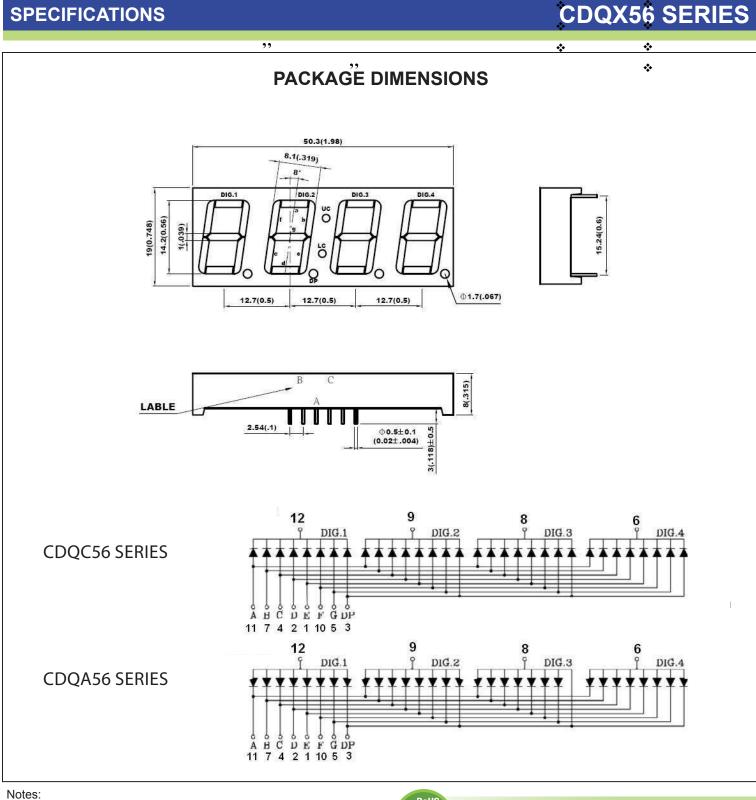


# **SPECIFICATIONS**



1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).

2. Tolerance is ± 0.25mm (0.01") unless otherwised noted.

3. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



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# PART NUMBER DESCRIPTION

Part Number	Chip Material	Color of Emission	Lens Type	Description
CDQA56R1W	GaAsP	Red	White Segment	Common Anode
CDQC56R1W	GaAsP	Red	White Segment	Common Cathode
CDQA56RR1W	AlGaAs	Super Red	White Segment	Common Anode
CDQC56RR1W	AlGaAs	Super Red	White Segment	Common Cathode
CDQA56Y1W	GaAsP	Yellow	White Segment	Common Anode
CDQC56Y1W	GaAsP	Yellow	White Segment	Common Cathode
CDQA56G1W	GaP	Green	White Segment	Common Anode
CDQC56G1W	GaP	Green	White Segment	Common Cathode

## **OPTICAL-ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

(TA=25°C)

(TA=25°C)

Part Number	Wave- length (nm)	Absolute Maximum			Electro-Optical Characteristics						
		Δλ	PD	IAF	IPF	VF (V)		IF	<b>lv (</b> µcd)		
		nm	mW	mA	(Peak)	Min	Тур	Max	(Rec)	Min	Тур
CDQA56R1W	625	45	75	30	100	1.7	1.85	2.5	10	1.9	6.4
CDQC56R1W	625	45	75	30	100	1.7	1.85	2.5	10	1.9	6.4
CDQA56RR1W	640	20	72	30	100	1.6	1.75	2.4	10	8	24
CDQC56RR1W	640	20	72	30	100	1.6	1.75	2.4	10	8	24
CDQA56Y1W	588	35	75	30	100	1.7	2.1	2.8	10	1.9	4.7
CDQC56Y1W	588	35	75	30	100	1.7	2.1	2.8	10	1.9	4.7
CDQA56G1W	568	30	65	25	100	1.7	2.1	2.8	10	3	10.5
CDQC56G1W	568	30	65	25	100	1.7	2.1	2.8	10	3	10.5

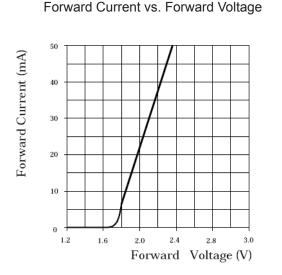
# **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

#### Spectral Line half-width ( $\lambda$ ) **Reverse Voltage** 5V nm Reverse Current (Vr = 5V) 100µA Power Dissipation (PD) mW **Operating Temperature** -40°C~+85°C Peak Forward Current (Duty 1/10, @ KHz) mΑ Storage Temperature -40°C~+85°C Recommended Operation Current (IF Rec) mΑ Soldering Temperature 250C~260C for 3 sec. μΑ Average Luminous Intensity (IF=10)



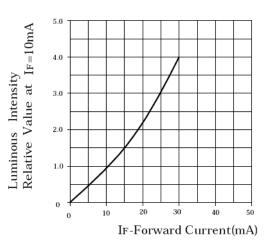


### 0.28" Four Digit Clock Display 0.28" Four Digit Clock Display OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES - RED

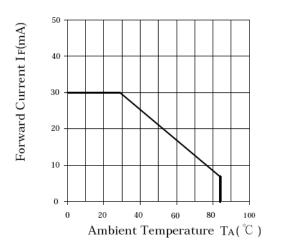


Relative Intensity vs. Forward Current

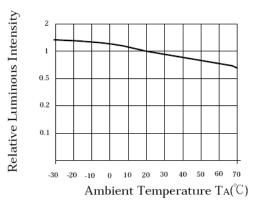
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Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature



Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature





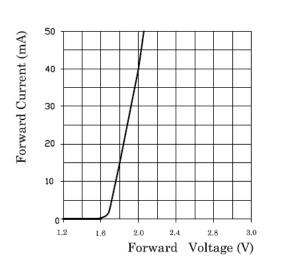
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0.28" Four Di

# OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES - SUPER RED



Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

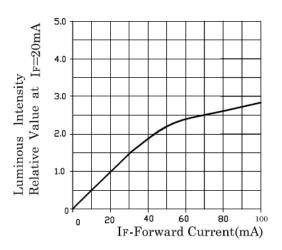
### Relative Intensity vs. Forward Current

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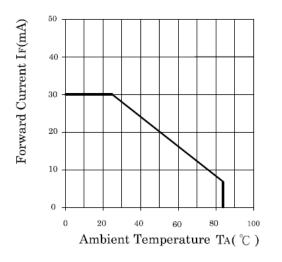
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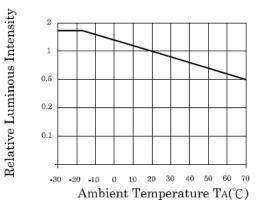
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Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature



Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature

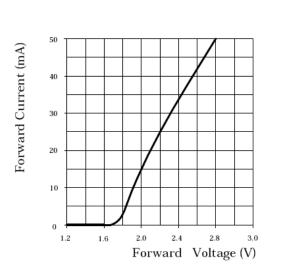






#### **OPTICAL CHARACTER** OW IC CUR S Four Digit Clock Display

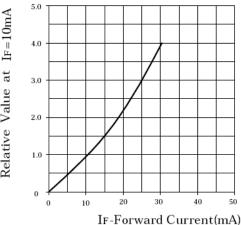
Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage



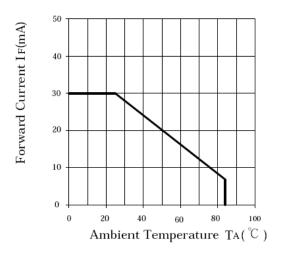


Relative Intensity vs. Forward Current

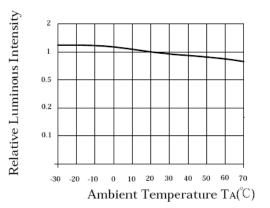
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Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature



Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature



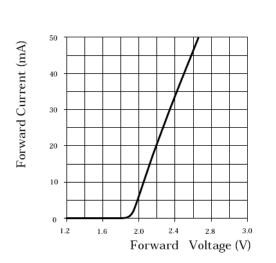


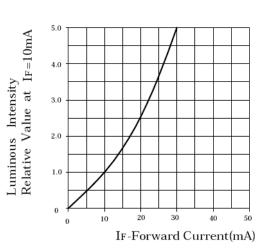


# OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES CREEN

Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

0.28" Four Digit Clock Display



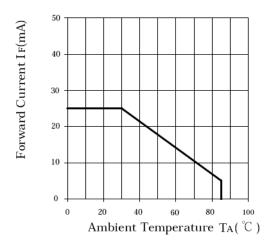


Relative Intensity vs. Forward Current

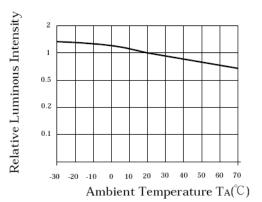
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Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature



Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature





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# SOLDERING CONDITIONS - DISPLAY

- \* Solder the LED no closer than 3mm from the base of the epoxy bulb. Soldering beyond the base of the tie bar is recommended.
- \* Recommended soldering conditions

Dip Soldering				
Pre-Heat	100 °C Max			
Pre-Heat Time	60 Second Max			
Solder Bath Temperature	260 °C Max			
Dippng Time	5 Second Max			
Dipping Position	No lower than 3mm from the base of the epoxy			

Hand Soldering					
	3mm Series	Others			
Temperature Soldering Time Position	300 °C Max 3 Second Max No closer than 3mm from the base of the epoxy	350 °C Max 3 Second Max No closer than 3mm from the base of the epoxy			

- \* Do not apply any stress to the lead. Particularly when heated.
- \* The LED must not be repositioned after soldering.
- \* After soldering the LEDs, the epoxy bulb should be protected from mechanical shock or vibration until the LEDs return to room temperature.
- \* Direct soldering onto a PC board should be avoided. Mechanical stress to the resin may be caused by the PC board warping or from the clinching and cutting of the leadframes. When it is absolutely necessary, the LEDs may be mounted in this fashion, but, the user will assume responsibility for any problems. Direct soldering should only be done after testing has confirmed that no damage, such as wire bond failure or resin deterioration, will occur. LEDs should not be soldered directly to double sided PC boards because the heat will deteriorate the epoxy resin.
- \* When it is necessary to clamp the LEDs to prevent soldering failure, it is important to minimize the mechanical stress on the LEDs.
- \* Cut the LED leadframes at room temperature. Cutting the leadframes at high temperature may cause LED failure.

