

Data sheet acquired from Harris Semiconductor SCHS206B

February 1998 - Revised May 2003

# High-Speed CMOS Logic CMOS Programmable Divide-by-N Counter

#### Features

- Synchronous Programmable ÷N Counter N = 3 to 9999 or 15999
- Presettable Down-Counter
- Fully Static Operation
- Mode-Select Control of Initial Decade Counting Function (÷10, 8, 5, 4, 2)
- · Master Preset Initialization
- · Latchable +N Output
- Fanout (Over Temperature Range)
  - Standard Outputs......10 LSTTL Loads
  - Bus Driver Outputs ............ 15 LSTTL Loads
- Wide Operating Temperature Range . . . -55 $^{\rm o}$ C to 125 $^{\rm o}$ C
- Balanced Propagation Delay and Transition Times
- Significant Power Reduction Compared to LSTTL Logic ICs
- HC Types
  - 2V to 6V Operation
  - High Noise Immunity:  $N_{IL}$  = 30%,  $N_{IH}$  = 30% of  $V_{CC}$  at  $V_{CC}$  = 5V

# **Applications**

- Communications Digital Frequency Synthesizers;
   VHF, UHF, FM, AM, etc.
- Fixed or Programmable Frequency Division
- "Time Out" Timer for Consumer-Application Industrial Controls

# Ordering Information

| PART NUMBER   | TEMP. RANGE<br>(°C) | PACKAGE      |
|---------------|---------------------|--------------|
| CD54HC4059F3A | -55 to 125          | 24 Ld CERDIP |
| CD74HC4059E   | -55 to 125          | 24 Ld PDIP   |
| CD74HC4059M96 | -55 to 125          | 24 Ld SOIC   |

NOTE: When ordering, use the entire part number. The suffix 96 denotes tape and reel.

## Description

The 'HC4059 are high-speed silicon-gate devices that are pin-compatible with the CD4059A devices of the CD4000B series. These devices are divide-by-N down-counters that can be programmed to divide an input frequency by any number "N" from 3 to 15,999. The output signal is a pulse one clock cycle wide occurring at a rate equal to the input frequency divide by N. The down-counter is preset by means of 16 jam inputs.

The three Mode-Select Inputs  $K_a$ ,  $K_b$  and  $K_c$  determine the modulus ("divide-by" number) of the first and last counting sections in accordance with the truth table. Every time the first (fastest) counting section goes through one cycle, it reduces by 1 the number that has been preset (jammed) into the three decades of the intermediate counting section an the last counting section, which consists of flip-flops that are not needed for opening the first counting section. For example, in the ÷2 mode, only one flip-flop is needed in the first counting section. Therefore the last counting section has three flip-flops that can be preset to a maximum count of seven with a place value of thousands. If ÷10 is desired for the first section, K<sub>a</sub> is set "high",  $K_b$  "high" and  $K_c$  "low". Jam inputs J1, J2, J3, and J4 are used to preset the first counting section and there is no last counting section. The intermediate counting section consists of three cascaded BCD decade (÷10) counters presettable by means of Jam Inputs J5 through J16.

The Mode-Select Inputs permit frequency-synthesizer channel separations of 10, 12.5, 20, 25 or 50 parts. These inputs set the maximum value of N at 9999 (when the first counting section divides by 5 or 10) or 15,999 (when the first counting section divides by 8, 4, or 2).

The three decades of the intermediate counter can be preset to a binary 15 instead of a binary 9, while their place values are still 1, 10, and 100, multiplied by the number of the ÷N mode. For example, in the ÷8 mode, the number from which counting down begins can be preset to:

| 3rd Decade            | 1500 |
|-----------------------|------|
| 2nd Decade            | 150  |
| 1st Decade            | 15   |
| Last Counting Section | 1000 |

The total of these numbers (2665) times 8 equals 12,320. The first counting section can be preset to 7. Therefore, 21,327 is the maximum possible count in the ÷8 mode.

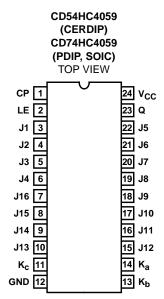
The highest count of the various modes is shown in the Extended Counter Range column. Control inputs  $K_{b}$  and  $K_{c}$  can be used to initiate and lock the counter in the "master preset" state. In this condition the flip-flops in the counter are preset in accordance with the jam inputs and the counter remains in that state as long as  $K_{b}$  and  $K_{c}$  both remain low. The counter begins to count down from the preset state when a counting mode other than the master preset mode is selected.

The counter should always be put in the master preset mode before the  $\div 5$  mode is selected. Whenever the master preset mode is used, control signals  $K_b$  = "low" and  $K_c$  = "low" must be applied for at least 3 full clock pulses.

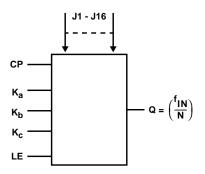
After Preset Mode inputs have been changed to one of the ÷ modes, the next positive-going clock transition changes an internal flip-flop so that the countdown can begin at the second positive-going clock transition. Thus, after an MP (Master Preset) mode, there is always one extra count before the output goes high. Figure 1 illustrates a total count of 3 (÷8 mode). If the Master Preset mode is started two clock cycles or less before an output pulse, the output pulse will appear at the time due. If the Master Preset Mode is not used, the counter jumps back to the "Jam" count when the output pulse appears.

A "high" on the Latch Enable input will cause the counter output to remain high once an output pulse occurs, and to remain in the high state until the latch input returns to "low". If the Latch Enable is "low", the output pulse will remain high for only one cycle of the clock-input signal.

#### **Pinout**



# Functional Diagram



#### TRUTH TABLE

|  |                |                |                    |                                     |                            |                    |                                     |                           | COUNTI   | ER RANGE |
|--|----------------|----------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|----------|
| MODE SELECT INPUT FIRST COUNTING SECTION |                |                |                    |                                     |                            | LAST C             | OUNTING SE                          | DESIGN                    | EXTENDED |          |
| Ka                                       | К <sub>b</sub> | К <sub>с</sub> | MODE<br>DIVIDES-BY | CAN BE<br>PRESET<br>TO A MAX<br>OF: | (NOTE 1)  JAM INPUTS USED: | MODE<br>DIVIDES-BY | CAN BE<br>PRESET<br>TO A MAX<br>OF: | (NOTE 1) JAM INPUTS USED: | MAX      | MAX      |
| Н  | Н              | Н              | 2                  | 1                                   | J1                         | 8                  | 7                                   | J2, J3, J4                | 15,999   | 17,331   |
| L  | Н              | Н              | 4                  | 3                                   | J1, J2                     | 4                  | 3                                   | J3, J4                    | 15,999   | 18,663   |
| Н  | L              | Н              | 5<br>(Note 2)      | 4                                   | J1, J2, J3                 | 2                  | 1                                   | J4                        | 9,999    | 13,329   |
| L  | L              | Н              | 8                  | 7                                   | J1, J2, J3                 | 2                  | 1                                   | J4                        | 15,999   | 21,327   |
| Н  | Н              | L              | 10                 | 9                                   | J1, J2, J3, J4             | 1                  | 0                                   | =                         | 9,999    | 16,659   |
| Х  | L              | L              |                    | Master Prese                        | į                          |                    | Master Preset                       |                           | -        | -        |

X = Don't care

- 1. J1 = Least Significant Bit. J4 = Most Significant Bit.
- 2. Operation in the 5mode (1st counting section) requires going through the Master Preset mode prior to going into the 5mode. At power turn-on, Kc must be "low" for a period of 3 input clock pulses after VCC reaches a minimum of 3V.

#### How to Preset the HC/HCT4059 to Desired ÷N

The value N is determined as follows:

(EQ. 1)

Preset Value =  $\frac{N}{\text{Mode}}$  (EQ. 2)

N = (MODE†) (1000 x Decade 5 Preset + 100 x Decade 4 Preset + 10 x Decade 3 Preset + 1 x Decade 2 Preset) + Decade 1 Preset

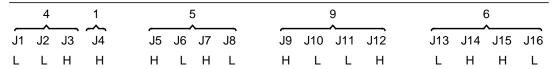
† MODE = First counting section divider (10, 8, 5, 4 or 2)

Example: N = 8479, Mode = 5  $\begin{tabular}{lll} \underline{Mode Select = 5} \\ K_a & K_b & K_c \\ H & L & H \end{tabular}$ 

1695 + 4 (Preset Values) 5 | 8479

To calculate preset values for any N count, divide the N count by the Mode. The resultant is the corresponding preset values of the 5th through 2nd decade with the remainder being equal to the 1st decade value.

#### Program Jam Inputs (BCD)



NOTE: To verify the results, use Equation 1:  $N = 5 (1000 \times 1 + 100 \times 6 + 10 \times 9 + 1 \times 5) + 4$ N = 8479

#### PROGRAM JAM INPUTS (BCD)

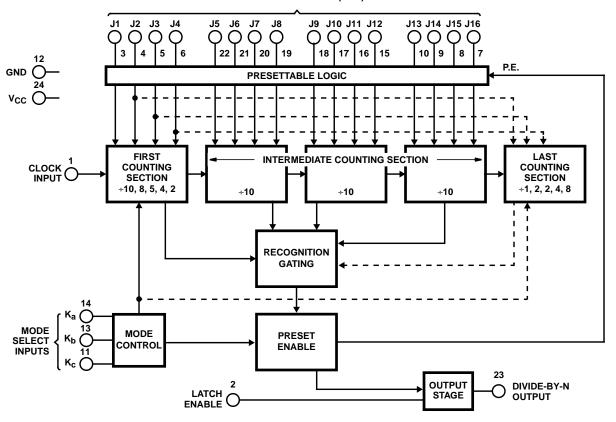


FIGURE 1. FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

| -0.5V to 7V |
|-------------|
|             |
| ±20mA       |
|             |
| ±20mA       |
|             |
| ±25mA       |
| ±50mA       |
|             |

#### **Thermal Information**

| Thermal Resistance (Typical)                      | $\theta_{JA}$ (°C/W)    |
|---|-------------------------|
| E (PDIP) Package (Note 3)                         | 67                      |
| M (SOIC) Package (Note 4)                         |                         |
| Maximum Junction Temperature (Hermetic Package or | Die) 175 <sup>0</sup> C |
| Maximum Junction Temperature (Plastic Package)    |                         |
| Maximum Storage Temperature Range                 | 65°C to 150°C           |
| Maximum Lead Temperature (Soldering 10s)          | 300°C                   |

# **Operating Conditions**

| Temperature Range, T <sub>A</sub>                           | 55 <sup>o</sup> C to 125 <sup>o</sup> C |
|---|---|
| Supply Voltage Range, V <sub>CC</sub>                       | 2V to 6V                                |
| DC Input or Output Voltage, V <sub>I</sub> , V <sub>O</sub> | 0V to V <sub>CC</sub>                   |
| Input Rise and Fall Time                                    |   |
| 2V  | 1000ns (Max)                            |
| 4.5V  | 500ns (Max)                             |
| 6V  | 400ns (Max)                             |

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

#### NOTES:

- 3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-3.
- 4. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

# **DC Electrical Specifications**

|                             |                 | TE<br>CONDI               | ST<br>TIONS         | Vcc |      | 25°C |      | -40°C T | O 85°C | -55°C T  | O 125°C |       |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---------------------|-----|------|------|------|---------|--------|----------|---------|-------|
| PARAMETER                   | SYMBOL          | V <sub>I</sub> (V)        | I <sub>O</sub> (mA) | (V) | MIN  | TYP  | MAX  | MIN     | MAX    | MIN      | MAX     | UNITS |
| High Level Input            | V <sub>IH</sub> | -                         | -                   | 2   | 1.5  | -    | -    | 1.5     | -      | 1.5      | -       | V     |
| Voltage                     |                 |                           |                     | 4.5 | 3.15 | -    | -    | 3.15    | -      | 3.15     | -       | V     |
|                             |                 |                           |                     | 6   | 4.2  | -    | -    | 4.2     | -      | 4.2      | -       | V     |
| Low Level Input<br>Voltage  | V <sub>IL</sub> | -                         | -                   | 2   | -    | ı    | 0.5  | -       | 0.5    | -        | 0.5     | V     |
|                             |                 |                           |                     | 4.5 | -    | i    | 1.35 | ı       | 1.35   | -        | 1.35    | V     |
|                             |                 |                           |                     | 6   | -    | -    | 1.8  | -       | 1.8    | -        | 1.8     | V     |
| High Level Output           | V <sub>OH</sub> | V <sub>IH</sub> or        | -0.02               | 2   | 1.9  | -    | -    | 1.9     | -      | 1.9      | -       | V     |
| Voltage<br>CMOS Loads       |                 | $V_{IL}$                  | -0.02               | 4.5 | 4.4  | -    | -    | 4.4     | -      | 4.4      | -       | V     |
|                             |                 |                           | -0.02               | 6   | 5.9  | -    | -    | 5.9     | -      | 5.9      | -       | V     |
| High Level Output           |                 |                           | -                   | -   | -    | -    | -    | -       | -      | -        | -       | V     |
| Voltage<br>TTL Loads        |                 |                           | -4                  | 4.5 | 3.98 | -    | -    | 3.84    | -      | 3.7      | -       | V     |
|                             |                 |                           | -5.2                | 6   | 5.48 | -    | -    | 5.34    | -      | 5.2      | -       | V     |
| Low Level Output            | V <sub>OL</sub> | V <sub>IH</sub> or        | 0.02                | 2   | -    | -    | 0.1  | -       | 0.1    | -        | 0.1     | V     |
| Voltage<br>CMOS Loads       |                 | $V_{IL}$                  | 0.02                | 4.5 | -    | -    | 0.1  | -       | 0.1    | -        | 0.1     | V     |
|                             |                 |                           | 0.02                | 6   | -    | -    | 0.1  | -       | 0.1    | -        | 0.1     | V     |
| Low Level Output            | ]               |                           | -                   | -   | -    | -    | -    | -       | -      | -        | -       | V     |
| Voltage<br>TTL Loads        |                 |                           | 4                   | 4.5 | -    | -    | 0.26 | -       | 0.33   | -        | 0.4     | V     |
|                             |                 |                           | 5.2                 | 6   | -    | -    | 0.26 | -       | 0.33   | -        | 0.4     | V     |
| Input Leakage<br>Current    | lį              | V <sub>CC</sub> or<br>GND | -                   | 6   | -    | -    | ±0.1 | -       | ±1     | <u>-</u> | ±1      | μА    |
| Quiescent Device<br>Current | Icc             | V <sub>CC</sub> or<br>GND | 0                   | 6   | -    | -    | 8    | -       | 80     | -        | 160     | μА    |

# **Prerequisite for Switching Specifications**

|                                       |                  |                     | 25°C |     |     | -40 | °C TO 85 | 5°C | -55 <sup>0</sup> |     |     |       |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|------|-----|-----|-----|----------|-----|------------------|-----|-----|-------|
| PARAMETER                             | SYMBOL           | V <sub>CC</sub> (V) | MIN  | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP      | MAX | MIN              | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| Pulse Width CP                        | t <sub>W</sub>   | 2                   | 90   | -   | -   | 115 | -        | -   | 135              | -   | -   | ns    |
|                                       |                  | 4.5                 | 18   | -   | -   | 23  | -        | -   | 27               | -   | -   | ns    |
|                                       |                  | 6                   | 15   | -   | -   | 20  | -        | -   | 23               | -   | -   | ns    |
| Setup Time                            | tsu              | 2                   | 75   | -   | -   | 95  | -        | -   | 110              | -   | -   | ns    |
| K <sub>b</sub> , K <sub>c</sub> to CP |                  | 4.5                 | 15   | -   | -   | 19  | -        | -   | 22               | -   | -   | ns    |
|                                       |                  | 6                   | 13   | -   | -   | 16  | -        | -   | 19               | -   | -   | ns    |
| CP Frequency                          | f <sub>MAX</sub> | 2                   | 5    | -   | -   | 4   | -        | -   | 4                | -   | -   | MHz   |
|                                       |                  | 4.5                 | 27   | -   | -   | 22  | -        | -   | 18               | -   | -   | MHz   |
|                                       |                  | 6                   | 32   | -   | -   | 26  | -        | -   | 21               | -   | -   | MHz   |

# Switching Specifications Input $t_{r}$ , $t_{f} = 6 \text{ns}$

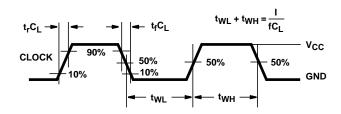
|  |                                     | TEST                  | v <sub>cc</sub> |     | 25°C |     | -40°C T | O 85°C | -55°C T | O 125°C |       |
|--|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----|------|-----|---------|--------|---------|---------|-------|
| PARAMETER                                  | I I                                 |                       | (V)             | MIN | TYP  | MAX | MIN     | MAX    | MIN     | MAX     | UNITS |
| Propagation Delay,                         | t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub> | C <sub>L</sub> = 50pF | 2               | -   | -    | 200 | -       | 250    | -       | 300     | ns    |
| CP to Q                                    |                                     |                       | 4.5             | -   | -    | 40  | -       | 50     | -       | 60      | ns    |
|  |                                     |                       | 6               | -   | -    | 34  | -       | 43     | -       | 51      | ns    |
|  |                                     | C <sub>L</sub> = 15pF | 5               | -   | 17   | -   | -       | -      | -       | -       | ns    |
| Propagation Delay,                         | t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub> | C <sub>L</sub> = 50pF | 2               | -   | -    | 175 | -       | 220    | -       | 265     | ns    |
| LE to Q                                    |                                     |                       | 4.5             | -   | -    | 35  | -       | 44     | -       | 53      | ns    |
|  |                                     |                       | 6               | -   | -    | 30  | -       | 37     | -       | 45      | ns    |
|  |                                     | C <sub>L</sub> = 15pF | 5               | -   | 14   | -   | -       | -      | -       | -       | ns    |
| Output Transition Time                     | t <sub>THL</sub> , t <sub>TLH</sub> | C <sub>L</sub> = 50pF | 2               | -   | -    | 75  | -       | 95     | -       | 110     | ns    |
|  |                                     |                       | 4.5             | -   | -    | 15  | -       | 19     | -       | 22      | ns    |
|  |                                     |                       | 6               | -   | -    | 13  | -       | 16     | -       | 19      | ns    |
| CP Frequency                               | f <sub>MAX</sub>                    | C <sub>L</sub> = 15pF | 5               | -   | 54   | -   | -       | -      | -       | -       | MHz   |
| Input Capacitance                          | Cl                                  | -                     | -               | -   | -    | 10  | -       | 10     | -       | 10      | pF    |
| Power Dissipation Capacitance (Notes 5, 6) | C <sub>PD</sub>                     | -                     | 5               | -   | 36   | -   | -       | -      | -       | -       | pF    |

#### NOTES:

<sup>5.</sup>  $C_{\mbox{\scriptsize PD}}$  is used to determine the dynamic power consumption, per package.

<sup>6.</sup>  $P_D = C_{PD} V_{CC}^2 f_i + \Sigma C_L V_{CC}^2 f_o$  where  $f_i$  = input frequency,  $f_o$  = output frequency,  $C_L$  = output load capacitance,  $V_{CC}$  = supply voltage.

## Test Circuits and Waveforms



NOTE: Outputs should be switching from 10% V<sub>CC</sub> to 90% V<sub>CC</sub> in accordance with device truth table. For  $f_{MAX}$ , input duty cycle = 50%.

FIGURE 2. HC CLOCK PULSE RISE AND FALL TIMES AND PULSE WIDTH

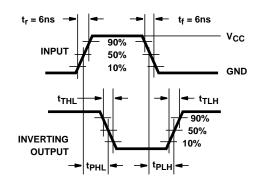


FIGURE 3. HC TRANSITION TIMES AND PROPAGATION DELAY TIMES, COMBINATION LOGIC

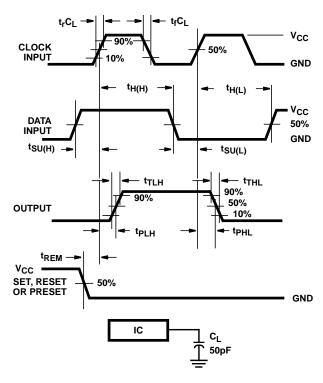


FIGURE 4. HC SETUP TIMES, HOLD TIMES, REMOVAL TIME, AND PROPAGATION DELAY TIMES FOR EDGE TRIGGERED SEQUENTIAL LOGIC CIRCUITS

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#### **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

| Orderable Device | Status (1) | Package Type | Package<br>Drawing | Pins | Package<br>Qty | Eco Plan     | Lead finish/<br>Ball material | MSL Peak Temp      | Op Temp (°C) | Device Marking (4/5) | Samples |
|------------------|------------|--------------|--------------------|------|----------------|--------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|----------------------|---------|
| CD74HC4059M96    | ACTIVE     | SOIC         | DW                 | 24   | 2000           | RoHS & Green | NIPDAU                        | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -55 to 125   | HC4059M              | Samples |

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead finish/Ball material Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

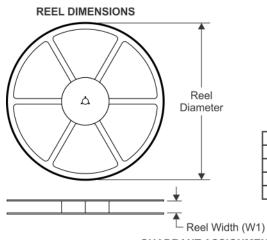
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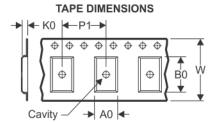
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# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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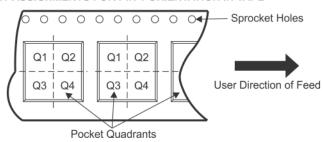
## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





|   | Dimension designed to accommodate the component width     |
|---|---|
|   | Dimension designed to accommodate the component length    |
| K | Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness |
| V | Overall width of the carrier tape                         |
| Р | 1 Pitch between successive cavity centers                 |

## QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

| Device        | Package<br>Type | Package<br>Drawing |    |      | Reel<br>Diameter<br>(mm) | Reel<br>Width<br>W1 (mm) | A0<br>(mm) | B0<br>(mm) | K0<br>(mm) | P1<br>(mm) | W<br>(mm) | Pin1<br>Quadrant |
|---------------|-----------------|--------------------|----|------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------------|
| CD74HC4059M96 | SOIC            | DW                 | 24 | 2000 | 330.0                    | 24.4                     | 10.75      | 15.7       | 2.7        | 12.0       | 24.0      | Q1               |

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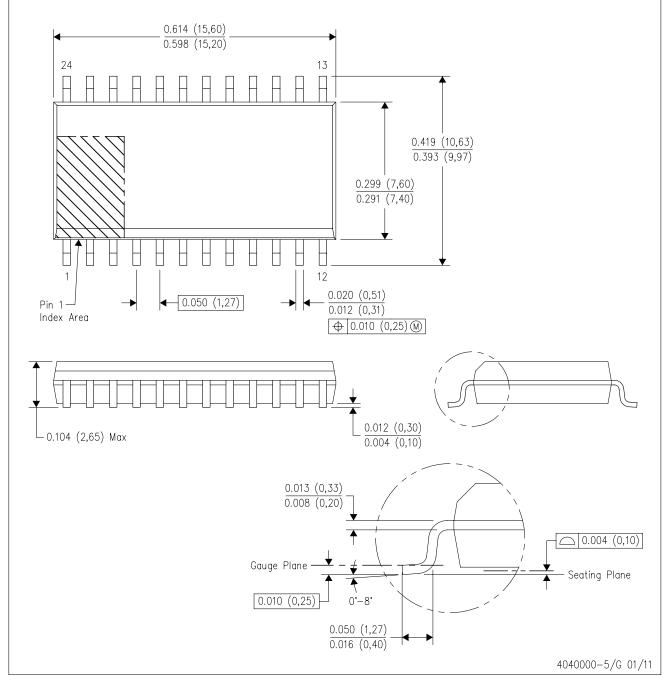


#### \*All dimensions are nominal

| ĺ | Device        | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ  | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|---|---------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
|   | CD74HC4059M96 | SOIC         | DW              | 24   | 2000 | 350.0       | 350.0      | 43.0        |

DW (R-PDSO-G24)

# PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters). Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).
- D. Falls within JEDEC MS-013 variation AD.



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