



ALPHA & OMEGA
SEMICONDUCTOR



AOD456

N-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor

General Description

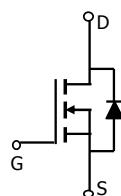
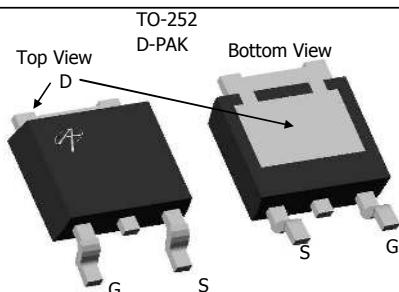
The AOD456 uses advanced trench technology and design to provide excellent $R_{DS(ON)}$ with low gate charge. This device is suitable for use in PWM, load switching and general purpose applications.

- RoHS Compliant
- Halogen Free*

Features

V_{DS} (V) = 25V
 I_D = 50A (V_{GS} = 10V)
 $R_{DS(ON)}$ < 6 mΩ (V_{GS} = 10V)
 $R_{DS(ON)}$ < 10 mΩ (V_{GS} = 4.5V)

100% UIS Tested!
100% R_g Tested!



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

| Parameter | Symbol | Maximum | Units |
|---|----------------|------------|-------|
| Drain-Source Voltage | V_{DS} | 25 | V |
| Gate-Source Voltage | V_{GS} | ± 20 | V |
| Continuous Drain Current ^G | I_D | 50 | A |
| $T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$ | | 40 | |
| Pulsed Drain Current ^C | I_{DM} | 150 | |
| Avalanche Current ^C | I_{AR} | 30 | A |
| Repetitive avalanche energy $L=0.1\text{mH}$ ^C | E_{AR} | 45 | mJ |
| Power Dissipation ^B | P_D | 50 | W |
| $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ | | 25 | |
| Power Dissipation ^A | P_{DSM} | 3 | W |
| $T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$ | | 2.1 | |
| Junction and Storage Temperature Range | T_J, T_{STG} | -55 to 175 | °C |

Thermal Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Typ | Max | Units |
|--|-----------------|-----|-----|-------|
| Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A | $R_{\theta JA}$ | 15 | 20 | °C/W |
| Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A | | 41 | 50 | °C/W |
| Maximum Junction-to-Case ^B | $R_{\theta JC}$ | 2.1 | 3 | °C/W |

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|-----|------|------|------------------|
| STATIC PARAMETERS | | | | | | |
| BV_{DSS} | Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage | $I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ | 25 | | | V |
| I_{DSS} | Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current | $V_{DS}=20\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$ | | 1 | 5 | μA |
| I_{GSS} | Gate-Body leakage current | $V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm20\text{V}$ | | 100 | | nA |
| $V_{\text{GS(th)}}$ | Gate Threshold Voltage | $V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$ | 1 | 1.74 | 3 | V |
| $I_{\text{D(ON)}}$ | On state drain current | $V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=5\text{V}$ | 100 | | | A |
| $R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$ | Static Drain-Source On-Resistance | $V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=30\text{A}$ | | 5 | 6 | $\text{m}\Omega$ |
| | | | | 7.3 | | |
| | | $V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$ | | 8 | 10 | |
| g_{FS} | Forward Transconductance | $V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$ | | 45 | | S |
| V_{SD} | Diode Forward Voltage | $I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ | | 0.74 | 1 | V |
| I_S | Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current | | | 50 | | A |
| DYNAMIC PARAMETERS | | | | | | |
| C_{iss} | Input Capacitance | $V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=12.5\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$ | | 1850 | 2220 | pF |
| C_{oss} | Output Capacitance | | | 472 | | pF |
| C_{rss} | Reverse Transfer Capacitance | | | 275 | | pF |
| R_g | Gate resistance | $V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$ | | 0.86 | 1.5 | Ω |
| SWITCHING PARAMETERS | | | | | | |
| $Q_g(10\text{V})$ | Total Gate Charge | $V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=12.5\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$ | | 31.7 | 38 | nC |
| $Q_g(4.5\text{V})$ | Total Gate Charge | | | 15.7 | 19 | nC |
| Q_{gs} | Gate Source Charge | | | 5.8 | | nC |
| Q_{gd} | Gate Drain Charge | | | 8.2 | | nC |
| $t_{\text{D(on)}}$ | Turn-On DelayTime | $V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=12.5\text{V}, R_L=0.625\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$ | | 7.5 | | ns |
| t_r | Turn-On Rise Time | | | 14 | | ns |
| $t_{\text{D(off)}}$ | Turn-Off DelayTime | | | 30 | | ns |
| t_f | Turn-Off Fall Time | | | 11.5 | | ns |
| t_{rr} | Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time | $I_F=20\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ | | 30.9 | 37 | ns |
| Q_{rr} | Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge | $I_F=20\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ | | 20.3 | | nC |

A: The value of R_{0JA} is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The Power dissipation P_{DSM} is based on R_{0JA} and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150°C . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design, and the maximum temperature of 175°C may be used if the PCB allows it.

B. The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$.

D. The R_{0JA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R_{0JC} and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300 μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$.

G. The maximum current rating is limited by bond-wires.

H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in 2 FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

*This device is guaranteed green after data code 8X11 (Sep 1ST 2008).

Rev4: Sep 2008

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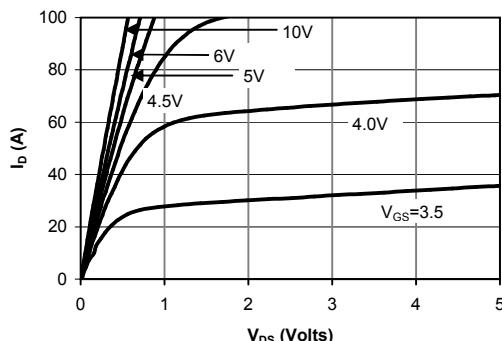
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics

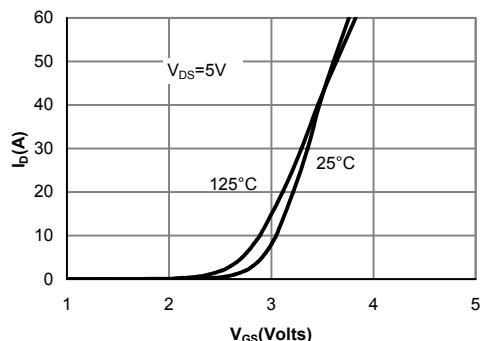


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

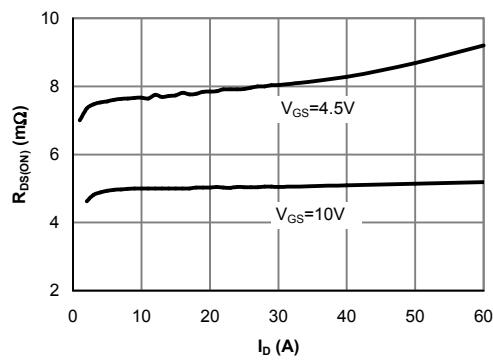


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

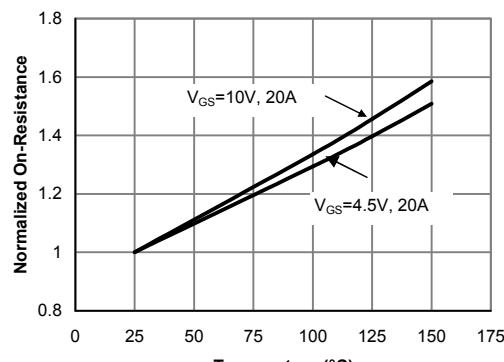


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

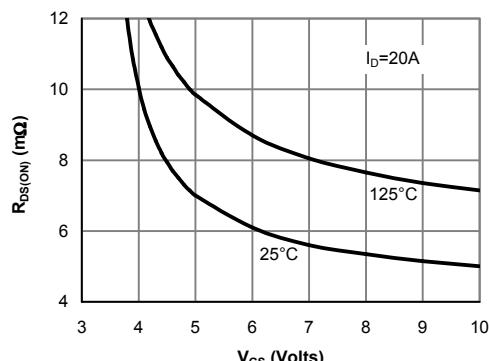


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

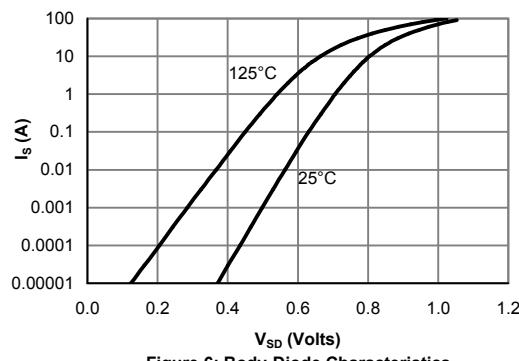


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

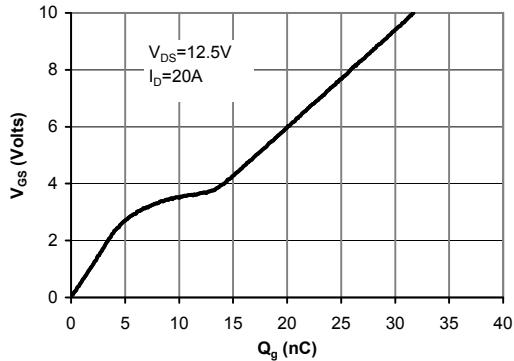
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

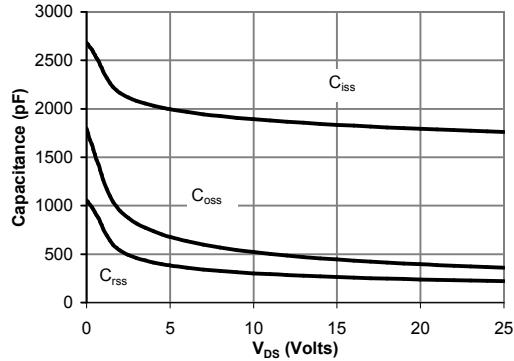


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

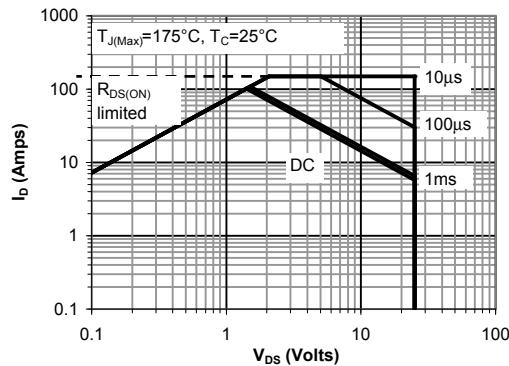


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note E)

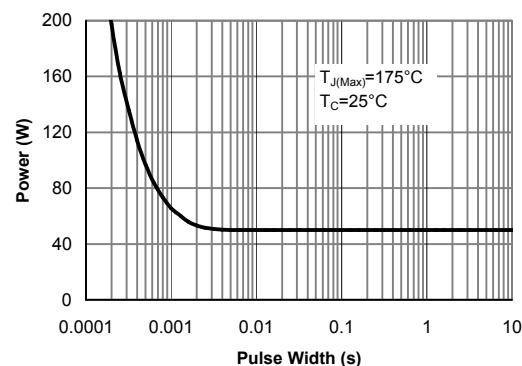


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Case (Note F)

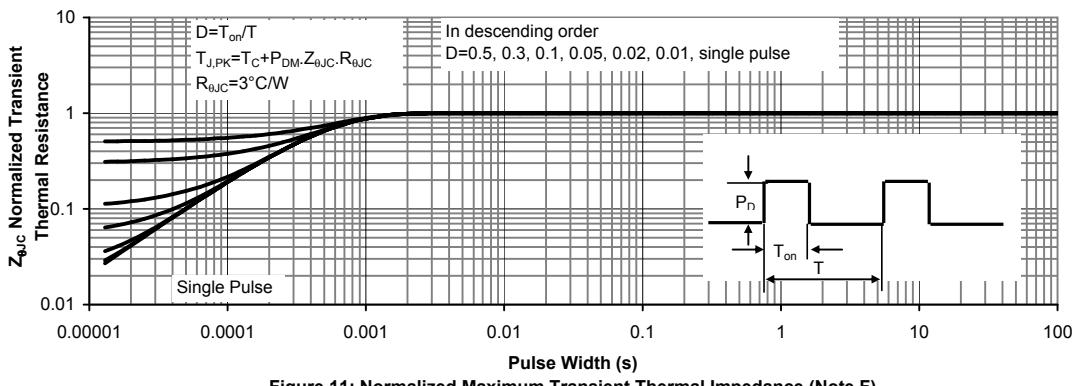


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)

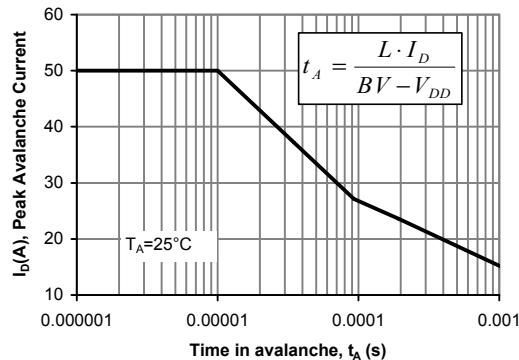
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS


Figure 12: Single Pulse Avalanche capability

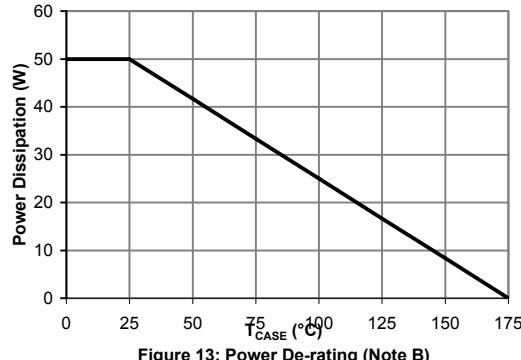


Figure 13: Power De-rating (Note B)

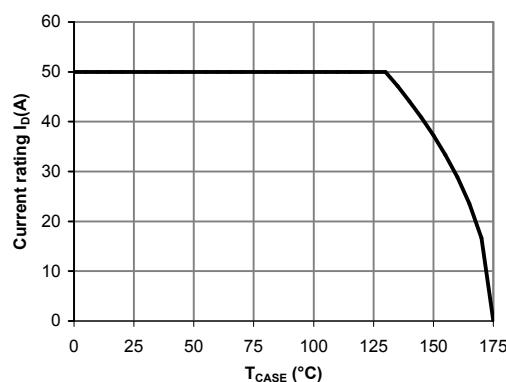


Figure 14: Current De-rating (Note B)

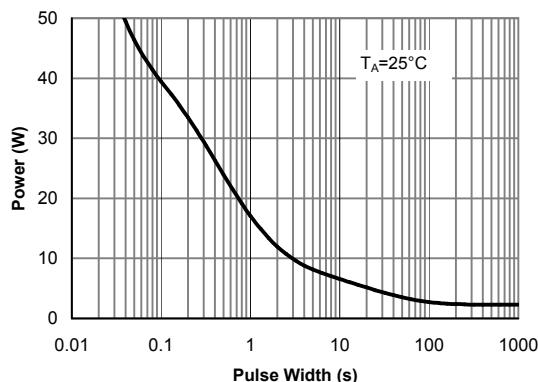


Figure 15: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)

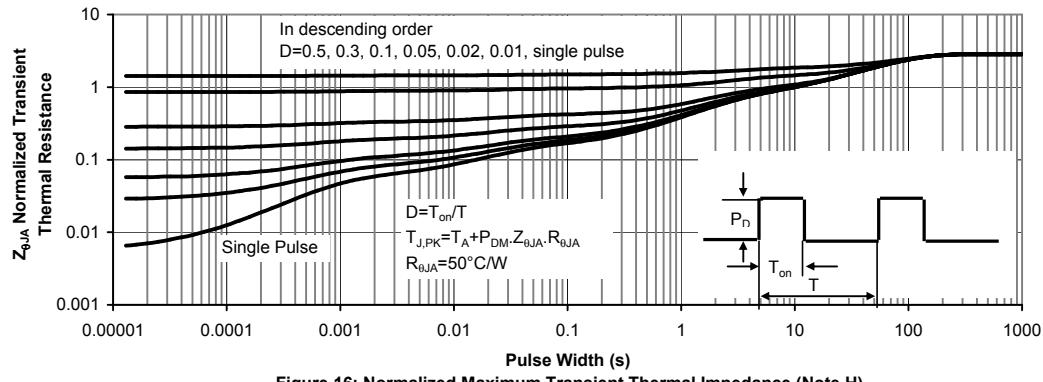
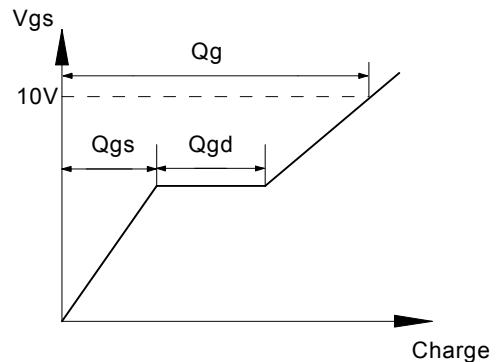
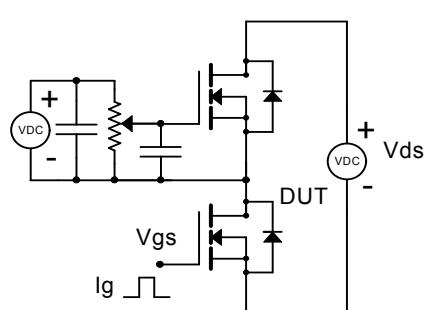
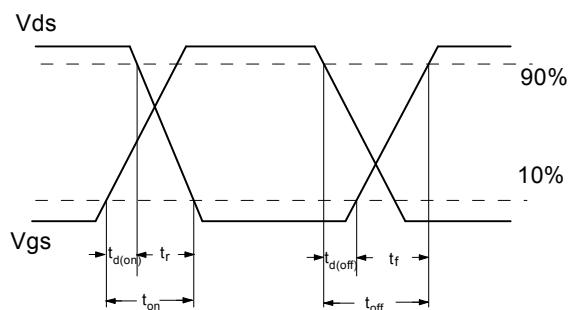
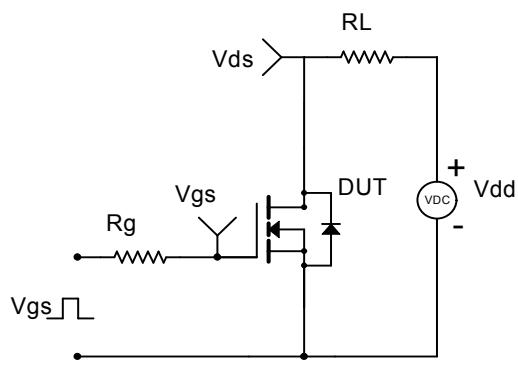


Figure 16: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)

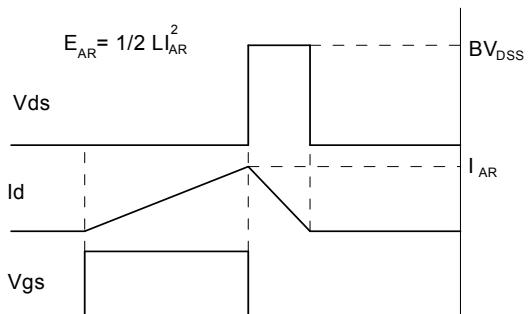
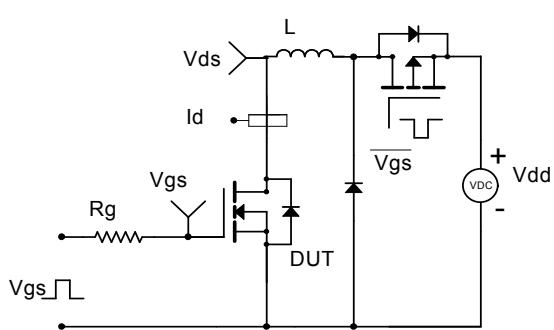
Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

