

# HLMA-Qx00, HLMA-Px00 HLMT-Px00 and HLMT-Qx00

## Subminiature High Performance AlInGaP LED Lamps



## Data Sheet

### SunPower Series

HLMA-PF00, HLMA-PG00, HLMA-PH00, HLMA-PL00, HLMA-QF00, HLMA-QG00, HLMA-QH00, HLMA-QL00, HLMT-PG00, HLMT-PH00, HLMT-PL00, HLMT-QG00, HLMT-QH00, HLMT-QL00

### Description

#### Flat Top Package

The HLMX-PXXX flat top lamps use an untinted, nondiffused, truncated lens to provide a wide radiation pattern that is necessary for use in backlighting applications. The flat top lamps are also ideal for use as emitters in light pipe applications.

#### Dome Packages

The HLMX-QXXX dome lamps use an untinted, nondiffused lens to provide a high luminous intensity within a narrow radiation pattern.

#### Lead Configurations

All of these devices are made by encapsulating LED chips on axial lead frames to form molded epoxy subminiature lamp packages. A variety of package configuration options is available. These include special surface mount lead configurations, gull wing, yoke lead, or Z-bend. Right angle lead bends at 2.54 mm (0.100 inch) and 5.08 mm (0.200 inch) center spacing are available for through hole mounting. For more information refer to Standard SMT and Through Hole Lead Bend Options for Subminiature LED Lamps data sheet.

### Features

- Subminiature flat top package  
Ideal for backlighting and light piping applications
- Subminiature dome package  
Nondiffused dome for high brightness
- Wide range of drive currents
- Colors: 590 nm Amber, 605 nm Orange, 615 nm Reddish-Orange, 622/626 nm Red, and 635 nm Red
- Ideal for space limited applications
- Axial leads
- Available with lead configurations for surface mount and through hole PC board mounting

### Technology

These subminiature solid state lamps utilize one of the two newly developed aluminum indium gallium phosphide (AlInGaP) LED technologies. The HLMT-Devices are especially effective in very bright ambient lighting conditions. The colors 590 nm amber, 605 nm orange, 615 nm reddish-orange, 622/626 nm red, and 635 nm red are available with viewing angles of 15° for the domed devices and 125° for the flat top devices.

## Device Selection Guide

Part Number	$\lambda_d$ (nm)	Typ. $I_V$ (mcd)	Package Description	Viewing Angle $2\theta^{1/2}$	Package Outline
HLMA-QL00	590	500	Domed,	15°	B
HLMT-QL00	590	1000	Nondiffused,		
HLMA-QJ00	605	500	Untinted		
HLMA-QH00	615	500			
HLMT-QH00	615	800			
HLMA-QG00	626	500			
HLMT-QG00	622	1000			
HLMA-QF00	635	500			
HLMA-PL00	590	75	Flat Top,	125°	A
HLMT-PL00	590	150	Nondiffused,		
HLMA-PJ00	605	75	Untinted		
HLMA-PH00	615	75			
HLMT-PH00	615	120			
HLMA-PG00	626	75			
HLMT-PG00	622	150			
HLMA-PF00	635	75			

## Absolute Maximum Ratings at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

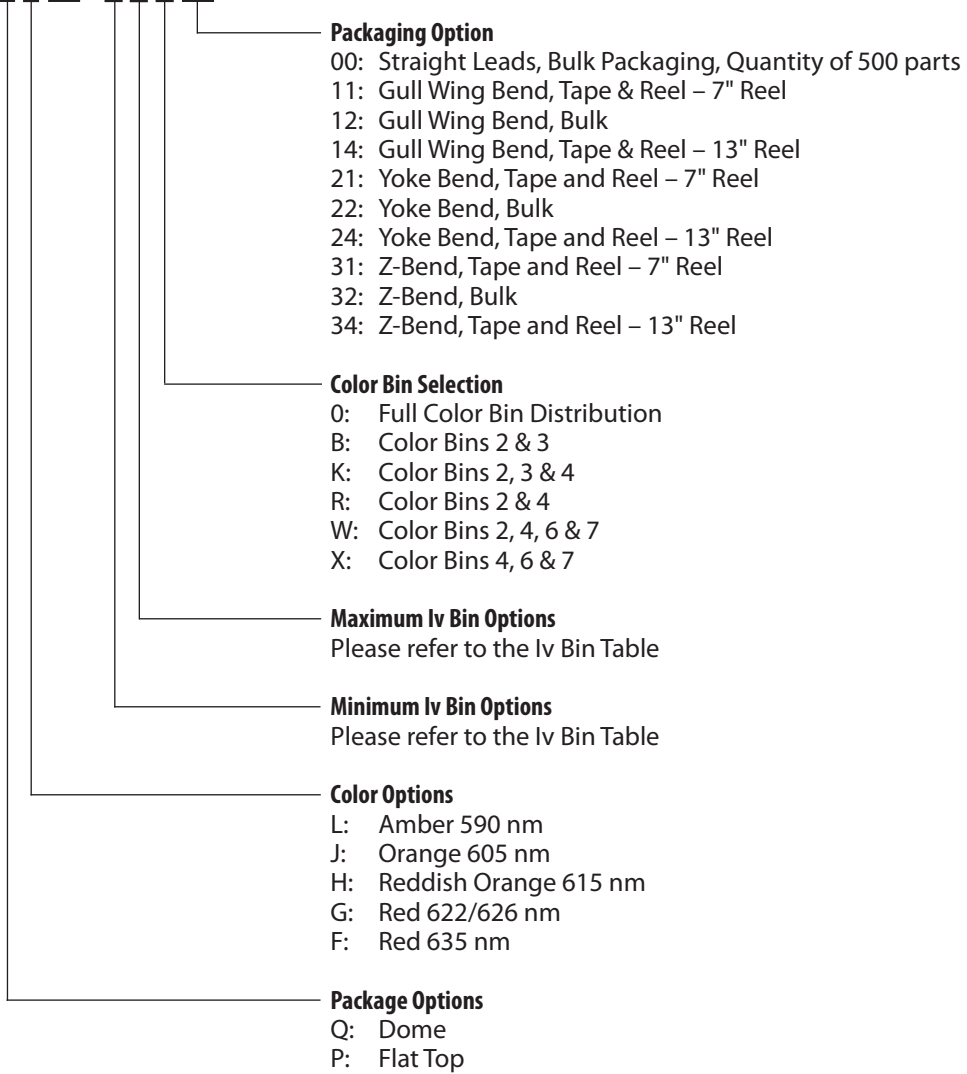
Parameter	HLMA-xxxx	HLMT-xxxx	Unit
Peak Forward Current <sup>[2]</sup>	100	100	mA
Average Forward Current ( $I_{PEAK} = 100 \text{ mA}$ ) <sup>[1,2]</sup>	30	30	mA
DC Forward Current <sup>[3,5,6]</sup>	50	50	mA
Power Dissipation	120	130	mW
Reverse Voltage ( $I_R = 100 \mu\text{A}$ )		5	V
Transient Forward Current (10 $\mu\text{s}$ Pulse) <sup>[5]</sup>		500	mA
Operating Temperature Range		-40 to +100	°C
Storage Temperature Range		-55 to +100	°C
LED Junction Temperature		110	°C
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6 mm (0.063 in.) from body]		260°C for 5 seconds	
SMT Reflow Soldering Temperature		260°C for 20 seconds	

### Notes:

1. Maximum  $I_{AVG}$  at  $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ .
2. Refer to Figure 5 to establish pulsed operating conditions.
3. Derate linearly as shown in Figure 4.
4. The transient peak current is the maximum non-recurring peak current these devices can withstand without damaging the LED die and wire bonds. Operation at currents above Absolute Maximum Peak Forward Current is not recommended.
5. Drive currents between 10 mA and 30 mA are recommended for best long term performance.
6. Operation at currents below 5 mA is not recommended, please contact your Avago sales representative.

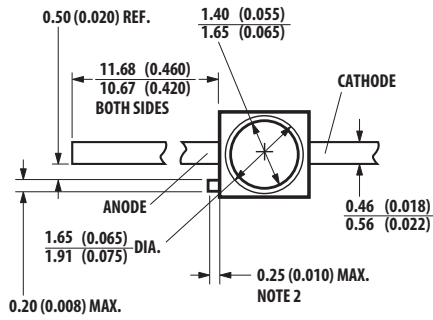
## Part Numbering System

HLMx - x x 00 - x x x xx

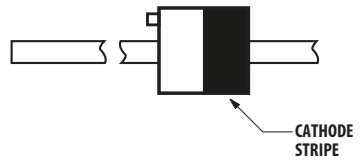
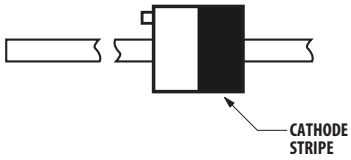
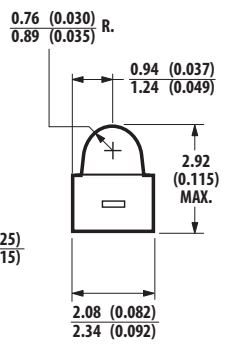
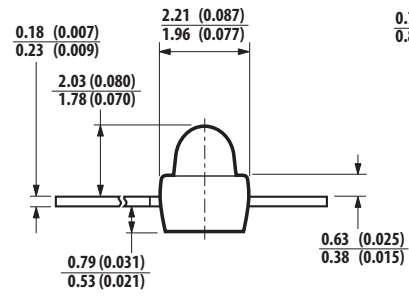
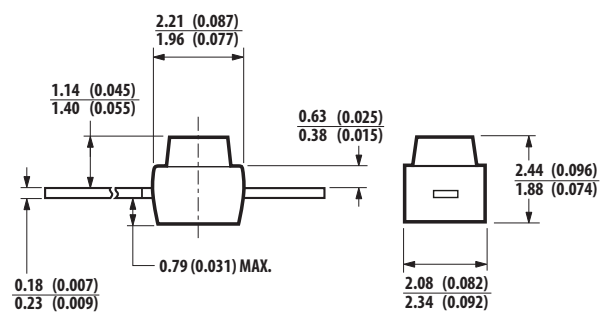
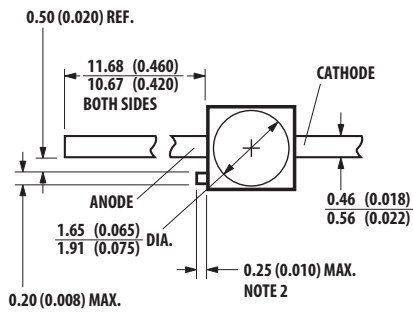


## Package Dimensions

### (A) Flat Top Lamps

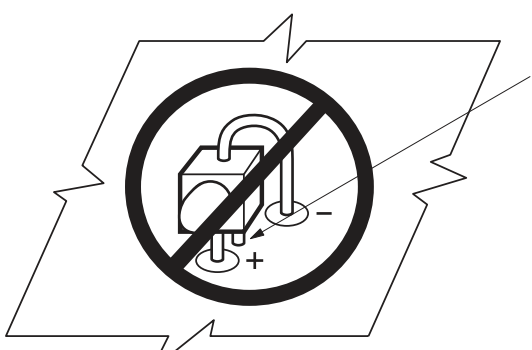


### (B) Domed Lamps, Diffused and Nondiffused

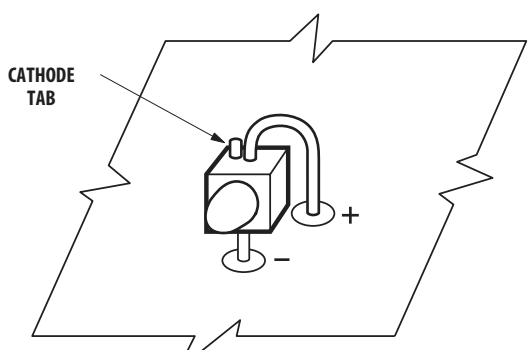


NOTES:  
 1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETRES (INCHES).  
 2. PROTRUDING SUPPORT TAB IS CONNECTED TO CATHODE LEAD.

## Package Mounting



NO. ANODE DOWN.



YES. CATHODE DOWN.

Proper right angle mounting to a PC board to prevent protruding cathode tab from shorting to anode connection.

## Optical Characteristics at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Part Number	Luminous Intensity $I_v$ (mcd) @ 20 mA <sup>[1]</sup>			Total Flux $\phi_v$ (lm) @ 20 mA <sup>[2]</sup>	Peak Wavelength $\lambda_{\text{peak}}$ (nm)	Color, Dominant Wavelength $\lambda_d$ <sup>[3]</sup> (nm)	Viewing Angle $2\theta_{1/2}$ Degrees <sup>[4]</sup>	Luminous Efficacy $\eta_v$ <sup>[5]</sup> (lm/w)
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Typ.	Typ.	Typ.	Typ.	Typ.
HLMA-QL00-S00xx	160	500	–	250	592	590	15	480
HLMA-QL00-TU0xx	250	–	800	250	592	590	15	480
HLMA-QL00-TUKxx	250	–	800	250	592	590	15	480
HLMA-QL00-TV0xx	250	–	1250	250	592	590	15	480
HLMA-QL00-TVKxx	250	–	1250	250	592	590	15	480
HLMA-QL00-UV0xx	400	–	1250	250	592	590	15	480
HLMA-QL00-UVRxx	400	–	1250	250	592	590	15	480
HLMA-QL00-UWBxx	400	–	2000	250	592	590	15	480
HLMT-QL00-T00xx	250	1000	–	800	592	590	15	480
HLMA-QJ00-S00xx	160	500	–	250	609	605	15	370
HLMA-QH00-S00xx	160	500	–	250	621	615	15	263
HLMA-QH00-T00xx	250	500	–	250	621	615	15	263
HLMA-QH00-UW0xx	400	–	2000	250	621	615	15	263
HLMT-QH00-T00xx	250	500	–	800	621	615	15	263
HLMT-QH00-WX0xx	1000	–	3200	800	621	615	15	263
HLMA-QG00-S00xx	160	500	–	250	635	626	15	150
HLMA-QG00-TV0xx	250	–	1250	250	635	626	15	150
HLMT-QG00-T00xx	250	1000	–	800	635	622	15	150
HLMA-QF00-S00xx	160	500	–	250	650	635	15	110
HLMA-PL00-N00xx	25	75	–	250	592	590	125	480
HLMA-PL00-PRRxx	40	–	200	250	592	590	125	480
HLMA-PL00-PRXxx	40	–	200	250	592	590	125	480
HLMA-PL00-QRXxx	63	–	200	250	592	590	125	480
HLMT-PL00-POWxx	40	150	–	800	592	590	125	480
HLMA-PJ00-N00xx	25	75	–	250	609	605	125	370
HLMA-PH00-N00xx	25	75	–	250	621	615	125	263
HLMT-PH00-P00xx	40	120	–	800	621	615	125	263
HLMA-PG00-N00xx	25	75	–	250	635	626	125	150
HLMT-PG00-P00xx	40	150	–	800	635	622	125	150
HLMA-PF00-N00xx	25	75	–	250	640	635	125	110

### Notes:

1. The luminous intensity,  $I_v$ , is measured at the mechanical axis of the lamp package. The actual peak of the spatial radiation pattern may not be aligned with this axis.
2.  $\phi_v$  is the total luminous flux output as measured with an integrating sphere.
3. The dominant wavelength,  $\lambda_d$ , is derived from the CIE Chromaticity Diagram and represents the color of the device.
4.  $\theta_{1/2}$  is the off-axis angle where the luminous intensity is 1/2 the peak intensity.
5. Radiant intensity,  $I_e$ , in watts/steradian, may be calculated from the equation  $I_e = I_v/\eta_v$ , where  $I_v$  is the luminous intensity in candelas and  $\eta_v$  is the luminous efficacy in lumens/watt.

**Electrical Characteristics at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$**

Part Number	Forward Voltage $V_F$ (Volts) @ $I_F = 20\text{mA}$		Reverse Breakdown Voltage $V_R$ (Volts) @ $I_R = 100\mu\text{A}$		Thermal Resistance $R\theta_{J-PIN}$ ( $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ )
	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Typ.
HLMA-Qx00	1.9	2.4	5	25	170
HLMT-Qx00	2.0	2.6	5	20	170
HLMA-Px00	1.9	2.4	5	25	170
HLMT-Px00	2.0	2.6	5	20	170

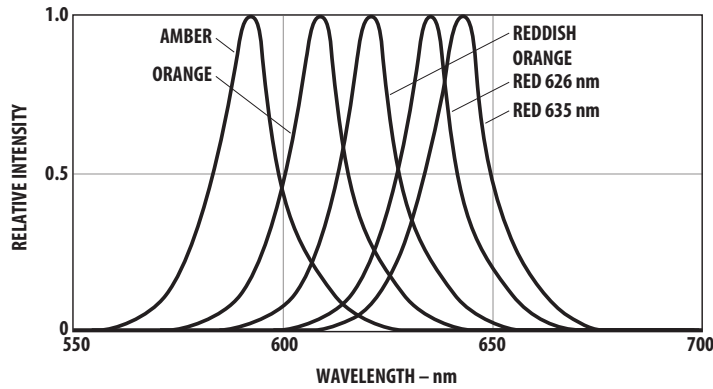


Figure 1. Relative intensity vs. wavelength.

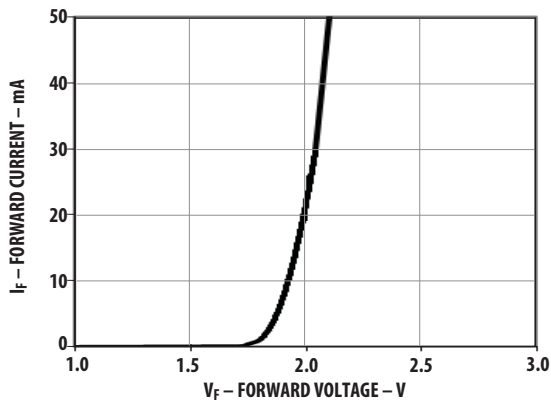


Figure 2a. Forward current vs. forward voltage. HLMA-xxxx.

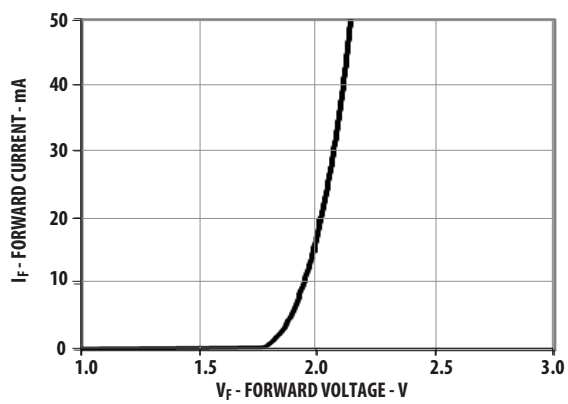


Figure 2b. Forward current vs. forward voltage. HLMT-xxxx.

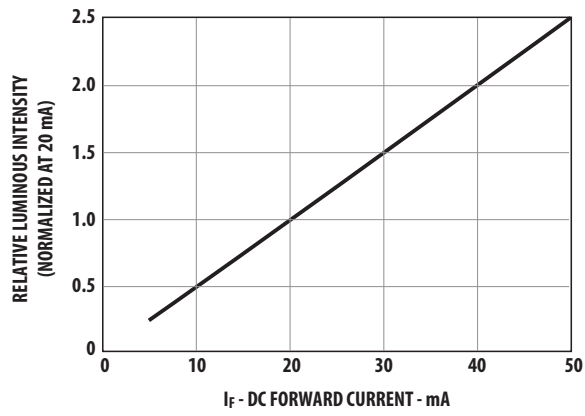


Figure 3a. Relative luminous intensity vs. DC forward current. HLMA-xxxx.

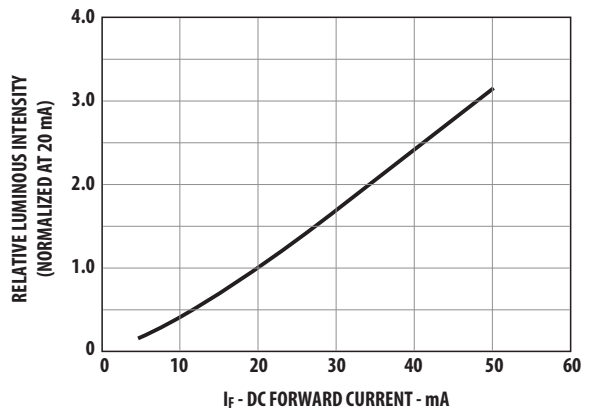


Figure 3b. Relative luminous intensity vs. DC forward current. HLMT-xxxx.

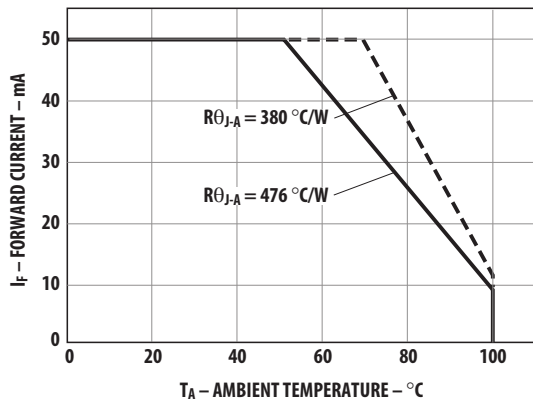


Figure 4. Maximum forward current vs. ambient temperature.

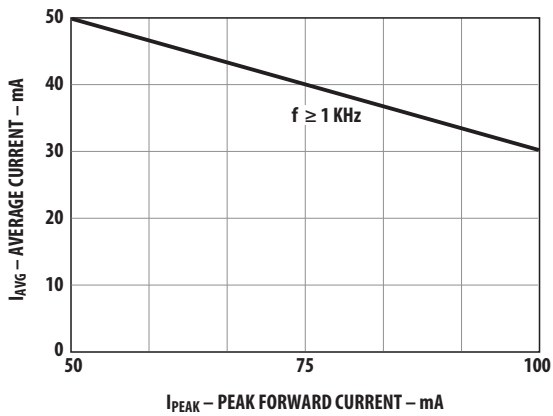


Figure 5a. Maximum average current vs. peak forward current. HLMA-xxxx.

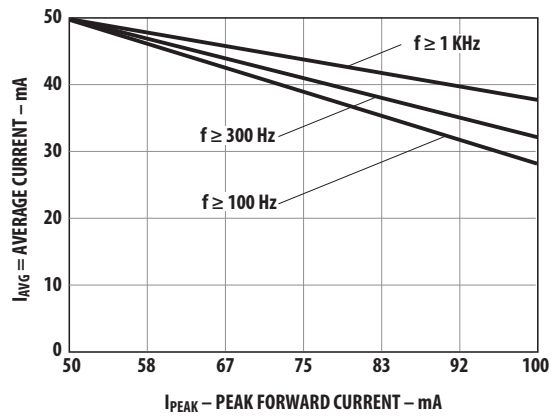


Figure 5b. Maximum average current vs. peak forward current. HLMT-xxxx.

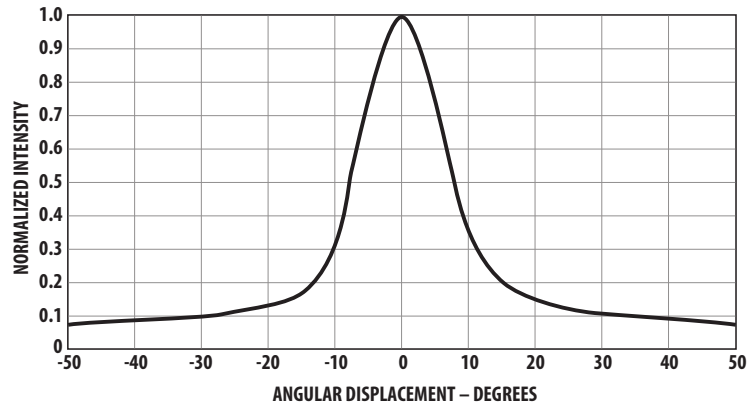


Figure 6. Relative luminous intensity vs. angular displacement for 15° device.

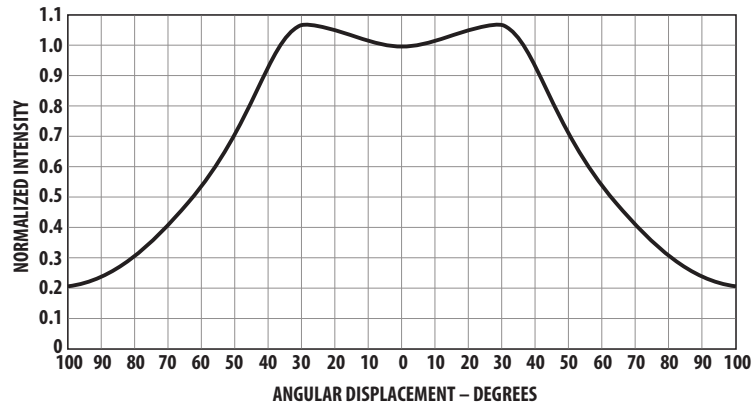


Figure 7. Relative luminous intensity vs. angular displacement for 125° device.

#### Intensity Bin Limits

Bin	Min.	Max.
N	25	50
P	40	80
Q	63	125
R	100	200
S	160	320
T	250	500
U	400	800
V	630	1250
W	1000	2000
X	1600	3200
Y	2500	5000

#### Color Bin Limits

Package	Bin	Min.	Max.
Yellow	0	Full Distribution	
	3	584.0	587.5
	2	586.5	590.0
	4	589.0	592.5
	6	591.5	595.0
	7	594.0	597.5
	Orange	0	Full Distribution
2		599.0	602.5
3		601.5	604.0
4		603.8	608.2
5		606.8	611.2



## Mechanical Option Matrix

### Mechanical

Option Code	Definition
00	Straight Leads, Bulk Packaging, Quantity of 500 Parts
11	Gull Wing Leads, 12 mm Tape on 7 in. Dia. Reel, 1500 Parts per Reel
12	Gull Wing Leads, Bulk Packaging, Quantity of 500 Parts
14	Gull Wing Leads, 12 mm Tape on 13 in. Dia. Reel, 6000 Parts per Reel
21	Yoke Leads, 12 mm Tape on 7 in. Dia. Reel, 1500 Parts per Reel
22	Yoke Leads, Bulk Packaging, Quantity of 500 Parts
24	Yoke Leads, 12 mm Tape on 13 in. Dia. Reel, 6000 Parts per Reel
31	Z-Bend Leads, 12 mm Tape on 7 in. Dia. Reel, 1500 Parts per Reel
32	Z-Bend Leads, Bulk Packaging, Quantity of 500 Parts
34	Z-Bend Leads, 12 mm Tape on 13 in. Dia. Reel, 6000 Parts per Reel

**Note:**

All categories are established for classification of products. Products may not be available in all categories. Please contact your local Avago representative for further clarification/information.

For product information and a complete list of distributors, please go to our website: [www.avagotech.com](http://www.avagotech.com)

Avago, Avago Technologies, and the A logo are trademarks of Avago Technologies in the United States and other countries. Data subject to change. Copyright © 2005-2011 Avago Technologies. All rights reserved. Obsoletes 5989-4442EN  
AV02-0309EN - April 27, 2011

