

General Description

The AO4498 combines advanced trench MOSFET technology with a low resistance package to provide extremely low $R_{DS(ON)}$. This device is ideal for load switch and battery protection applications.

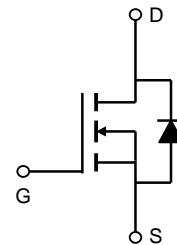
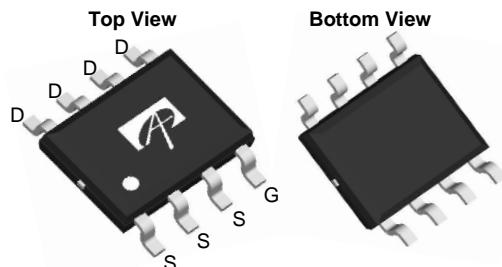
Product Summary

V_{DS} (V) = 30V	
I_D = 18A	(V_{GS} = 10V)
$R_{DS(ON)} < 5.5\text{m}\Omega$	(V_{GS} = 10V)
$R_{DS(ON)} < 7.5\text{m}\Omega$	(V_{GS} = 4.5V)

100% UIS Tested
100% R_g Tested



SOIC-8



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	V
Continuous Drain Current ^A	I_D	18	A
$T_C=70^\circ\text{C}$		14	
Pulsed Drain Current ^C	I_{DM}	140	
Avalanche Current ^C	I_{AR}	42	A
Repetitive avalanche energy $L=0.1\text{mH}$ ^C	E_{AR}	88	mJ
Power Dissipation ^B	P_D	3.1	W
$T_C=70^\circ\text{C}$		2	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 150	°C

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A	$R_{\theta JA}$	31	40	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^{A,B}		59	75	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Lead	$R_{\theta JL}$	16	24	°C/W

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	30	36.5		V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=30\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		1		μA
		$T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$		5		
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm 20\text{V}$		100		nA
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1.3	1.8	2.5	V
$I_{\text{D(ON)}}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=5\text{V}$	140			A
$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=18\text{A}$		4.6	5.5	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		6.6	8	
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=18\text{A}$		53		S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.7	1	V
I_S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				4	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		1910	2300	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			316		pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			227		pF
R_g	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$	0.7	1.4	2.1	Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, I_D=18\text{A}$		37	44.5	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			18		nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge			4.8		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			11		nC
$t_{\text{D(on)}}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, R_L=0.83\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		8.1		ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time			8.6		ns
$t_{\text{D(off)}}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			29		ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			8		ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=18\text{A}, dI/dt=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		14	17	ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=18\text{A}, dI/dt=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		40		nC

A. The value of R_{BJA} is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B. The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$, using $\leq 10\text{s}$ junction-to-ambient thermal resistance.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$. Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$.

D. The R_{BJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead R_{BJL} and lead to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-ambient thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, assuming a maximum junction temperature of $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

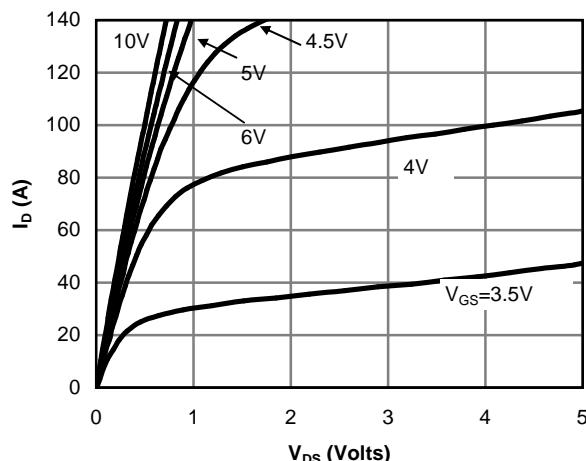


Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)

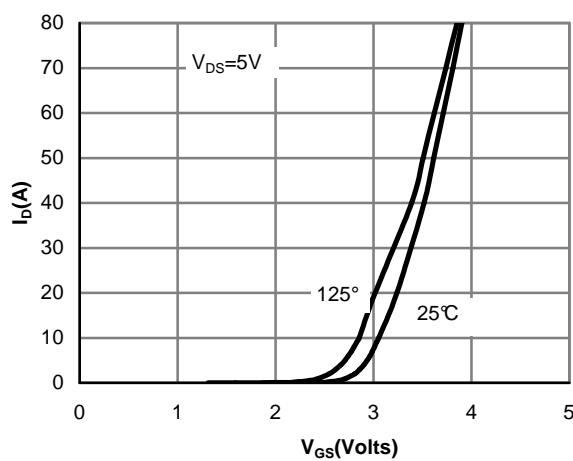


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)

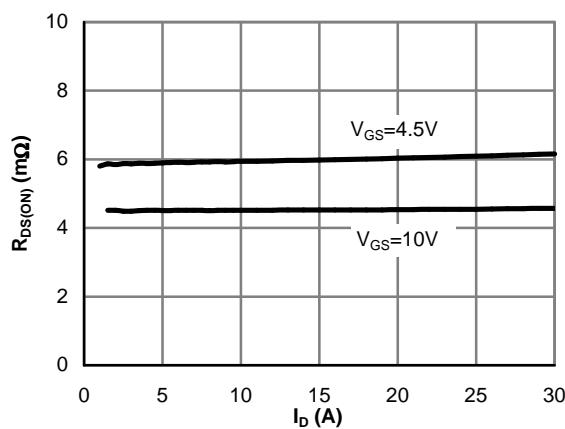


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)

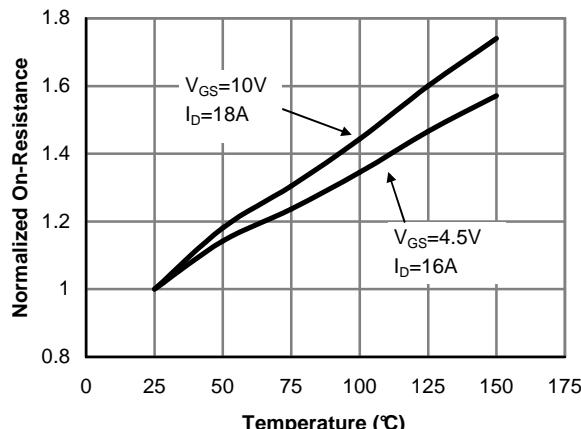


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)

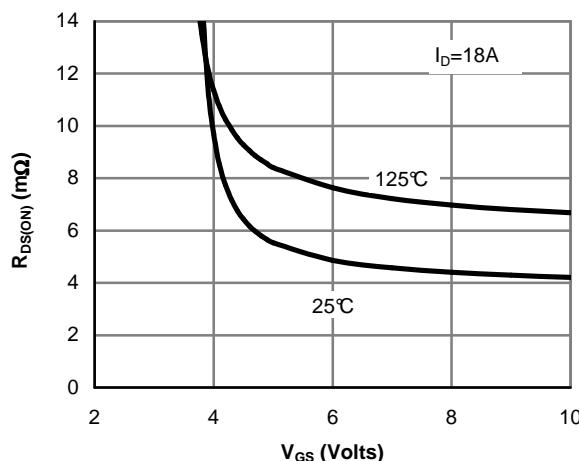


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)

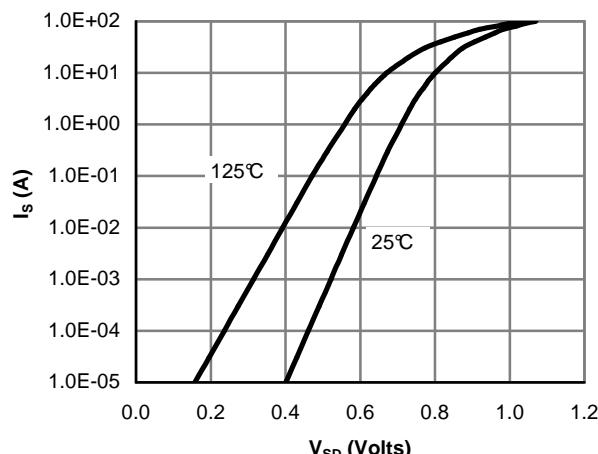
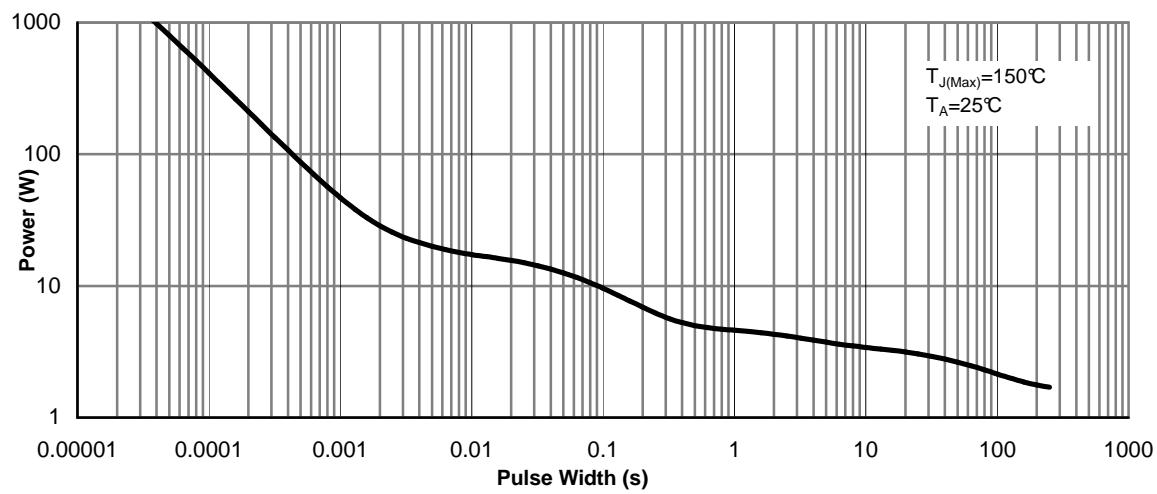
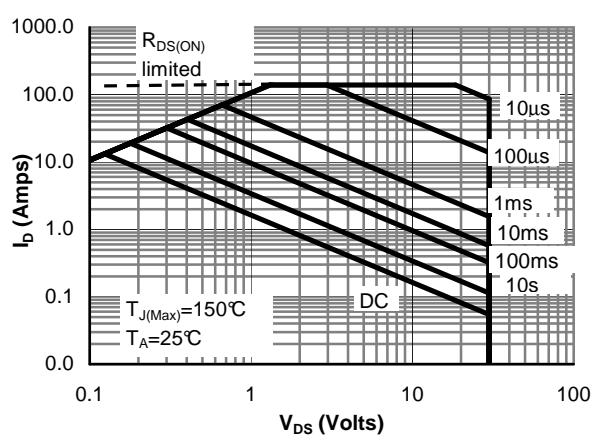
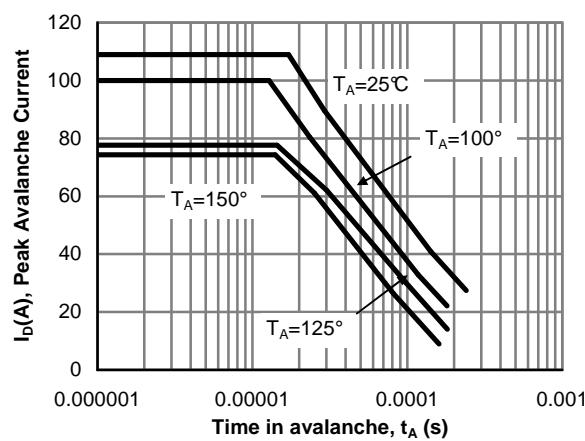
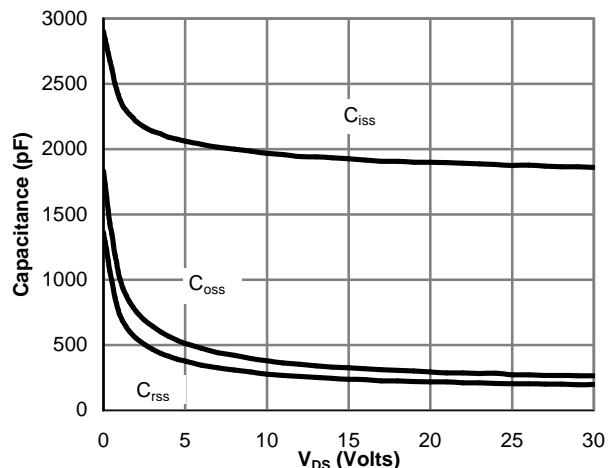
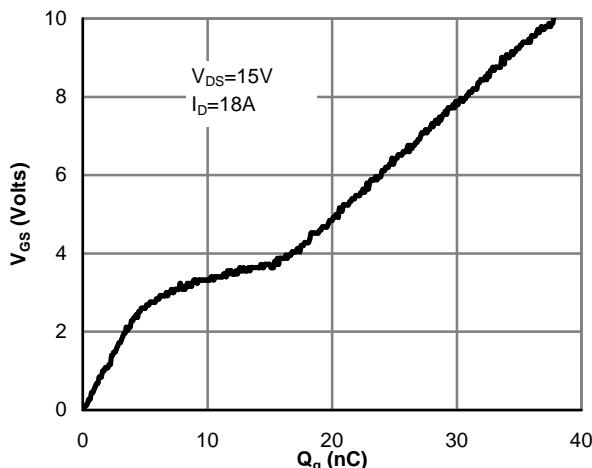


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)

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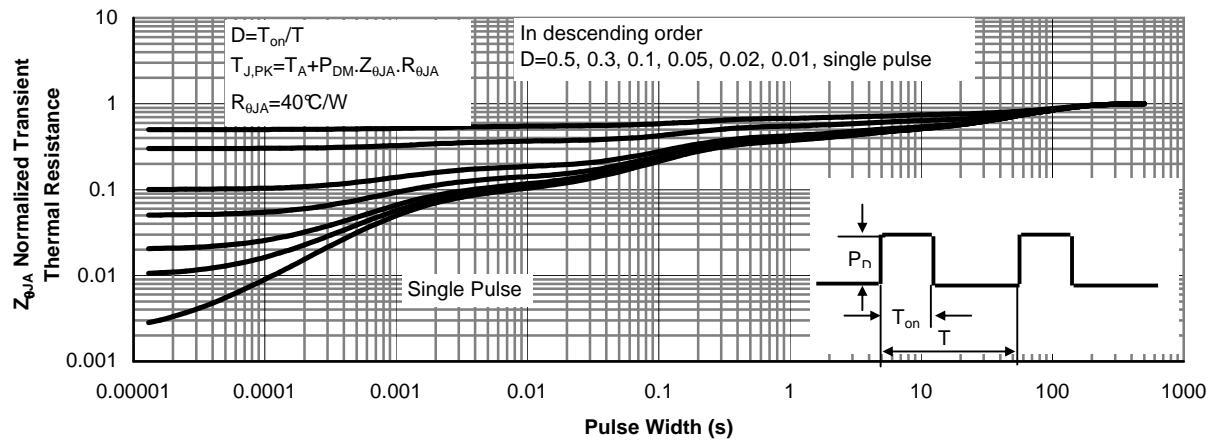
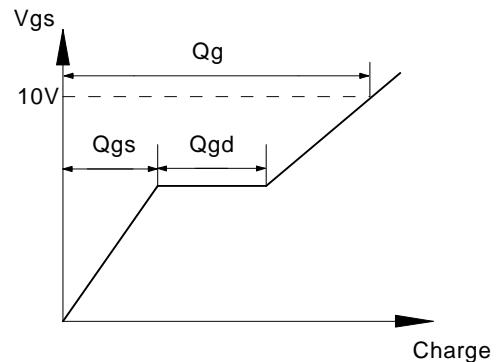
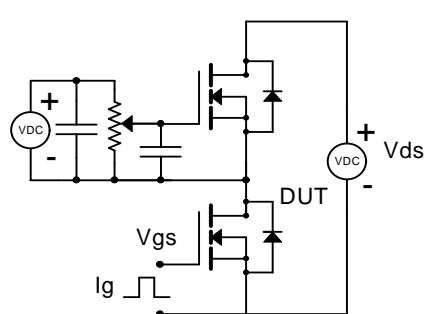
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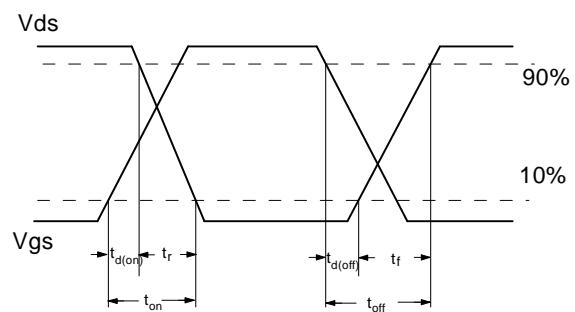
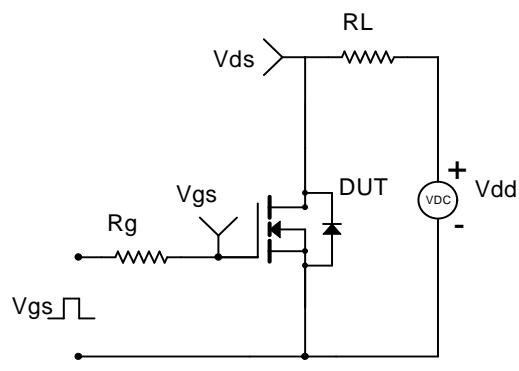
Figure 16: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)

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Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

