

# PR26MF1xNSZ Series

# PR36MF1xNSZ Series

\*Zero cross type is also available. (PR26MF21NSZ Series/  
PR36MF2xNSZ Series)

$I_T(\text{rms}) \leq 0.6\text{A}$ , Non-Zero Cross type  
DIP 8pin  
Triac output SSR



## ■ Description

**PR26MF1xNSZ Series** and **PR36MF1xNSZ Series** Solid State Relays (SSR) are an integration of an infrared emitting diode (IRED), a Phototriac Detector and a main output Triac. These devices are ideally suited for controlling high voltage AC loads with solid state reliability while providing 4.0kV isolation ( $V_{\text{iso}}(\text{rms})$ ) from input to output.

## ■ Features

1. Output current,  $I_T(\text{rms}) \leq 0.6\text{A}$
2. Non-zero crossing functionary
3. 8 pin DIP package (SMT gullwing also available)
4. High repetitive peak off-state voltage  
( $V_{\text{DRM}}$  : 600V, **PR36MF1xNSZ Series**)  
( $V_{\text{DRM}}$  : 400V, **PR26MF1xNSZ Series**)
5.  $I_{\text{FT}}$  ranks available (see Model Line-up in this datasheet)
6. Superior noise immunity ( $dV/dt$  : MIN. 100V/ $\mu\text{s}$ )
7. Response time,  $t_{\text{on}}$  : MAX. 100 $\mu\text{s}$
8. Lead-free terminal components are also available (see Model Line-up section in this datasheet)
9. High isolation voltage between input and output ( $V_{\text{iso}}(\text{rms})$  : 4.0kV)

## ■ Agency approvals/Compliance

1. Recognized by UL508, file No. E94758 (as model No. **R26MF1/R36MF1**)
2. Approved by CSA 22.2 No.14, file No. LR63705 (as model No. **R26MF1/R36MF1**)
3. Optionary available VDE approved <sup>(\*)</sup>(DIN EN 60747-5-2), file No. 40008898 (only for **PR36MF1xNSZ Series** as model No. **R36MF1**)
4. Package resin : UL flammability grade (94V-0)

<sup>(\*)</sup> DIN EN60747-5-2 : successor standard of DIN VDE0884. Up to Date code "RD" (December 2003), approval of DIN VDE0884. From Date code "S1" (January 2004), approval of DIN EN60747-5-2.

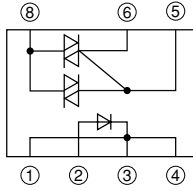
## ■ Applications

1. Isolated interface between high voltage AC devices and lower voltage DC control circuitry.
2. Switching motors, fans, heaters, solenoids, and valves.
3. Phase or power control in applications such as lighting and temperature control equipment.

Notice The content of data sheet is subject to change without prior notice.

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## Internal Connection Diagram

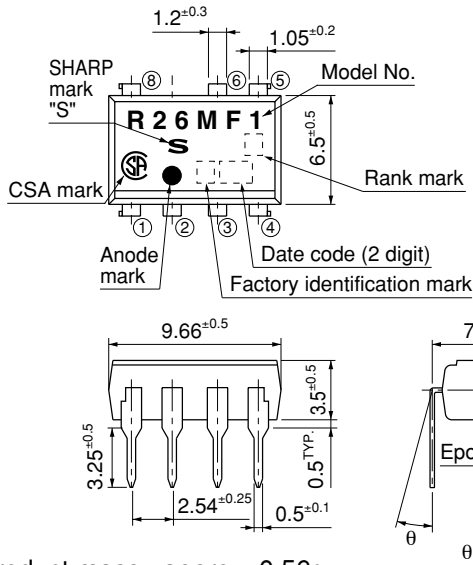


- ① Cathode
- ② Anode
- ③ Cathode
- ④ Cathode
- ⑤ Gate
- ⑥ Output (T<sub>1</sub>)
- ⑧ Output (T<sub>2</sub>)

## Outline Dimensions

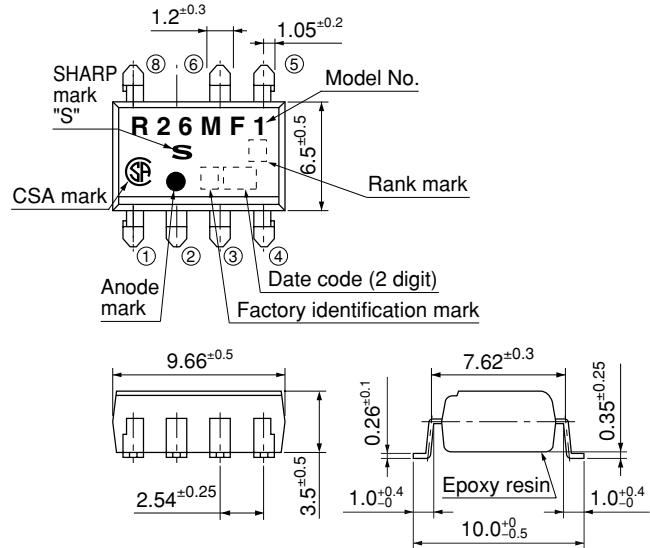
(Unit : mm)

### 1. Through-Hole [ex. PR26MF11NSZF]



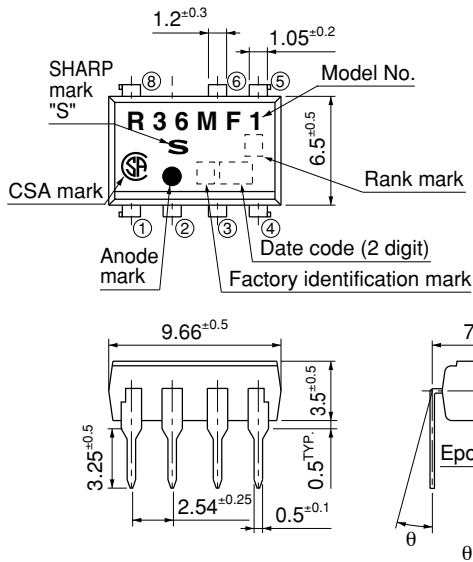
Product mass : approx. 0.56g

### 2. SMT Gullwing Lead-Form [ex. PR26MF11NIPF]



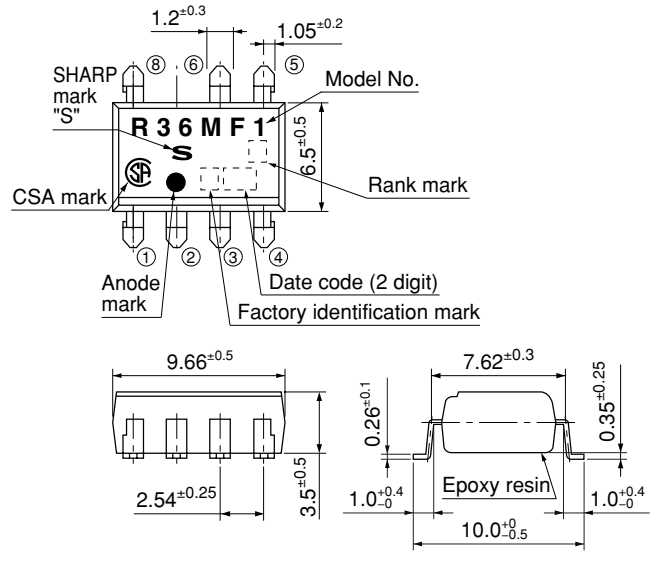
Product mass : approx. 0.54g

### 3. Through-Hole [ex. PR36MF11NSZF]



Product mass : approx. 0.56g

### 4. SMT Gullwing Lead-Form [ex. PR36MF11NIPF]

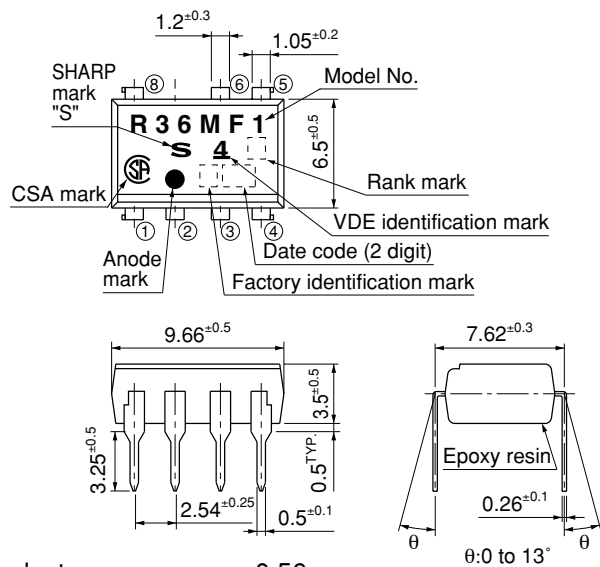


Product mass : approx. 0.54g

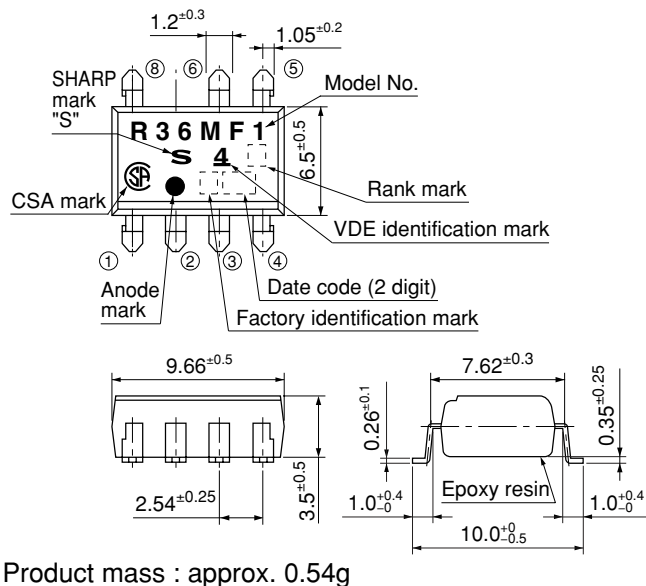
## Outline Dimensions

(Unit : mm)

### 5. Through-Hole VDE option [ex. PR36MF11YSZF]



### 6. SMT Gullwing Lead-Form VDE option [ex. PR36MF11YIPF]




## Date code (2 digit)

1st digit				2nd digit	
Year of production				Month of production	
A.D.	Mark	A.D	Mark	Month	Mark
1990	A	2002	P	January	1
1991	B	2003	R	February	2
1992	C	2004	S	March	3
1993	D	2005	T	April	4
1994	E	2006	U	May	5
1995	F	2007	V	June	6
1996	H	2008	W	July	7
1997	J	2009	X	August	8
1998	K	2010	A	September	9
1999	L	2011	B	October	O
2000	M	2012	C	November	N
2001	N	∴	∴	December	D

repeats in a 20 year cycle

## Factory identification mark

Factory identification Mark	Country of origin
no mark	Japan
	

\* This factory marking is for identification purpose only.  
Please contact the local SHARP sales representative to see the actual status of the production.

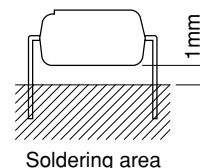
## Rank mark

Please refer to the Model Line-up table.

### ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

(T<sub>a</sub>=25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit	
Input	Forward current	I <sub>F</sub>	50 <sup>*3</sup>	mA	
	Reverse voltage	V <sub>R</sub>	6	V	
Output	RMS ON-state current	I <sub>T(rms)</sub>	0.6 <sup>*3</sup>	A	
	Peak one cycle surge current	I <sub>surge</sub>	6 <sup>*4</sup>	A	
	Repetitive peak OFF-state voltage	V <sub>DRM</sub>	PR26MF1xNSZ	400	V
			PR36MF1xNSZ	600	
*1 Isolation voltage		V <sub>iso(rms)</sub>	4.0	kV	
Operating temperature		T <sub>opr</sub>	-25 to +85	°C	
Storage temperature		T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 to +125	°C	
*2 Soldering temperature		T <sub>sol</sub>	270 <sup>*5</sup>	°C	



\*1 40 to 60%RH, AC for 1minute, f=60Hz

\*2 For 10s

\*3 Refer to Fig.1, Fig.2

\*4 f=50Hz sine wave

\*5 Lead solder plating models: 260°C

### ■ Electro-optical Characteristics

(T<sub>a</sub>=25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input	Forward voltage	V <sub>F</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	-	1.2	1.4	V
	Reverse current	I <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> =3V	-	-	10	μA
Output	Repetitive peak OFF-state current	I <sub>DRM</sub>	V <sub>D</sub> =V <sub>DRM</sub>	-	-	100	μA
	ON-state voltage	V <sub>T</sub>	I <sub>T</sub> =0.6A	-	-	3.0	V
	Holding current	I <sub>H</sub>	V <sub>D</sub> =6V	-	-	25	mA
	Critical rate of rise of OFF-state voltage	dV/dt	V <sub>D</sub> =1/√2 · V <sub>DRM</sub>	100	-	-	V/μs
Transfer characteristics	Minimum trigger current	Rank 1	V <sub>D</sub> =6V, R <sub>L</sub> =100Ω	-	-	10	mA
		Rank 2		-	-	5	
	Isolation resistance	R <sub>ISO</sub>	DC500V, 40 to 60%RH	5×10 <sup>10</sup>	10 <sup>11</sup>	-	Ω
	Turn-on time	Rank 1	t <sub>on</sub>	V <sub>D</sub> =6V, R <sub>L</sub> =100Ω, I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	-	-	100
Rank 2		V <sub>D</sub> =6V, R <sub>L</sub> =100Ω, I <sub>F</sub> =10mA					

### ■ Model Line-up (1) (Lead-free terminal components)

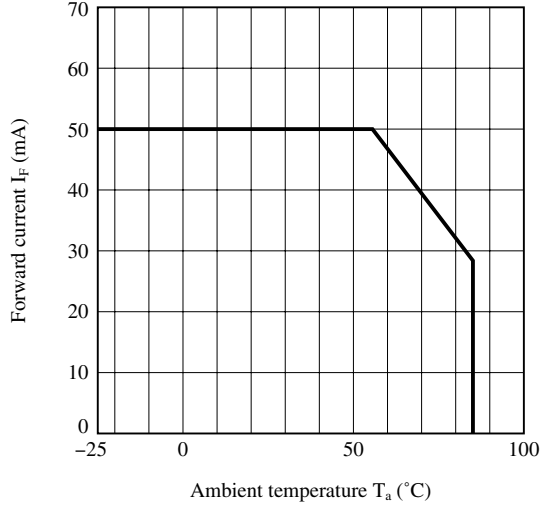
Lead Form	Through-Hole		SMT Gullwing		V <sub>DRM</sub> [V]	Rank mark	I <sub>FT</sub> [mA] (V <sub>D</sub> =6V, R <sub>L</sub> =100Ω)
Shipping Package	Sleeve		Taping				
	50pcs/sleeve		1 000pcs/reel				
DIN EN60747-5-2	—	Approved	—	Approved			
Model No.	PR36MF11NSZF	PR36MF11YSZF	PR36MF11NIPF	PR36MF11YIPF	600	1	MAX.10
	PR36MF12NSZF	PR36MF12YSZF	PR36MF12NIPF	PR36MF12YIPF		2	MAX.5
	PR26MF11NSZF	—	PR26MF11NIPF	—	400	1	MAX.10
	PR26MF12NSZF	—	PR26MF12NIPF	—		2	MAX.5

### ■ Model Line-up (2) (Lead solder plating components)

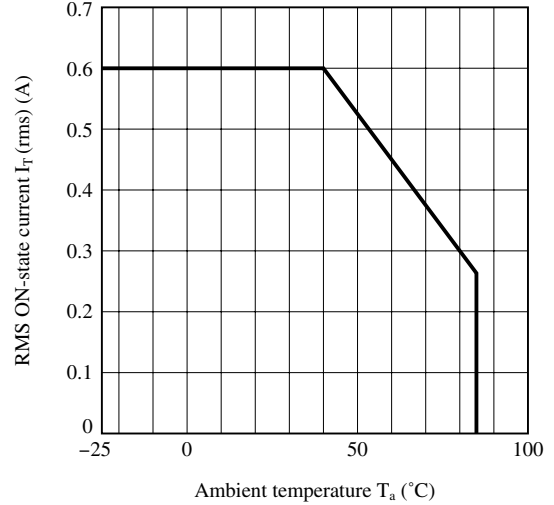
Lead Form	Through-Hole		SMT Gullwing		V <sub>DRM</sub> [V]	Rank mark	I <sub>FT</sub> [mA] (V <sub>D</sub> =6V, R <sub>L</sub> =100Ω)
Shipping Package	Sleeve		Taping				
	50pcs/sleeve		1 000pcs/reel				
DIN EN60747-5-2	—	Approved	—	Approved			
Model No.	PR36MF11NSZ	PR36MF11YSZ	PR36MF11NIP	PR36MF11YIP	600	1	MAX.10
	PR36MF12NSZ	PR36MF12YSZ	PR36MF12NIP	PR36MF12YIP		2	MAX.5
	PR26MF11NSZ	—	PR26MF11NIP	—	400	1	MAX.10
	PR26MF12NSZ	—	PR26MF12NIP	—		2	MAX.5

Please contact a local SHARP sales representative to see the actual status of the production.

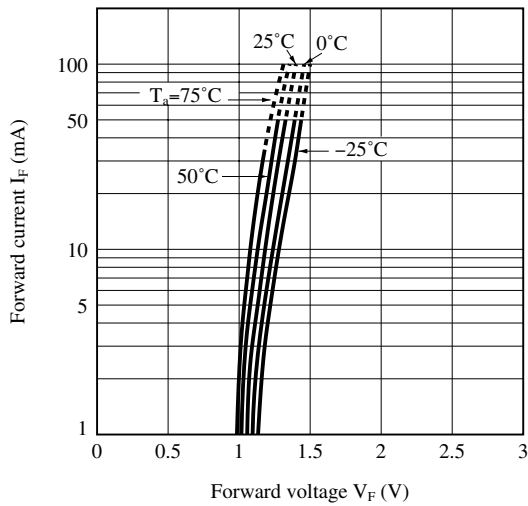
**Fig.1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature**



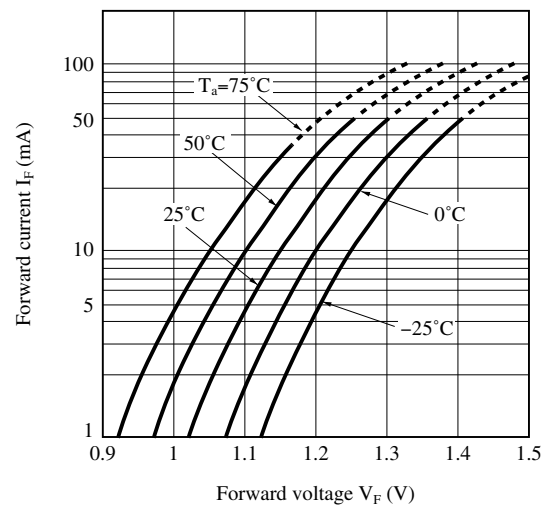
**Fig.2 RMS ON-state Current vs. Ambient Temperature**



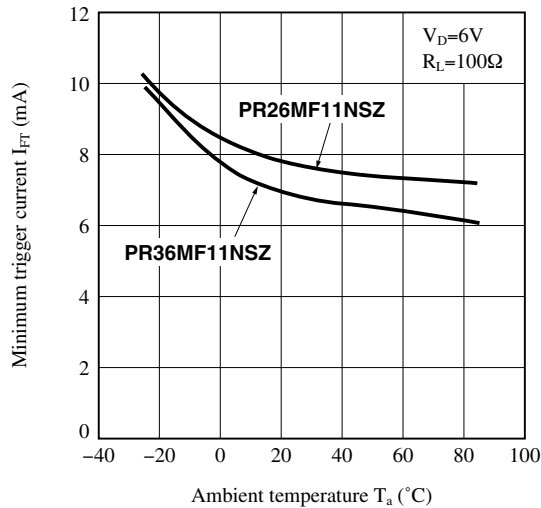
**Fig.3-a Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage (Rank 1)**



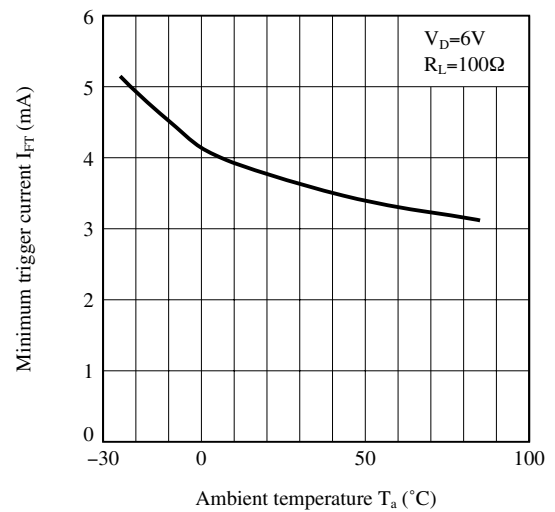
**Fig.3-b Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage (Rank 2)**



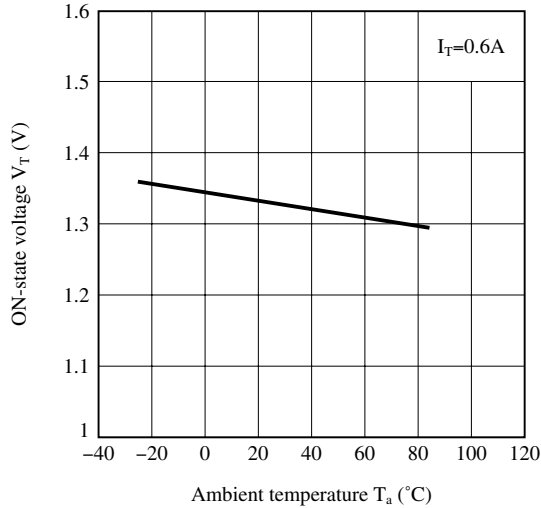
**Fig.4-a Minimum Trigger Current vs. Ambient Temperature (Rank 1)**



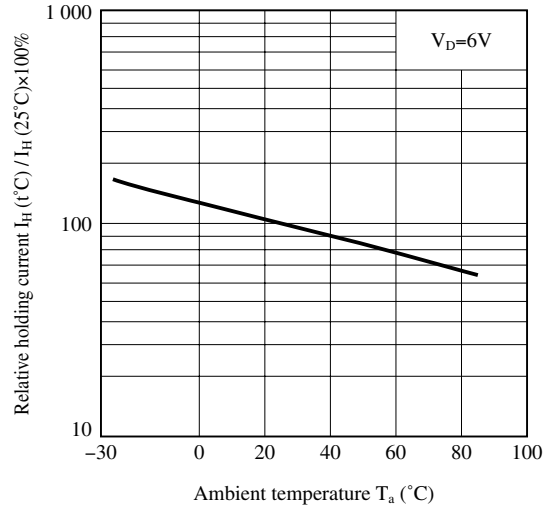
**Fig.4-b Minimum Trigger Current vs. Ambient Temperature (Rank 2)**



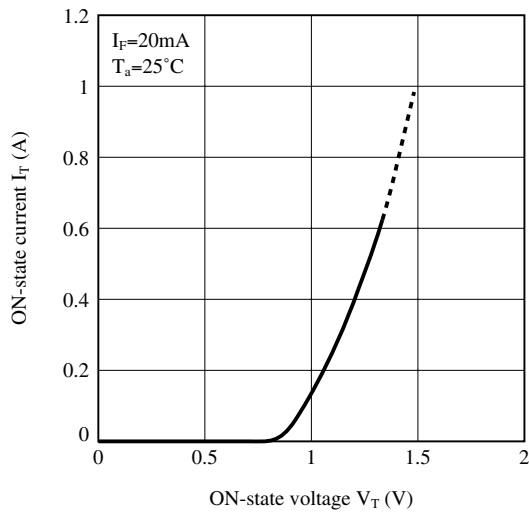
**Fig.5 ON-state Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature**



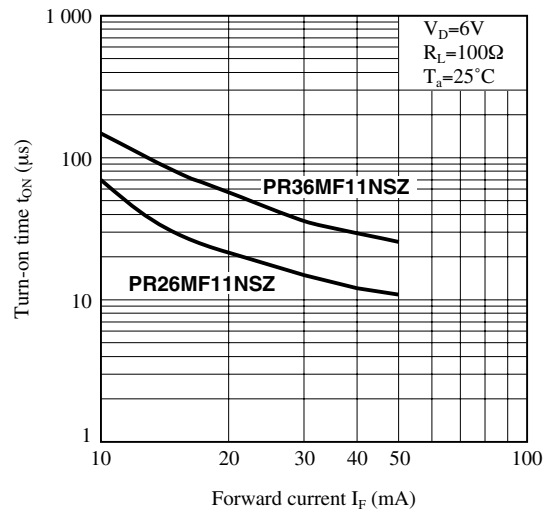
**Fig.6 Relative Holding Current vs. Ambient Temperature**



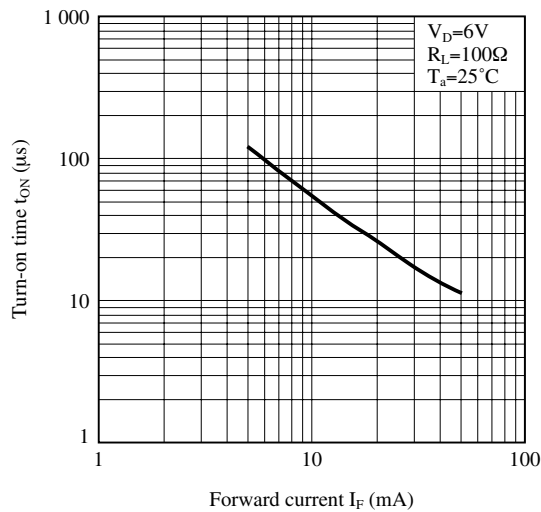
**Fig.7 ON-state Current vs. ON-state Voltage**



**Fig.8-a Turn-on Time vs. Forward Current (Rank 1)**



**Fig.8-b Turn-on Time vs. Forward Current (Rank 2)**



Remarks : Please be aware that all data in the graph are just for reference.



## ■ Design Considerations

### ● Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	MAX.	Unit
Input	Input signal current at ON state	Rank 1	-	20	25	mA
		Rank 2		10	15	
	Input signal current at OFF state	$I_F(\text{OFF})$	-	0	0.1	mA
Output	Load supply voltage	PR26MF1xNSZ	-	-	120	V
		PR36MF1xNSZ			240	
	Load supply current	$I_{\text{OUT}}(\text{rms})$	Locate snubber circuit between output terminals ( $C_s=0.022\mu\text{F}$ , $R_s=47\Omega$ )	-	$I_T(\text{rms})\times 80\%(*)$	mA
	Frequency	f	-	50	60	Hz
Operating temperature		$T_{\text{opr}}$	-	-20	80	°C

(\*) See Fig.2 about derating curve ( $I_T(\text{rms})$  vs. ambient temperature).

### ● Design guide

In order for the SSR to turn off, the triggering current ( $I_F$ ) must be 0.1 mA or less.

In phase control applications or where the SSR is being by a pulse signal, please ensure that the pulse width is a minimum of 1ms.

When the input current ( $I_F$ ) is below 0.1mA, the output Triac will be in the open circuit mode. However, if the voltage across the Triac,  $V_D$ , increases faster than rated  $dV/dt$ , the Triac may turn on. To avoid this situation, please incorporate a snubber circuit. Due to the many different types of load that can be driven, we can merely recommend some circuit values to start with :  $C_s=0.022\mu\text{F}$  and  $R_s=47\Omega$ . The operation of the SSR and snubber circuit should be tested and if unintentional switching occurs, please adjust the snubber circuit component values accordingly.

When making the transition from On to Off state, a snubber circuit should be used ensure that sudden drops in current are not accompanied by large instantaneous changes in voltage across the Triac.

This fast change in voltage is brought about by the phase difference between current and voltage.

Primarily, this is experienced in driving loads which are inductive such as motors and solenods.

Following the procedure outlined above should provide sufficient results.

Any snubber or Varistor used for the above mentioned scenarios should be located as close to the main output triac as possible.

All pins shall be used by soldering on the board. (Socket and others shall not be used.)

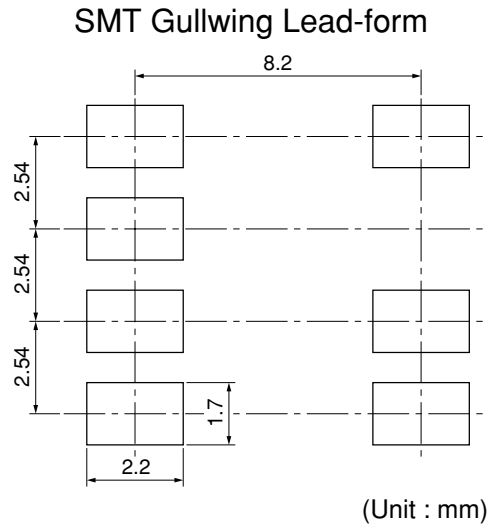
### ● Degradation

In general, the emission of the IRED used in SSR will degrade over time.

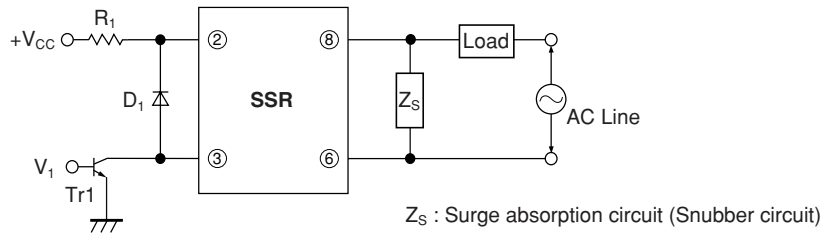
In the case where long term operation and / or constant extreme temperature fluctuations will be applied to the devices, please allow for a worst case scenario of 50% degradation over 5years.

Therefore in order to maintain proper operation, a design implementing these SSRs should provide at least twice the minimum required triggering current from initial operation.

● Recommended Foot Print (reference)



● Standard Circuit



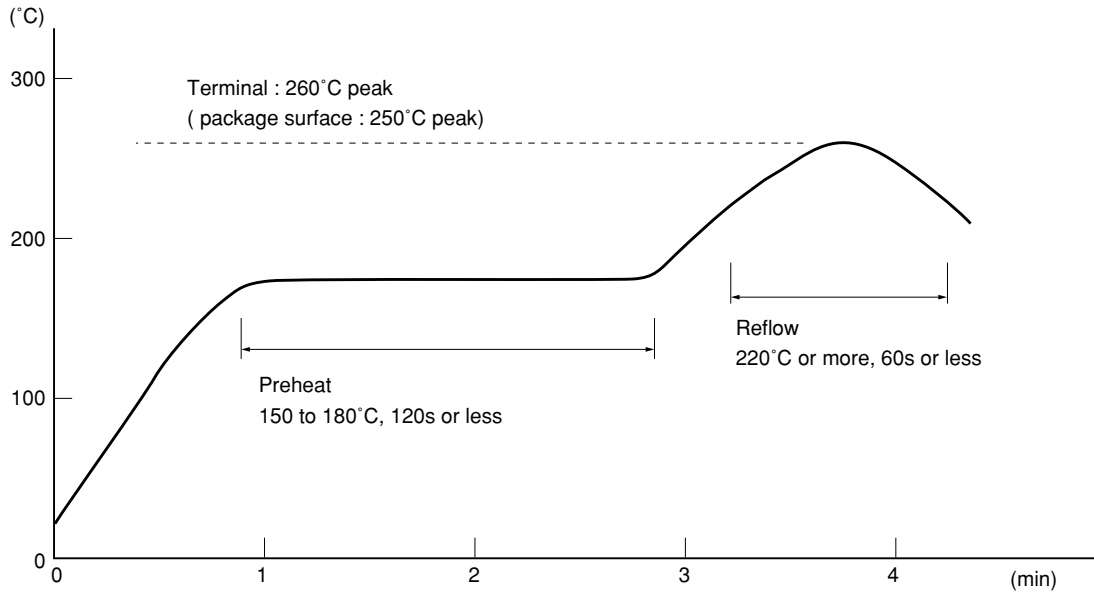
☆ For additional design assistance, please review our corresponding Optoelectronic Application Notes.

**■ Manufacturing Guidelines**

**● Soldering Method**

**Reflow Soldering:**

Reflow soldering should follow the temperature profile shown below.  
Soldering should not exceed the curve of temperature profile and time.  
Please don't solder more than twice.



**Flow Soldering :**

Flow soldering should be completed below 270°C and within 10s.  
Preheating is within the bounds of 100 to 150°C and 30 to 80s.  
Please don't solder more than twice.

**Hand soldering**

Hand soldering should be completed within 3s when the point of solder iron is below 400°C.  
Please don't solder more than twice.

**Other notices**

Please test the soldering method in actual condition and make sure the soldering works fine, since the impact on the junction between the device and PCB varies depending on the tooling and soldering conditions.

**● Cleaning instructions****Solvent cleaning :**

Solvent temperature should be 45°C or below. Immersion time should be 3minutes or less.

**Ultrasonic cleaning :**

The impact on the device varies depending on the size of the cleaning bath, ultrasonic output, cleaning time, size of PCB and mounting method of the device.

Therefore, please make sure the device withstands the ultrasonic cleaning in actual conditions in advance of mass production.

**Recommended solvent materials :**

Ethyl alcohol, Methyl alcohol and Isopropyl alcohol.

In case the other type of solvent materials are intended to be used, please make sure they work fine in actual using conditions since some materials may erode the packaging resin.

**● Presence of ODC**

This product shall not contain the following materials.

And they are not used in the production process for this device.

Regulation substances : CFCs, Halon, Carbon tetrachloride, 1.1.1-Trichloroethane (Methylchloroform)

Specific brominated flame retardants such as the PBBOs and PBBs are not used in this product at all.

■ **Package specification**

● **Sleeve package  
Through-Hole**

Package materials

Sleeve : HIPS (with anti-static material)

Stopper : Styrene-Elastomer

Package method

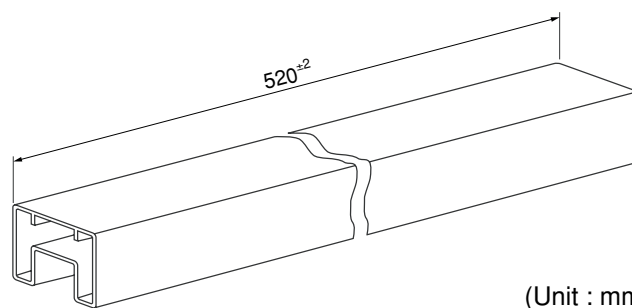
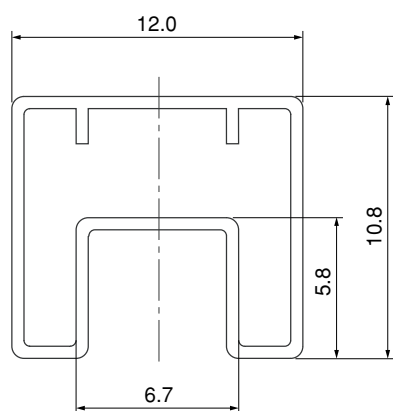
MAX. 50pcs of products shall be packaged in a sleeve.

Both ends shall be closed by tabbed and tabless stoppers.

The product shall be arranged in the sleeve with its anode mark on the tabless stopper side.

MAX. 20 sleeves in one case.

Sleeve outline dimensions



(Unit : mm)

● Tape and Reel package

SMT Gullwing

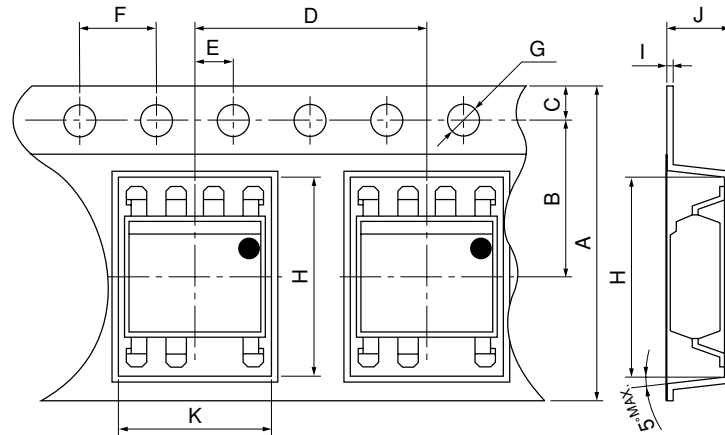
Package materials

Carrier tape : A-PET (with anti-static material)

Cover tape : PET (three layer system)

Reel : PS

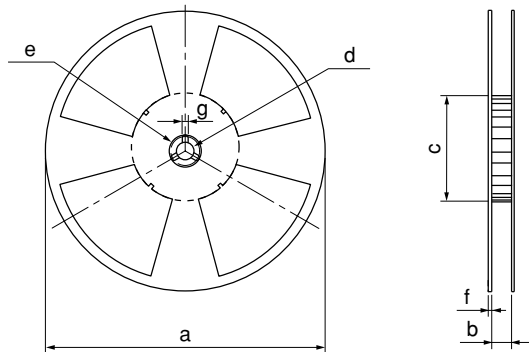
Carrier tape structure and Dimensions



Dimensions List (Unit : mm)

A	B	C	D	E	F	G
16.0±0.3	7.5±0.1	1.75±0.1	12.0±0.1	2.0±0.1	4.0±0.1	φ1.5±0.1
H	I	J	K			
10.4±0.1	0.4±0.05	4.2±0.1	10.2±0.1			

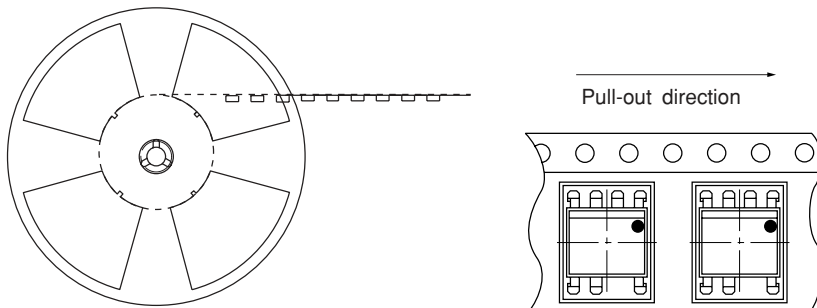
Reel structure and Dimensions



Dimensions List (Unit : mm)

a	b	c	d
330	17.5±1.5	100±1.0	13±0.5
e	f	g	
23±1.0	2.0±0.5	2.0±0.5	

Direction of product insertion



[Packing : 1 000pcs/reel]

## ■ Important Notices

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(i) The devices in this publication are designed for use in general electronic equipment designs such as:

- Personal computers
- Office automation equipment
- Telecommunication equipment [terminal]
- Test and measurement equipment
- Industrial control
- Audio visual equipment
- Consumer electronics

(ii) Measures such as fail-safe function and redundant design should be taken to ensure reliability and safety when SHARP devices are used for or in connection

with equipment that requires higher reliability such as:

- Transportation control and safety equipment (i.e., aircraft, trains, automobiles, etc.)
- Traffic signals
- Gas leakage sensor breakers
- Alarm equipment
- Various safety devices, etc.

(iii) SHARP devices shall not be used for or in connection with equipment that requires an extremely high level of reliability and safety such as:

- Space applications
- Telecommunication equipment [trunk lines]
- Nuclear power control equipment
- Medical and other life support equipment (e.g., scuba).

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