MIKROE



STEP UP CLICK

PID: MIKROE-3709 Weight: 21 g

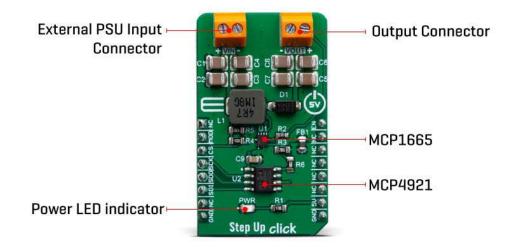
Step Up Click is a fixed frequency DC-DC step-up (boost) regulator, which can be obtained from any low voltage input - such as NiCd, NiMH or one cell Li-Po/Li-Ion batteries. This click features very high efficiency, low noise and anti-ringing voltage output and inrush current limiting with the internal soft-start, as well as true disconnect option for minimized power drain, when in shutdown mode. These features allow this device to be used as the power source for various battery-operated devices, such as microcontrollers, various portable embedded electronic devices, handheld instruments, GPS modules, or various battery-operated USB emergency backup chargers. Very good switching efficiency factor ensures prolonged battery life for any application this device is used in.

Step Up click board[™] is supported by a mikroSDK compliant library, which includes functions that simplify software development. This Click board[™] comes as a fully tested product, ready to be used on a system equipped with the mikroBUS[™] socket.

Step Up click carries the MCP1665, a high-voltage, 3.6A, integrated switch PFM/PWM boost regulator, available in a 2mm x 2mm VQFN® package, from Microchip. Boost click provides an adjustable output voltage through the onboard DAC that drives the FB pin of the MCP1665 to set desired output voltage. The input voltage can be in range from 2.9V to 5V V from an external DC source connected to VIN screw terminal. The output voltage can be set up to 32V.

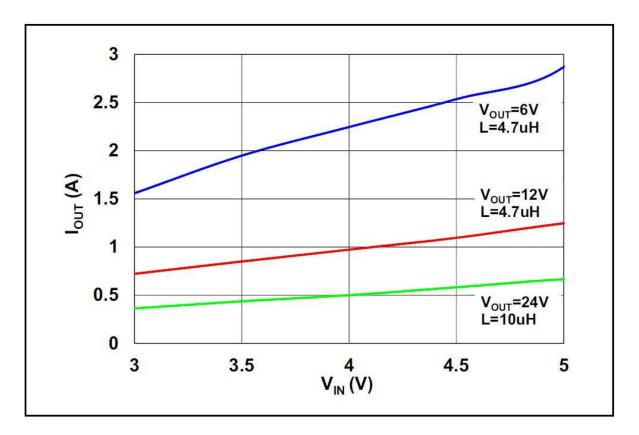
HOW DOES IT WORK?

Step Up click utilizes the MCP1665, a 500 kHz, compact, high-efficiency, fixedfrequency, nonsynchronous step-up DC-DC converter that integrates a 36V, 100 m Ω NMOS switch, from Microchip. This IC is targeted towards boosting the voltage from NiCd, NiMH, Li-Po/Li-Ion batteries and as such it has a great efficiency factor, that allows for prolonged battery life. The MCP1665 IC uses the fixed switching frequency of 500 kHz and has the overvoltage protection to ensure safe operation.



Thanks to the undervoltage lockout feature, the voltage step-up process starts with the input voltage as low as 2.7V. MCP1665 features an UVLO that prevents fault operation below 2.7V, which corresponds to the value of three discharged primary Ni-Cd cells. The device starts its normal operation at 2.85V (typical) input. For the optimal efficiency, the device should be powered with at least 2.85V at the input terminal. Output current depends on the input and desired output voltageFor example, when powered with 4V at the input, Step Up click will be able to deliver about 1A @ 12V to the connected load. As

with the most step-up regulators, the input voltage should always be less than the voltage at the output to maintain the proper regulation. On the diagram below, the dependence of the maximum output current (lout) on the input and typical output voltages is given.



The MCP1665 step-up regulator actively damps the oscillations typically found at the switch node of a boost converter. This removes the high-frequency radiated noise, ensuring low noise operation.

Besides the MCP1665, Step Up 2 click also contains the D/A converter (DAC) labeled as MCP4921, 12-Bit DACs with the SPI Interface by Microchip, which is used in feedback loop. The DACs is connected to the feedback loop of the boost converter and therefore, the DAC signal which commonly ranges from 0 to +VREF, influences the voltage on the feedback midpoint. That way, the output voltage can be set to a desired value, up to 30V. The mentioned DAC uses SPI communication so the SDI, SDO, SCK, and CS pin of the mikroBUS[™] are used for communication with the main MCU.

The device also features the mode pin, labeled as MOD, which is constructed as the open-drain output, that is pulled HIGH by the onboard 10K resistor. This allows an easy interfacing with the MCU and a simple solution to have the control over the switching mode. When the MOD pin is set to logic high level, the device is switching in PFM for light load. The MOD pin is routed to the mikroBUS[™] RST pin

Besides the mode pin, the EN pin used to enable the device is routed to the mikroBUS[™] CS pin. When pulled LOW, this pin will engage the true disconnect of the output load option, resulting in very low quintessential currents, suitable for the battery-operated devices. This pin is also pulled HIGH by the onboard resistor.

SPECIFICATIONS

PINOUT DIAGRAM

This table shows how the pinout on Step Up click corresponds to the pinout on the mikroBUS[™] socket (the latter shown in the two middle columns).

Notes	Pin	BUS			Pin	Notes	
	NC	1	AN	PWM	16	EN	Enable Input
Mode input	MOD	2	RST	INT	15	NC	
SPI Chip Select	CS	3	CS	RX	14	NC	
SPI Clock	SCK	4	SCK	ТХ	13	NC	
SPI Data Out	SDO	5	MISO	SCL	12	NC	
SPI Data In	SDI	6	MOSI	SDA	11	NC	
	NC	7	3.3V	5V	10	5V	Power Supply
Ground	GND	8	GND	GND	9	GND	Ground

ONBOARD SETTINGS AND INDICATORS

Label	Name	Default	Description
LD1	PWR	-	Power LED Indicator
TB1	VIN	-	Input voltage terminal
TB2	VOUT	-	Output voltage terminal

SOFTWARE SUPPORT

We provide a library for the Step Up click on our LibStock page, as well as a demo application (example), developed using MikroElektronika compilers. The demo can run on all the main MikroElektronika development boards.

Library Description

Library contains functions for setting states of RST and PWM pins Library contains function for setting configuration word Library contains function for setting output value Library contains function for calculating output value expressed in percent Library contains function for device initialization.

Key functions:

- uint8_t stepup_setConfig(uint16_t config) sets first 4 bits in command word.
- uint8_t stepup_set0ut(uint16_t out_value) sets output value.
- void stepup_init(void) initializes the device.

Examples description

The application is composed of three sections :

- System Initialization Initializes SPI, LOG, RST, CS and PWM pins
- Application Initialization Initializes SPI driver, sets config word, initializes the device, sets and log
 output value
- Application Task Checks for user input in UART terminal, if user enters + or output value is increased or decreased respectively

```
void applicationTask( )
{
    if (UART_Data_Ready( ) == 1)
    {
        uart_char = UART_Read( );
        switch ( uart_char )
        {
            case '-' :
            {
                if (out_value < 4095)</pre>
                {
                    out_value++;
                }
                stepup_setOut( out_value );
                stepup_logPercent( out_value );
                break;
            }
            case '+' :
            {
                if (out_value > 0)
                {
                    out_value--;
                }
                stepup_setOut( out_value );
                stepup_logPercent( out_value );
                break;
            }
            default :
            {
                mikrobus_logWrite( "error : invalid command", _LOG_LINE );
                break;
            }
        }
   }
}
```

Additional Functions :

stepup_logPercent() - calls 'stepup_getPercent()' function to get output value in expressed as
percentage and logs that value

The full application code, and ready to use projects can be found on our LibStock page. Other mikroE Libraries used in the example:

- SPI
- UART
- Conversions

Additional notes and informations

Depending on the development board you are using, you may need USB UART click, USB UART 2 click or RS232 click to connect to your PC, for development systems with no UART to USB interface available on the board. The terminal available in all MikroElektronika compilers, or any other terminal application of your choice, can be used to read the message.

MIKROSDK

This Click board[™] is supported with mikroSDK - MikroElektronika Software Development Kit. To ensure proper operation of mikroSDK compliant Click board[™] demo applications, mikroSDK should be downloaded from the LibStock and installed for the compiler you are using.

For more information about mikroSDK, visit the official page.



https://www.mikroe.com/step-up-click/8-20-19