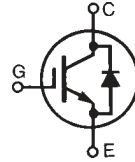


GenX3™ 1200V IGBT

IXGH30N120B3D1 IXGT30N120B3D1

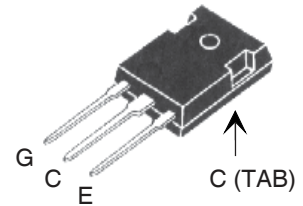
High speed Low V_{sat} PT
IGBTs 3-20 kHz switching



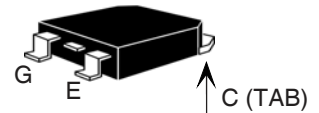
V_{CES} = 1200V
I_{C110} = 30A
V_{CE(sat)} ≤ 3.5V
t_{fi(typ)} = 204ns

Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
V_{CES}	T _J = 25°C to 150°C	1200	V
V_{CGR}	T _J = 25°C to 150°C, R _{GE} = 1MΩ	1200	V
V_{GES}	Continuous	±20	V
V_{GEM}	Transient	±30	V
I_{C110}	T _C = 110°C	30	A
I_{F110}	T _C = 110°C	28	A
I_{CM}	T _C = 25°C, 1ms	150	A
SSOA (RBSOA)	V _{GE} = 15V, T _{VJ} = 125°C, R _G = 5Ω Clamped inductive load	I _{CM} = 60 @ 0.8 • V _{CE}	A
P_c	T _C = 25°C	300	W
T_J		-55 ... +150	°C
T_{JM}		150	°C
T_{stg}		-55 ... +150	°C
M_d	Mounting torque (TO-247)	1.13 / 10	Nm/lb.in.
T_L	Maximum lead temperature for soldering	300	°C
T_{SOLD}	1.6mm (0.062 in.) from case for 10s	260	°C
Weight	TO-247	6	g
	TO-268	4	g

TO-247 AD (IXGH)



TO-268 (IXGT)



G = Gate C = Collector
E = Emitter TAB = Collector

Features

- Optimized for low conduction and switching losses
- Square RBSOA
- Anti-parallel ultra fast diode
- International standard packages

Advantages

- High power density
- Low gate drive requirement

Applications

- Power Inverters
- UPS
- Motor Drives
- SMPS
- PFC Circuits
- Welding Machines

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values (T _J = 25°C, unless otherwise specified)		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
V_{GE(th)}	I _C = 250μA, V _{CE} = V _{GE}	3.0		5.0 V
I_{CES}	V _{CE} = V _{CES} V _{GE} = 0V T _J = 125°C			300 μA 1.5 mA
I_{GES}	V _{CE} = 0V, V _{GE} = ±20V			±100 nA
V_{CE(sat)}	I _C = 30A, V _{GE} = 15V, Note 1 T _J = 125°C	2.96 2.95	3.5	V V

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values			
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
g_{fs}	$I_C = 30A, V_{CE} = 10V$, Note 1	11	19	S	
C_{ies} C_{oes} C_{res}	$V_{CE} = 25V, V_{GE} = 0V, f = 1MHz$		1750	pF	
			120	pF	
			46	pF	
Q_g Q_{ge} Q_{gc}	$I_C = 30A, V_{GE} = 15V, V_{CE} = 0.5 \cdot V_{CES}$		87	nC	
			15	nC	
			39	nC	
$t_{d(on)}$ t_{ri} E_{on} $t_{d(off)}$ t_{fi} E_{off}	Inductive load, $T_J = 25^\circ C$ $I_C = 30A, V_{GE} = 15V$, Notes 2 $V_{CE} = 0.8 \cdot V_{CES}, R_G = 5\Omega$		16	ns	
			37	ns	
			3.47	mJ	
			127	200	ns
			204	380	ns
			2.16	4.0	mJ
$t_{d(on)}$ t_{ri} E_{on} $t_{d(off)}$ t_{fi} E_{off}	Inductive load, $T_J = 125^\circ C$ $I_C = 30A, V_{GE} = 15V$, Notes 2 $V_{CE} = 0.8 \cdot V_{CES}, R_G = 5\Omega$		18	ns	
			38	ns	
			6.70	mJ	
			216	ns	
			255	ns	
			5.10	mJ	
R_{thJC} R_{thCS}		0.21	0.42 $^\circ C/W$ $^\circ C/W$		

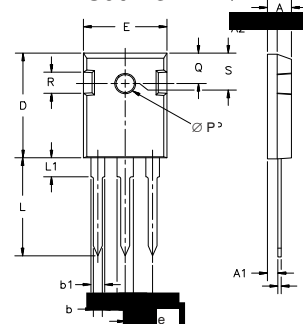
Reverse Diode (FRED)

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
V_F	$I_F = 30A, V_{GE} = 0V$, Note 1 $T_J = 150^\circ C$		1.6	2.8 V
I_{RM} t_{rr}	$I_F = 30A, V_{GE} = 0V, -di_F/dt = 100A/\mu s, V_R = 300V$ $T_J = 100^\circ C$			4 A
			100	ns
R_{thJC}				0.9 $^\circ C/W$

Note 1: Pulse test, $t \leq 300\mu s$, duty cycle, $d \leq 2\%$.

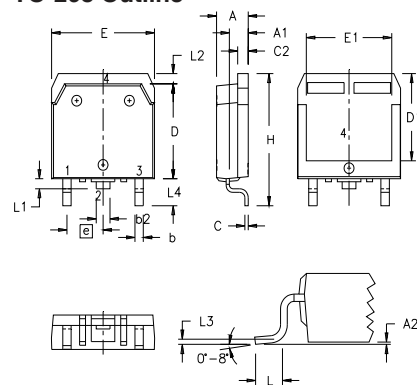
2. Switching times may increase for V_{CE} (Clamp) $> 0.8 V_{CES}$, higher T_J or increased R_G .

TO-247 AD Outline



Dim.	Millimeter		Inches	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
A	4.7	5.3	.185	.209
A ₁	2.2	2.54	.087	.102
A ₂	2.2	2.6	.059	.098
b	1.0	1.4	.040	.055
b ₁	1.65	2.13	.065	.084
b ₂	2.87	3.12	.113	.123
C	.4	.8	.016	.031
D	20.80	21.46	.819	.845
E	15.75	16.26	.610	.640
e	5.20	5.72	0.205	0.225
L	19.81	20.32	.780	.800
L ₁		4.50		.177
∅P	3.55	3.65	.140	.144
Q	5.89	6.40	0.232	0.252
R	4.32	5.49	.170	.216

TO-268 Outline



SYM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	.193	.201	4.90	5.10
A1	.106	.114	2.70	2.90
A2	.001	.010	0.02	0.25
b	.045	.057	1.15	1.45
b2	.075	.083	1.90	2.10
C	.016	.026	0.40	0.65
C2	.057	.063	1.45	1.60
D	.543	.551	13.80	14.00
D1	.488	.500	12.40	12.70
E	.624	.632	15.85	16.05
E1	.524	.535	13.30	13.60
e	.215 BSC		5.45 BSC	
H	.736	.752	18.70	19.10
L	.094	.106	2.40	2.70
L1	.047	.055	1.20	1.40
L2	.039	.045	1.00	1.15
L3	.010 BSC		0.25 BSC	
L4	.150	.161	3.80	4.10

IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions, and dimensions.

IXYS MOSFETs and IGBTs are covered by one or more of the following U.S. patents:	4,835,592	4,931,844	5,049,961	5,237,481	6,162,665	6,404,065 B1	6,683,344	6,727,585	7,005,734 B2	7,157,338 B2
	4,850,072	5,017,508	5,063,307	5,381,025	6,259,123 B1	6,534,343	6,710,405 B2	6,759,692	7,063,975 B2	
	4,881,106	5,034,796	5,187,117	5,486,715	6,306,728 B1	6,583,505	6,710,463	6,771,478 B2	7,071,537	

Fig. 1. Output Characteristics @ 25°C

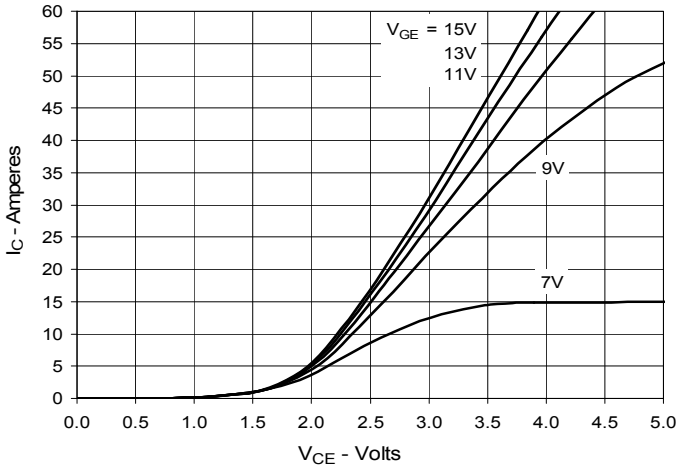


Fig. 2. Extended Output Characteristics @ 25°C

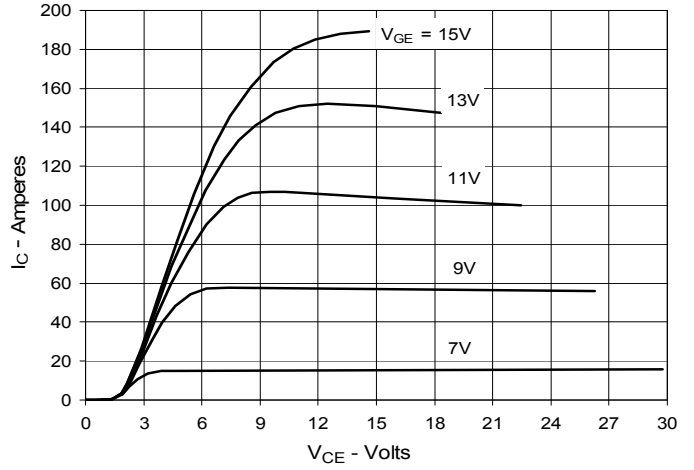


Fig. 3. Output Characteristics @ 125°C

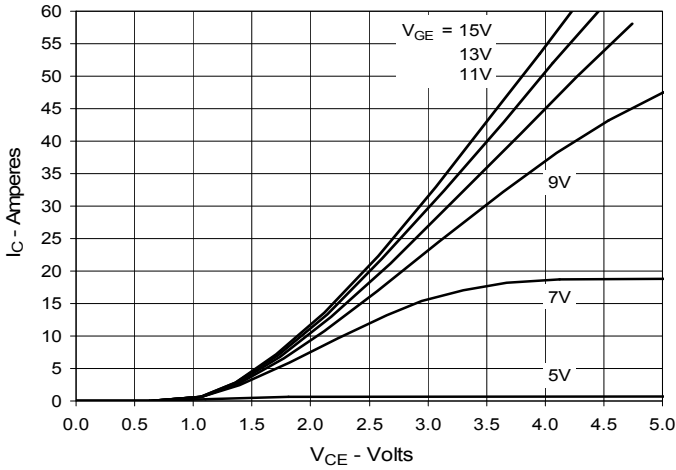


Fig. 4. Dependence of $V_{CE(sat)}$ on Junction Temperature

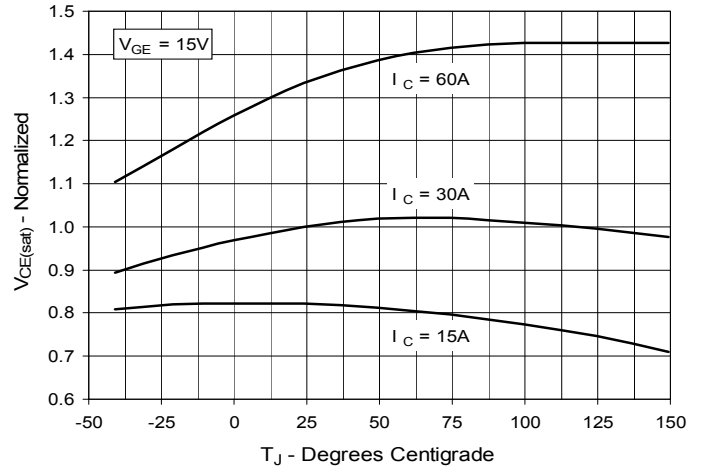


Fig. 5. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

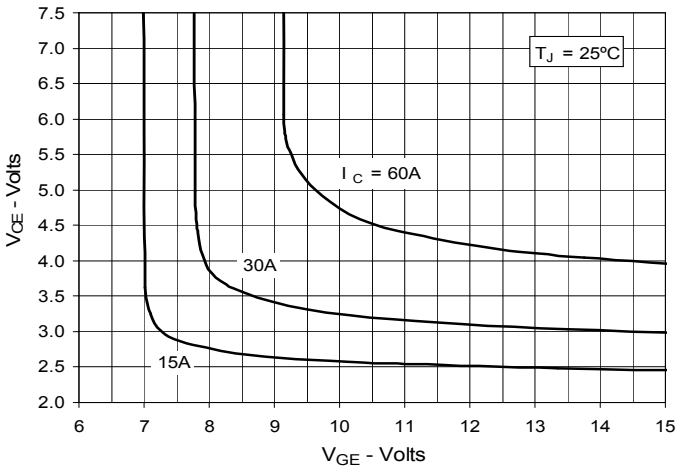


Fig. 6. Input Admittance

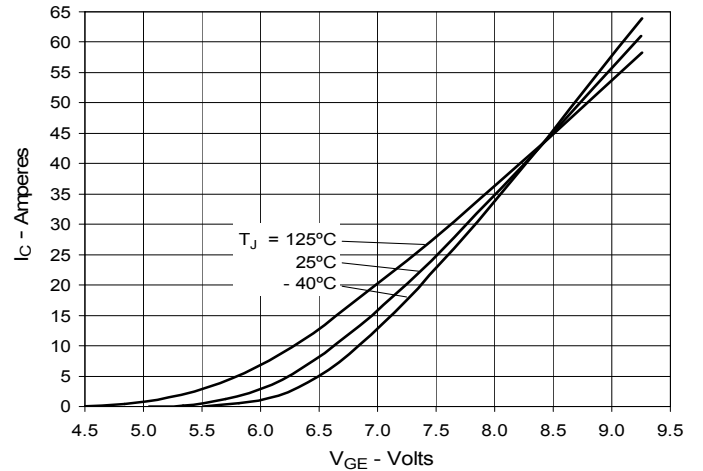


Fig. 7. Transconductance

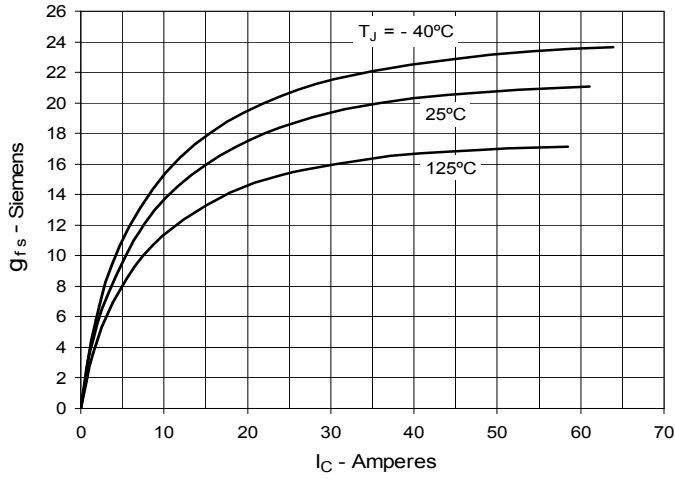


Fig. 8. Gate Charge

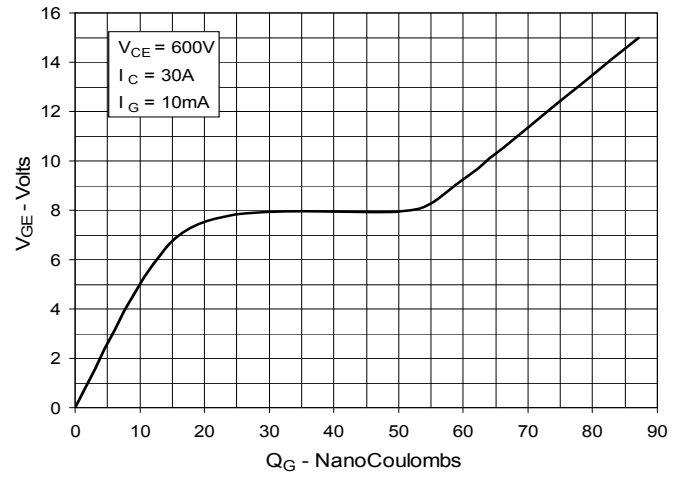


Fig. 9. Capacitance

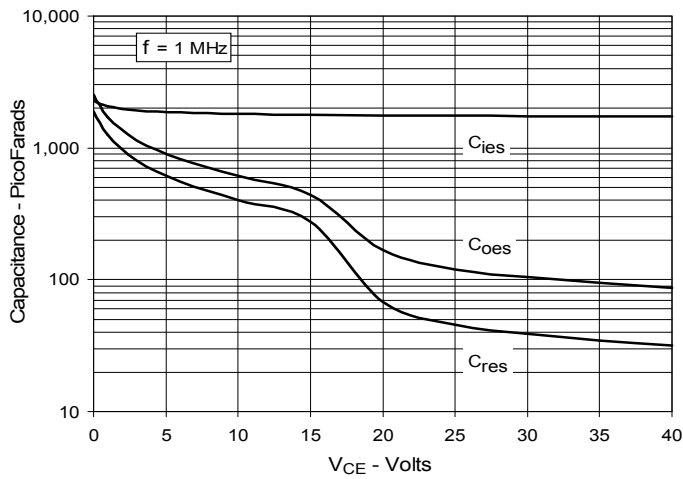


Fig. 10. Reverse-Bias Safe Operating Area

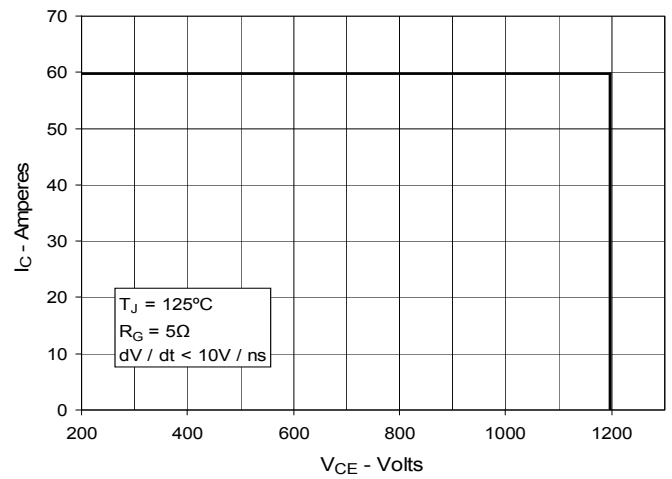


Fig. 11. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

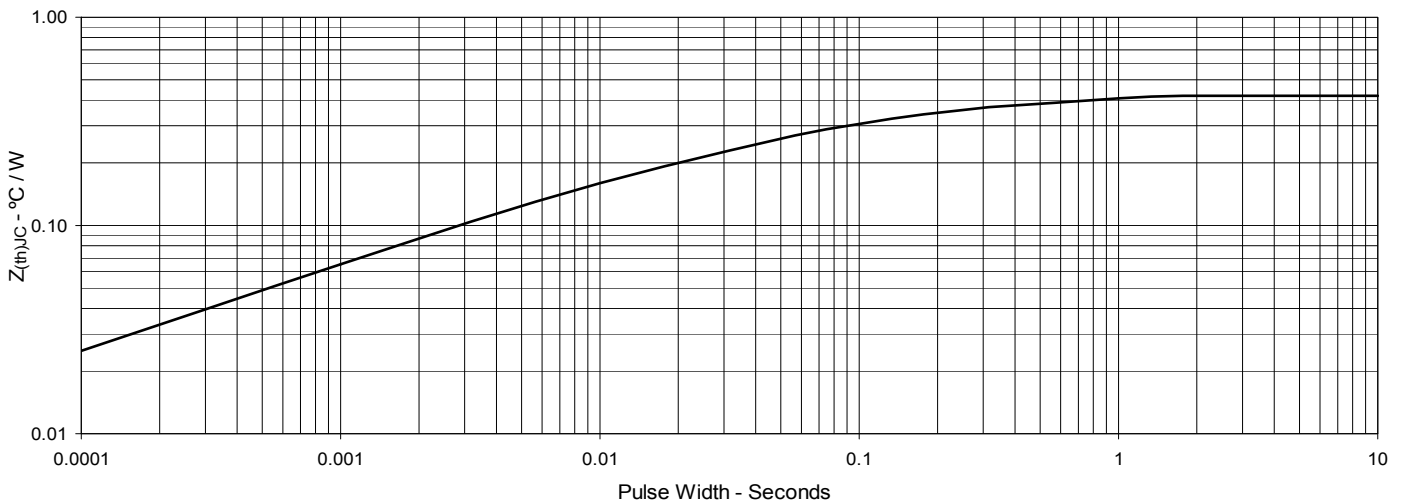


Fig. 12. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Gate Resistance

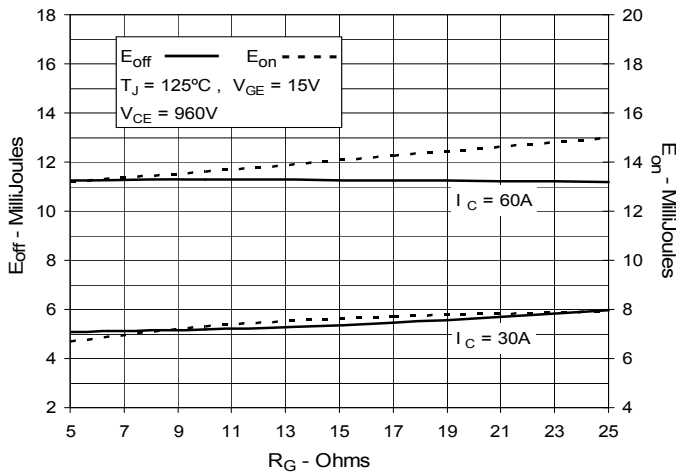


Fig. 13. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Collector Current

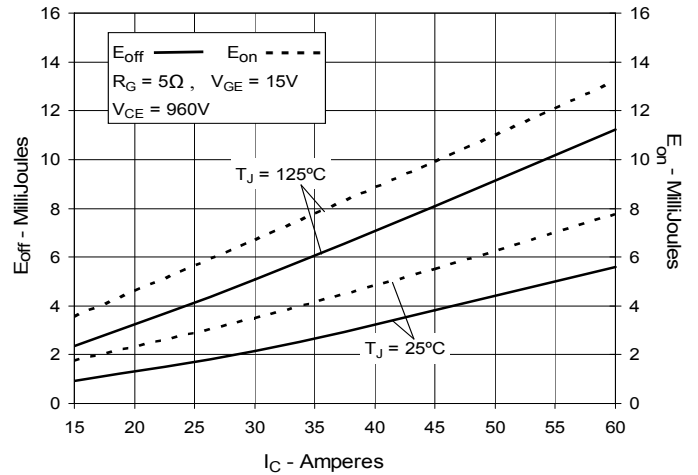


Fig. 14. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Junction Temperature

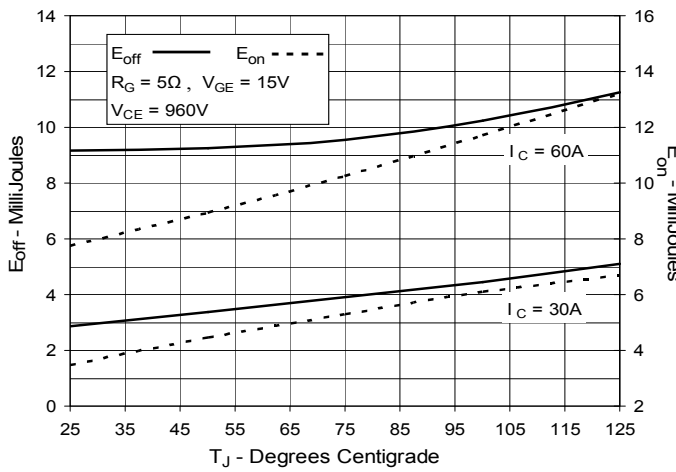


Fig. 15. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance

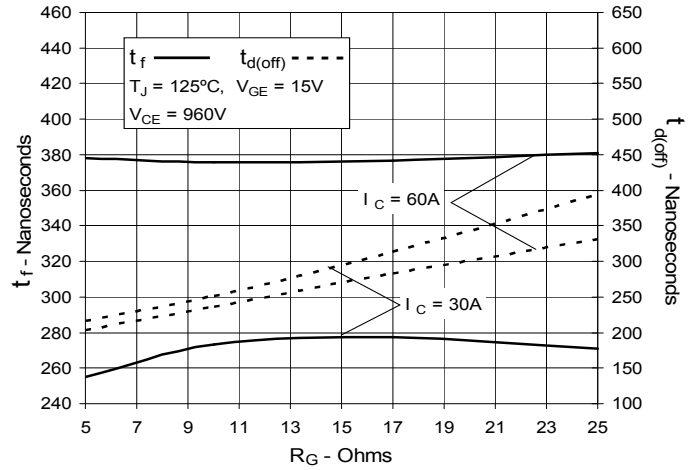


Fig. 16. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Collector Current

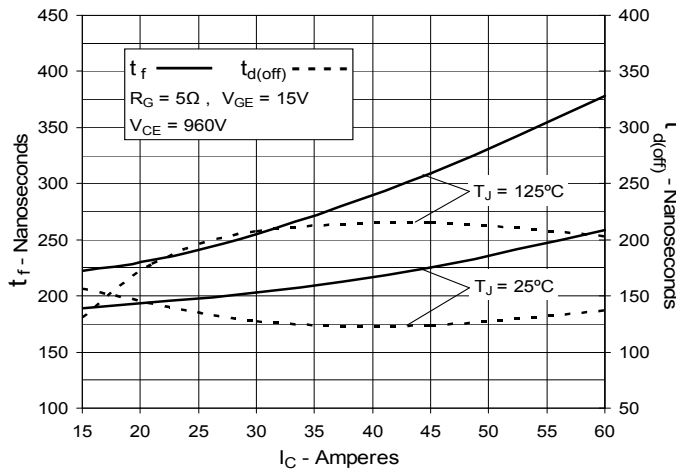
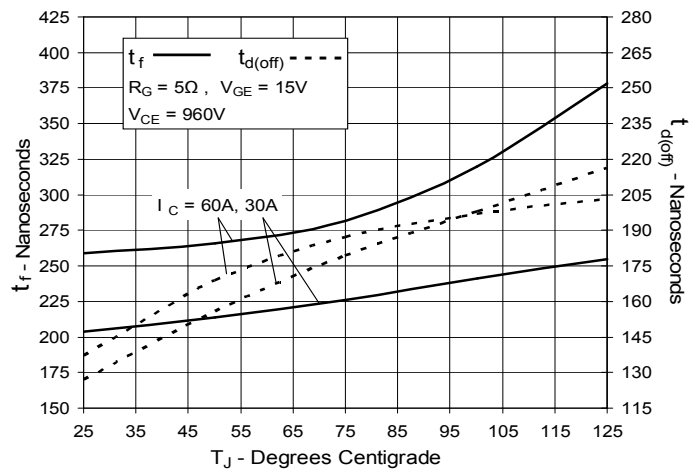
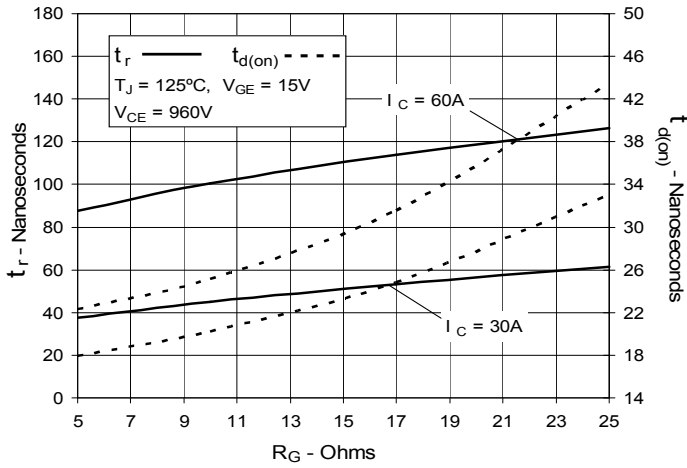


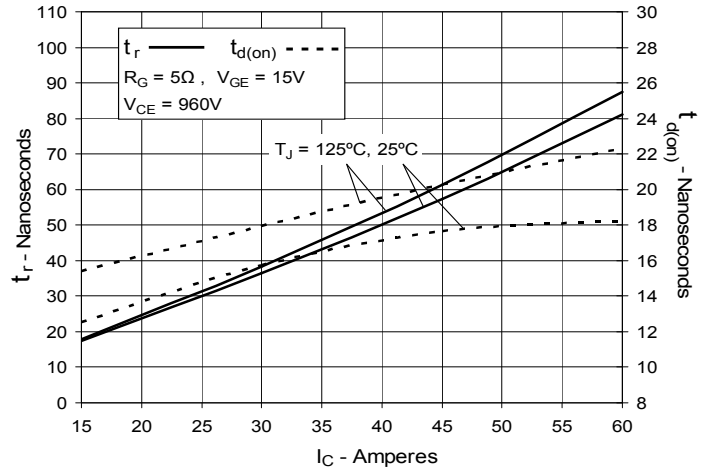
Fig. 17. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Junction Temperature



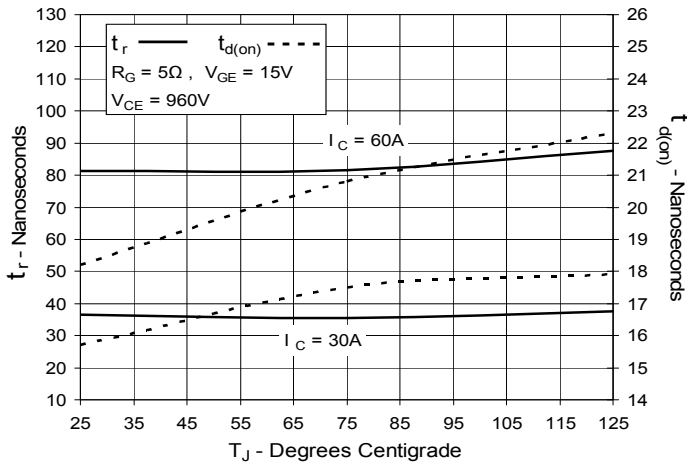
**Fig. 18. Inductive Turn-on
Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance**



**Fig. 19. Inductive Turn-on
Switching Times vs. Collector Current**



**Fig. 20. Inductive Turn-on
Switching Times vs. Junction Temperature**



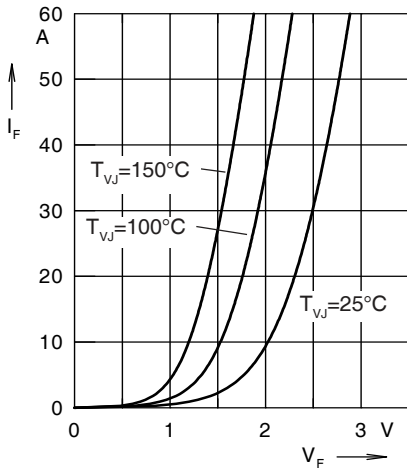


Fig. 21. Forward current I_F versus V_F

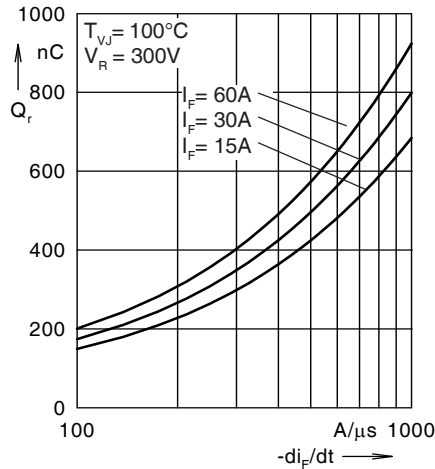


Fig. 22. Reverse recovery charge Q_r versus $-di_F/dt$

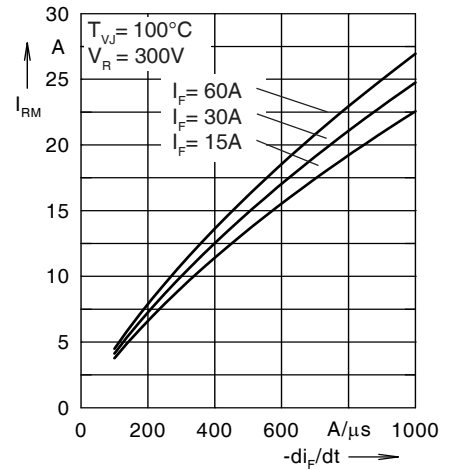


Fig. 23. Peak reverse current I_{RM} versus $-di_F/dt$

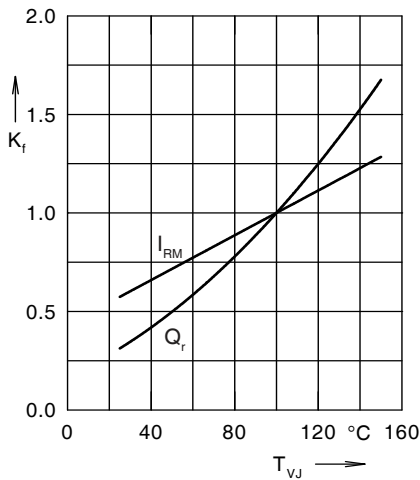


Fig. 24. Dynamic parameters Q_r , I_{RM} versus T_{VJ}

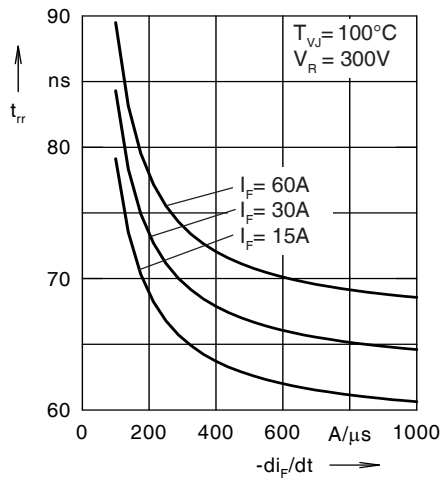


Fig. 25. Recovery time t_{rr} versus $-di_F/dt$

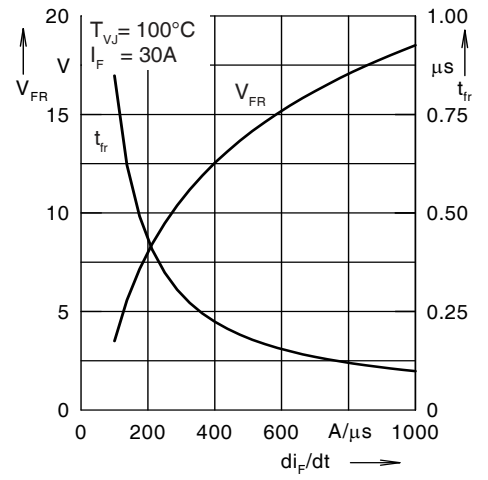


Fig. 26. Peak forward voltage V_{FR} and t_{fr} versus di_F/dt

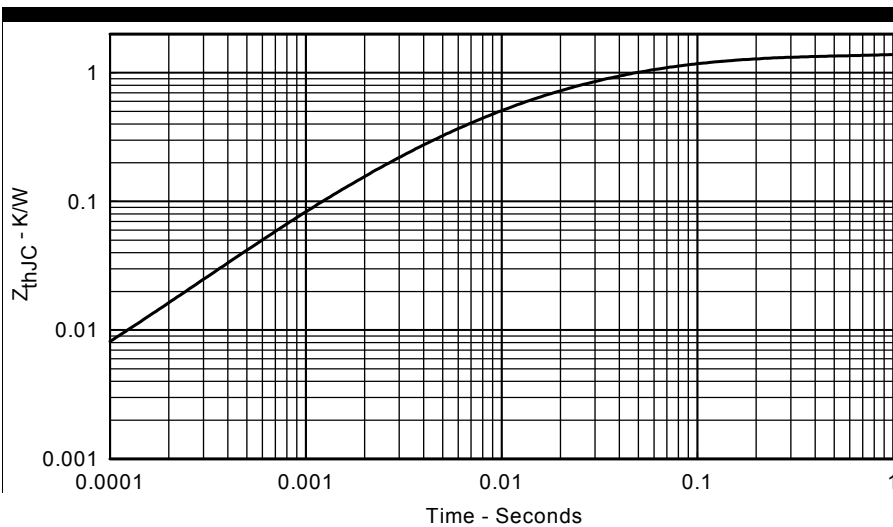


Fig. 27. Transient thermal resistance junction to case



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