norm: JEDEC JESD22-A114C   |
| Temperature Ranges and Storage Co                     | onditions | -                    | •     |  |
| Operating Temperature Range                           | -20       | +85                  | °C    |  |
| Junction Temperature                                  |           | +110                 | °C    |  |
| Storage Temperature Range                             | -50       | +125                 | °C    |  |
| Humidity non-condensing                               | 5         | 85                   | %     |  |

Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter                    | Min | Мах | Units | Comments   |  |  |  |
|------------------------------|-----|-----|-------|--|--|--|--|
| Bump Temperature (soldering) |     |     |       |  |  |  |  |
| Package Body Temperature     |     | 260 | °C    | Norm IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020C, reflects<br>moisture sensitivity level only |  |  |  |
| Moisture Sensitive Level     |     | 3   | 1     | Represents a max. floor live time of 168h                              |  |  |  |

1. Depending on actual PCB layout and PCB used

# **6** Electrical Characteristics

BVDD=+2.7V...+5.5V, T<sub>A</sub> =-20°C...+85°C. Typical values are at BVDD=+3.6V, T<sub>A</sub>=+25°C, unless otherwise specified. *Table 4. Electrical Characteristics* 

| Symbol                | Parameter   | Condition  | Min        | Тур          | Мах | Unit |
|-----------------------|---|--|------------|--------------|-----|------|
| Supply Vol            | tages   |  |            |              |     |      |
| BVDDx                 | Battery Supply Voltage<br>BVDD, BVDDBSW,<br>BVDDC1, BVDDC2,<br>BVDDP1           |  | 2.7        | 3.6          | 5.5 | V    |
| VBUS                  | USB VBUS Voltage  |  |            | 5.0          | 5.5 | V    |
| CHGIN                 | Charger Supply Voltage  |  | 4.5        |              | 5.5 | V    |
| HPVDD                 | HP Supply Voltage   |  | 1.8        |              | 3.6 | V    |
| DVDD                  | Digital Periphery Supply<br>Voltage   |  | 1.8        | 2.9          | 3.6 | V    |
| VDD17IN               | LDO1 Input Voltage  |  | 1.8        |              | 3.6 | V    |
| FVDD                  | Digital Supply Voltage  |  | 1.75       | 1.8          | 2.0 | V    |
| AVDD27                | Analogue Supply Voltage   |  | 2.6        | 2.7          | 3.5 | V    |
| AVDD17                | Analogue Supply Voltage   |  | 1.7        | 1.7          | 3.5 | V    |
| AGND                  | Analog Ground Voltage   | Internally generated   |            | AVDD17<br>/2 |     | V    |
| V <sub>DELTA</sub> -  | Difference of Negative<br>Supplies<br>CVSS12, VSS15V, HPVSS,<br>AVSS, DVSS, VSS | To achieve good performance, the<br>negative supply terminals should be<br>connected to low impedance ground<br>plane. | -0.1       |              | 0.1 | V    |
|                       |   | RVDD-AVDD27; AVDD17-AVDD27;<br>FVDD-AVDD27   |            |              | 0   | V    |
| Vdelta+               | Difference of Positive<br>Supplies  | HPVDD-AVDD27   |            |              | 0.3 | V    |
|                       |   | AVDD27-BVDD  |            |              | 0.1 | V    |
| POR & Wat             | chdog   | L  |            |              |     |      |
| V <sub>POR_ON</sub>   | Power-on Reset Activation<br>Level  | Power-on Reset activation level when<br>DVDD decreases   |            | 2.15         |     | V    |
| V <sub>POR_OFF</sub>  | Power-on Reset Release<br>Level   | Power-on Reset release when DVDD increases   |            | 2.0          |     | V    |
| VPOR_HY               | Power-on Hysteresis   |  |            | 100          |     | mV   |
| f <sub>LRCLK_WD</sub> | LRCLK Watchdog  |  | 2          | 4.1          | 8   | kHz  |
| PWRUP                 |   |  |            |              |     |      |
| ton_delay             | Delay Time of pin PWRUP   | Minimum key press time   |            | 30           |     | ms   |
| V <sub>PWRUP_L</sub>  | Input Level LOW,  | Pin PWRUP, BVDD>3V   |            |              | 0.5 | V    |
| V <sub>PWRUP_H</sub>  | Input Level HIGH  | Pin PWRUP, BVDD>3V   | BVDD/<br>3 |              |     | V    |
|                       |   | Pin PWRUP, BVDD<=3V  | 1          |              |     | V    |
| I <sub>PWRUP</sub>    | Internal Pull-down Current<br>Source  | Pin PWRUP; @2.9V   | 2.5        | 7            | 19  | uA   |

| Symbol              | Parameter  | Condition  | Min         | Тур         | Мах         | Unit |
|---------------------|--|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|------|
| Digital Inpu        | its/Outputs                                      | ·  |             |             |             |      |
| V <sub>DO_DL</sub>  | Digital Output Driver<br>Capability (drive LOW)  | Pins XRES, XIRQ, PWGD @ 6mA,<br>push/pull mode only, SDO |             |             | 10%<br>DVDD | V    |
| V <sub>DO_DH</sub>  | Digital Output Driver<br>Capability (drive HIGH) | Pins XRES, XIRQ PWGD @ 6mA,<br>push/pull mode only, SDO  | 90%<br>DVDD |             |             | V    |
| I <sub>PU</sub>     | Internal Pull-up Current<br>Source               | Pins XRES, XIRQ, PWGD; @ 0V                              |             | 10          |             | μA   |
| V <sub>DI_L</sub>   | Digital Input Level LOW                          | Pin SDI, SCLK, MCLK, LRCK                                |             | 30%<br>DVDD |             | V    |
| V <sub>DI_H</sub>   | Digital Input Level HIGH                         | Pin SDI, SCLK, MCLK, LRCK                                |             | 70%<br>DVDD |             | V    |
| fc∟ĸ                | Audio Clock Frequency                            | LRCK according to streamed audio data                    | 8           |             | 48          | kHz  |
| Power Req           | uirements  |  |             |             |             |      |
| I <sub>REF</sub>    | Reference supply current                         | all regulators off, only LDO2 on                         |             | 210         |             | uA   |
| I <sub>BIAS</sub>   | Audio Bias current                               |  |             | 32          |             | uA   |
| I <sub>SUM</sub>    | Summing stage current                            |  |             | 174         |             | uA   |
| I <sub>LIN</sub>    | Line input stage current                         | no signal  |             | 146         |             | uA   |
| I <sub>MIC</sub>    | Mic input stage current                          | no signal  |             | 643         |             | uA   |
| IMICS               | Mic Supply stage current                         | no load  |             | 201         |             | uA   |
| I <sub>LOUT</sub>   | Line output stage current                        | no load  |             | 436         |             | uA   |
| I <sub>DAC_GS</sub> | DAC gain stage current                           | no signal  |             | 214         |             | uA   |
| I <sub>ADC_GS</sub> | ADC gain stage current                           | no signal  |             | 1,36        |             | mA   |
|                     |  | 1.8V, no load  |             | 0,95        |             |      |
|                     |  | 1.8V, Bias on, no load                                   |             | 1,21        |             |      |
| I <sub>HPH</sub>    | Headphone stage current                          | 1.8V, CM buffer on, no load                              |             | 1,37        |             | mA   |
|                     |  | 1.8V, Bias on, CM buffer on, no load                     |             | 1,77        |             |      |
|                     |  | 1.8V, HQ on  |             | 1,24        |             |      |
|                     |  | LRCK=48kHz   |             | 1,48        |             |      |
|                     |  | LRCK=44.1kHz   |             | 1,41        |             |      |
| I <sub>DAC</sub>    | DAC supply current                               | LRCK=32kHz   |             | 1,19        |             | mA   |
|                     |  | LRCK=16kHz   |             | 0,91        |             |      |
|                     |  | LRCK=8kHz  |             | 0,76        |             |      |
|                     |  | LRCK=24kHz   |             | 1,7         |             |      |
|                     |  | LRCK=22.05kHz  |             | 1,69        |             |      |
| I <sub>ADC</sub>    | ADC supply current                               | LRCK=16kHz   |             | 1,64        |             | mA   |
|                     |  | LRCK=8kHz  |             | 1,58        |             |      |
|                     |  | LRCK=4kHz  |             | 1,55        |             |      |
| I <sub>RTC</sub>    | RTC supply current                               |  |             | 600         |             | nA   |

#### Table 4. Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

# 6.1 Audio Specification

BVDD=+3.6V, VDD27=+2.7V, HPVDD=FVDD=1.8V, VDD17=+1.7V, f<sub>S</sub>=48kHz, T<sub>A</sub>=+25°C, unless otherwise specified. *Table 5. Electrical Characteristics* 

| Symbol   | Parameter                 | Condition   | Min | Тур   | Max | Unit             |
|----------|---------------------------|---|-----|-------|-----|------------------|
| DAC Inp  | ut to Line Output         |   |     |       |     |                  |
| FS       | Full Scale Output         | $R_L$ = 10k $\Omega$ , f=1kHz, 1V <sub>RMS</sub> input                      |     | 0,568 |     | V <sub>RMS</sub> |
| SNR      | Signal to Noise Ratio     | A-weighted, no load, silence input  |     | 96    |     | dB               |
| DR       | Dynamic Range             | A-weighted, no load, -60dB FS, f=1kHz                                       |     | 95    |     | dB               |
| THD      | Total Harmonic Distortion | 1kHz -1dB FS input, RL=10k $\Omega$   |     | -90   |     | dB               |
| CS       | Channel Separation        | $R_L$ =10k $\Omega$   |     | 62    |     | dB               |
| Line Inp | ut to Line Output         |   |     |       |     |                  |
| FS       | Full Scale Output         | $R_L$ = 10k $\Omega$ , f=1kHz, 545mV <sub>RMS</sub> input                   |     | 0,545 |     | V <sub>RMS</sub> |
| SNR      | Signal to Noise Ratio     | A-weighted, no load, silence input  |     | 97    |     | dB               |
| THD      | Total Harmonic Distortion | 1kHz 1V <sub>RMS</sub> (-1dB FS) input, R <sub>L</sub> =10k $\Omega$        |     | -81   |     | dB               |
| CS       | Channel Separation        | $R_L$ =10k $\Omega$   |     | 100   |     | dB               |
| DAC Inp  | ut to HP Output           |   |     |       |     |                  |
| ГО       | Full Scole Output         | R <sub>L</sub> =32Ω   |     | 0,560 |     | V <sub>RMS</sub> |
| FS       | Full Scale Output         | RL=16Ω  |     | 0,550 |     | V <sub>RMS</sub> |
| SNR      | Signal to Noise Ratio     | A-weighted, no load, silence input  |     | 97    |     | dB               |
| DR       | Dynamic Range             | A-weighted, no load, -60dB FS, f=1kHz                                       |     | 94    |     | dB               |
|          |                           | no load, f=1kHz, FS input   |     | -87   |     | dB               |
| THD      | Total Harmonic Distortion | $P_{OUT}$ =6mW, R <sub>L</sub> =32 $\Omega$ , f=1kHz, -1dB FS               |     | -81   |     | dB               |
|          |                           | $P_{OUT}$ =12mW, R <sub>L</sub> =16 $\Omega$ , f=1kHz, -1dB FS              |     | -78   | -60 | dB               |
| CS       | Channel Constation        | RL=32Ω  |     | 63    |     | dB               |
| 65       | Channel Separation        | R <sub>L</sub> = 16Ω  |     | 60    |     | dB               |
| Line Inp | ut to HP Output           |   |     |       |     |                  |
| FS       | Full Scole Output         | $R_L$ = 32 $\Omega$ , f=1kHz, 545mV <sub>RMS</sub> (FS) input               |     | 0,450 |     | V <sub>RMS</sub> |
| г3       | Full Scale Output         | $R_L$ = 16 $\Omega$ , f=1kHz, 545mV <sub>RMS</sub> (FS) input               |     | 0,447 |     | V <sub>RMS</sub> |
| SNR      | Signal to Noise Ratio     | A-weighted, no load, silence input  |     | 97    |     | dB               |
|          |                           | no load, f=1kHz, 545mV <sub>RMS</sub>                                       |     | -77   |     | dB               |
| THD      | Total Harmonic Distortion | $P_{OUT}$ =6mW, R <sub>L</sub> =32 $\Omega$ , f=1kHz, 545mV <sub>RMS</sub>  |     | -75   |     | dB               |
|          |                           | $P_{OUT}$ =12mW, R <sub>L</sub> =16 $\Omega$ , f=1kHz, 545mV <sub>RMS</sub> |     | -75   | -60 | dB               |
| CS       | Channel Separation        | $R_L = 32\Omega$  |     | 77    |     | dB               |
| 03       |                           | R <sub>L</sub> = 16Ω  |     | 66    |     | dB               |
| Mic Inpu | it to Line Output         |   |     |       |     |                  |
| FS       | Full Scale Output         | f=1kHz, 27mV <sub>RMS</sub> FS input  |     | 0,512 |     | V <sub>RMS</sub> |
| SNR      | Signal to Noise Ratio     | A-weighted, no load, silence input  |     | 75    |     | dB               |
| THD      | Total Harmonic Distortion | 1kHz 27mV <sub>RMS</sub> FS input   |     | 77    |     | dB               |
| Mic Inpu | It to ADC Output          |   |     |       |     |                  |
| SNR      | Signal to Noise Ratio     | A-weighted, no load, silence input  |     | 80    |     | dB               |
| DR       | Dynamic Range             | A-weighted, no load, -60dB FS, f=1kHz                                       |     | 77    |     | dB               |
| THD      | Total Harmonic Distortion | 1kHz 27mVV <sub>RMS</sub> FS input  |     | -64   |     | dB               |

Data Sheet, Strictly Confidential - Typical Operating Characteristics

# **7** Typical Operating Characteristics

 $BVDD = +3.6V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise specified.



# 8 Detailed Description - Audio Functions

## 8.1 Audio Line Input

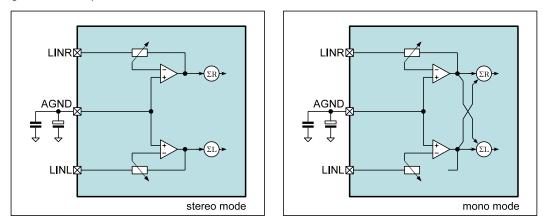
#### 8.1.1 General

The chip features two identical line inputs. The blocks can work in 2x mono single ended or in stereo single ended mode.

The volume control has an independent gain regulation for left and right channel with 32 steps @ 1.5dB each and MUTE. The gain can be set from -40.5dB to +6dB. The stage is set to mute by default. If the line input is not enabled, the volume settings are set to their default values. Changing the volume and mute control can only be done after enabling the input.

Line Input and Line Output are sharing the same pins. Please make sure to disable the line out discharge resistors when using line input (LO\_DISCHG\_OFF in reg. 0Bh).

Figure 3. Line Inputs



#### 8.1.2 Parameter

AVDD17=1.7V, AVDD27=2.7V,  $T_A$ = 25<sup>o</sup>C, unless otherwise mentioned

Table 6. Line Input Parameter

| Symbol           | Parameter                 | Condition  | Min   | Тур          | Max          | Unit              |
|------------------|---------------------------|--|-------|--------------|--------------|-------------------|
| V <sub>LIN</sub> | Input Signal Level        | Pls observe gain settings. Max.<br>peak levels at any node within the<br>circuit shall not exceed AVDD |       | AVDD17<br>/3 | AVDD17<br>/2 | V <sub>PEAK</sub> |
| R <sub>LIN</sub> | Input Impedance           | depending on gain setting  |       | 8-25         |              | kΩ                |
| $\Delta_{RLIN}$  | Input Impedance Tolerance |  |       | ±30          |              | %                 |
| C <sub>LIN</sub> | Input Capacitance         |  |       | 5            |              | pF                |
| A <sub>LIN</sub> | Programmable Gain         |  | -40.5 |              | +6           | dB                |
|                  | Gain Steps                | discrete logarithmic gain steps  |       | 1.5          |              | dB                |
|                  | Gain Step Accuracy        |  |       | ±0.25        |              | dB                |
| ALINMUTE         | Mute Attenuation          |  |       | 100          |              | dB                |

#### 8.1.3 Register Description

Table 7. Line Input Related Register

| Name      | Base          | Offset | Description                 |
|-----------|---------------|--------|-----------------------------|
| LINE_IN_R | 2-wire serial | 0Ah    | Right Line Input settings   |
| LINE_IN_L | 2-wire serial | 0Bh    | Left Line Input settings    |
| AudioSet1 | 2-wire serial | 14h    | Enable/disable driver stage |
| AudioSet3 | 2-wire serial | 16h    | Enable/disable mixer input  |

Line input has to be enabled in register 14h first before other settings in register 0Ah and 0Bh can be programmed.

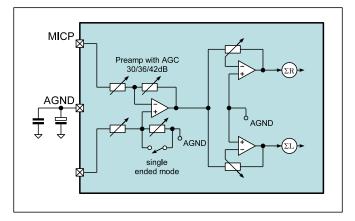
#### 8.2 Microphone Input

#### 8.2.1 General

The AFE offers one microphone input and one low noise microphone voltage supply (microphone bias), voice activation, microphone connect detection and push button remote control.

Please not that only single ended mode is possible for the microphone input, make sure that the MIC\_MODE in reg. 06h is set for enalbing the single ended mode.

Figure 4. Microphone Input



#### 8.2.2 Gain Stage & Limiter

The integrated pre-amplifier allows 3 preset gain settings. There is also a limiter which attenuates high input signals from e.g. electret microphones signal to 1Vp. The AGC has 128 steps with 0.375dB with a dynamic range of the full pre-amplifier level. The AGC is ON by default but can be disabled by a microphone register bit.

Apart from the microphone pre-amplifier the microphone input signal can further be amplified with 32 @1.5dB programmable logarithmic gain steps and MUTE. All gains and MUTE are independently programmable. The gain can be set from -40.5dB to +6dB.

The stage features a soft-start function. Pre-amplifier and gain-stage settings can be set before enabling the microphone stage. After enabling the stage to gain is automatically set to the defined value by using the 128 steps of the AGC.

#### 8.2.3 Supply & Detection

Each microphone input generates a supply voltage of 1.5V above HPCM. The supply is designed for ≤2mA and has a 6.5mA current limit. In OFF mode the MICS terminal is pulled to AVDD with 20kOhm. A current of typically 50uA generates an interrupt to inform the CPU, that a circuit is connected. When using HPCM as headset ground the HP–stage gives the interrupt. After enabling the HP-stage through the CPU the microphone detection interrupt will follow.

When using the MICS terminal as ADC-10 input to monitor external voltages the 20kOhm pull-up has to be disabled by disabling the interrupt for microphone detection.

Data Sheet, Strictly Confidential - Detailed Description - Audio Functions

#### 8.2.4 Remote Control

Fast changes of the supply current of typically 500uA are detected as a remote button press, and an interrupt is generated. Then the CPU can start the measurement of the microphone supply current with the internal 10-bit ADC to distinguish which button was pressed. As the current measurement is done via an internal resistor, only two buttons generating a current of about 0.5mA and 1mA can be detected. With this, 1mA as microphone bias is still available.

#### 8.2.5 Voice Activation

Further a built-in voice activation comparator can actuate an interrupt if microphone input voltage of about 5mVRMS is detected.

#### 8.2.6 Parameter

AVDD17=1.7V, AVDD27=2.7V,  $T_A$ = 25<sup>o</sup>C unless otherwise mentioned

| Symbol               | Parameter                          | Condition   | Min   | Тур                       | Max | Unit            |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---|-------|---------------------------|-----|-----------------|
| V <sub>MICIN</sub> 0 | Input Signal Level                 | A <sub>MICPRE</sub> = 30dB; AMIC = 0dB                    |       | 20                        |     | mV <sub>P</sub> |
| V <sub>MICIN</sub> 1 |                                    | A <sub>MICPRE</sub> = 36dB; AMIC = 0dB                    |       | 10                        |     | mV <sub>P</sub> |
| V <sub>MICIN</sub> 2 |                                    | A <sub>MICPRE</sub> = 42dB; AMIC = 0dB                    |       | 5                         |     | mV <sub>P</sub> |
| R <sub>MICIN</sub>   | Input Impedance                    | MICP to AGND  |       | 7.5                       |     | kΩ              |
| Δ <sub>MICIN</sub>   | Input Impedance Tolerance          |   |       | -7<br>+33                 |     | %               |
| C <sub>MICIN</sub>   | Input Capacitance                  |   |       | 5                         |     | pF              |
| AMICPRE              | Microphone Preamplifier<br>Gain    | Preamplifier has 3 selectable (fixed) gain settings       |       | 30<br>36<br>42            |     | dB              |
| A <sub>MIC</sub>     | Programmable Gain                  |   | -40.5 |                           | +6  | dB              |
|                      | Gain Steps                         | discrete logarithmic gain steps                           |       | 1.5                       |     | dB              |
|                      | Gain Step Precision                |   |       | ±0.25                     |     | dB              |
| VATTACK              | Limiter Activation Level           |   |       | 0.57                      |     | $V_{PEAK}$      |
| V <sub>DECAY</sub>   | Limiter Release Level              |   |       | 0.47                      |     | $V_{PEAK}$      |
| AMICLIMIT            | Limiter Gain Overdrive             | 128 @ 0.375dB   |       | 30<br>36<br>42            |     | dB              |
| <b>t</b> ATTACK      | Limiter Attack Time                |   |       | 50                        |     | µs/6dB          |
| t <sub>DECAY</sub>   | Limiter Decay Time                 |   |       | 120                       |     | ms/<br>6dB      |
| A <sub>MICMUTE</sub> | Mute Attenuation                   |   |       | 100                       |     | dB              |
|                      |                                    |   |       | •                         |     |                 |
| VMICSUP              | Microphone Supply Voltage          | depending on V_MICS setting                               |       | 2<br>1.55<br>1.26<br>1.06 |     | v               |
| IMICMAX              | Max. Microphone Supply<br>Current  | microphones nominally need a bias<br>current of 0.5mA-1mA |       | 6.5                       |     | mA              |
| V <sub>NOISE</sub>   | Microphone Supply Voltage<br>Noise |   |       | 5                         |     | μV              |
| IMICDET              | Microphone Detection<br>Current    |   |       | 50                        |     | μA              |
| IREMDET              | Max. Remote Detection<br>Current   |   |       | 500                       |     | μA              |

Table 8. Microphone Input Parameter

#### 8.2.7 Register Description

Table 9. Microphone Input Related Register

| Name      | Base          | Offset  | Description   |
|-----------|---------------|---|---|
| MIC_R     | 2-wire serial | 06h   | Right Microphone Input volume settings, AGC control       |
| MIC_L     | 2-wire serial | 07h   | Left Microphone Input volume settings, MIC supply control |
| AudioSet1 | 2-wire serial | 14h Enable/disable driver stage                 |   |
| AudioSet3 | 2-wire serial | 16h Enable/disable mixer input                  |   |
| IRQENRD_1 | 2-wire serial | 24h   | Interrupt settings for microphone voice activation        |
| IRQENRD_3 | 2-wire serial | 26h Interrupt settings for microphone detection |   |
| IRQENRD_4 | 2-wire serial | 27h   | Interrupt settings for remote button press detection      |

## 8.3 Line Output

#### 8.3.1 General

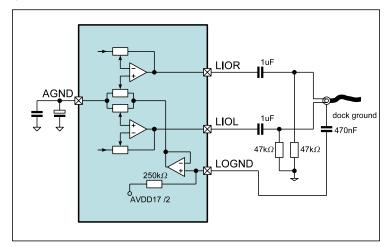
The line output is designed to provide the audio signal with a typical  $V_{PEAK}$  level at a load of minimum 10k $\Omega$ , which is a minimum value for line inputs. If the limiters (N20/N21) are deactivated the peak output voltage is AVDD17/2 Vp.

This AFE has a combined output stage for headphone and line output with an independent gain regulation for left and right channel with 32 steps @ 1.5dB each. The gain can be set from -40.5dB to +6dB.

If the line output is not enabled, the volume settings are set to their default values. Changing of volume and mute control can only be done after enabling the output.

Line Output and Line Input are sharing the same pins.

Figure 5. Line Output



#### 8.3.2 Auto Fading

By setting a new output volume level, the stage does a automatic fading from the current gain setting to the new target. Changing the input multiplexer from one source to another will be done by fadeing out to mute, source changing and fading in of the new source to the target volume. Change from HPH-out to LINE-out is done by fading out of HPH-out to mute and fading in of the LINE-out to the target volume.

The fading speed can be programmed to 3 different speed levels. The immediate response can be selected as 4th state.

#### 8.3.3 Ground Noise Cancelation

A separate ground input allows to connect a ground sense line direct from the dock connector ground or line out jack shield to make the audio output independent from PCB ground noise.

#### 8.3.4 Parameter

| AVDD17=1.   | .7, AVDD27=2.7, $T_A$ = 25 <sup>o</sup> C, unless otherwise mentioned |
|-------------|---|
| Table 10. L | ine Output Parameter  |

| Symbol              | Parameter Condition               |  | Min   | Тур   | Max | Unit |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------|--|-------|-------|-----|------|
| R <sub>L_LO</sub>   | Load Impedance<br>(Stereo Mode)   | line inputs nominally have $10k\Omega$ | 5     |       |     | kΩ   |
| CL_LO               | Load Capacitance<br>(Stereo Mode) |  |       |       | 100 | pF   |
| A <sub>LO</sub>     | Programmable Gain                 |  | -40.5 |       | +6  | dB   |
|                     | Gain Steps                        | discrete logarithmic gain steps        |       | 1.5   |     | dB   |
|                     | Gain Step Accuracy                |  |       | ±0.25 |     | dB   |
| A <sub>LOMUTE</sub> | Mute Attenuation                  |  |       | 100   |     | dB   |

#### 8.3.5 Register Description

Table 11. Line Output Related Register

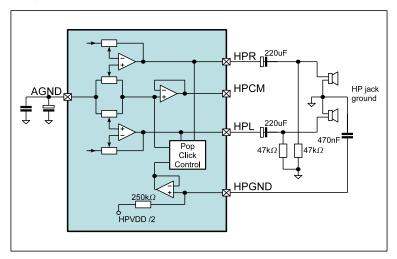
| Name      | Base          | Offset | Description                                    |
|-----------|---------------|--------|--|
| OUT_R     | 2-wire serial | 00h    | Right Line Output volume settings, MUX control |
| OUT_L     | 2-wire serial | 01h    | Left Line Output volume settings               |
| AudioSet2 | 2-wire serial | 15h    | Auto fading timing settings                    |
| AudioSet3 | 2-wire serial | 16h    | Enable/disable mixer input                     |

## 8.4 Headphone Output

The headphone output is designed to provide the audio signal with 2x40mW @  $16\Omega$  or 2x20mW @ $32\Omega$ , which are typical values for headphones.

This AFE has a combined output stage for headphone and line output with an independent gain regulation for left and right channel with 32 steps @ 1.5dB each. The gain can be set from -40.5dB to +6dB.

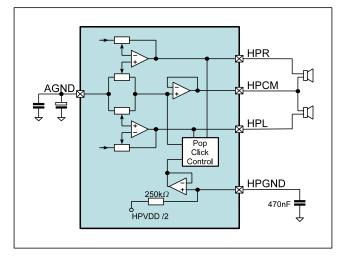
Figure 6. Headphone Output



#### 8.4.1 Phantom Ground

There are 2 ways to connect a headphone to the AFE. In order to spare the bulky ac/dc de-coupling capacitors at pins HPR/HPL a buffered ground (Phantom Ground) is provided. This Common Mode Buffer needs to be switched on if utilized. If form factor considerations are less stringent, the headphones can be conventionally connected via 2x200µF capacitors.

Figure 7. Headphone Output using Common Mode Buffer



#### 8.4.2 No-Pop Function

The output is automatically set to mute when the output stage is disabled.

To avoid Pop-Click noise during power-up and shut-down of the headphone amplifier, a charge/discharge control of HPGND (0V-HPVDD/2-0V) at pins HPR/HPL is incorporated into the AFE. The 470nF capacitor at pin HPGND is used to form the charge/discharge slope. Pls observe that pin HPGND is a high impedance node which must not be connected to any other external device than the 470nF buffer capacitor. To avoid Pop-Click noise one has to wait for 750ms in between a power-down (switch-off) and a power-up (switch-on) of the headphone amplifier.

#### 8.4.3 Auto Fading

By setting a new output volume level, the stage does a automatic fading from the current gain setting to the new target. Changing the input multiplexer from one source to another will be done by fading out to mute, source changing and fading in of the new source to the target volume. Change from HPH-out to LINE-out is done by fading out of HPH-out to mute and fading in of the LINE-out to the target volume.

The fading speed can be programmed to 3 different speed levels. The immediate response can be selected as 4th state.

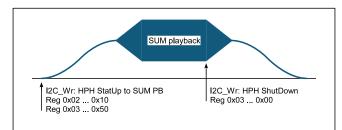
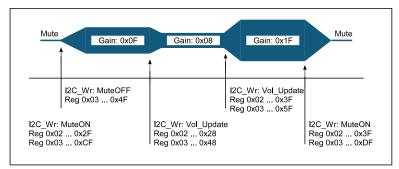


Figure 8. Headphone Startup with MaxGain Settings



Figure 9. Headphone Change Gain Settings



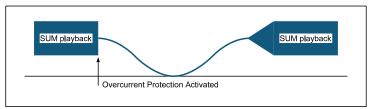
#### 8.4.4 Headphone Detection

When the headphone amplifier is powered down, one can detect the connection of a headset. It only work if the headset is connected between pins HPR/HPL and HPCM. As long as the headphone amplifier is powered down, HPCM is biased to 150mV and acting as the sense pin. There is a corresponding interrupt available to be enabled.

#### 8.4.5 Over-current Protection

The headphone amplifier has an over-current protection (e.g. HPR/HPL is shorted). This over-current protection will power down the headphone amplifier for a programmable time-out period (512ms, 0ms). There is a corresponding interrupt available to be enabled.





#### 8.4.6 Ground Noise Cancelation

As separate ground input allows to connect a ground sense line direct from the dock connector ground or headphone jack shield to make the audio output independent from PCB ground noise.

#### 8.4.7 Power Options

To save power, especially when driving 32 Ohm loads, a reduction of the bias current is selected. For 16Ohm loads the bias current can be increased.

#### 8.4.8 Parameter

AVDD17=1.7, AVDD27=2.7, HPVDD = 2.7V,  $T_A$ = 25<sup>o</sup>C, unless otherwise mentioned

Table 12. Headphone Output Parameter

| Symbol          | Parameter            | Parameter Condition   |       | Тур      | Max | Unit |
|-----------------|----------------------|---|-------|----------|-----|------|
| $R_{L_{HP}}$    | Load Impedance       | stereo mode   | 16    |          |     | Ω    |
| $C_{L_{HP}}$    | Load Capacitance     | stereo mode   |       |          | 100 | рF   |
| P <sub>HP</sub> | Nominal Output Power | RL=16 $\Omega$ , limiter enabled RL=32 $\Omega$ , limiter enabled |       | 40<br>20 |     | mW   |
| A <sub>HP</sub> | Programmable Gain    |   | -40.5 |          | +6  | dB   |
|                 | Gain Steps           | discrete logarithmic gain steps                                   |       | 1.5      |     | dB   |

| Table 12. Headphone Output Parameter (Continued) |  |
|--|--|

| Symbol              | Parameter                       | Parameter Condition             |  | Тур           | Мах | Unit     |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---------------|-----|----------|
|                     | Gain Step Accuracy              |                                 |  | ±0.25         |     | dB       |
|                     | Over current limit              | HPR/HPL pins<br>HPCM pin, @1.8V |  | 70mA<br>140mA |     | mA<br>mA |
| P <sub>SRRHP</sub>  | Power Supply Rejection<br>Ratio | 200Hz-20kHz, 720mVpp, RL=16Ω    |  | 90            |     | dB       |
| A <sub>HPMUTE</sub> | Mute Attenuation                |                                 |  | 100           |     | dB       |

#### 8.4.9 Register Description

Table 13. Headphone Related Register

| Name      | Base          | Offset   | Description  |
|-----------|---------------|--|--|
| OUT_R     | 2-wire serial | 02h Right HP Output volume and over-current settings |  |
| OUT_L     | 2-wire serial | 03h  | Left HP Output volume settings, enable and detection control |
| AudioSet2 | 2-wire serial | 15h Auto fading timing settings                      |  |
| AudioSet3 | 2-wire serial | 16h Power options, common mode buffer enable         |  |
| IRQENRD_3 | 2-wire serial | 26h  | Interrupt settings for over current and HP detection         |

# 8.5 DAC, ADC and I2S Digital Audio Interface

#### 8.5.1 Input

The AFE receives serialized audio data for the DAC via pin SDI. The output of the DAC is fed through a volume control to the mixer stage and to the multiplexers of line output and headphone amplifiers or direct to these output stages.

This serialized audio data is a digital audio data stream with the left and the right audio channels multiplexed into one bit-stream. Via pin LRCK the alignment clock is input to the DAC digital filters. LRCK (Left Right Clock) indicates whether the serial bit-stream received via pin SDI, represents right channel or left channel audio data. Via pin SCLK the bit clock for the serial bit-stream is signalled. SDI and LRCK are synchronous with SCLK. SDI, LRCK and SCLK are inputs; SDO is not used.

The volume control has an independent gain regulation for left and right channel with 32 steps @ 1.5dB each. The gain can be set from -40.5dB to +6dB. The stage is set to mute by default. If the DAC input is not enabled, the volume settings are set to their default values. Changing the volume and mute control can only be done after enabling the input.

#### 8.5.2 Output

This block consists of an audio multiplexer where the signal, which should be recorded, can be selected. The output is then fed through a volume control to the audio ADC. The digital output is done via an I2S interface.

The AFE sends serialized audio data from the ADC via pin SDO. This serialized audio data is a digital audio data stream with the left and the right audio channels multiplexed into one bit-stream. Via pin LRCK the alignment clock is signalled to the connected devices (e.g. CPU). LRCLK (Left Right Clock) indicates whether the serial bit-stream sent via pin SDI, presents right channel or left channel audio data. Via pin SCLK the bit clock for the serial bit-stream is signalled. SDO and LRCK are synchronous with SCLK. SDO is an output; LRCK and SCK are inputs; SDI is not used.

The volume control has an independent gain regulation for left and right channel with 32 steps @ 1.5dB each. The gain can be set from -34.5dB to +12dB. The stage is set to mute by default. If the ADC output is not enabled, the volume settings are set to their default values. Changing the volume and mute control can only be done after enabling the input.

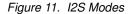
The I2S output uses the same clocks as the I2S input. The sampling rate therefore depends also on the input sampling rate. The exact ratio can be set in register 11h.

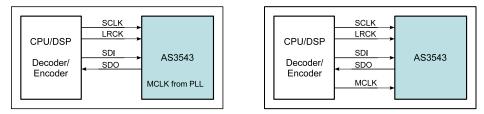
The SDO output can be configured to operate in push/pull (3 different driver strengths) or to be tri-state. For a more detailed description of the GPIO functionality of this pin please refer to chapter GPIO Pins on page 48.

#### 8.5.3 I2S Modes

The AFE can be operated either in Slave Mode or in Slave Mode with the master clock directly signalled via pin MCLK. The master clock (MCLK) is the necessary internal over-sampling clock for the DAC and ADC (e.g. 128\*fs, fs=audio sampling frequency)

In Slave Mode the PLL generates the master clock based on LRCK. Thus the PLL needs to be preset to the expected sampling frequency. The ranges are 8kS-23kS (8kHz-23kHz) and 24kS-48kS (24kHz-48kHz). Please refer to register 1A-7h.





#### 8.5.4 Clock Supervision

The digital audio interface automatically checks the LRCK. An interrupt can be generated when the state of the LRCK input changes. A bit in the interrupt register represents the actual state (present or not present) of the LRCK.

#### 8.5.5 Signal Description

The digital audio interface uses the standard I2S format:

- left justified
- MSB first
- one additional leading bit

The on-chip synchronization circuit allows any bit-count up 32bit. When there are less than 18 bits sampled, the data sample is completed with "0"s. In I2S direct mode the data length has to be minimum 18 bits.

The ADC output is always 14 bit. If more SCLK pulses are provided, only the first 14 will be significant.

SCLK has not to be necessarily synchronous to LRCK but the high going edge has to be separate from LRCK edges. The LRCK signal has to be derived from a jitter-free clock source, because the on-chip PLL is generating a clock for the digital filter, which has to be always in correct phase lock condition to the external LRCK.

Please observe that LRCK has to be activated before enabling the ADC.

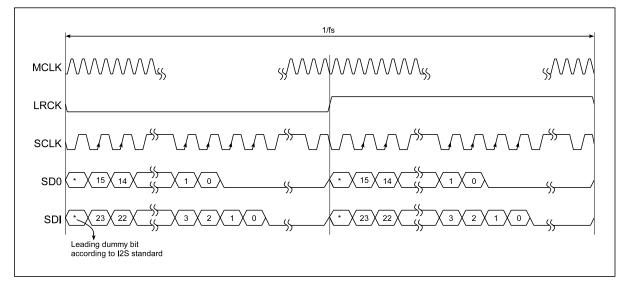


Figure 12. I2S left justified mode

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#### 8.5.6 Parameter

DVDD=2.9V, TA=25°C, Slave Mode, fs=48kHz, MCLK = 128\*fs, unless otherwise specified *Table 14. I2S Timing* 

| Symbol             | Parameter                                  | Condition                                | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|--------------------|--|--|-----|-----|-----|------|
| t <sub>SCLK</sub>  | SCLK Cycle Time                            |  | 160 |     |     | ns   |
| <b>t</b> SCLKH     | SCLK Pulse Width High                      |  | 80  |     |     | ns   |
| t <sub>SCLKL</sub> | SCLK Pulse Width Low                       |  | 80  |     |     | ns   |
| T <sub>LRSU</sub>  | LRCK Setup Time before<br>SCLK rising edge |  | 80  |     |     | ns   |
| T <sub>LRHD</sub>  | LRCK Hold Time after SCLK rising edge      |  | 80  |     |     | ns   |
| t <sub>SDSU</sub>  | SDI setup time before SCLK rising edge     |  | 25  |     |     | ns   |
| t <sub>SDHD</sub>  | SDI hold time after SCLK<br>rising edge    |  | 25  |     |     | ns   |
| tsdod              | SDO Delay from SCLK falling<br>edge        |  |     |     | 25  | ns   |
| <b>UITTER</b>      | Jitter of LRCK                             | internal PLL generates MCLK from<br>LRCK | -20 |     | 20  | ns   |
| I2S direct r       | node                                       |  |     |     |     |      |
| T <sub>SCD</sub>   | SCLK delay after MCLK<br>rising edge       |  | 0.5 |     | 1.5 | ns   |
| T <sub>LRD</sub>   | LRLCK delay after SCLK<br>rising edge      |  | 0.5 |     | 1.5 | ns   |
| tsdsu              | SDI setup time before SCLK<br>rising edge  |  | 5   |     |     | ns   |
| t <sub>SDHD</sub>  | SDI hold time after SCLK<br>rising edge    |  | 5   |     |     | ns   |
| tsdod              | SDO Delay from SCLK falling<br>edge        |  |     |     | 15  | ns   |

#### 8.5.7 Register Description

Table 15. Audio Converter Related Register

| Name       | Base          | Offset | Description   |
|------------|---------------|--------|---|
| DAC_R      | 2-wire serial | 0Eh    | DAC input volume settings                               |
| DAC_L      | 2-wire serial | 0Fh    | DAC input volume settings                               |
| ADC_R      | 2-wire serial | 10h    | ADC output volume settings, source multiplexer settings |
| ADC_L      | 2-wire serial | 11h    | ADC output volume settings, sampling rate settings      |
| DAC_IF     | 2-wire serial | 11h    | DAC input digital volume settings                       |
| AudioSet1  | 2-wire serial | 14h    | Enable/disable DAC, DAC gain stage & ADC                |
| AudioSet3  | 2-wire serial | 16h    | Enable/disable mixer input                              |
| Out_Cntr3  | 2-wire serial | 1A-3h  | Control of SDO signal and drive                         |
| PLL        | 2-wire serial | 1A-7h  | PLL sample rate settings                                |
| PMU_Enable | 2-wire serial | 1Ch    | Enables writings to extended registers 1Ah-3 and 1Ah-7  |
| IRQENRD_1  | 2-wire serial | 25h    | Interrupt settings for LRCK changes                     |

DAC and ADC have to be enabled in register 14h first before other settings in register 0Eh to 11h can be programmed.

## 8.6 Audio Output Mixer

#### 8.6.1 General

The mixer stage sums up the audio signals of the following stages

- Microphone Input 1
- Line Input 1/2
- DAC Output
- ADC Input

The mixing ratios have to be set within the volume registers of the corresponding input stages. Please be sure that the peak voltage of input signals for the mixer stage is less than AVDD17/3. If summing up several signals, each individual signal has of course to be accordingly lower. This shall insure that the output signal is also not higher than AVDD17/3 peak to get a proper signal for the output amplifier.

This stage features an automatic gain control (AGC), which automatically avoids clipping.

#### 8.6.2 Register Description

Table 16. Audio Mixer Related Register

| Name      | Base          | Offset | Description   |
|-----------|---------------|--------|---|
| AudioSet2 | 2-wire serial | 15h    | Enable/disable mixer stage and AGC                    |
| AudioSet3 | 2-wire serial | 16h    | Enable/disable DAC, MIC or Line Inputs to mixer stage |

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## 8.7 2-Wire-Serial Control Interface

#### 8.7.1 General

There is an I2C slave block implemented to have access to 64 byte of setting information.

The I2C address is: Adr\_Group8 - audio processors

- 8Ch\_write
- 8Dh\_read

#### 8.7.2 Protocol

#### Table 17. 2-Wire Serial Symbol Definition

| Symbol   | Definition                        | RW | Note               |
|----------|-----------------------------------|----|--------------------|
| S        | Start condition after stop        | R  | 1 bit              |
| Sr       | Repeated start                    | R  | 1 bit              |
| DW       | Device address for write          | R  | 1000 1100b (8Ch)   |
| DR       | Device address for read           | R  | 1000 1101b 8Dh)    |
| WA       | Word address                      | R  | 8 bit              |
| А        | Acknowledge                       | W  | 1 bit              |
| Ν        | No Acknowledge                    | R  | 1 bit              |
| reg_data | Register data/write               | R  | 8 bit              |
| data (n) | Register data/read                | W  | 8 bit              |
| Р        | Stop condition                    | R  | 1 bit              |
| WA++     | Increment word address internally | R  | during acknowledge |
|          | AS3542 (=slave) receives data     | •  |                    |
|          | AS3542 (=slave) transmits data    |    |                    |

Figure 13. Byte Write

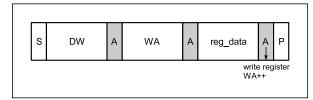


Figure 14. Page Write

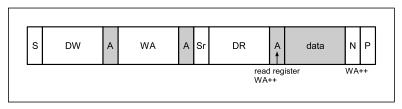
|   |    | _ |    | _ |             | _      |                   |        |        |            | _        | _  |
|---|----|---|----|---|-------------|--------|-------------------|--------|--------|------------|----------|----|
| s | DW | А | WA | А | reg_data 1  | A<br>↓ | reg_data 2        | A<br>↓ |        | reg_data n | A P      | ,  |
|   |    |   |    |   | write<br>WA |        | ister write<br>WA |        | jister | writ<br>WA | e regist | er |

Byte Write and Page Write formats are used to write data to the slave.

The transmission begins with the START condition, which is generated by the master when the bus is in IDLE state (the bus is free). The device-write address is followed by the word address. After the word address any number of data bytes can be sent to the slave. The word address is incremented internally, in order to write subsequent data bytes on subsequent address locations.

For reading data from the slave device, the master has to change the transfer direction. This can be done either with a repeated START condition followed by the device-read address, or simply with a new transmission START followed by the device-read address, when the bus is in IDLE state. The device-read address is always followed by the 1st register byte transmitted from the slave. In Read Mode any number of subsequent register bytes can be read from the slave. The word address is incremented internally.



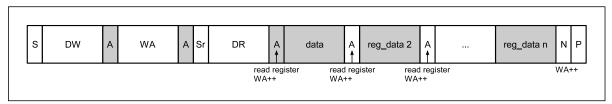


Random Read and Sequential Read are combined formats. The repeated START condition is used to change the direction after the data transfer from the master.

The word address transfer is initiated with a START condition issued by the master while the bus is idle. The START condition is followed by the device-write address and the word address.

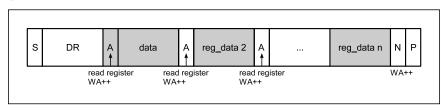
In order to change the data direction a repeated START condition is issued on the 1st SCL pulse after the acknowledge bit of the word address transfer. After the reception of the device-read address, the slave becomes the transmitter. In this state the slave transmits register data located by the previous received word address vector. The master responds to the data byte with a not-acknowledge, and issues a STOP condition on the bus.

#### Figure 16. Sequential Read



Sequential Read is the extended form of Random Read, as more than one register-data bytes are transferred subsequently. In difference to the Random Read, for a sequential read the transferred register-data bytes are responded by an acknowledge from the master. The number of data bytes transferred in one sequence is unlimited (consider the behavior of the word-address counter). To terminate the transmission the master has to send a not-acknowledge following the last data byte and generate the STOP condition subsequently.





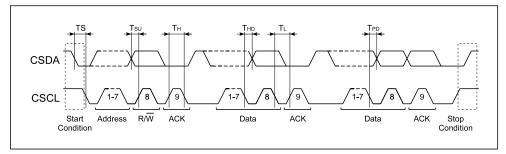
To keep the access time as small as possible, this format allows a read access without the word address transfer in advance to the data transfer. The bus is idle and the master issues a START condition followed by the Device-Read address. Analogous to Random Read, a single byte transfer is terminated with a not-acknowledge after the 1st register byte. Analogous to Sequential Read an unlimited number of data bytes can be transferred, where the data bytes has to be responded with an acknowledge from the master. For termination of the transmission the master sends a not-acknowledge following the last data byte and a subsequent STOP condition.

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#### 8.7.3 Parameter

Figure 18. 2-Wire Serial Timing



# DVDD =2.9V, $T_{amb}$ =25°C; unless otherwise specified

Table 18. 2-Wire Serial Parameter

| Symbol           | Parameter                      | Condition  | Min  | Тур | Max  | Unit |
|------------------|--------------------------------|--|------|-----|------|------|
| V <sub>CSL</sub> | CSCL, CSDA Low Input<br>Level  | (max 30%DVDD)  | 0    | -   | 0.87 | V    |
| V <sub>CSH</sub> | CSCL, CSDA High Input<br>Level | CSCL, CSDA (min 70%DVDD)   | 2.03 | -   | 5.5  | V    |
| HYST             | CSCL, CSDA Input<br>Hysteresis |  | 200  | 450 | 800  | mV   |
| V <sub>OL</sub>  | CSDA Low Output Level          | at 3mA   | -    | -   | 0.4  | V    |
| Tsp              | Spike insensitivity            |  | 50   | 100 | -    | ns   |
| Τ <sub>Η</sub>   | Clock high time                | max. 400kHz clock speed  | 500  |     |      | ns   |
| TL               | Clock low time                 | max. 400kHz clock speed  | 500  |     |      | ns   |
| T <sub>SU</sub>  |                                | CSDA has to change Tsetup before<br>rising edge of CSCL            | 250  | -   | -    | ns   |
| T <sub>HD</sub>  |                                | No hold time needed for CSDA relative to rising edge of CSCL       | 0    | -   | -    | ns   |
| TS               |                                | CSDA H hold time relative to CSDA<br>edge for start/stop/rep_start | 200  | -   | -    | ns   |
| T <sub>PD</sub>  |                                | CSDA prop delay relative to lowgoing<br>edge of CSCL               |      | 50  |      | ns   |

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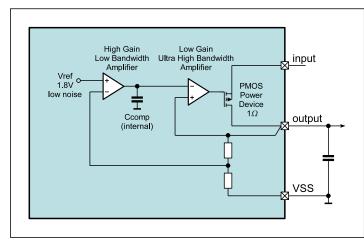
# 9.1 Low Drop Out Regulators

#### 9.1.1 General

These LDOs are designed to supply sensitive analogue circuits, audio devices, AD and DA converters, micro-controller and other peripheral devices. The design is optimized to deliver the best compromise between quiescent current and regulator performance for battery powered devices.

Stability is guaranteed with ceramic output capacitors of  $1\mu$ F +/-20% (X5R) or  $2.2\mu$ F +100/-50% (Z5U). The low ESR of these caps ensures low output impedance at high frequencies. Regulation performance is excellent even under low dropout conditions, when the power transistor has to operate in linear mode. Power supply rejection is high enough to suppress high ripple on the battery at the output. The low noise performance allows direct connection of noise sensitive circuits without additional filtering networks. The low impedance of the power device enables the device to deliver up to 150mA even at nearly discharged batteries without any decrease of performance.

Figure 19. LDO Block Diagram



## 9.1.2 LDO1

This LDO generates the audio supply voltage used for the AFE itself.

- Input voltage is VDD17IN
- Output voltage is VDD17 (typ. 1.7V)
- Driver strength: 50mA

It is set to a default output voltage of 1.7V, 50mA<sub>max</sub>. It supplies the analog audio blocks of the AFE. Additional external loads are possible but most not exceed the supply ratings in total together with the operating internal blocks. Further the external load must not induce noise to the sensitive AVDD17 supply pin.

#### 9.1.3 LDO2

This LDO generates the digital and audio supply voltage used for the AFE itself.

- Input Voltage is BVDD
- Output Voltage is VDD27 (typ. 2.7V)
- Driver strength: 100mA

It is set to a default output voltage of 2.7V, 100mA<sub>max</sub>. It supplies the digital part of the AFE as well as all audio switches and multiplexers. Additional external loads are possible but most not exceed the supply ratings in total together with the operating internal blocks. Further the external load must not induce noise to the AVDD27 supply pin but is not as critical as AVDD17.

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#### 9.1.4 LDO3 & LDO4

These LDOs can used to generate the periphery voltage for the digital processor or other external components (e.g. ext. DAC, USB-PHY, SD-Cards, NAND-Flashes, FM-Tuner ...)

LDO3 has a separate input pin (BVDDP1) which can be connected to either the battery or a DCDC converter output.

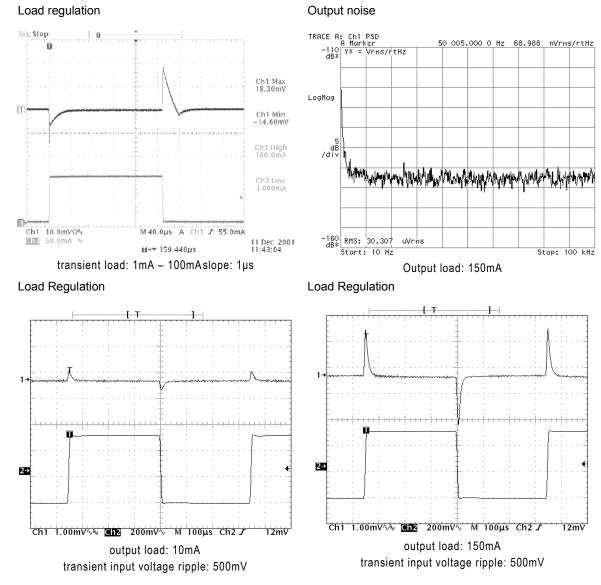
- Input Voltage BVDDP1 or BVDD
- Output Voltage is PVDD1 & PVDD2 (1.2 to 3.5V)
- Default value at start-up is defined by VPRG2 pin
- Driver strength: 100mA

#### 9.1.5 Parameter

BVDD=3.6V,  $T_A$ = 25<sup>o</sup>C, unless otherwise mentioned *Table 19. LDO Parameter* 

| Symbol               | Parameter                    | Condition                                    | Min   | Тур | Max  | Unit              |
|----------------------|------------------------------|--|-------|-----|------|-------------------|
| R <sub>ON</sub>      | On resistance                |  |       |     | 1    | Ω                 |
|                      | Dower ourply rejection ratio | f=1kHz                                       |       | 70  |      | ٩D                |
| PSRR                 | Power supply rejection ratio | f=100kHz                                     |       | 40  |      | dB                |
| I <sub>OFF</sub>     | Shut down current            |  |       | 100 |      | nA                |
| I <sub>VDD</sub>     | Supply current               | without load                                 |       | 50  |      | μA                |
| Noise                | Output noise                 | 10Hz < f < 100kHz                            |       | 50  |      | μV <sub>rms</sub> |
| t <sub>start</sub>   | Startup time                 |  |       | 200 |      | μs                |
| V <sub>out_tol</sub> | Output voltage tolerance     | minimum +/- 50mV                             | -2.5% |     | 2.5% | mV                |
| M                    |                              | LDO2, Static                                 |       | <1  |      |                   |
| $V_{LineReg}$        | Line regulation              | LDO2, Transient; Slope: t <sub>r</sub> =10µs |       | <10 |      | mV                |
| M                    |                              | LDO2, Static                                 |       | <1  |      |                   |
| $V_{LoadReg}$        | Load regulation              | LDO2, Transient; Slope: t <sub>r</sub> =10µs |       | <10 |      | mV                |
| I                    | Current limitation           | LDO1   |       | 100 |      |                   |
| I <sub>LIMIT</sub>   | Current limitation           | LDO2, LDO3, LDO4                             |       | 200 |      | mA                |

#### Figure 20. LDO Block Diagram



## 9.1.6 Register Description

Table 20. LDO Related Register

| Name  | Base  | Offset                                     | Description   |
|---|---|--|---|
| PVDD1   | PVDD1 2-wire serial 18h-1 PV                                |  | PVDD1 (LDO3) control and voltage settings             |
| PVDD2         2-wire serial         18h-2         PVDD2 (LDO4) control and voltage settings |   | PVDD2 (LDO4) control and voltage settings  |   |
| AVDD27  | AVDD27 2-wire serial 18h-6 AVDD27 (LDO2) control and voltag |  | AVDD27 (LDO2) control and voltage settings            |
| AVDD17 2-wire serial 18h-7 AVDD17 (LDO1) control  |   | AVDD17 (LDO1) control and voltage settings |   |
| PMU_Enable  | 2-wire serial   | 1Ch  | Enables writings to extended registers 18h-1 to 18h-7 |

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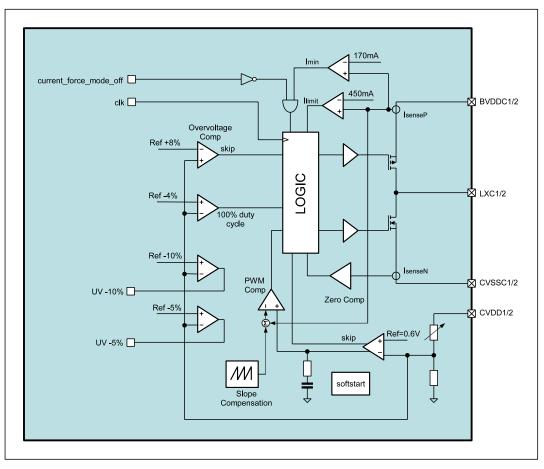
# 9.2 DCDC Step-Down Converter (2x)

#### 9.2.1 General

These converters are meant to convert the battery voltage down to voltages which fit to the core and peripheral supply voltage requirements for microprocessors.

- input Voltage BVDDC1/2 (usually connected to the battery)
- output Voltage CVDD1 & CVDD2
- output voltage levels can be programmed independently form 0.61V to 3.35V
- the default value at start-up is defined by VPRG1 and VPRG2 pin
- DVM for both outputs with selectable timings
- driver strength 250mA
- under- and over-voltage detection

#### Figure 21. DCDC Step-Down Block Diagram



#### 9.2.2 Functional Description

The step-down converter is a high efficiency fixed frequency current mode regulator. By using low resistance internal PMOS and NMOS switches efficiency up to 97% can be achieved. The fast switching frequency allows using small inductors, without increasing the current ripple. The unique feedback and regulation circuit guarantees optimum load and line regulation over the whole output voltage range, up to an output current of 250mA, with an output capacitor of only  $10\mu$ F. The implemented current limitation protects the DCDC and the coil during overload condition.

To achieve optimized performance in different applications, adjustable settings allow to compromise between high efficiency and low input, output ripple:

#### Low ripple, low noise operation:

In this mode there is no minimum coil current necessary before switching off the PMOS. As result, the ON time of the PMOS will be reduced down to tmin\_on at no or light load conditions, even if the coil current is very small or the coil current is inverted. This results in a very low ripple and noise, but decreased efficiency, at light loads, especially at low input to output voltage differences. In the case of an inverted coil current the regulator will not operate in pulse skip mode.

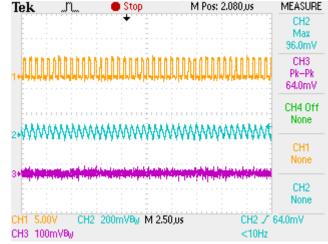


Figure 22. DCDC buck with disabled current force / pulse skip mode

#### 1: LXC1 voltage, 2:coil current (1mV=1mA) 3: output voltage

#### High efficiency operation:

In this mode there is a minimum coil current necessary before switching off the PMOS. As result, fewer pulses at low output loads are necessary, and therefore the efficiency at low output load is increased. On the other hand the output voltage ripple increases, and the noisy pulse skip operation is on up to a higher output current.

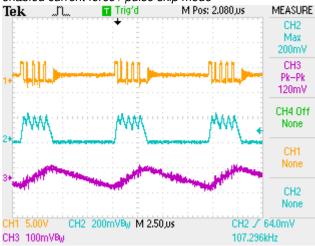


Figure 23. DCDC buck with enabled current force / pulse skip mode

1: LXC1 voltage, 2:coil current (1mV=1mA) 3: output voltage

It's also possible to switch between these two modes dynamically during operation:

#### 100% PMOS ON mode for low dropout regulation:

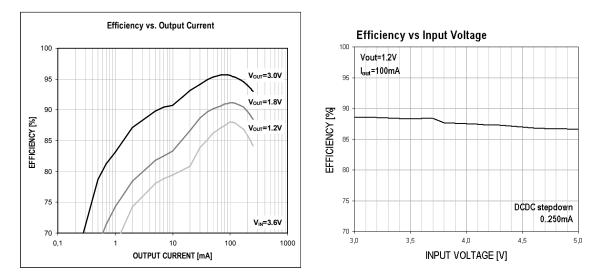
For low input to output voltage difference the DCDC converter can use 100% duty cycle for the PMOS transistor, which is than in LDO mode. This feature is enabled if the output voltage drops by more than 4%.

#### 9.2.3 Parameter

| BVDD=3.6, $T_A$ = 25 <sup>o</sup> C, unless otherwise mentioned |
|---|
| Table 21. DCDC Parameter  |

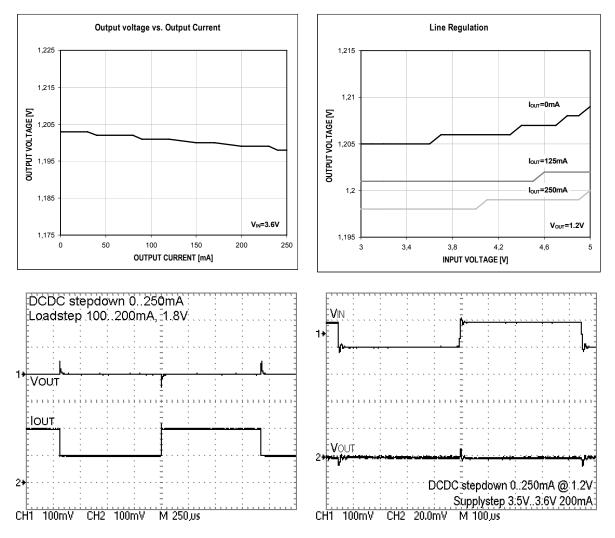
| Symbol               | Parameter                | Condition  | Min  | Тур               | Max | Unit |
|----------------------|--------------------------|--|------|-------------------|-----|------|
| V <sub>IN</sub>      | Input voltage            | BVDD   | 2.7  |                   | 5.5 | V    |
| V <sub>OUT</sub>     | Regulated output voltage |  | 0.65 |                   | 3.4 | V    |
| V <sub>OUT_tol</sub> | Output voltage tolerance | minimum +/- 50mV   | -3%  |                   | 3%  | mV   |
| I <sub>load</sub>    | Maximum Load current     |  |      | 250               |     | mA   |
| ILIMIT               | Current limit            |  |      | 450               |     | mA   |
| R <sub>PSW</sub>     | P-Switch ON resistance   | BVDD=3.0V  |      | 0.5               | 0.7 | Ω    |
| R <sub>NSW</sub>     | N-Switch ON resistance   | BVDD=3.0V  |      | 0.5               | 0.7 | Ω    |
| f <sub>SW</sub>      | Switching frequency      | depending on DCDC_Cntr settings  |      | 1/2               |     | MHz  |
| f <sub>SWsc</sub>    | Switching frequency      | in shortcut case   |      | 0.6               |     | MHz  |
| Cout                 | Output capacitor         | Ceramic, +/- 10% tolerance   |      | 10                |     | μF   |
| Lx                   | Inductor                 | +/- 10% tolerance  | 2.2  |                   | 4.7 | μH   |
| η <sub>eff</sub>     | Efficiency               | lout=100mA, Vout=3.0V  |      | 97                |     | %    |
| I <sub>VDD</sub>     | Current consumption      | Operating current without load<br>Low power mode current<br>Shutdown current |      | 220<br>100<br>0.1 |     | μA   |
| t <sub>MIN_ON</sub>  | Minimum on time          |  |      | 80                |     | ns   |
| t <sub>MIN_OFF</sub> | Minimum off time         |  |      | 40                |     | ns   |
| V <sub>LineReg</sub> | Line regulation          | Static   |      | 2                 |     | mV   |
|                      |                          | Transient; Slope: t <sub>r</sub> =10µs, 100mV step,<br>200mA load            |      | 10                |     |      |
| V <sub>LoadReg</sub> | Load regulation          | Static   |      | 5                 |     | mV   |
|                      |                          | Transient; Slope: t <sub>r</sub> =10µs,<br>100mA step                        |      | 50                |     |      |

Figure 24. DCDC Step-down Performance Characteristics





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#### 9.2.4 Register Description

Table 22. DCDC Buck Related Register

| Name        | Base          | Offset | Description   |
|-------------|---------------|--------|---|
| CVDD1       | 2-wire serial | 17h-1  | CVDD1 (DCDC1) voltage settings                        |
| CVDD2       | 2-wire serial | 17h-2  | CVDD2 (DCDC2) voltage settings                        |
| Hibernation | 2-wire serial | 17h-6  | Hibernation control                                   |
| DCDC_Cntr   | 2-wire serial | 17h-7  | DCDC frequency and DVM settings                       |
| PMU_Enable  | 2-wire serial | 1Ch    | Enables writings to extended registers 17h-1 to 17h-7 |

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# 9.3 15V Step-Up DCDC Converter

#### 9.3.1 General

The integrated Step-Up DC/DC Converter is a high efficiency current-mode PWM regulator, providing an output voltage up to 15V. A constant switching-frequency results in a low noise on supply and output voltages.

It has a programable high voltage current sinks (1.2 to 37.2mA) for driving e.g. white LEDs as back-light. A voltage feedback mode allows generating constant supply voltages for e.g. OLEDs by using an external Zener diode. To bias the diode ISINK is sinking about 50uA in this voltage feedback mode.

An internal protection circuit will shut down the regulator if the voltage on SW15 exceeds 15V. No more external protection has to be used to avoid an exceeding of the operation conditions in a no load situation.

#### 9.3.2 Dimming

The DCDC boster together with the current sinks has an adjustable automatic logarithmic dimming for a smooth ON/ OFF transition. It is also possible to control the dimming with an external signal via a GPIO pin. PWGD, Q24M or Q32K pin can be selected as input for the external dimming signal.

#### 9.3.3 Current Sink Only Mode

The current sinks are normally only working when the DCDC booster is swichted on, but can also be activated separtely. To do so reg. 1Bh-1 has to be set to 08h (select external dimming), and reg. 1Ah-4 has to be set to xxxx xx00b (no ext. dimming source selected).

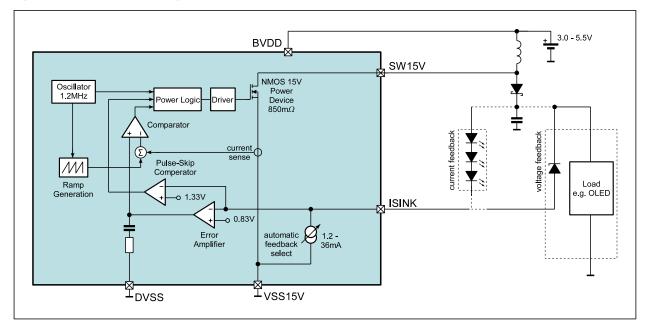


Figure 25. DCDC15 Block Diagram

#### 9.3.4 Parameter

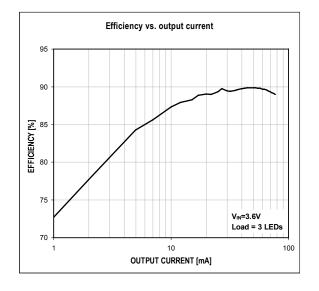
BVDD=3.6V,  $T_A$ = 25<sup>o</sup>C, unless otherwise mentioned *Table 23. DCDC Parameter* 

| Symbol           | Parameter                              | Condition           |   | Тур  | Max | Unit |
|------------------|--|---------------------|---|------|-----|------|
| V <sub>SW</sub>  | High Voltage Pin                       | Pin SW15            | 0 |      | 15  | V    |
| I <sub>VDD</sub> | Quiescent Current                      | Pulse Skipping mode |   | 140  |     | μA   |
| V <sub>FB</sub>  | Feedback Voltage, Transient            | Pin ISINK           | 0 |      | 5.5 | V    |
| V <sub>FB</sub>  | Feedback Voltage, during<br>Regulation | Pin ISINK           |   | 0.63 |     | V    |

| Symbol                 | Parameter   | Parameter Condition                 |      | Тур  | Max  | Unit |
|------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| I <sub>SW_MAX</sub>    | Current Limit   | V15_ON = 1                          | 350  | 510  | 750  | mA   |
| R <sub>SW</sub>        | Switch Resistance   | V15_ON = 0                          |      | 0.85 | 1.54 | Ω    |
| I <sub>LOAD</sub>      | Load Current  | @ 15V output voltage                | 0    |      | 45   | mA   |
| I <sub>FB</sub>        | Current into ISINK1 during voltage feedback mode  |                                     |      | 50   |      | uA   |
| V <sub>PULSESKIP</sub> | Pulse-skip Threshold Voltage at pin ISINK, pulse skips are<br>introduces when load current becomes<br>too low |                                     |      | 0.96 |      | V    |
| F <sub>IN</sub>        | Fixed Switching Frequency   |                                     | 0.45 | 0.66 | 0.85 | MHz  |
| C <sub>OUT</sub>       | Output Capacitor  | Ceramic                             |      | 1    |      | μF   |
| L                      | I <sub>LOAD</sub> > 20mA  | Use inductors with small CPARASITIC | 17   | 22   | 27   |      |
| (Inductor)             | I <sub>LOAD</sub> < 20mA  | (<100pF) for high efficiency        | 8    | 10   | 27   | μH   |
| t <sub>MIN_ON</sub>    | Minimum On-Time   | Guaranteed per design               | 90   |      | 200  | ns   |
| MDC                    | Maximum Duty Cycle  | Guaranteed per design               | 84   | 91   | 98   | %    |

#### Table 23. DCDC Parameter

Figure 26. 15V Step-Up Performance Characteristics



### 9.3.5 Register Description

Table 24. DCDC15 Related Register

| Name Base Offset |               | Offset | Description   |
|------------------|---------------|--------|---|
| In_Cntr          | 2-wire serial | 1Ah-4  | Selection of external dimming input                         |
| DCDC15           | 2-wire serial | 1Bh-1  | DCDC15 on/off and dimming control                           |
| ISINK1           | 2-wire serial | 1Bh-2  | ISINK1 current settings                                     |
| PMU_Enable       | 2-wire serial | 1Ch    | Enables writings to extended registers 1Ah1, 1Bh-1 to 1Bh-3 |

### 9.4 Charger

#### 9.4.1 General

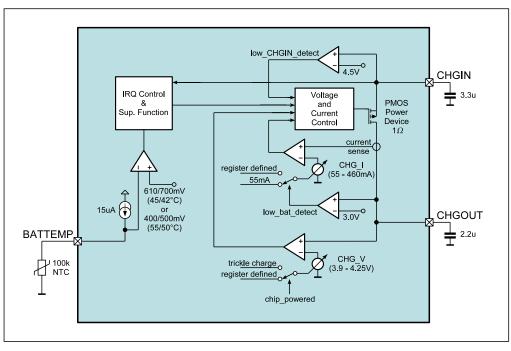
This block can be used to charge a 4V Li-Ion accumulator. It supports constant current and constant voltage charging modes with adjustable charging currents (55 to 460mA) and maximum charging voltage (3.9 to 4.25V).

An internal protection circuit will limit the charging current when a CHGIN voltage drop is detected.

For the end of charge current four levels can be selected while the battery temperature shutdown has two temperature levels to choose from.

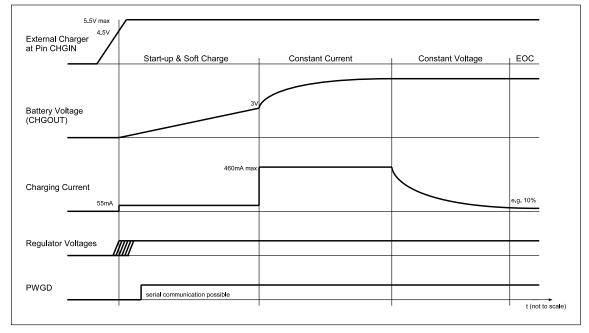
The current battery voltage as well as the actual charging current can be measured with the general purpose ADC.

Figure 27. Charger Block Diagram



Data Sheet, Strictly Confidential - Detailed Description - Power Management Functions

#### Figure 28. Charger States



#### 9.4.2 Soft Charge

If the battery and therefore CHGOUT is below 3V the charger is working in a fixed soft charge mode with the smallest possible charging current of 55mA and 3.9V charger end voltage. After reaching the 3V level the charger switches to the register defined mode and sets the programmed charging current and voltage.

#### **End of Charge Detection** 9.4.3

For the EOC level 4 presets can be selected. This makes it possible to monitor the charging progress also during constant voltage mode. If the EOC level is reached an interrupt can be generated, but it is also possible to poll the charger status bits at any time.

#### 9.4.4 **Temperature Supervision**

This charger block also features a 15uA supply for an external 100k NTC resistor to measure the battery temperature while charging. If the temperature is too high, an interrupt can be generated. If the battery temperature drops the charger will start charging again. The levels for switching off/on the charger (45/42°C or 55/50°C) can be selected via register settings.

If the NTC resistor does not have  $100k\Omega$  its value can be corrected with a resistor in series or in parallel.

#### 9.4.5 Parameter

0 -

| AVDD27=2.7, T <sub>A</sub> = 25 <sup>o</sup> C, unless otherwise mentioned |                         |                                      |                           |                  |   |  |  |  |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Table 25. Chai   | rger Parameter          |                                      |                           |                  |   |  |  |  |
| Symbol   | Parameter               | Condition                            | Min                       | Тур              |   |  |  |  |
| I <sub>CHG</sub> (0-7)   | Charging Current        | BVDD > 2.7V, I <sub>CHG</sub> > 70mA | I <sub>NOM</sub><br>-8%   | I <sub>NOM</sub> |   |  |  |  |
| V <sub>CHG</sub> (0-7)   | Charging Voltage        | BVDD > 2.7V, end of charge is true   | V <sub>NOM</sub><br>-50mV | V <sub>NOM</sub> | - |  |  |  |
| V <sub>ON_ABS</sub>  | Charger On Voltage IRQ  | CHGOUT>3V                            |                           | 3.1              |   |  |  |  |
| V <sub>ON_REL</sub>  | Charger On Voltage IRQ  | CHGIN-CHGOUT                         |                           | 170              |   |  |  |  |
| VOFF_REL   | Charger Off Voltage IRQ | CHGIN-CHGOUT                         | 40                        | 77               |   |  |  |  |

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Max

INOM +8% V<sub>NOM</sub>

+30mV

4.0 240 Unit mΑ

V

V

mV mV

| Table 25. | Charger Parameter |
|-----------|-------------------|
|-----------|-------------------|

| Symbol      | Parameter                                | Condition             | Min                    | Тур  | Max                     | Unit |
|-------------|--|-----------------------|------------------------|--|-------------------------|------|
| VBATEMP_ON  | Battery Temp. high level<br>(45 or 55°C) | BVDD >3V              |                        | 610 or<br>400                                |                         | mV   |
| VBATEMP_OFF | Battery Temp. low level<br>(42 or 50°C)  | BVDD >3V              |                        | 700 or<br>500                                |                         | mV   |
| ICHG_OFF    | End Of Charge current level              | BVDD >3V              | 5%<br>I <sub>NOM</sub> | 10%<br>30%<br>50%<br>70%<br>I <sub>NOM</sub> | 15%<br>I <sub>NOM</sub> | mA   |
| IREV_OFF    | Reverse current shut down                | BVDD = 5V, CHGIN open |                        | <1   |                         | uA   |

### 9.4.6 Register Description

Table 26. Charger Related Register

| Name       | Base          | Offset | Description   |  |
|------------|---------------|--------|---|--|
| CHGVBUS1   | 2-wire serial | 19h-1h | Charger voltage, current and temp. supervision control                            |  |
| CHGVBUS2   | 2-wire serial | 19h-2h | Charger temperature and EOC level settings  |  |
| PMU_Enable | 2-wire serial | 1Ch    | Enables writings to extended registers 19h-1 to 19h-2                             |  |
| IRQENRD_2  | 2-wire serial | 25h    | Enable/disable EOC and battery over-temperature interrupt Read out charger status |  |
| IRQENRD_4  | 2-wire serial | 27h    | Set CHGIN debounce time   |  |
| ADC10_0    | 2-wire serial | 2Eh    | ADC source selection, ADC result<9:8>   |  |
| ADC10_1    | 2-wire serial | 2Fh    | ADC result <7:0>  |  |

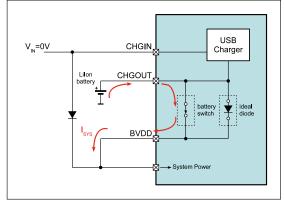
Data Sheet, Strictly Confidential - Detailed Description - Power Management Functions

### 9.5 Battery Switch

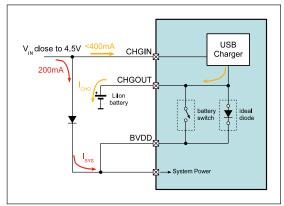
#### 9.5.1 General

An integrated battery switch provides a battery separation during charging. In normal battery operation the switch is closed. With an ideal diode function a smooth transition between the different modes are guaranteed.

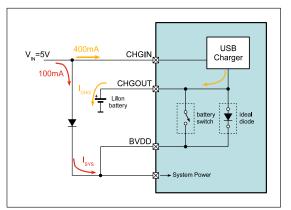
Figure 29. Battery Switch Modes



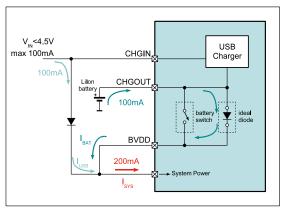
In normal operation, when the charger is not connected, all the system current comes out of the battery



If the system current (red) plus the charger current (yellow) is higher than the maximum available current from USB or wall adapter, V<sub>PN</sub> will drop. If it comes close to 4.5V the charger will automatically reduce the charging current, which will bring up V<sub>IN</sub> to its nominal voltage again.



During charging the battery switch opens and the system is supplied direct from the charger input.



If the system current (red) is higher than the max. available current from e.g. USB, than the additional needed current will be provided from the battery . To ensure a smooth transition an ideal diode will provide the current till the battery switch closes. This ideal diode function will also ensure a smooth switchback to battery operation, when the USB or wall adapter connector is plugged out.

# **10 Detailed Description - SYSTEM Functions**

# 10.1 SYSTEM

#### 10.1.1 General

The system block handles the power up, power down and regulator voltage settings of the AFE.

The PWGD and XRES outputs can be configured to operate in push/pull (2 different driver strengths) open-drain mode or to be tri-state. For a more detailed description of the GPIO functionality of these pins please refer to chapter GPIO Pins on page 48.

#### 10.1.2 Power Up/Down Conditions

The chip powers up when one of the following condition is true:

Table 27. Power UP Conditions

| # | Source      | Description  |  |
|---|-------------|--|--|
| 1 | PWRUP PwUp  | ON_KEY High Level at PRWUP pin of >= 1/3 BVDD        |  |
| 2 | CHGIN PwUp  | p Charger Plug-In High level at CHGIN pin of >= 4.0V |  |
| 3 | VBUS PwUp   | USB Plug-In High level at VBUS pin of >= 4.5V        |  |
| 4 | WAKEUP PwUp | Wake-Up Timer power-up on RTC clock                  |  |
| 4 | MCLK PwUp   | ON_KEY High Level at MCLK pin of >= 1/3 BVDD         |  |

The chip automatically shuts off if one of the following conditions arises:

| #  | Source  | Description   |  |  |
|----|---|---|--|--|
| 1  | SERIF MAJOR PwDn         Power-Down by SERIF writing 0h to register 20h           This Power-Down clears wake-up as well. |   |  |  |
| 2  | Emergency PwDnPower-Down if PWRUP pin is HIGH for 10sec.<br>This time can be reduced to 5sec with bit 7 in register 21h.  |   |  |  |
| 3  | Wake-Up PwDn  | write 4h to reg. 1Ch and 0h to reg. 1Ah disable heartbeat source<br>Write 3 times to reg.22h to define wake-up time;<br><b>Power-Down</b> by heartbeat without source by writing 9h to reg. 20h           |  |  |
| 4  | Heartbeat PwDn  | write 4h to reg. 1Ch and 4h/8h or Ch to reg. 1Ah … select HBT source<br>write 9h to reg. 20h … enable heartbeat with source<br><b>Power-Down</b> if no edge on the selected HBT source is seen for 500ms. |  |  |
| 5  | SERIF Watch-Dog<br>PwDn   | write 3h to reg. 20h enable SERIF watch-dog<br><b>Power-Down</b> if no SERIF read is seen for 500ms.  |  |  |
| 6  | Junction-Temp PwDn  | <b>Power-Down</b> if junction temperature rises up to 140degC.<br>This threshold can be lowered with bits <4:0> in reg 21h.<br>This supervisor can be disabled with bit 2 in reg. 20h.                    |  |  |
| 7  | BVDD LOW PwDn   | <b>Power-Down</b> if AVDD27 LDO has 10% under-voltage for more than 680us.<br>This supervisor can get disabled with bit 6 in reg. 21h.  |  |  |
| 8  | PVDD1 LOW PwDn  | <b>Power-Down</b> if enabled with bit 1 in reg. 23h and PVDD1 LDO has 10% under-voltage for more than 680us.  |  |  |
| 9  | PVDD2 LOW PwDn  | <b>Power-Down</b> if enabled with bit 3 in reg. 23h and PVDD2 LDO has 10% under-voltage for more than 680us.  |  |  |
| 10 | CVDD1 LOW PwDn  | <b>Power-Down</b> if enabled with bit 7 in reg. 23h and CVDD1 DCDC has 10% under-voltage for more than 680us.   |  |  |
| 11 | CVDD2 LOW PwDn  | <b>Power-Down</b> if enabled with bit 1 in reg. 24h and CVDD2 DCDC has 10% under-voltage for more than 680us.   |  |  |

### 10.1.3 Start-up Sequence

The AFE offers different power-up sequences. While VPRG1 and VPRG2 pins are defining the regulator voltages VPRG3 is setting the sequence of powering on the regulators during the start-up. These pins detect 5 logical input states which shall come from an external resistor divider network.

At first, LDO2 (AVDD27) and LDO1 (AVDD17) are powered up. This cannot be influenced with the selection of specific sequences below. LDO2 is necessary for the internal supply of the AFE, LDO1 could be turned off later if no audio functionality is needed.

After power-up sequence all voltage settings and power on/off conditions of the described regulators can be programmed via the serial interface

Table 29. Start-Up Sequence

|                 | CVDD1           | CVDD2           | PVDD1           | PVDD2           |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| VPRG1 (core)    |                 |                 |                 | •               |
| open            | 1.2V            |                 |                 |                 |
| VPRG2 (peri)    |                 |                 |                 |                 |
| vdd             |                 | 2.5V            | 3.3V            | 3.3V            |
| 150k PU         |                 | 2.8V            | 1.8V            | 3.3V            |
| open            |                 | 1.8V            | 3.3V            | 3.3V            |
| 150k PD         |                 |                 |                 |                 |
| VSS             |                 | 3.3V            | 3.3V            | 3.3V            |
| VPRG3 (sequence | e)              |                 |                 |                 |
| vdd             | 1 <sup>st</sup> | 2 <sup>nd</sup> | 3 <sup>rd</sup> | off             |
| 150k PU         | 1 <sup>st</sup> | 2 <sup>nd</sup> | 3 <sup>rd</sup> | 3 <sup>rd</sup> |
| open            | 3 <sup>rd</sup> | 2 <sup>nd</sup> | 1 <sup>st</sup> | 1 <sup>st</sup> |
| 150k PD         |                 |                 |                 |                 |
| VSS             | 3 <sup>rd</sup> | 2 <sup>nd</sup> | 1 <sup>st</sup> | off             |

#### 10.1.4 XRES delay with PWGD pin

With using an exteral capacitor on PWGD, the XRES signal can be delayed. This delay can be calculated with the 10uA pull-up current and a comparator threshold of ~1V. Using a 100nF capacitance will give a delay of 10ms.

### 10.1.5 Register Description

Table 30. System Related Register

| Name                   | Base                         | Offset | Description  |
|------------------------|------------------------------|--------|--|
| Out_Cntr1              | 2-wire serial                | 1A-1h  | Control of PWGD and XRES signal and drive                |
| In_Cntr                | 2-wire serial                | 1A-4h  | Selection of HBT input pin                               |
| PMU_Enable             | PMU_Enable 2-wire serial 1Ch |        | Enables writings to extended registers 1Ah-1 and 1Ah-5   |
| SYSTEM 2-wire serial 2 |                              | 20h    | Watchdog and Over-temperature control, Power down enable |
| SUPERVISOR             | 2-wire serial                | 21h    | Set emergency shutdown time                              |
| IRQENRD_0              | 2-wire serial                | 23h    | Enable/disable PMU interrupts                            |
| IRQENRD_1              | 2-wire serial                | 24h    | Enable/disable wake-up, voice and PMU interrupts         |
| IRQENRD_2              | 2-wire serial                | 25h    | Enable/disable charger, USB and supervisor interrupts    |
| IRQENRD_3              | 2-wire serial                | 26h    | Enable/disable junction temperature interrupt            |

### 10.2 Hibernation

#### 10.2.1 General

Hibernation allows shutting down a part or the complete system. Hibernation can be terminated by every possible interrupt of the AFE. E.g. one can use the RTC for a time triggered wake-up. The interrupt has to be enabled before going to hibernation.:

Table 31. Hibernation

| State       | Description  |
|-------------|--|
| Enter       | <ul> <li>To enter hibernation mode the following settings have to be done: <ul> <li>Enable just these IRQ sources which should lead to leave hibernation mode.</li> <li>Make sure that IRQ is inactive (IRQ flags get cleared by Reg0x23-27 readings.</li> <li>Define which regulators should be kept powered and enter hibernation by writing to Reg 1Ch_0x06 + Reg 17h_0xXX</li> </ul> </li> <li>Note that hibernation will shutdown regulators which are not in the keep list of the mentioned Reg 17h writing and which are powered by the selected power-up sequence.</li> <li>(e.g. PVDD2 will not go hibernation with VPRG3 is vss or vdd)</li> </ul> |
| Hibernation | VDD27 chip supply is kept ON<br>All other regulators are switched OFF dependent on the KEEP-Bits<br>XRES goes active and PWGD goes inactive.   |
| Leave       | The chip will come out of Hibernation with IRQ activation.<br>Start-Up sequence is provided defined by the VPRG state latched on the previous Start-Up.<br>(VPRG state does not get latched again by leaving hibernation)  |

#### 10.2.2 Register Description

Table 32. Hibernation Related Register

| Name        | Base          | Offset | Description                                 |
|-------------|---------------|--------|---|
| Hibernation | 2-wire serial | 17h-6  | Hibernation control                         |
| PMU_Enable  | 2-wire serial | 1Ch    | Enables writings to extended register 17h-6 |

# 10.3 Supervisor

#### 10.3.1 General

This supervisor function can be used for automatic detection of BVDD brown out or junction over-temperature condition.

### 10.3.2 BVDD Supervision

The BVDD supervision interrupt level is set to 175mV above regulator output AVDD27. When BVDD reaches this level an interrupt can be generated.

If AVDD27 reaches the "programmed level of AVDD27" -10% for more than 680us, the AFE shuts down automatically, if the shutdown is not disabled.

#### 10.3.3 Junction Temperature Supervision

The temperature supervision level can also be set by 5 bits (120 to  $-15^{\circ}$ C). If the temperature reaches this level, an interrupt can be generated. The over-temperature shutdown level is always 20°C higher.

#### 10.3.4 Power Rail Monitoring

The 4 main regulators as well as the DCDC15 booster and the system supply AVDD27 have an extra monitor which observes the output voltage of the regulators. This power rail monitors are independent from the 10bit ADC. To activate these please see related registers. For a shut down the voltage of the regulator has to be 10% or more below the programmed value for more than 680us.

#### 10.3.5 Register Description

|  | Table 33. | Supervisor Related Register |
|--|-----------|-----------------------------|
|--|-----------|-----------------------------|

| Name       | Base          | Offset | Description  |
|------------|---------------|--------|--|
| SUPERVISOR | 2-wire serial | 21h    | Low battery shutdown disable and junction temperature supervision threshold levels |
| IRQENRD_0  | 2-wire serial | 23h    | Enable/disable PVDD/CVDD monitoring interrupt and shutdown                         |
| IRQENRD_1  | 2-wire serial | 24h    | Enable/disable PVDD/CVDD monitoring interrupt and shutdown                         |
| IRQENRD_2  | 2-wire serial | 25h    | Enable/disable battery brown out interrupt   |
| IRQENRD_3  | 2-wire serial | 26h    | Enable/disable junction temperature interrupt                                      |
| IRQENRD_4  | 2-wire serial | 27h    | Enable/disable AVDD27 and DCDC15 monitoring interrupt                              |

### 10.4 Interrupt Generation

#### 10.4.1 General

All interrupt sources can get enabled or disabled by corresponding bits in the 5 IRQ-bytes. By default no interrupt source is enabled.

The XIRQ output can be configured to operate in push/pull (2 different driver strengths), open-drain mode or to be tristate. The signal polarity can be defined as active-low or active-high. Default state is open-drain active-low. For a more detailed description of the GPIO functionality of this pin please refer to chapter GPIO Pins on page 48.

#### 10.4.2 IRQ Source Interpretation

There are 3 different modules to process interrupt sources:

#### LEVEL

The IRQ output is kept active as long as the interrupt source is present and this IRQ-Bit is enabled

### EDGE

The IRQ gets active with a high going edge of this source. The IRQ stays active until the corresponding IRQ-Register gets read.

#### STATUS CHANGE

The IRQ gets active when the source-state changes. The change bit and the status can be read to notice which interrupt was the source. The IRQ stays active until the corresponding interrupt register gets read.

#### 10.4.3 De-bouncer

There is a de-bounce function implemented for USB and CHARGER. Since these 2 signals can be unstable for the phase of plug-in or unplug, a de-bounce time of 512ms/256ms/128ms/8ms can be selected by 2 bits in the IRQ\_ENRD\_4 register (27h).

#### 10.4.4 Interrupt Sources

25 IRQ events will activate the XIRQ pin:

- Headphone connected
- Headphone over-current
- Microphone connected
- Microphone remote control
- Voice activation threshold reached
- 10bit ADC end of conversion
- I<sup>2</sup>S changed (active/inactive)
- USB changed (connect/disconnect)
- Charger changed (end of charge or connect/disconnect)
- Battery temperature high (at 45°C or 55°C with 100kΩ NTC)
- Junction temperature high
- RTC watchdog (e.g. after battery was changed)
- Battery low (Brown-out voltage reached)
- Wake-up from hibernation
- Power-up key (pin PWRUP) pressed
- Power rail monitor: over-voltage PVDD1, PVDD2, CVDD1, CVDD2, DCDC15
- Power rail monitor: under-voltage PVDD1, PVDD2, CVDD1, CVDD2, AVDD27

#### 10.4.5 Register Description

Table 34. Interrupt Related Register

| Name       | Base          | Offset | Description   |
|------------|---------------|--------|---|
| Out_Cntr3  | 2-wire serial | 1A-3h  | Control of XIRQ signal, polarity and drive  |
| PMU_Enable | 2-wire serial | 1Ch    | Enables writings to extended register 1Ah-3 and 1Ah-5                                     |
| IRQENRD_0  | 2-wire serial | 23h    | Enable/disable PMU interrupts   |
| IRQENRD_1  | 2-wire serial | 24h    | Enable/disable wake-up, voice and PMU interrupts  |
| IRQENRD_2  | 2-wire serial | 25h    | Enable/disable charger, USB and supervisor interrupts                                     |
| IRQENRD_3  | 2-wire serial | 26h    | Enable/disable junction temperature, headphone, microphone and I2S interrupt              |
| IRQENRD_4  | 2-wire serial | 27h    | Enable/disable PMU, RTC, ADC10 and microphone interrupt, set VBUS and CHGIN debounce time |

## 10.5 Real Time Clock

#### 10.5.1 General

The real time clock is not available in this package, please make sure that the RTC is disabled.

#### 10.5.2 Register Description

Table 35. RTC Related Register

| Name     | Base          | Offset | Description                             |
|----------|---------------|--------|---|
| RTC_Cntr | 2-wire serial | 28h    | RTC oscillator enable, free usable bits |

### 10.6 10-Bit ADC

#### 10.6.1 General

This general purpose ADC can be used for measuring several voltages and currents to perform functions like battery monitor, temperature supervision, button press detection, etc.

#### 10.6.2 Input Sources

Table 36. ADC10 Input Sources

| # | Source   | Range           | LSB | Description  |
|---|----------|-----------------|-----|--|
| 0 | BVDD     | 5.120V          | 5mV | check main system input voltage  |
| 1 |          |                 |     | reserved   |
| 2 | CHGIN    | 5.120V          | 5mV | check charger input voltage  |
| 3 | CHGOUT   | 5.120V          | 5mV | check battery voltage of 4V Li-Ion accumulator   |
| 4 | VBUS     | 5.120V          | 5mV | check USB input voltage  |
| 5 |          | 5.120V          | 5mV | Source defined by DC_TEST in register 18h  |
| 6 | BatTemp  | 2.048V          | 2mV | check battery charging temperature   |
| 7 |          |                 |     | reserved   |
| 8 | MICS     | 2.048V          | 2mV | check voltage on MICS for remote control or external voltage measurement                           |
| 9 |          |                 |     | reserved   |
| A | I_MICS   | 1.024mA<br>typ. | 2uA | check current of MICS for remote control detection   |
| В |          |                 |     | reserved   |
| С | VBE_1uA  | 1.024           | 1mV | measuring basis-emitter voltage of temperature sense<br>transistor;<br>Tj = (674 - ADC10<9:0>) / 2 |
| D | VBE_2uA  | 1.024           | 1mV | measuring basis-emitter voltage of temperature sense<br>transistor;<br>Tj = (694 - ADC10<9:0>) / 2 |
| Е | I_CHGact | 1.024V          | 1mV | check active charger current   |
| F | I_CHGref | 1.024V          | 1mV | check reference charger current  |

#### 10.6.3 Parameter

AVDD27=2.7,  $T_A$ = 25<sup>o</sup>C, unless otherwise mentioned *Table 37. ADC10 Parameter* 

| Symbol              | Parameter               | Condition | Min | Тур  | Max | Unit |
|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-----|------|-----|------|
| ADC <sub>FS</sub>   | ADC Full Scale Range    |           | -   | 2.16 | -   | V    |
| T <sub>CON</sub>    | Conversion Time         |           | -   | 34   | 50  | μs   |
| I_MIC <sub>FS</sub> | I_MICS Full Scale Range |           | 0.7 | 1.0  | 1.4 | mA   |

#### 10.6.4 Register Description

Table 38. ADC10 Related Register

| Name       | Base          | Offset | Description  |
|------------|---------------|--------|--|
| PMU_Enable | 2-wire serial | 1Ch    | Extended ADC source selection                      |
| IRQENRD_4  | 2-wire serial | 27h    | Interrupt settings for end of conversion interrupt |
| ADC10_0    | 2-wire serial | 2Eh    | ADC source selection, ADC result<9:8>              |
| ADC10_1    | 2 wire serial | 2Fh    | ADC result <7:0>                                   |

### 10.7 GPIO Pins

#### 10.7.1 General

PWGD, XRES, SDO, XIRQ are so called GPIO (general purpose inputs/outputs) as they can feature auxiliary functionality.

If the main pin function is not needed all pins can provide internal clocks or can drive a static HIGH or LOW. Four different clock lines (CLKINT1, CLKINT2, CLK24M, CLK32K) can be selected. Each of these clock lines can drive different frequencies which can be set by register options. In addition some pins can provide a PWM signal. The duty cycle of the PWM output can also be set in the registers.

PWGD, XRES and XIRQ can be configured also as open drain outputs. For all pins the driver strength of the push/pull output mode can be selected.

PWGD, Q24M, Q32K can also be used as inputs for a heartbeat signal or an external dimming signal for the DCDC15 booster.

#### 10.7.2 Internal Source Signals

#### CLKINT1 Signal

This is an internal signal line which can drive pre defined frequencies of 125Hz, 1kHz, 667kHz or 2MHz. This signal line can be selected as source for the XRES, XIRQ and SDO GPIO output pins.

#### CLKINT2 Signal

This is an internal signal line which can drive the PLL clock, the clock for the logarithmic dimming of DCDC15 or can be set to static HIGH/LOW. This signal line can be selected as source for the PWGD and XIRQ output pins.

#### PWM Signal

The duty cycle of the PWM signal can be set in 128 steps plus an option to invert the signal. It ca be used as source for all GPIO outputs other than XIRQ.

#### 10.7.3 Pin Functions

#### PWGD Pin

Can drive CLKINT2 or the PWM signal as auxiliary function. The output can be configured to operate in push/pull (2 different driver strength) open-drain mode or to be trie-state. It can be used as an input for a heartbeat, external dimming signal or as additional source for the 10-bit general purpose ADC.

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Using a capacitor on this pin will delay the XRES signal. Please refer to chapter XRES delay with PWGD pin on page 43. When usig the pin as an ADC input the voltage to be measured has to be higher than 1V, the XRES delay functionality is than no longer avilable.

#### XRES Pin

Can drive CLKINT1 or the PWM signal as auxiliary function. The output can be configured to operate in push/pull (2 different driver strengths) open-drain mode or to be trie-state.

The XRES signal can be delayed by using a capacitor on PWGD pin. Please refer to chapter XRES delay with PWGD pin on page 43.

#### XIRQ Pin

Can drive CLKINT1, CLKINT2 signal as auxiliary function. The output can be configured to operate in push/pull (2 different driver strengths) open-drain mode or to be trie-state. The interrupt signal polarity can be defined as active-low or active-high.

#### SDO Pin

Can drive CLKINT1 or the PWM signal as auxiliary function. The output can be configured to operate in push/pull (3 different driver strengths) or to be trie-state.

#### 10.7.4 Register Description

Table 39. GPIO Related Register

| Name       | Base          | Offset | Description  |
|------------|---------------|--------|--|
| Out_Cntr1  | 2-wire serial | 1A-1h  | Control of PWGD and XRES signal and drive              |
| reserved   | 2-wire serial | 1A-2h  | Control of Q32K signal and drive                       |
| Out_Cntr3  | 2-wire serial | 1A-3h  | Control of XIRQ signal, polarity and drive             |
| In_Cntr    | 2-wire serial | 1A-4h  | Selection of HBT and DCDC 15 dimming input pin         |
| Clk_Cntr   | 2-wire serial | 1A-5h  | Selection of clock source or drive level for GPIO pins |
| PWM_Cntr   | 2-wire serial | 1A-6h  | PWM duty cycle and polarity settings                   |
| PMU_Enable | 2-wire serial | 1Ch    | Enables writings to extended registers 1Ah-1 to 1Ah-6  |

### 10.8 12-24MHz Oscillator

#### 10.8.1 General

This oscillator is not available in this package. As the oscillator is default ON, it has to be disabled.

#### 10.8.2 Register Description

Table 40. 12-24MHz Oscillator Related Register

| Name       | Base          | Offset | Description  |
|------------|---------------|--------|--|
| Clk_Cntr   | 2-wire serial | 1A-5h  | Enable/disable oscillator and clock divider settings |
| PMU_Enable | 2-wire serial | 1Ch    | Enables writings to extended registers A1Ah-5        |

### 10.9 Unique ID Code (64 bit OTP ROM)

#### 10.9.1 General

This fuse array is used to store a unique identification number, which can be used for DRM issues. The number is generated and programmed during the production process.

#### 10.9.2 Register Description

Table 41. UID Related Register

| Name           | Base          | Offset     | Description               |
|----------------|---------------|------------|---------------------------|
| UID_0 to UID_7 | 2-wire serial | 38h to 3Fh | Unique ID register 0 to 7 |

# **11 Register Definition**

Table 42. I2C Register Overview

| Addr  | Name      | b7   | b6                              | b5         | b4  | b3  | b2              | b1   | b0 |  |
|-------|-----------|--|---------------------------------|------------|---|---|-----------------|------|----|--|
| Audio | Registers |  | •                               | <b>I</b>   |   |   | 1               |      |    |  |
| 00h   | reserved  |  |                                 |            |   |   |                 |      |    |  |
| 01h   | reserved  |  |                                 |            |   |   |                 |      |    |  |
| 02h   | OUT_R     | LOUT<br>0: HP;<br>1: LOUT  |                                 |            |   | OUTR_VOL<4:0><br>Gain from MUX_C to HPR/LOUTR= -40.5dB+6dB          |                 |      |    |  |
| 03h   | OUT_L     | MUTE_K_ON  | STAGE ON HEDET ON               |            | —   | OUTL_VOL<4:0><br>Gain from MUX_C to HPL/LOUTL= -40.5dB+6dB          |                 |      |    |  |
| 04h   | reserved  |  | •                               |            |   |   |                 |      |    |  |
| 05h   | reserved  |  |                                 |            |   |   |                 |      |    |  |
| 06h   | MIC_R     | MIC_MODE         PRE_GAIN<1:0>           0: MonoDiff         0: 30dB; 1: 36dB;           1: SingleEnd         2: 42dB; 3: reserved |                                 |            | MICR_VOL<4:0><br>Gain from MicAmp (N4) to Mixer (N12) = -40.5dB+6dB |   |                 |      |    |  |
| 07h   | MIC_L     | MSUP_OFF   |                                 |            |   | MICL_VOL<4:0><br>Gain from MicAmp (N4) to Mixer (N13) = -40.5dB+6dB |                 |      |    |  |
| 08h   | reserved  |  | •                               | •          | -   |   |                 |      |    |  |
| 09h   | reserved  |  |                                 |            |   |   |                 |      |    |  |
| 0Ah   | LINE_IN_R | -  | -                               | MUTE_B_OFF | LIR_VOL<4:0><br>Gain from MUX_                                      | _E (N27) to Mixer   | (N10) = -40.5dB | +6dB |    |  |
| 0Bh   | LINE_IN_L | LO_DISCHG_O<br>FF  | LI_MODE<br>0: stereo<br>1: mono | MUTE_G_OFF | LIL_VOL<4:0><br>Gain from MUX_                                      | E (N28) to Mixer  | (N17) = -40.5dB | +6dB |    |  |
| 0Ch   | reserved  |  | •                               | 4          |   |   |                 |      |    |  |
| 0Dh   | reserved  |  |                                 |            |   |   |                 |      |    |  |
| 0Eh   | DAC_R     | -  | -                               | -          | DAR_VOL<4:0><br>Gain from DAC (                                     |   | 23) = -40.5dB+6 | dB   |    |  |
| 0Fh   | DAC_L     | -  | -                               | MUTE_H_OFF | DAL_VOL<4:0><br>Gain from DAC                                       | (N22) to Mixer (N2  | 26) = -40.5dB+6 | dB   |    |  |
| 10h   | ADC_R     | MUX_A<1:0><br>0: MIC; 1: LIN;<br>2: -; 3: SUM  |                                 | -          | ADR_VOL<4:0><br>Gain from MUX_                                      |   | N9) = -34.5dB+1 | 2dB  |    |  |
| 11h   | ADC_L     | ADC_MODE<1:(<br>0: Fdac/2; 1: Fdac/4;<br>2,3: Fdac/1   | )>                              | MUTE_A_OFF | ADL_VOL<4:0><br>Gain from MUX_A to ADC/Mixer (N18) = -34.5dB+12dB   |   |                 |      |    |  |

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| Table 42. | I2C Register Overview |
|-----------|-----------------------|
|-----------|-----------------------|

| Addr           | Name               | b7  | b6  | b5   | b4  | b3  | b2                              | b1   | b0        |  |
|----------------|--------------------|---|---|--|---|---|---------------------------------|--|-----------|--|
| 12h            | DAC_IF             | I2S_DIRECT                                | I2S_LOOP  | I2S_ATTEN<br>0: NoAtten<br>1: AttenON  | SDI_ATTEN<4:0><br>Attenuation of I2S input data = -48dB1.5dB                                    |   |                                 |  |           |  |
| 13h            | reserved           |   |   |  |   |   |                                 |  |           |  |
| 14h            | AudioSet1          | ADC_ON                                    | DAC_ON  | DAC_GST_ON   | SDI_MUTE  | -   | LIN_ON                          | -  | MIC_ON    |  |
| 15h            | AudioSet2          | BIAS_OFF                                  | SUM_OFF   | SUM_AGC_OF<br>F  | - 0: 2ms; 1: 4ms; 0: VDD17*2  |   |                                 | VMICS<1:0><br>0: VDD17*20/17, 1: \<br>2: VDD17*20/27, 3: \ |           |  |
| 16h            | AudioSet3          | -   | MICMIX_OFF  | -  | ADCMIX_ON   | LINMIX_OFF  | HP_FASTSTAR<br>T                | -  | HPCM_ON   |  |
| PMU F          | Register           | •   | •   |  |   | •   | •                               | ·  | ·         |  |
| 17h-1          | CVDD1              | PROG_CVDD1                                | 0x41 - 0x70: 1.4V +                                 | <ul> <li>•6:0&gt;</li> <li>• VSEL * 12.5mV -&gt; (0.6</li> <li>• (VSEL-0x40) * 25mV -</li> <li>• (VSEL-0x70) * 50mV -</li> </ul>   | >(1.425V – 2.600V)  |   |                                 |  |           |  |
| 17h-2          | CVDD2              | PROG_CVDD2                                | 0 OFF<br>0x01 – 0x40: 0.6V +<br>0x41 – 0x70: 1.4V + | VSEL_CVDD2<6:0><br>0 OFF<br>0x01 - 0x40: 0.6V + VSEL * 12.5mV -> (0.6125V - 1.400V)<br>0x41 - 0x70: 1.4V + (VSEL-0x40) * 25mV ->(1.425V - 2.600V)<br>0x71 - 0x7F: 2.6V + (VSEL-0x70) * 50mV -> (2.650V - 3.350V) |   |   |                                 |  |           |  |
| 17h-3          | reserved           |   |   |  |   |   |                                 |  |           |  |
| 17h-4          | reserved           |   |   |  |   |   |                                 |  |           |  |
| 17h-5          | reserved           |   |   |  |   |   |                                 |  |           |  |
| 17h-6          | Hibernation        | -   | -   | KEEP_PVDD2   | KEEP_PVDD1  | -   | -                               | KEEP_CVDD2   | KEEP_CVDD |  |
|                |                    | CVDD2 fast                                | CVDD1_fast  | CVDD2_freq<br>0: 2MHz  | CVDD1_freq  | DVM_CVDD2<1:0>         DVM_CVDD1<1:0>           0: immediate;         0: immediate;           1: 42us/step;         1: 42us/step;           2: 166us/step;         2: 166us/step; |                                 | :0>  |           |  |
| 17h-7          | DCDC_Cntr          | 0: Cext=10uF<br>1: Cext=22uF              | 0: Cext=10uF<br>1: Cext=22uF                        | 1: 1MHz  | 1: 1MHz   |   |                                 | 2: 166us/step;<br>3: 666us/step                            |           |  |
|                | DCDC_Cntr<br>PVDD1 | 0: Cext=10uF                              |   |  | VSEL_PVDD1<<br>0x00 – 0x0F: 1.2V +  | 2: 166us/step;<br>3: 666us/step   |                                 |  |           |  |
| 18h-1          |                    | 0: Cext=10uF<br>1: Cext=22uF              |   | 1: 1MHz  | VSEL_PVDD1<<br>0x00 - 0x0F: 1.2V +<br>0x10 - 0x1F: 2.0V +<br>VSEL_PVDD2<<br>0x00 - 0x0F: 1.2V + | 2: 166us/step;<br>3: 666us/step<br>4:0><br>VSEL * 50mV -> (1.2\<br>(VSEL-0x10) * 100mV  | / ->(2.0V - 3.5V)<br>/ - 1.95V) |  |           |  |
| 18h-1<br>18h-2 | PVDD1<br>PVDD2     | 0: Cext=10uF<br>1: Cext=22uF<br>PVDD1_OFF |   | 1: 1MHz PRG_PVDD1  | VSEL_PVDD1<<br>0x00 - 0x0F: 1.2V +<br>0x10 - 0x1F: 2.0V +<br>VSEL_PVDD2<<br>0x00 - 0x0F: 1.2V + | 2: 166us/step;<br>3: 666us/step<br>4:0><br>VSEL * 50mV -> (1.2\<br>(VSEL-0x10) * 100mV<br>4:0><br>VSEL * 50mV -> (1.2\  | / ->(2.0V - 3.5V)<br>/ - 1.95V) |  |           |  |
| 18h-1          | PVDD1<br>PVDD2     | 0: Cext=10uF<br>1: Cext=22uF<br>PVDD1_OFF |   | 1: 1MHz PRG_PVDD1  | VSEL_PVDD1<<br>0x00 - 0x0F: 1.2V +<br>0x10 - 0x1F: 2.0V +<br>VSEL_PVDD2<<br>0x00 - 0x0F: 1.2V + | 2: 166us/step;<br>3: 666us/step<br>4:0><br>VSEL * 50mV -> (1.2\<br>(VSEL-0x10) * 100mV<br>4:0><br>VSEL * 50mV -> (1.2\  | / ->(2.0V - 3.5V)<br>/ - 1.95V) |  |           |  |

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### Table 42. I2C Register Overview

| Addr  | Name      | b7   | b6   | b5   | b4   | b3   | b2  | b1  | b0   |  |
|-------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|
| 18h-6 | AVDD27    | -  | -  | PRG_AVDD27   | -  | VSEL_AVDD27<3:0><br>0x0 - 0x2: 2.3V<br>0x3 - 0xF: 2.0V + VSEL* 100mV ->(2.3V - 3.5V)   |   |   |  |  |
| 18h-7 | AVDD17    | AVDD17_OFF   | -  | PRG_AVDD17   | VSEL_AVDD17<4:0><br>0x00 - 0x1F: 1.65V + VSEL * 50mV -> (1.65V - 3.2V) |  |   |   |  |  |
| 19h-1 | CHGVBUS1  | BAT_TEMP_OF<br>F   | MP_OF         CHG_I<2:0>           03: 55, 70, 140, 210mA         47: 280, 350, 420, 460mA |  |  | CHG_V<2:0>         CHG_OFF           3.9V + CHG_V * 50mV -> (3.9V - 4.25V)         CHG_OFF   |   |   | CHG_OFF  |  |
| 19h-2 | CHGVBUS2  | VBUS_COMP_T<br>0: 4.5V; 1: 3.18V;<br>2: 1.5V; 3: 0.6V        | H <1:0>  | -  | -  | -  | - 0: 0.4/0.5V;<br>1: 0.6/0.7V                                 |   | CHG_EOC_TH<1:0><br>0: 10% CC; 1: 30% CC;<br>2: 50% CC; 3: 70% CC |  |
| 1Ah-1 | Out_Cntr1 |  | DRIVE_PWGD<1:0>         MUX           0: 6mA OD; 1: 6mA PP;         0: PW0                 |  |  | DRIVE_XRES<<br>0: 6mA OD; 1: 6mA<br>2: 1mA PP; 3: HiZ  |   | MUX_XRES<1:<br>0: XRES; 1: -;<br>2: CLKINT1; 3: PWI | MUX_XRES<1:0><br>0: XRES; 1: -;                                  |  |
| 1Ah-2 | reserved  | -  |  | -  |  | -  |   | -   |  |  |
| 1Ah-3 | Out_Cntr3 | DRIVE_SDO<1:0><br>0: 6mA PP; 1: HiZ;<br>2: 2mA PP; 3: 1mA PP |  | MUX_SDO<1:0><br>0: SDO; 1: -;<br>2: CLKINT1; 3: PWM      |  |  | DRIVE_XIRQ<1:0><br>0: 6mA OD; 1: 6mA PP;<br>2: 1mA PP; 3: HiZ |   | MUX_XIRQ<1:0><br>0: XIRQ; 1: CLKINT1;<br>2: CLKINT2; 3: IRQ      |  |
| 1Ah-4 | In_Cntr   | -  | -  | -  |  |  | MUX_HBT<1:0><br>0: OFF; 1: PWGD;<br>2: -; 3: -                |   | MUX_ExtDim<1:0><br>0: OFF; 1: PWGD;<br>2: -; -                   |  |
| 1Ah-5 | Clk_Cntr  | CLKINT2<1:0><br>0: CLKPLL; 1: CLKlo<br>2: LOW; 3: HIGH       | gdim;  | CLKINT1<1:0><br>0: 2MHz; 1: 667kHz;<br>2: 1kHz; 3: 125Hz |  | CLK24M<1:0><br>0: -; 1: -;<br>2: -; 3: OSC24M_PD   |   |   |  |  |
| 1Ah-6 | PWM_Cntr  | PWM_INVERT   | PWM_CYCLE<<br>0: no pulses;<br>1-127: duty cycle = F                                       | 6:0><br>PWM_CYCLE * 0.39%                                |  |  |   |   |  |  |
| 1Ah-7 | PLL       | OSR<3:0><br>0x0: 128;<br>0x1-0xF: n/a                        |  |  |  | VCO_MODE<1:0>         PLL_MODE<1:0>           0: 24-48kHz;         0: automatic;           1: 8-23kHz;         1: ON;           2: n/a;         2: OFF;           3: n/a         3: auto_inv |   | 0>  |  |  |
| 1Bh-1 | DCDC15    | DIM_UP_XDO<br>WN   | DIM_RATE<1:0<br>0: 0ms; 1: 300ms;<br>2: 600ms; 3: 1200ms                                   |  | VFB_ON   | ExtDim_ON  | -   | -   | -  |  |
| 1Bh-2 | ISINK1    | I_SINK1<4:0><br>0: OFF;<br>1-31: 1.2mA *I;_ISINI             | <1 -> (1.2mA37.2m/   | <br>A)   |  |  |   |   |  |  |
|       | reserved  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |  |  |

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| Table 42. | I2C Register Overview |
|-----------|-----------------------|
| 10010 42. |                       |

| Addr   | Name         | b7  | b6   | b5               | b4          | b3   | b2  | b1                                     | b0         |
|--------|--------------|---|--|------------------|-------------|--|---|--|------------|
| 1Ch    | PMU_Enable   | DC_TEST_MUX<br>0: open; 1: VDD27; 2<br>3: PVDD1; 4: PVDD2<br>6: CVDD2; 7: RVDD;<br>9: PWGD; A-F: not de | : VDD17;<br>; 5: CVDD1;<br>8: FVDD;  |                  |             | PMU_GATE   | PMU_WR_ENA<br>SubRegister address<br>0x17: DCDC regulato<br>0x18: LDOs regulato<br>0x19: Charger<br>0x1A: IO_clock_cont<br>0x1B: BackLight_DC | ses for registers:<br>ors<br>rs<br>rol |            |
| Syster | m Register   |   |  |                  |             |  |   |  |            |
| 20h    | SYSTEM       | Design_Version<   | <3:0>  |                  |             | HB_WD_ON   | JTEMP_OFF   | I2C_WD_ON                              | PWR_HOLD   |
| 21h    | SUPERVISOR   | SD_TIME<br>0: 10s;<br>1: 5s   | BVDDIow_SD_<br>OFF<br>VDD27-10%  | -                |             | :0><br> 40°C - JTEMP_SUP*5<br>- JTEMP_SUP*5°C -> |   |  |            |
| 23h    | 3h IRQENRD 0 | CVDD1_SD  | CVDD1_IRQ  | -                | -           | PVDD2_SD   | PVDD2_IRQ   | PVDD1_SD                               | PVDD1_IRQ  |
| 2311   |              | CVDD1_under   | CVDD1_over   | -                | -           | PVDD2_under                                      | PVDD2_over  | PVDD1_under                            | PVDD1_over |
| 24h    | IRQENRD 1    | PWRUP_IRQ   | WAKEUP_IRQ   | MCLK_IRQ         | -           | -  | -   | CVDD2_SD                               | CVDD2_IRQ  |
| 2411   |              |   |  |                  |             |  |   | CVDD2_under                            | CVDD2_over |
| 25h    | IRQENRD 2    | BATTEMP_IRQ   | -  | -                | CHG_IRQ     | -  | USB_IRQ   | RTC_WD                                 | BVDD_LOW   |
| 2511   |              |   | CHG_EOC  | CHG_CON          | CHG_changed | USB_CON  | USB_changed   |  |            |
| 26h    | IRQENRD 3    | JTEMP_HIGH  | -  | HP_OVC           | -           | I2S_IRQ  | VOXM_IRQ  | MIC_CON                                | HPH_CON    |
| 2011   |              |   |  |                  | I2S_status  | I2S_changed                                      |   |  |            |
| 076    |              | T_DEB<1:0>  |  | AVDD27_IRQ       | DCDC15_IRQ  | -  | REM_DET   | -                                      | ADC_EOC    |
| 27h    | IRQENRD_4    | 0: 512ms; 1: 256ms;<br>2: 128ms; 3: 8ms   |  | AVDD27_under     | DCDC15_over |  |   |  |            |
| 28h    | RTC_Cntr     | Free_Bits<3:0> t  | o be used for app  | lication purpose |             | -  |   | -                                      | OSC_ON     |
| 29h    | reserved     |   |  |                  |             |  |   |  |            |
| 2Ah    | RTC_0        | QRTC<7:0>   |  |                  |             |  |   |  |            |
| 2Bh    | RTC_1        | QRTC<15:8>  |  |                  |             |  |   |  |            |
| 2Ch    | RTC_2        | QRTC<23:16>   |  |                  |             |  |   |  |            |
| 2Dh    | RTC_3        | QRTC<31:24>   |  |                  |             |  |   |  |            |
| 2Eh    | ADC10_0      | 0: BVDD; 1: BVDDR;<br>5: DC_TEST; 6: BATT   | ADC10_MUX3:0><br>D: BVDD; 1: BVDDR; 2: CHGIN; 3: CHGOUT; 4: VBUS<br>D: DC_TEST; 6: BATTEMP; 7: MCLK; 8: MICS; A: I_MICS;<br>D: VBE 1uA; D: VBE 2uA; E: I_CHGact; F: I_CHGref |                  |             |  |   |  |            |
| 2Fh    | ADC10_1      | ADC10<7:0>  |  |                  |             |  |   |  |            |

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### Table 42. I2C Register Overview

| Addr  | Name         | b7        | b6 | b5 | b4 | b3 | b2 | b1 | b0 |  |  |
|-------|--------------|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|--|--|
| UID R | UID Register |           |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |  |  |
| 38h   | UID_0        | ID<7:0>   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |  |  |
| 39h   | UID_1        | ID<15:8>  |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |  |  |
| 3Ah   | UID_2        | ID<23:16> |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |  |  |
| 3Bh   | UID_3        | ID<31:24> |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |  |  |
| 3Ch   | UID_4        | ID<39:32> |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |  |  |
| 3Dh   | UID_5        | ID<47:40> |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |  |  |
| 3Eh   | UID_6        | ID<55:48> |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |  |  |
| 3Fh   | UID_7        | ID<63:56> |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |  |  |



### Table 43. OUT\_R Register

|     | Name          |   |        | Base  | Default  |
|-----|---------------|---|--------|---|--|
|     | OUT_R         |   |        | 2-wire serial   | 00h  |
|     |               |   |        | Right HP/Line Outp  | ut Register  |
|     | Offset: 02h   | Configures MUX_C and the audio gain from MUX_C output to HPR/LOUTR outp<br>and switches between the headphone and line output.<br>This register is reset when the block is disabled in AudioSet1 register (14h) or at<br>AVDD27-POR. The register cannot be written when the block is disabled. |        |   |  |
| Bit | Bit Name      | Default   | Access | E   | Bit Description  |
| 7   | LOUT          | 0   | R/W    | Switches between head<br><b>00: headphone enable</b><br>01: line out enabled  |  |
| 6:5 | MUX_C<1:0>    | 00  | R/W    | HPR/L and LOUTR/L<br>00: Mixer: ΣR to HPR/L   |  |
| 4:0 | OUTR_VOL<4:0> | 00000   | R/W    | volume settings for right<br>32 steps @ 1.5dB; gain<br>11111: 6 dB gain<br>11110: 4.5 dB gain<br><br>00001: -39 dB gain<br>00000: -40.5 dB gain | headphone/line output, adjustable in from MUX_C to HPR/LOUTR |

#### Table 44. OUT\_L Register

| Name |               |   |        | Base  | Default   |  |
|------|---------------|---|--------|---|---|--|
|      | OUT_L         |   |        | 2-wire serial   | 00h   |  |
|      |               |   |        | Left HP/Line Outpu  | it Register   |  |
|      | Offset: 03h   | Configures the audio gain from MUX_C output to HPL/LOUTL output and contr<br>MUTE switch K as well as on/off of the stage.<br>This register is reset when the stage is disabled in AudioSet1 register (14h) or a<br>AVDD27-POR. The register cannot be written when the block is disabled |        |   |   |  |
| Bit  | Bit Name      | Default   | Access | Bit Description   |   |  |
| 7    | MUTE_K_ON     | 0   | R/W    | Control of MUTE switch K<br><b>0: HP/line output set to mute</b><br>1: normal operation                       |   |  |
| 6    | STAGE_ON      | 0   | R/W    | 0: HP/line stage not po<br>1: normal operation  | owered  |  |
| 5    | HPDET_ON      | 0   | R/W    | Enables the detection w<br>is used as a sense pin a<br><b>0: no headphone dete</b><br>1: enable headphone det | ction   |  |
| 4:0  | OUTL_VOL<4:0> | 00000   | R/W    |   | neadphone/line output, adjustable in from MUX_C to HPL/LOUTRL |  |



### Table 45. MIC\_R Register

|     | Name          |   |        | Base   | Default  |
|-----|---------------|---|--------|--|--|
|     | MIC_R         |   |        | 2-wire serial  | 00h  |
|     |               |   |        | Right Microphone In  | out Register   |
|     | Offset: 06h   | Configures MUX_C and the audio gain from MUX_C output to HPR/LOUTR output<br>and switches between the headphone and line output.<br>This register is reset at a AVDD27-POR. |        |  |  |
| Bit | Bit Name      | Default   | Access | E  | Bit Description  |
| 7   | MIC_MODE      | 0   | R/W    | Selects the microphone<br><b>0: mono differential m</b><br>1: single ended mode  |  |
| 6:5 | PRE_GAIN<1:0> | 00  | R/W    | Sets the gain of the mic<br>microphone inputs to N3<br>00: gain set to 30 dB<br>01: gain set to 36 dB<br>10: gain set to 42 dB<br>11: reserved, do not use |  |
| 4:0 | MICR_VOL<4:0> | 00000   | R/W    |  | microphone input, adjustable in 32<br>m microphone amplifier (N4) to mixer |

#### Table 46. MIC\_L Register

|     | Name          |   |        | Base  | Default  |  |
|-----|---------------|---|--------|---|--|--|
|     | MIC_L         |   |        | 2-wire serial   | 00h  |  |
|     |               |   |        | Left Microphone Inp   | out Register   |  |
|     | Offset: 07h   | Configures the gain from microphone amplifier output up to mixer input (Σ) a controls MUTE switch D.<br>This register is reset at a AVDD27-POR. |        |   |  |  |
| Bit | Bit Name      | Default   | Access | Bit Description   |  |  |
| 7   | MSUP_OFF      | 0   | R/W    | 0: microphone supply enabled<br>1: microphone supply disabled                             |  |  |
| 6   | MUTE_D_ON     | 0   | R/W    | Control of MUTE switch D<br><b>0: normal operation</b><br>1: microphone input set to mute |  |  |
| 5   | -             | 0   | n/a    |   |  |  |
| 4:0 | MICL_VOL<4:0> | 00000   | R/W    |   | nicrophone input, adjustable in 32<br>m microphone amplifier (N4) to mixer |  |



Table 47. LINE\_IN\_R Register

|     | Name         |   |        | Base   | Default  |  |  |
|-----|--------------|---|--------|--|----------|--|--|
|     | LINE_IN_R    |   |        | 2-wire serial  | 00h      |  |  |
|     |              |   |        | Right Line Input   | Register |  |  |
|     | Offset: 0Ah  | Configures the gain from right analog line input MUX E to mixer input ( $\Sigma$ ) and co<br>MUTE switch B.<br>This register is reset when the block is disabled in AudioSet1 register (14h) or a<br>AVDD27-POR. The register cannot be written when the block is disabled. |        |  |          |  |  |
| Bit | Bit Name     | Default   | Access | ss Bit Description   |          |  |  |
| 7   | -            | 0   | n/a    |  |          |  |  |
| 6   | -            | 0   | n/a    |  |          |  |  |
| 5   | MUTE_B_OFF   | 0   | R/W    | Control of MUTE switch<br>0: right line input is se<br>1: normal operation |          |  |  |
| 4:0 | LIR_VOL<4:0> | 00000   | R/W    |  |          |  |  |

Table 48. LINE\_IN\_L Register

|     | Name          |   |        | Base  | Default         |  |
|-----|---------------|---|--------|---|-----------------|--|
|     | LINE_IN_L     |   |        | 2-wire serial   | 00h             |  |
|     |               |   |        | Left Line Input R   | Register        |  |
|     | Offset: 0Bh   | Configures the gain from analog left line input MUX E to mixer input (Σ) and co<br>MUTE switch G.<br>This register is reset when the block is disabled in AudioSet1 register (14h) or a<br>AVDD27-POR. The register cannot be written when the block is disabled. |        |   |                 |  |
| Bit | Bit Name      | Default   | Access | E   | Bit Description |  |
| 7   | LO_DISCHG_OFF | 0   | R/W    | <b>0: normal operation</b><br>1: disables discharge resitors. Need if the line ouptut is directly connected to the line input for useing the same connector.  |                 |  |
| 6   | LI_MODE       | 0   | R/W    | Selects the line input mo<br>0: stereo<br>1: 2x mono single endeo   |                 |  |
| 5   | MUTE_G_OFF    | 0   | R/W    | Control of MUTE switch<br><b>0: left line input is set</b><br>1: normal operation   | -               |  |
| 4:0 | LIL_VOL<4:0>  | 00000   | R/W    | volume settings for left line input, adjustable in 32 steps @<br>1.5dB; gain from MUX output (N28) to mixer input (N17)<br>11111: 6 dB gain<br>11110: 4.5 dB gain<br><br>00001: -39 dB gain<br>00000: -40.5 dB gain |                 |  |

#### Table 49. DAC\_R Register

| Name               |              |         |             | Base                      | Default   |  |  |
|--------------------|--------------|---------|-------------|---------------------------|---|--|--|
|                    | DAC_R        |         |             | 2-wire serial             | 00h   |  |  |
|                    |              |         |             | Right DAC Output Register |   |  |  |
| This register is r |              |         | is reset wi |                           | nput (Σ).<br>in AudioSet1 register (14h) or at a<br>rhen the block is disabled. |  |  |
| Bit                | Bit Name     | Default | Access      | i                         | Bit Description   |  |  |
| 7:5                | -            | 000     | n/a         |                           |   |  |  |
| 4:0                | DAR_VOL<4:0> | 00000   | R/W         |                           | DAC output, adjustable in 32 steps @<br>utput (N19) to mixer input (N23)        |  |  |

Table 50. DAC\_L Register

| Name |              |  |        | Base  | Default  |
|------|--------------|--|--------|---|--|
|      | DAC_L        |  | 00h    |   |  |
|      |              |  | ·      | Left DAC Output   | Register   |
|      | Offset: 0Fh  | Configures the gain from DAC output to mixer input ( $\Sigma$ ) and controls MUTE swit<br>This register is reset when the block is disabled in AudioSet1 register (14h) or a<br>AVDD27-POR. The register cannot be written when the block is disabled. |        |   | in AudioSet1 register (14h) or at a                                      |
| Bit  | Bit Name     | Default  | Access | E   | Bit Description  |
| 7:6  | -            | 00   | n/a    |   |  |
| 5    | MUTE_H_OFF   | 0  | R/W    | Control of MUTE switch<br><b>0: DAC output is set to</b><br>1: normal operation |  |
| 4:0  | DAL_VOL<4:0> | 00000  | R/W    |   | DAC output, adjustable in 32 steps @<br>utput (N22) to mixer input (N26) |

### Table 51. ADC\_R Register

| Name |              |   |        | Base   | Default   |
|------|--------------|---|--------|--|---|
|      | ADC_R        |   |        | 2-wire serial  | 00h   |
|      |              |   |        | Right ADC Input  | Register  |
|      | Offset: 10h  | Configures MUX_A and the gain from MUX_A output to the ADC/mixer input<br>This register is reset when the block is disabled in AudioSet1 register (14h) o<br>AVDD27-POR. The register cannot be written when the block is disabled. |        |  | in AudioSet1 register (14h) or at a   |
| Bit  | Bit Name     | Default   | Access | E  | Bit Description   |
| 7:6  | MUX_A<1:0>   | 00  | R/W    | Connect MUX A output<br><b>00: Microphone (N4/N4</b><br>01: Line_In1 (N1/N8)<br>10: -<br>11: Mixer output (N24/N | 4)  |
| 5    | -            | 0   | n/a    |  |   |
| 4:0  | ADR_VOL<4:0> | 00000   | R/W    |  | t ADC input, adjustable in 32 steps @ A output to ADC/mixer input ( $\Sigma$ ) (N9) |

#### Table 52. ADC\_L Register

| Name |               |         |                   | Base  | Default  |  |  |
|------|---------------|---------|-------------------|---|--|--|--|
|      | ADC_L         |         | 2-wire serial 00h |   |  |  |  |
|      |               |         |                   | Left ADC Input F  | Register   |  |  |
|      | Offset: 0Fh   | •       |                   | ADC mode, gain from MUX_A output to the ADC/mixer input ( $\Sigma$ ) input IUTE switch A.       |  |  |  |
|      |               |         |                   |   | in AudioSet1 register (14h) or at a hen the block is disabled.                     |  |  |
| Bit  | Bit Name      | Default | Access            | E   | Bit Description  |  |  |
| 7:6  | ADC_MODE<1:0> | 00      | R/W               | Devider setting for ADC<br>00: I2S LRCK / 2<br>01: I2S LRCK / 4<br>10: I2S LRCK<br>11: I2S LRCK | sampling frequency   |  |  |
| 5    | MUTE_A_OFF    | 0       | R/W               | Control of MUTE switch<br><b>0: ADC input is set to</b><br>1: normal operation                  |  |  |  |
| 4:0  | ADL_VOL<4:0>  | 00000   | R/W               |   | ADC input, adjustable in 32 steps @ A output to ADC/mixer input ( $\Sigma$ ) (N18) |  |  |



### Table 53. DAC\_IF Register

| Name |                |         |   | Base  | Default   |
|------|----------------|---------|---|---|---|
|      | DAC_IF         |         |   | 2-wire serial   | 00h   |
|      |                |         | <u>.</u>  | DAC Interface R   | legister  |
|      | Offset: 12h    | -       | figures the DAC interface and digital gain on the I2S input stream.<br>register is reset at a AVDD27-POR. |   |   |
| Bit  | Bit Name       | Default | Access  | E   | Bit Description   |
| 7    | I2S_DIRECT     | 0       | R/W   | 0: I2S master clock is<br>1: signal on MCLK is us   | generated by the internal PLL<br>ed as I2S master clock         |
| 6    | I2S_LOOP       | 0       | R/W   | <b>0: normal operation</b><br>1: ADC output is connect  | cted to DAC input   |
| 5    | I2S_ATTEN      | 0       | R/W   | <b>0: normal operation</b><br>1: digital attenuation on   | I2S input data (SDI) enabled                                    |
| 4:0  | SDI_ATTEN<4:0> | 00000   | R/W   | digital volume settings l:<br>steps @ 1.5dB; gain fro<br>11111: -1.5 dB gain<br>11110: -3 dB gain<br><br>00001: -46.5 dB gain<br>00000: -48.0 dB gain | 2S input data (SDI), adjustable in 32<br>m SDI pin to DAC input |

### Table 54. AudioSet1 Register

| Name |             |                   |   | Base  | Default  |  |  |
|------|-------------|-------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
|      | AudioSet1   | 2-wire serial 00h |   |   |  |  |  |
|      |             |                   |   | First Audio Set F                                   | Register   |  |  |
|      |             | Powers the        | various au  | dio inputs and outputs UF                           | P or DOWN.                                       |  |  |
|      | Offset: 14h | te                | Ition: This control register resets and holds LineIn, DAC, and ADC related regis-<br>ters in reset. After activation the required register settings need to be re-<br>programmed. |   |  |  |  |
|      |             | This register     | is reset at   | a AVDD27-POR.                                       |  |  |  |
| Bit  | Bit Name    | Default           | Access  | E   | Bit Description                                  |  |  |
| 7    | ADC_ON      | 0                 | R/W   | 0: ADC powered down<br>1: ADC enabled for reco      |  |  |  |
| 6    | DAC_ON      | 0                 | R/W   | 0: DAC powered down<br>1: DAC enabled for play      |  |  |  |
| 5    | DAC_GST_ON  | 0                 | R/W   | 0: DAC gainstage pow<br>1: DAC gainstage enabl      | ered down<br>led (needed for playback via mixer) |  |  |
| 4    | SDI_MUTE    | 0                 | R/W   | 0: SDI nromal operation<br>1: SDI data muted (set t |  |  |  |
| 3    | -           | 0                 | n/a   |   |  |  |  |
| 2    | LIN_ON      | 0                 | R/W   | 0: Line Input powered<br>1: Line Input enabled      | down   |  |  |
| 1    | -           | 0                 | n/a   |   |  |  |  |
| 0    | MIC_ON      | 0                 | R/W   | 0: Microphone Input p<br>1: Microphone Input ena    |  |  |  |



### Table 55. AudioSet2 Register

| Name |                |                |           | Base  | Default   |
|------|----------------|----------------|-----------|---|---|
|      | AudioSet2      |                |           | 2-wire serial   | 00h   |
|      | Offset: 15h    |                |           | Second Audio Set  | t Register  |
|      | Oliset. Ioli   | Control of var | ious audi | o blocks. This register is  | reset at a AVDD27-POR.  |
| Bit  | Bit Name       | Default        | Access    | E   | Bit Description   |
| 7    | BIAS_OFF       | 0              | R/W       | PMU functions are used<br><b>0: bias enabled</b>  | ND bias if only digital data transfer and<br>I.<br>ver saving in non audio mode |
| 6    | SUM_OFF        | 0              | R/W       | 0: Mixer stage enabled<br>1: Mixer stage powered down   |   |
| 5    | SUM_AGC_OFF    | 0              | R/W       | Switches the signal limiter OFF (N20/N21)<br><b>0: automatic gain control for summing stage enabled</b><br>1: automatic gain control for summing stage disabled |   |
| 4    | -              | 0              | n/a       |   |   |
| 3:2  | GAIN_STEP<1:0> | 00             | R/W       | Sets the transition time<br><b>00: 2ms/step</b><br>01: 4ms/step<br>10: 8ms/step<br>11: auto fading off  | of the auto fading for the output stage   |
| 1:0  | VMICS<1:0>     | 00             | R/W       | Sets the microphone su<br>00: AVDD17*20/17<br>01: AVDD17*20/22<br>10: AVDD17*20/27<br>11: AVDD17*20/32  | pply output voltage   |

### Table 56. AudioSet3 Register

| Name |              |              |              | Base   | Default   |
|------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--|---|
|      | AudioSet3    |              |              | 2-wire serial  | 00h   |
|      | Offset: 16h  |              | -            | Third Audio Set  | Register  |
|      | Oliset. Toli | Control of m | ixer stage i | inputs and headphone. T                                      | his register is reset at a AVDD27-POR.                    |
| Bit  | Bit Name     | Default      | Access       | E  | Bit Description   |
| 7    | -            | 0            | n/a          |  |   |
| 6    | MICMIX_OFF   | 0            | R/W          | 0: microphone input to r<br>1: microphone input to r         | ο <b>ΣR and ΣL (N12/N13) on</b><br>nixer disabled         |
| 5    | -            | 0            | n/a          |  |   |
| 4    | ADCMIX_ON    | 0            | R/W          | <b>0: ADC input to mixer</b><br>1: ADC input to ΣR and       |   |
| 3    | LINMIX_OFF   | 0            | R/W          | <b>0: line input to ΣR and</b><br>1: line input to mixer dis |   |
| 2    | HP_FASTSTART | 0            | R/W          | <b>0: normal operation</b><br>1: shortens delay for sta      | art-up when using 220nF on HPGND                          |
| 1    | -            | 0            | n/a          |  |   |
| 0    | HPCM_ON      | 0            | R/W          |  | n mode buffer is switched off<br>mode buffer is powerd up |

## Table 57. CVDD1 Register

| Name |                 |         |        | Base   | Default   |
|------|-----------------|---------|--------|--|---|
|      | CVDD1           |         |        | 2-wire serial  | 00h   |
|      |                 |         | CVDI   | D1 DC/DC Buck Regulat  | tor Control Register                                  |
|      |                 |         |        | ister and needs to be enable a AVDD27-POR.                                   | abled by writing 001b to Reg. 1Ch first.              |
| Bit  | Bit Name        | Default | Access | E  | Bit Description                                       |
| 7    | PROG_CVDD1      | 0       | R/W    | Selects the control mod<br>0: CVDD1 is in default<br>1: CVDD1 is register co | mode controlled by pin VPRG1                          |
| 6:0  | VSEL_CVDD1>6:0> | 000000  | R/W    | power the DC/DC conve<br>00h: DC/DC powered of                               | <b>lown</b><br>⊦VSEL_CVDD1*12.5mV<br>⊦VSEL_CVDD1*25mV |

Table 58. CVDD2 Register

| Name |                 |   |        | Base   | Default   |  |  |  |
|------|-----------------|---|--------|--|---|--|--|--|
|      | CVDD2           |   |        | 2-wire serial  | 00h   |  |  |  |
|      |                 |   | CVDI   | CVDD2 DC/DC Buck Regulator Control Register                                  |   |  |  |  |
|      | Offset: 17h-2   | -2 This is an extended register and needs to be enabled by writing 010b to Reg<br>This register is reset at a AVDD27-POR. |        |  | abled by writing 010b to Reg. 1Ch first.              |  |  |  |
| Bit  | Bit Name        | Default   | Access | E  | Bit Description                                       |  |  |  |
| 7    | PROG_CVDD2      | 0   | R/W    | Selects the control mod<br>0: CVDD2 is in default<br>1: CVDD2 is register co | mode controlled by pin VPRG2                          |  |  |  |
| 6:0  | VSEL_CVDD2<6:0> | 000000  | R/W    | power the DC/DC conve<br>00h: DC/DC powered of                               | <b>lown</b><br>⊦VSEL_CVDD1*12.5mV<br>⊦VSEL_CVDD1*25mV |  |  |  |



#### Table 59. Hibernation Register

| Name |               |   |        | Base  | Default                         |  |
|------|---------------|---|--------|---|---------------------------------|--|
|      | Hinbernatior  | n 2-wire serial 00h   |        |   |                                 |  |
|      |               |   |        | PMU Hibernation Con   | trol Register                   |  |
|      | Offset: 17h-6 | Hibernation starts when writing this register.<br>This is an extended register and needs to be enabled by writing 110b to Reg.<br>This register is reset at a AVDD27-POR. |        |   |                                 |  |
| Bit  | Bit Name      | Default   | Access | E   | Bit Description                 |  |
| 7:6  | -             | 00  | n/a    |   |                                 |  |
| 5    | KEEP_PVDD2    | 0   | R/W    | Keeps the programmed<br><b>0: power down PVDD2</b><br>1: keep PVDD2 | PVDD2 level during hibernation. |  |
| 4    | KEEP_PVDD1    | 0   | R/W    | Keeps the programmed<br><b>0: power down PVDD1</b><br>1: keep PVDD1 | PVDD1 level during hibernation. |  |
| 3:2  | -             | 00  | n/a    |   |                                 |  |
| 1    | KEEP_CVDD2    | 0   | R/W    | Keeps the programmed<br><b>0: power down CVDD2</b><br>1: keep CVDD2 | CVDD2 level during hibernation. |  |
| 0    | KEEP_CVDD1    | 0   | R/W    | Keeps the programmed<br><b>0: power down CVDD1</b><br>1: keep CVDD1 | PVDD1 level during hibernation. |  |

### Table 60. DCDC\_Cntr Register

| Name |               |         |  | Base  | Default           |  |  |
|------|---------------|---------|--|---|-------------------|--|--|
|      | DCDC_Cntr     |         |  | 2-wire serial   | 00h               |  |  |
|      |               |         |  | DC/DC Step Down Cor   | ntrol Register    |  |  |
|      | Offset: 17h-7 |         | This is an extended register and needs to be enabled by writing 111b to Reg. 1Ch This register is reset at a AVDD27-POR. |   |                   |  |  |
| Bit  | Bit Name      | Default | Access   | E   | Bit Description   |  |  |
| 7    | CVDD2_fast    | 0       | R/W  | Selects a faster regulation<br>load changes.<br><b>0: normal mode, Cext=</b><br>1: fast mode, Cext=22ul |                   |  |  |
| 6    | CVDD1_fast    | 0       | R/W  | Selects a faster regulation<br>load changes.<br><b>0: normal mode, Cext=</b><br>1: fast mode, Cext=22ul |                   |  |  |
| 5    | CVDD2_freq    | 0       | R/W  | Selects the switching fre<br><b>0: 2MHz</b><br>1: 1MHz  | equency for DCDC2 |  |  |
| 4    | CVDD1_freq    | 0       | R/W  | Selects the switching fre<br>0: 2MHz<br>1: 1MHz   | equency for DCDC2 |  |  |



#### Table 60. DCDC\_Cntr Register

| Name |                |         |        | Base  | Default  |  |
|------|----------------|---------|--------|---|--|--|
|      | DCDC_Cntr      |         |        | 2-wire serial   | 00h  |  |
|      |                |         |        | DC/DC Step Down Co  | ntrol Register   |  |
|      |                |         |        | ided register and needs to be enabled by writing 111b to Reg. 1Ch fin reset at a AVDD27-POR.                                  |  |  |
| Bit  | Bit Name       | Default | Access | E   | Bit Description  |  |
| 3:2  | DVM_CVDD2<1:0> | 00      | R/W    | Configures the dynamic<br>slope) for CVDD2<br><b>00: immediate change</b><br>01: 42us/step<br>02:166us/step<br>03: 666us/step | voltage management (output voltage of the output voltage |  |
| 1:0  | DVM_CVDD1<1:0> | 00      | R/W    | Configures the dynamic<br>slope) for CVDD1<br><b>00: immediate change</b><br>01: 42us/step<br>02:166us/step<br>03: 666us/step | voltage management (output voltage of the output voltage |  |

### Table 61. PVDD1 Register

|     | Name            |         |        | Base  | Default  |  |
|-----|-----------------|---------|--------|---|--|--|
|     | PVDD1           |         |        | 2-wire serial   | 00h  |  |
|     |                 |         |        | PVDD1 Control F   | Register   |  |
|     | Offset: 18h-1   |         | -      | ed register and needs to be enabled by writing 001b to Reg. 1Ch first set at a AVDD27-POR.  |  |  |
| Bit | Bit Name        | Default | Access | E   | Bit Description  |  |
| 7   | PVDD1_OFF       | 0       | R/W    | Switches off PVDD1 regulator<br><b>0: normal mode</b><br>1: PVDD1 switched off  |  |  |
| 6   | -               | 0       | n/a    |   |  |  |
| 5   | PRG_PVDD1       | 0       | R/W    | Selects the output voltage control mode for PVDD1<br><b>0: PVDD1 is in default mode controlled by pin VPRG2</b><br>1: PVDD1 is register controlled (Reg. 18-1h) |  |  |
| 4:0 | VSEL_PVDD1<4:0> | 00000   | R/W    | voltage of the regulator<br>0x00-0x0F: 1.2V+VSEL  | tage in register control mode (default<br>is selcted by pin VPROG2)<br>*50mV ->(1.2V - 1.95V)<br>EL-0x10)*100mV -> (2.0V-3.5V) |  |



### Table 62. PVDD2 Register

| Name |                 |         |        | Base  | Default  |  |
|------|-----------------|---------|--------|---|--|--|
|      | PVDD2           |         |        | 2-wire serial   | 00h  |  |
|      |                 |         |        | PVDD2 Control I   | Register   |  |
|      | Offset: 18h-2   |         | -      | ed register and needs to be enabled by writing 010b to Reg. 1Ch first<br>set at a AVDD27-POR.   |  |  |
| Bit  | Bit Name        | Default | Access | E   | Bit Description  |  |
| 7    | PVDD2_OFF       | 0       | R/W    | Switches off PVDD2 regulator<br><b>0: normal mode</b><br>1: PVDD1 switched off  |  |  |
| 6    | -               | 0       | n/a    |   |  |  |
| 5    | PRG_PVDD2       | 0       | R/W    | Selects the output voltage control mode for PVDD2<br><b>0: PVDD2 is in default mode controlled by pin VPRG2</b><br>1: PVDD2 is register controlled (Reg. 18-2h) |  |  |
| 4:0  | VSEL_PVDD2<4:0> | 00000   | R/W    | voltage of the regulator<br>0x00-0x0F: 1.2V+VSEL  | Itage in register control mode (default<br>is selcted by pin VPRG2)<br>*50mV ->(1.2V - 1.95V)<br>EL-0x10)*100mV -> (2.0V-3.5V) |  |

### Table 63. AVDD27 Register

|     | Name             |         |        | Base  | Default                                  |
|-----|------------------|---------|--------|---|--|
|     | AVDD27           |         |        | 2-wire serial   | 00h                                      |
|     |                  |         |        | AVDD27 Control  | Register                                 |
|     |                  |         |        | jister and needs to be en<br>a AVDD27-POR.  | abled by writing 110b to Reg. 1Ch first. |
| Bit | Bit Name         | Default | Access | E   | Bit Description                          |
| 7   | -                | 0       | n/a    |   |  |
| 6   | -                | 0       | n/a    |   |  |
| 5   | PRG_AVDD27       | 0       | R/W    | Selects the output voltage<br><b>0: AVDD27 is in defaul</b><br>1: AVDD27 is register co   | · · · ·                                  |
| 5   | -                | 0       | n/a    |   |  |
| 3:0 | VSEL_AVDD27<3:0> | 0000    | R/W    | Sets the LDO output volvoltage of the regulator<br>0x0-0x2: 2.3V<br>0x3-0xF: 2.0V + VSEL* | ,  |



### Table 64. AVDD17 Register

| Name |                  |         |        | Base  | Default  |  |
|------|------------------|---------|--------|---|--|--|
|      | AVDD17           |         |        | 2-wire serial   | 00h  |  |
|      |                  |         |        | AVDD17 Control  | Register   |  |
|      |                  |         |        | ed register and needs to be enabled by writing 111b to Reg. 1Ch firs set at a AVDD27-POR.                     |  |  |
| Bit  | Bit Name         | Default | Access | E   | Bit Description  |  |
| 7    | AVDD17_OFF       | 0       | R/W    | Switches off AVDD17 regulator<br><b>0: normal mode</b><br>1: AVDD17 switched off, no audio functions possible |  |  |
| 6    | -                | 0       | n/a    |   |  |  |
| 5    | PRG_AVDD17       | 0       | R/W    | Selects the output voltage<br><b>0: AVDD17 is in defaul</b><br>1: AVDD17 is register co                       |  |  |
| 4:0  | VSEL_AVDD17<4:0> | 0000    | R/W    | voltage of the regulator  | tage in register control mode (default<br>is 1.7V)<br>EL*100mV -> (1.65V-3.2V) |  |

### Table 65. CHGVBUS1 Register

| Name     |               |         |   | Base  | Default                               |  |  |
|----------|---------------|---------|---|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| CHGVBUS1 |               |         |   | 2-wire serial   | 00h                                   |  |  |
|          |               |         |   | Charger / VBUS 1 Cor  | ntrol Register                        |  |  |
|          | Offset: 19h-1 |         | This is an extended register and needs to be enabled by writing 001b to Reg. 1Ch<br>This register is reset at a AVDD27-POR. |   |                                       |  |  |
| Bit      | Bit Name      | Default | Access  | E   | Bit Description                       |  |  |
| 7        | BAT_TEMP_OFF  | 0       | R/W   | 0: enables 15uA suppl<br>1: disables supply   | y for external 100k NTC resistor      |  |  |
| 6:4      | CHG_I<2:0>    | 000     | R/W   | set maximum charging<br>charging<br>111: 460 mA<br>110: 420 mA<br>101: 350 mA<br>100: 280 mA<br>011: 210 mA<br>010: 140 mA<br>001: 70 mA<br><b>000: 55 mA</b> | current during constant current       |  |  |
| 3:1      | CHG_V<2:0>    | 000     | R/W   | set maximum charger v<br>voltage charging<br>111: 4.25 V<br>110: 4.2 V<br><br>001: 3.95 V<br><b>000: 3.9 V</b>  | oltage in 50mV steps for the constant |  |  |
| 0        | CHG_OFF       | 0       | R/W   | <b>0: enables Charger</b><br>1: disables Charger  |                                       |  |  |



### Table 66. CHGVBUS2 Register

| Name |                       |         |        | Base  | Default  |
|------|-----------------------|---------|--------|---|--|
|      | CHGVBUS2              |         |        | 2-wire serial   | 00h  |
|      |                       |         |        | Charger / VBUS 2 Cor  | ntrol Register   |
|      | Offset: 19h-2         |         | -      | ister and needs to be enables a AVDD27-POR.   | abled by writing 010b to Reg. 1Ch first.                           |
| Bit  | Bit Name              | Default | Access | E   | Bit Description  |
| 7:6  | VBUS_COMP_TH<br><1:0> | 00      | R/W    | Sets the threshold for th<br>be read in register 25h.<br><b>00: 4.5V</b><br>01: 3.18V<br>10: 1.5V<br>11: 0.6V | e VBUS comparator. The output can                                  |
| 5:3  | -                     | 000     | n/a    | -   |  |
| 2    | BAT_TEMP              | 0       | R/W    | Selects the battery temp<br>0: 0.4/0.5V equal to 55<br>1: 0.6/0.7V equal to 45/4                              |  |
| 1:0  | CHG_EOC_TH<1:0>       | 00      | R/W    |   | he charger EOC (end of charge)<br>e constant current (CC) setting. |

### Table 67. Out\_Cntr1 Register

| Name |                 |         |        | Base  | Default                                  |
|------|-----------------|---------|--------|---|--|
|      | Out_Cntr1       |         |        | 2-wire serial   | 00h                                      |
|      |                 |         | P\     | NGD and XRES Output   | Control Register                         |
|      |                 |         | -      | ister and needs to be enables a AVDD27-POR.   | abled by writing 001b to Reg. 1Ch first. |
| Bit  | Bit Name        | Default | Access | E   | Bit Description                          |
| 7:6  | DRIVE_PWGD<1:0> | 00      | R/W    | Sets the PWGD output<br>and sets various driving<br><b>00: 6mA open-drain ou</b><br>01: 6mA push-pull outpu<br>10: 1mA push-pull outpu<br>11: HiZ, stri-state | u <b>tput</b><br>ut                      |
| 5:4  | MUX_PWGD<1:0>   | 00      | R/W    | 00: PWGD, PowerGoo<br>01: -   | lock signal, see Clk_Cntr regsiter       |



#### Table 67. Out\_Cntr1 Register

| Name |                 |         |        | Base  | Default                            |  |
|------|-----------------|---------|--------|---|------------------------------------|--|
|      | Out_Cntr1       |         |        | 2-wire serial   | 00h                                |  |
|      |                 |         | P\     | WGD and XRES Output   | Control Register                   |  |
|      |                 |         |        | ed register and needs to be enabled by writing 001b to Reg. 1Ch first.<br>eset at a AVDD27-POR.   |                                    |  |
| Bit  | Bit Name        | Default | Access | E   | Bit Description                    |  |
| 3:2  | DRIVE_XRES<1:0> | 00      | R/W    | Sets the XRES output p<br>and sets various driving<br><b>00: 6mA open-drain ou</b><br>01: 6mA push-pull outpu<br>10: 1mA push-pull outpu<br>11: HiZ, stri-state | u <b>tput</b><br>ut                |  |
| 1:0  | MUX_XRES<1:0>   | 00      | R/W    | <b>00: XRES, active low r</b><br>01: -  | lock signal, see Clk_Cntr regsiter |  |

Table 68. Out\_Cntr3 Register

| Name |                 |                   |  | Base  | Default   |  |
|------|-----------------|-------------------|--|---|---|--|
|      | Out_Cntr3       | 2-wire serial 00h |  |   |   |  |
|      |                 |                   | 5  | SDO and XIRQ Output C   | Control Register  |  |
|      | Offset: 1Ah-3   |                   | This is an extended register and needs to be enabled by writing 011b to Reg. 1Ch This register is reset at a AVDD27-POR. |   |   |  |
| Bit  | Bit Name        | Default           | Access   | E   | Bit Description   |  |
| 7:6  | DRIVE_SDO<1:0>  | 00                | R/W  | Sets the SDO output pir<br>various driving strengthe<br><b>00: 6mA push-pull out</b><br>01: HiZ, stri-state<br>10: 2mA push-pull outpu<br>11: 1mA push-pull outpu   | <b>put</b><br>ut  |  |
| 5:4  | MUX_SDO<1:0>    | 00                | R/W  | <b>00: SDO, serial data o</b><br>01: -  | tal signals to theSDO output pin<br><b>utput of the audio ADC</b><br>lock signal, see Clk_Cntr regsiter<br>egister  |  |
| 3:2  | DRIVE_XIRQ<1:0> | 00                | R/W  | Sets the XIRQ output pin to open-drain, push-pull or tri-state<br>and sets various driving strengths<br><b>00: 6mA open-drain output</b><br>01: 6mA push-pull output<br>10: 1mA push-pull output<br>11: HiZ, stri-state |   |  |
| 1:0  | MUX_XIRQ<1:0>   | 00                | R/W  | <b>00: XIRQ, active low in</b><br>01: CLKINT1, internal c   | tal signals to the XRES output pin<br><b>Iterrupt request signal</b><br>lock signal, see Clk_Cntr regsiter<br>lock signal, see Clk_Cntr regsiter<br>it signal |  |



### Table 69. In\_Cntr Register

| Name |                 |         |   | Base  | Default  |
|------|-----------------|---------|---|---|--|
|      | In_Cntr         |         |   | 2-wire serial   | 00h  |
|      |                 |         | н   | BT and Dimming Input  | Control Register   |
|      | Offset: 1Ah-4   |         | This is an extended register and needs to be enabled by writing 100b to Re<br>This register is reset at a AVDD27-POR. |   |  |
| Bit  | Bit Name        | Default | Access  | E   | Bit Description  |
| 7:4  | -               | 0000    | n/a   |   |  |
| 3:2  | MUX_HBT<1:0>    | 00      | R/W   | Selects the HBT (hearth<br>00: OFF, heartbeat inp<br>01: PWGD pin<br>10: -<br>11: - | ,  |
| 1:0  | MUX_ExtDim<1:0> | 00      | R/W   | <b>00: OFF, no pin select</b><br>In this mode the current                           | external dimming of the DCDC15<br>ed<br>sinks can be used without enabling<br>DN bit has to be set in DCDC15 |

### Table 70. Clk\_Cntr Register

| Name |               |         |        | Base  | Default   |  |
|------|---------------|---------|--------|---|---|--|
|      | Clk_Cntr      |         |        | 2-wire serial   | 00h   |  |
|      |               |         |        | Clock Control R   | egister   |  |
|      | Offset: 1Ah-5 |         |        | ed register and needs to be enabled by writing 101b to Reg. 1Ch first.<br>eset at a AVDD27-POR. |   |  |
| Bit  | Bit Name      | Default | Access | E   | Bit Description   |  |
| 7:6  | CLKINT2<1:0>  | 00      | R/W    | clock, which can be mui<br>00: CLKPLL, internal F   | sed for dimming the DCDC15<br>nal to logic "0"                            |  |
| 5:4  | CLKINT1<1:0>  | 00      | R/W    |   | equency. Note, this is an internal clock,<br>d to one of the GPIO ouptus. |  |
| 3:2  | CLK24M<1:0>   | 00      | R/W    | <b>00: OSC24MHz enable</b><br>01: -<br>10: -  | zillator, please set to 11b.<br>d<br>SC24M is set to power down           |  |
| 1:0  |               | 00      | n/a    |   |   |  |

### Table 71. PWM\_Cntr Register

| Name          |                |  |        | Base   | Default |  |  |
|---------------|----------------|--|--------|--|---------|--|--|
| PWM_Cntr      |                |  |        | 2-wire serial  | 00h     |  |  |
| Offset: 1Ah-6 |                | PWM Control Register   |        |  |         |  |  |
|               |                | This is an extended register and needs to be enabled by writing 110b to Reg. 1Ch first.<br>This register is reset at a AVDD27-POR. |        |  |         |  |  |
| Bit           | Bit Name       | Default  | Access | Bit Description  |         |  |  |
| 7             | PWM_INVERT     | 0  | R/W    | PWM output polarity<br><b>0: not inverted</b><br>1: inverted             |         |  |  |
| 6:0           | PWM_CYCLE<6:0> | 000000   | R/W    | Sets the PWM duty cycl<br><b>0: no pulses</b><br>1-127: duty cycle = PWI |         |  |  |

#### Table 72. PLL Register

| Name |               |  |        | Base  | Default   |  |
|------|---------------|--|--------|---|---|--|
| PLL  |               |  |        | 2-wire serial   | 00h   |  |
|      |               | PLL Register   |        |   |   |  |
|      | Offset: 1Ah-7 | This is an extended register and needs to be enabled by writing 111b to Reg. 1Ch first.<br>This register is reset at a AVDD27-POR. |        |   |   |  |
| Bit  | Bit Name      | Default  | Access | Bit Description   |   |  |
| 7:4  | OSR<3:0>      | 0000   | R/W    | Sets the oversampling rate when using the internal PLL<br><b>0x0: 128</b><br>0x1-0xF: n/a   |   |  |
| 3:2  | VCO_MODE<1:0> | 00   | R/W    | Selects the speed of the PLL VCO according to the audio<br>sampling frequency.<br><b>00: normal: 24-48kHz</b><br>01: low: 8-23kHz<br>10: n/a<br>11: n/a |   |  |
| 1:0  | PLL_MODE<1:0> | 00   | R/W    | <b>00: automatic</b><br>turns PLL on, PLL clock<br>>8kHz and freq(MCLK)-<br>01: ON; turns PLL on, P<br>10: OFF; turns the PLL                           | ind master clock frequency source<br>is used as master clock if freq(LRCK)<br><32*freq(LRCK)<br>'LL clock is used asmaster clock<br>off, MCLK is used as master clock<br>atic but with inverted clock |  |



### Table 73. DCDC15 Register

| Name          |               |   |        | Base   | Default |
|---------------|---------------|---|--------|--|---------|
| DCDC15        |               |   |        | 2-wire serial  | 00h     |
|               |               | DCDC15 Register   |        |  |         |
| Offset: 1Bh-1 |               | This is an extended register and needs to be enabled by writing 001b to Reg. 1Ch first. This register is reset at a AVDD27-POR. |        |  |         |
| Bit           | Bit Name      | Default   | Access | Bit Description  |         |
| 7             | DIM_UP_XDOWN  | 0   | R/W    | <b>0: disables the step-up converter and dims it down</b><br>1: enables the step-up converter and dims it up   |         |
| 6:5           | DIM_RATE<1:0> | 00  | R/W    | Selects the dimming speed when enabling or disablilng the DCDC15<br><b>00: 0ms</b><br>01: 300ms<br>10: 600ms<br>11: 1200ms   |         |
| 4             | VFB_ON        | 0   | R/W    | <b>0: current feedback selected via ISINK1 and ISINK2</b><br>1: voltage feedback selected, ISINK1 is sinking 50uA to define<br>the voltage via an external zener diode |         |
| 3             | ExtDim_ON     | 0   | R/W    | 0: selects internal cloc<br>1: selects external clock  |         |
| 2:0           | -             | 000   | n/a    |  |         |

### Table 74. ISINK1 Register

| Name          |              |   |        | Base  | Default |  |
|---------------|--------------|---|--------|---|---------|--|
| ISINK1        |              |   |        | 2-wire serial   | 00h     |  |
| Offset: 1Bh-2 |              | ISINK1 Register   |        |   |         |  |
|               |              | This is an extended register and needs to be enabled by writing 010b to Reg. 1Ch first. This register is reset at a AVDD27-POR. |        |   |         |  |
| Bit           | Bit Name     | Default   | Access | Bit Description   |         |  |
| 7:3           | I_SINK1<4:0> | 00000   | R/W    | sets the current into current sink 1in 1.2mA steps<br><b>0: OFF, current sink 1 disabled</b><br>1-31 1.2mA * I_SINK1 -> (1.2mA37.2mA) |         |  |
| 2:0           | -            | 000   | n/a    |   |         |  |



Table 75. PMU\_Enable Register

| Name          |                        |   |        | Base   | Default   |  |
|---------------|------------------------|---|--------|--|---|--|
| PMU_Enable    |                        |   |        | 2-wire serial  | 00h   |  |
| Offset: 1Ch-2 |                        | PMU_Enable Register   |        |  |   |  |
|               |                        | Selects the extended register on address 17h to 1Bh and enables writing to these PMU register. It also sets the ADC10 multiplexer to measure various regulator voltages This register is reset at a AVDD27-POR. |        |  |   |  |
| Bit           | Bit Name               | Default   | Access | E  | Bit Description   |  |
| 7:4           | DC_TEST_MUX<br><3:0>   | 0000  | R/W    | one DC test node which   | rnal and external supply voltages to<br>can be further multiplexed to the<br>s 5mV/LSB (see reg. 2Eh) |  |
| 3             | PMU_GATE               | 000   | R/W    | Enables all settings mad<br>this bit is set, changes a<br>written to the related reg<br><b>0: no change</b><br>1: change at once                   | de in registers 17h to 1Bh at once. If<br>are activated as soon as they are<br>gister.                |  |
| 2:0           | PMU_WR_ENABLE<br><2:0> | 000   | R/W    | Selects extended registe<br><b>0: no register selected</b><br>1: 17h-1 to 1Bh-1 select<br>2: 17h-2 to 1Bh-2 select<br><br>7: 17h-7 to 1Bh-7 select | ted<br>ted  |  |



## Table 76. SYSTEM Register

| Name   |                     |               |             | Base  | Default                       |
|--------|---------------------|---------------|-------------|---|-------------------------------|
| SYSTEM |                     |               |             | 2-wire serial   | 41h                           |
|        | Offset: 20h         |               |             | SYSTEM Reg  | ister                         |
|        |                     | This register | is reset at | a AVDD27-POR.   |                               |
| Bit    | Bit Name            | Default       | Access      | E   | Bit Description               |
| 7:4    | Design_Version<3:0> | 0100          | R           | AFE number to identify 0100: for chip version 3   |                               |
| 3      | HB_WD_ON            | 0             | R/W         | Heartbeat (HBT) Watchdog<br>The watchdog counter will be reset by a rising edge at the<br>HBT input pin which has to occur at least every 500ms. If the<br>watchdog counter is not reset, the AFE will be powered down.<br><b>0: HBT watchdog is disabled</b><br>1: HBT watchdog is enabled               |                               |
| 2      | JTEMP_OFF           | 0             | R/W         | Junction temperature supervision (level can be set in register 21h)<br><b>0: temperature supervision enabled</b><br>1: temperature supervision disabled   |                               |
| 1      | I2C_WD_ON           | 0             | R/W         | <ul> <li>2-wire serial interface watchdog</li> <li>To reset the watchdog counter a 2-wire serial read operation has to be performed at least every 500ms. If the watchdog counter is not reset, the AFE will be powered down.</li> <li>0: watchdog is disabled</li> <li>1: watchdog is enabled</li> </ul> |                               |
| 0      | PWR_HOLD            | 0             | R/W         | <b>0: power up hold is cle</b><br>1: is automatically set to  | eared and AFE will power down |

#### Table 77. SUPERVISOR Register

| Name       |                |               |             | Base  | Default  |  |  |  |
|------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| SUPERVISOR |                |               |             | 2-wire serial   | 00h  |  |  |  |
|            | Offset: 21h    |               | -           | SUPERVISOR Register   |  |  |  |  |
|            | Oliset. 2 m    | This register | is reset at | a AVDD27-POR.   |  |  |  |  |
| Bit        | Bit Name       | Default       | Access      | E   | Bit Description  |  |  |  |
| 7          | SD_TIME        | 0100          | R/W         | Sets the emergency shu<br>0: 5.4sec<br>1: 10.9sec                 | ut-down time invoked by PWRUP.   |  |  |  |
| 6          | BVDDlow_SD_OFF | 0             | R/W         | R/W 0: BVDDIow shut down enalbed<br>1: BVDDIow shut down disabled |  |  |  |  |
| 5          | -              | 0             | n/a         |   |  |  |  |  |
| 4:0        | JTEMP_SUP<4:0> | 0             | R/W         | shutdown and junction t<br>Invoke shutdown at: JTe                | nction temperature emergency<br>emperature interrupt<br>emp_SD=140-JTEMP_Sup*5°C<br>np_IRQ=120-JTEMP_Sup*5°C |  |  |  |

## Table 78. First Interrupt Register

| Name      |                                 |         |   | Base  | Default                                 |  |
|-----------|---------------------------------|---------|---|---|---|--|
| IRQENRD_0 |                                 |         |   | 2-wire serial 00h   |   |  |
|           |                                 |         | -   | First Interrupt Register  |   |  |
|           | Offset: 23h corr<br>stat<br>bac |         | Please be aware that writing to this register will enable/disable the corresponding interrupts, while with reading you get the actual interrupt status and will clear the register at the same time. It is not possible to reaback the interrupt enable/disable settings. This register is reset at a AVDD27 POR. |   |   |  |
| Bit       | Bit Name                        | Default | Access  | l   | Bit Description                         |  |
| 7         | CVDD1_SD                        | 0       | W   | Invokes shut-down of A<br>at CVDD1 occurs<br><b>0: disable</b><br>1: enable | FE when a –10% under-voltage spike      |  |
|           | CVDD1_under                     | х       | R   | This bit is set when a -  | 5% under-voltage at CVDD1 occurs        |  |
| 6         | CVDD1_IRQ                       | 0       | W   | Enables interrupt for ove<br>CVDD1<br><b>0: disable</b><br>1: enable        | er-voltage/under-voltage supervision of |  |
|           | CVDD1_over                      | х       | R   | This bit is set when a +8   | 3% over-voltage at CVDD1 occurs         |  |
| 5:4       | -                               | 00      | n/a   |   |   |  |
| 3         | PVDD2_SD                        | 0       | W   | Invokes shut-down of A<br>at PVDD2 occurs<br><b>0: disable</b><br>1: enable | FE when a –10% under-voltage spike      |  |
|           | PVDD2_under                     | х       | R   | This bit is set when a -  | 5% under-voltage at PVDD2 occurs        |  |
| 2         | PVDD2_IRQ                       | 0       | W   | Enables interrupt for ove<br>PVDD2<br><b>0: disable</b><br>1: enable        | er-voltage/under-voltage supervision of |  |
|           | PVDD2_over                      | х       | R   | This bit is set when a +  | 5% over-voltage at PVDD2 occurs         |  |
| 1         | PVDD1_SD                        | 0       | W   | Invokes shut-down of A<br>at PVDD1 occurs<br><b>0: disable</b><br>1: enable | FE when a –10% under-voltage spike      |  |
|           | PVDD1_under                     | х       | R   | This bit is set when a -  | 5% under-voltage at PVDD1 occurs        |  |
| 0         | PVDD1_IRQ                       | 0       | W   | Enables interrupt for ove<br>PVDD1<br><b>0: disable</b><br>1: enable        | er-voltage/under-voltage supervision of |  |
|           | PVDD1_over                      | x       | R   | This bit is set when a +  | 5% over-voltage at PVDD1 occurs         |  |

## Table 79. Second Interrupt Register

|                           | Name        |         |   | Base  | Default   |  |  |
|---------------------------|-------------|---------|---|---|---|--|--|
|                           | IRQENRD_1   |         |   | 2-wire serial   | 00h   |  |  |
| Second Interrupt Register |             |         |   |   |   |  |  |
|                           | Offset: 24h |         | Please be aware that writing to this register will enable/disable the corresponding interrupts, while with reading you get the actual interrupt status and will clear the register at the same time. It is not possible to reback the interrupt enable/disable settings. This register is reset at a AVDD2 POR. |   |   |  |  |
| Bit                       | Bit Name    | Default | Access  | I   | Bit Description   |  |  |
| 7                         | PWRUP_IRQ   | 0       | W   | Enables interrupt which<br>the PWRUP input pin o<br><b>0: disable</b><br>1: enable  | is invoked whenever a high signal at ccurs                              |  |  |
|                           |             | x       | R   |   | a high level of min. BVDD/3 at the s (PWRUP pin is commonly connected   |  |  |
| 6                         | WAKEUP_IRQ  | 0       | W   | Enables interrupt which<br>RTC wake-up counter c<br>0: disable<br>1: enable         | is invoked whenever a wake-up from occurs                               |  |  |
|                           |             | x       | R   | This bit is set when a w wake-up counter.   | ake-up has been invoked by the RTC                                      |  |  |
| 5                         | MCLK_IRQ    | 0       | W   | Enables interrupt which<br>the MCLK input pin occ<br><b>0: disable</b><br>1: enable | is invoked whenever a high signal at<br>urs                             |  |  |
|                           |             | x       | R   |   | a high level of min. BVDD/3 at the (MCLK pin can be used as alternative |  |  |
| 4:2                       | -           | 0       | n/a   |   |   |  |  |
| 1                         | CVDD2_SD    | 0       | W   | Invokes shut-down of A<br>at CVDD2 occurs<br><b>0: disable</b><br>1: enable         | FE when a –10% under-voltage spike                                      |  |  |
|                           | CVDD2_under | х       | R   | This bit is set when a -  | 5% under-voltage at CVDD2 occurs  |  |  |
| 0                         | CVDD2_IRQ   | 0       | W   | Enables interrupt for ove<br>CVDD2<br><b>0: disable</b><br>1: enable                | er-voltage/under-voltage supervision of                                 |  |  |
|                           | CVDD2_over  | х       | R   | This bit is set when a +8   | 8% over-voltage at CVDD2 occurs   |  |  |

## Table 80. Thrid Interrupt Register

| Name      |   |         | Base                    | Default  |  |  |
|-----------|---|---------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| IRQENRD_2 |   |         |                         | 2-wire serial  | 00h  |  |
|           |   |         |                         | Third Interrupt F  | Register   |  |
|           | Offset: 25h corresponding status and will |         | ng interr<br>vill clear | are that writing to this register will enable/disable the<br>g interrupts, while with reading you get the actual interrupt<br>Il clear the register at the same time. It is not possible to read<br>rrupt enable/disable settings. This register is reset at a AVDD27- |  |  |
| Bit       | Bit Name                                  | Default | Access                  | I  | Bit Description  |  |
| 7         | BATTEMP_IRQ                               | 0       | W                       | Battery over-temperature interrupt setting.<br><b>0: disable</b><br>1: enable interrupt if battery temperature exceeds 45/55°C<br>The interrupt must not be enabled if the charger block and<br>battery temperature supervision is disabled                            |  |  |
|           |   | x       | R                       | Battery over-temperature<br><b>0: battery temperature</b><br>1: battery temperature v<br>turned off. The charger<br>temperature gets below   | <b>below 45/55°C</b><br>was too high and the charger was<br>will be turned on again, when the    |  |
| 6         | CHG_EOC                                   | x       | R                       | Battery end of charge ir<br><b>0: battery charging in</b><br>1: charging is complete<br>nominal current, turn of   | progress<br>, charging current is below 10% of   |  |
| 5         | CHG_CON                                   | x       | R                       | 0: no charger input sour<br>1: charger input source<br>connected during wake   | connected, also valid if charger is  |  |
| 4         | CHG_IRQ                                   | 0       | W                       | Charger status change<br><b>0: disable</b><br>1: enables an interrupt of<br>of CHGIN pin or on an I  | on a low to high or high to low change   |  |
|           | CHG_changed<br>(status change)            | x       | R                       | Charger input status ch<br>0: charger status not ch<br>1: charger status chang   |  |  |
| 3         | USB_CON                                   | 0       | n/a                     |  | ted<br>, also valid if USB is connected during<br>can be set in the USB_UTIL register            |  |
| 2         | USB_IRQ                                   | 0       | W                       |  | e interrupt setting<br>on a low to high or high to low change<br>hold can be set in the USB_UTIL |  |
|           | USB_changed<br>(status change)            | x       | R                       | USB input status chang<br>0: USB input status not<br>1: USB input status cha   |  |  |



Table 80. Thrid Interrupt Register

| Name |                     |   | Base     | Default   |   |  |
|------|---------------------|---|----------|---|---|--|
|      | IRQENRD_2           |   |          | 2-wire serial 00h   |   |  |
|      |                     |   | <u>.</u> | Third Interrupt F   | Register  |  |
|      | Offset: 25h         | Please be aware that writing to this register will enable/disable the corresponding interrupts, while with reading you get the actual interrupt status and will clear the register at the same time. It is not possible to re back the interrupt enable/disable settings. This register is reset at a AVDD27 POR. |          |   | g you get the actual interrupt<br>ne time. It is not possible to read   |  |
| Bit  | Bit Name            | Default   | Access   | E   | Bit Description   |  |
| 1    | RTC_WD<br>(level)   | 0   | W        | Real time clock watchdo<br><b>0: disable</b><br>1: enable   | og interrupt setting  |  |
|      |                     | x   | R        | The interrupt gets set in the interrupt is not enable change of the battery co                              | og interrupt reading<br>opped, RTC not longer valid<br>hibernation or during power-up even if<br>led thus allowing to recognise a<br>onnected to BVDDR during hibernation<br>d reading, the interrupt has to be |  |
| 0    | BVDD_LOW<br>(level) | 0   | W        | BVDD under-voltage su<br><b>0: disable</b><br>1: enable   | pervisor interrupt setting  |  |
|      |                     | X   | R        | BVDD supervisor interru<br><b>0: BVDD is above brov</b><br>1: BVDD has reached b<br>The threshold can be se | wn out level  |  |

## Table 81. Fourth Interrupt Register

|     | Name                  |                             |  | Base   | Default                         |
|-----|-----------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|---------------------------------|
|     | IRQENRD_3             |                             |  | 2-wire serial  | 00h                             |
|     |                       |                             |  | Fourth Interrupt   | Register                        |
|     | Offset: 26h           | correspond<br>will clear th | ase be aware that writing to this register will enable/disable the<br>responding interrupts, while reading gets the actual interrupt stat<br>I clear the register at the same time. It is not possible to read bac<br>errupt enable/disable settings. This register is reset at a AVDD27-POF |  |                                 |
| Bit | Bit Name              | Default                     | Access   | E  | Bit Description                 |
| 7   | JTEMP_HIGH<br>(level) | 0                           | W  | Supervisor junction ove<br><b>0: disable</b><br>1: enable  | r-temperature interrupt setting |
|     |                       | x                           | R  | R Supervisor junction over-temperature interrupt reading<br>0: chip temperature below threshold<br>1: chip temperature has reached the threshold<br>The threshold can be set in the SUPERVISOR register (21h |                                 |
| 6   | -                     | 0                           | n/a  |  |                                 |



Table 81. Fourth Interrupt Register

| Name |                             |                               | Base  | Default  |  |  |  |
|------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
|      | IRQENRD_3                   |                               |   | 2-wire serial  | 00h  |  |  |
|      |                             |                               | Fourth Interrupt Register   |  |  |  |  |
|      | Offset: 26h                 | correspondi<br>will clear the | ng interr<br>e registe  | are that writing to this register will enable/disable the<br>interrupts, while reading gets the actual interrupt status and<br>egister at the same time. It is not possible to read back the<br>le/disable settings. This register is reset at a AVDD27-POR. |  |  |  |
| Bit  | Bit Name                    | Default                       | Access  | I  | Bit Description  |  |  |
| 5    | HP_OVC<br>(level)           | 0                             | W   | Headphone over-current interrupt setting<br><b>0: disable</b><br>1: enable<br>The interrupt must not be enabled if the headphone block<br>disabled   |  |  |  |
|      |                             | x                             | R   |  | cted<br>ent detected, headphone amplifier was<br>thresholds are 150mA at HPR / HPL   |  |  |
| 4    | I2S_status                  | x                             | R   | 0: no LRCK on I2S inter<br>1: LRCK on I2S interfac   |  |  |  |
| 3    | I2S_IRQ                     | 0                             | W   | I2S input status change interrupt setting<br><b>0: disable</b><br>1: enable  |  |  |  |
|      | I2S_changed (status change) | x                             | R   | I2S input status change interrupt reading<br>0: I2S input status not changed<br>1: I2S input status changed, check I2S_status  |  |  |  |
| 2    | VOXM_IRQ                    | 0                             | W   | Enables interrupt which<br>threshold at the MIC inp<br><b>0: disable</b><br>1: enable  | is invoked by reaching a voltage<br>out (voice activation)   |  |  |
|      |                             | x                             | R   | This bit is set when a vo at the MIC has been rea  | Itage threshold of 5mVRMS (unfiltered) ached (voice activation)  |  |  |
| 1    | MIC_CON<br>(level)          | 0                             | W   | Microphone connect de<br><b>0: disable</b><br>1: enable  | tection interrupt setting  |  |  |
|      |                             | x                             | R   | 0: no microphone connect<br>1: microphone connecte<br>This interrupt is only inv<br>powered down. The IRC<br>microphone stage.   | ed at MIC input.<br>oked when the microphone stage is<br>Q will be released after enabling the<br>during operation has to be done by |  |  |
| 0    | HPH_CON<br>(level)          | 0                             | W Headphone connect detection interrupt setting<br><b>0: disable</b><br>1: enable |  | tection interrupt setting  |  |  |
|      |                             | x                             | R   | 0: no headphone conne<br>1: headphone connecte<br>This interrupt is only inv<br>powered down. The IRC<br>headphone stage.  |  |  |  |

## Table 82. Fifth Interrupt Register

|           | Name  |         |        | Base   | Default                                   |  |  |
|-----------|---|---------|--------|--|---|--|--|
| IRQENRD_4 |   |         |        | 2-wire serial 00h  |   |  |  |
|           |   |         |        | Fifth Interrupt Register   |   |  |  |
|           | Offset: 27h corresponding will clear the re |         |        | The that writing to this register will enable/disable the<br>interrupts, while reading gets the actual interrupt status and<br>egister at the same time. It is not possible to read back the<br>le/disable settings. This register is reset at a AVDD27-POR. |   |  |  |
| Bit       | Bit Name                                    | Default | Access | E  | Bit Description                           |  |  |
| 7:6       | T_DEB<1:0>                                  | 00      | R/W    | Sets the USB and Char<br><b>00: 512ms</b><br>01: 256ms<br>10: 128ms<br>11: 0ms   | ger connect de-bounce time:               |  |  |
| 5         | AVDD27_IRQ                                  | 0       | W      | Enables interrupt for un<br><b>0: disable</b><br>1: enable   | der-voltage supervision of AVDD27         |  |  |
|           | AVDD27_under                                | х       | R      | This bit is set when a -5  | % under-voltage at AVDD27 occurs          |  |  |
| 4         | DCDC15_IRQ                                  | 0       | W      | Enables interrupt for ove<br><b>0: disable</b><br>1: enable  | er-voltage supervision of SW15            |  |  |
|           | DCDC15_over                                 | х       | R      | This bit is set when SW  | 15 exceeds 15V.                           |  |  |
| 3         | -   | 0       | n/a    |  |   |  |  |
| 2         | REM_DET<br>(edge)                           | 0       | W      | Microphone remote key<br><b>0: disable</b><br>1: enable  | press detection interrupt setting         |  |  |
|           |   | x       | R      | 0: no key press detected   | urrent got increased, remote key press    |  |  |
| 1         | -   | 0       | n/a    |  |   |  |  |
| 0         | ADC_EOC<br>(edge)                           | 0       | W      | ADC end of conversion<br><b>0: disable</b><br>1: enable  | interrupt setting                         |  |  |
|           |   | x       | R      | ADC end of conversion<br>0: ADC conversion not f<br>1: ADC conversion finis<br>register to get the result  | finished<br>hed. Read out ADC_0 and ADC_1 |  |  |

## Table 83. RTC\_Cntr Register

| Name |                              |         |                  | Base   | Default             |  |
|------|------------------------------|---------|------------------|--|---------------------|--|
|      | RTC_Cntr                     |         |                  | 2-wire serial  | 03h                 |  |
|      | Officet, 20h                 |         |                  | RTC Control Register   |                     |  |
|      | Offset: 28h This register is |         | is reset at      | a RVDD-POR.  |                     |  |
| Bit  | Bit Name                     | Default | Default Access E |  | Bit Description     |  |
| 7:4  | Free_Bits<3:0>               | 0000    | R/W              | Free Bits to be used for   | application purpose |  |
| 3:1  | -                            | 000     | n/a              |  |                     |  |
| 0    | OSC_ON                       | 1       | RW               | RTC oscillator control, s<br>0: Disable RTC oscillato<br>1: Enable RTC oscillato | pr                  |  |

#### Table 84. ADC10\_0 Register

| Name |                |         |   | Base   | Default         |
|------|----------------|---------|---|--|-----------------|
|      | ADC10_0        |         |   | 2-wire serial  | 0000 00xxb      |
|      |                |         |   | First 10-bit ADC   | Register        |
|      | Offset: 2Eh    | -       | /riting to this register will start the measurement of the selected source.<br>his register is reset at a AVDD27-POR, exception are bit 0 and 1 |  |                 |
| Bit  | Bit Name       | Default | Access  | E  | Bit Description |
| 7:4  | ADC10_MUX<3:0> | 0000    | R/W   | Selects ADC input source<br><b>0000: BVDD</b><br>0001: BVDDR<br>0010: CHGIN<br>0011: CHGOUT<br>0100: VBUS<br>0101: defined by DC_TH<br>0110: BATTEMP<br>0111: reserved<br>1000: MICS<br>1001: reserved<br>1010: I_MICS<br>1011: reserved<br>1100: VBE_1uA<br>1101: VBE_2uA<br>1110: I_CHGact<br>1101: I_CHGref |                 |
| 3:2  | -              | 00      | n/a   |  |                 |
| 1:0  | ADC10<9:8>     | хх      | R   | ADC result bit 9 to 8  |                 |

## Table 85. ADC10\_1 Register

| Name    |              |               |                            | Base                    | Default |  |  |
|---------|--------------|---------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|---------|--|--|
| ADC10_1 |              |               | 2-wire serial              |                         | xxh     |  |  |
|         | Offset: 2Fh  |               | Second 10-bit ADC Register |                         |         |  |  |
|         | Oliset. 2Fil | This register | r is reset at              | a AVDD27-POR.           |         |  |  |
| Bit     | Bit Name     | Default       | Access                     | Bit Description         |         |  |  |
| 7:0     | ADC10<7:0>   | 00h           | R                          | ADC results bits 7 to 0 |         |  |  |



| Table 86. | UID_ | 0 to UID | _7 Register |
|-----------|------|----------|-------------|
|-----------|------|----------|-------------|

| Name               |               |  |                    | Base             | Default |  |  |  |
|--------------------|---------------|--|--------------------|------------------|---------|--|--|--|
|                    | UID_0 to UID7 |  |                    | 2-wire serial    | n/a     |  |  |  |
| Offset: 38h to 3Fh |               |  | UNIQUE ID Register |                  |         |  |  |  |
|                    |               | This is a read only register and gets not reset. |                    |                  |         |  |  |  |
| Adr.               | Byte Name     | Default  | Access             | Bit Description  |         |  |  |  |
| 38h                | UID_0         | n/a  | R                  | Unique ID byte 0 |         |  |  |  |
| 39h                | UID_1         | n/a  | R                  | Unique ID byte 1 |         |  |  |  |
| 3Ah                | UID_2         | n/a  | R                  | Unique ID byte 2 |         |  |  |  |
| 3Bh                | UID_3         | n/a  | R                  | Unique ID byte 3 |         |  |  |  |
| 3Ch                | UID_4         | n/a  | R                  | Unique ID byte 4 |         |  |  |  |
| 3Dh                | UID_5         | n/a  | R                  | Unique ID byte 5 |         |  |  |  |
| 3Eh                | UID_6         | n/a  | R                  | Unique ID byte 6 |         |  |  |  |
| 3Fh                | UID_7         | n/a  | R                  | Unique ID byte 7 |         |  |  |  |

Data Sheet, Strictly Confidential - Application Information



## **12 Application Information**

Figure 30. Typical Application Schematic



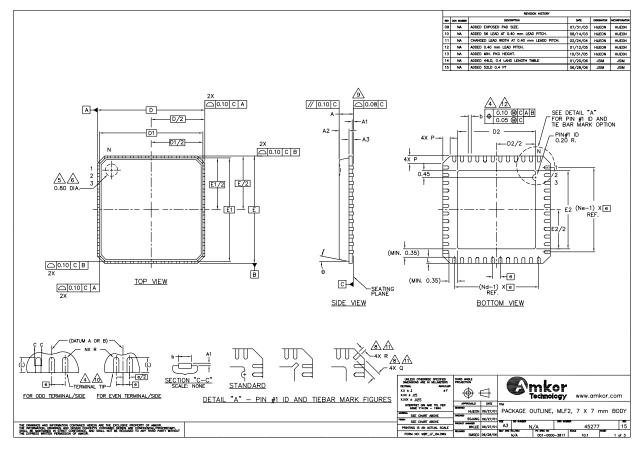
# 13 Package Drawings and Markings

Figure 31. MLF56 Marking

Table 87. Package Code AYWWZZZ

| Α           | Y    | ww                                | ZZZ         |
|-------------|------|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| B for Green | year | working week assembly / packaging | free choice |

Figure 32. MLF56 0.4mm pitch



| 10 1        |   |        |        |                 |             |            |                   |      |                              |
|-------------|---|--------|--------|-----------------|-------------|------------|-------------------|------|------------------------------|
| S<br>Y<br>B | PITCH   | VARIAT | TION E | N               | S<br>Y<br>M | וח         | COMMON<br>MENSION | •    | N                            |
| l o         | MIN   |        |        | No <sub>7</sub> | B           |            |                   | MAX. | <sup>N</sup> о <sub>те</sub> |
| E H         | IVITIN.   |        | MAX.   | E               |             | <u>MIN</u> |                   |      | E                            |
| е           |   |        |        |                 |             | 0.80       | 0.85              | 0.90 |                              |
| Ν           | 56  |        |        | 3               | A1          | 0.00       | 0.01              | 0.05 | 10                           |
| Nd          | 14  |        |        | 3               | A2          | 0.60       | 0.65              | 0.70 |                              |
| Ne          | e 14  |        |        | 3               | A3          | 0.20 REF.  |                   |      |                              |
| L           | 0.30  | 0.40   | 0.50   |                 | D           | 7.00 BSC   |                   |      |                              |
| b           | 0.15  | 0.20   | 0.25   | 4,12            | D1          | 6.75 BSC   |                   |      |                              |
| D2          | 4.80  | 4.90   | 5.00   |                 | F           | 7.00 BSC   |                   |      |                              |
| E2          | 4.80  | 4.90   | 5.00   |                 | E1          | 6.75 BSC   |                   |      |                              |
|             |   |        |        |                 | θ           | 0          | _                 | 12°  |                              |
| NOTES       | <ol> <li>DIMENSIONING &amp; TOLERANCES CONFORM TO ASME Y14.5M 1994.</li> </ol>  |        |        | Ρ               | 0.24        | 0.42       | 0.60              |      |                              |
|             | <ol> <li>N IS THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS.</li> <li>Nd IS THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS IN X-DIRECTION &amp;</li> <li>Ne IS THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS IN X-DIRECTION</li> </ol> |        |        |                 | Q           | 0.30       | 0.40              | 0.65 | 8,11                         |

R

0.13

0.17

- Ne IS THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS IN Y-DIRECTION. DIMENSION & APPLIES TO PLATED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.15 AND 0.30mm FROM TERMINAL TIP.

- BEIVEEN 0.15 AND U.JUMM PROMIERMINAL INT.
- A THE SHAPE SHOWN ON FOUR CORNERS ARE NOT ACTUAL I/O.
- $\underline{\bigtriangleup}$  bilateral coplanarity zone applies to the exposed pad as well as the terminals.
- APPLIED ONLY FOR TERMINALS.
- A Q AND R APPLIES ONLY FOR STRAGHT TIEBAR SHAPES.
- AT THE ACTUAL MEAN VALUE OF BODY SIZE.

0.23

8,11

## **14 Ordering Information**

Table 88. Ordering Information

| Model       | Description   | Delivery Form | Package                                 |
|-------------|---|---------------|---|
| AS3542-EMFP | Ultra Low Power Stereo Audio Codec with System<br>PMU |               | MLF2 56 [7.0x7.0x0.85mm]<br>0.4mm pitch |



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## **Contact Information**

Headquarters austriamicrosystems AG A-8141 Schloss Premstaetten, Austria

Tel: +43 (0) 3136 500 0 Fax: +43 (0) 3136 525 01

For Sales Offices, Distributors and Representatives, please visit:

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