



ALPHA & OMEGA
SEMICONDUCTOR

AON3613

30V Complementary MOSFET

General Description

The AON3613 uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent $R_{DS(ON)}$ and low gate charge. The complementary MOSFETs may be used in inverter and other applications.

Product Summary

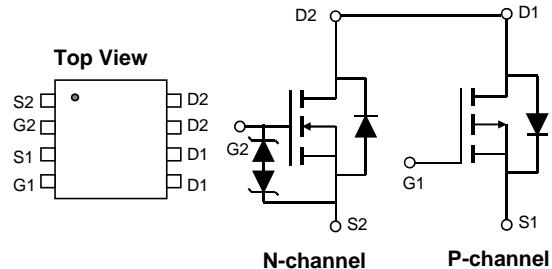
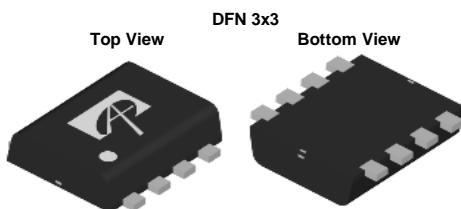
N-channel	P-channel
V_{DS} (V) = 30V	V_{DS} (V) = -30V
I_D = 4.5A	I_D = -4.5A
$R_{DS(ON)} < 52m\Omega$	$R_{DS(ON)} < 68m\Omega$

($V_{GS} = \pm 10V$) ($V_{GS} = \pm 10V$)

$R_{DS(ON)} < 60m\Omega$

$R_{DS(ON)} < 100m\Omega$ ($V_{GS} = \pm 4.5V$)

**ESD protection
HBM Class 3A**



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Max N-channel	Max P-channel	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	30	-30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 12	± 20	V
Continuous Drain Current	I_D $T_A=25^\circ C$	4.5	-4.5	A
	$T_A=70^\circ C$	3.5	-3.5	
Pulsed Drain Current ^C	I_{DM}	20	-20	
Power Dissipation ^B	$T_A=25^\circ C$	2.1	2.1	W
	$T_A=70^\circ C$	1.3	1.3	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 150	-55 to 150	°C

Thermal Characteristics: N-channel

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A	$R_{\theta JA}$	50	60	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^{A,D}		80	100	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Lead	$R_{\theta JL}$	30	40	°C/W

Thermal Characteristics: P-channel

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A	$R_{\theta JA}$	50	60	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^{A,D}		80	100	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Lead	$R_{\theta JL}$	30	40	°C/W

N-channel Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	30			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=30\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$			1 5	μA
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm 10\text{V}$			± 10	μA
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	0.7	1.05	1.5	V
$I_{\text{D(ON)}}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=5\text{V}$	20			A
$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=4.5\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		42 66	52 82	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=3\text{A}$		47	60	$\text{m}\Omega$
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=4.5\text{A}$		15		S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.75	1	V
I_S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				2.5	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		245		pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			35		pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			20		pF
R_g	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		5.3		Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, I_D=4.5\text{A}$		5.7	10	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			2.6	5	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge			0.5		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			1		nC
$t_{\text{D(on)}}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, R_L=3.3\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		2		ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time			3.5		ns
$t_{\text{D(off)}}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			22		ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			3.5		ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=4.5\text{A}, dI/dt=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		6.5		ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=4.5\text{A}, dI/dt=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		7.5		nC

A. The value of R_{qJA} is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B. The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$, using $\leq 10\text{s}$ junction-to-ambient thermal resistance.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$. Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$.

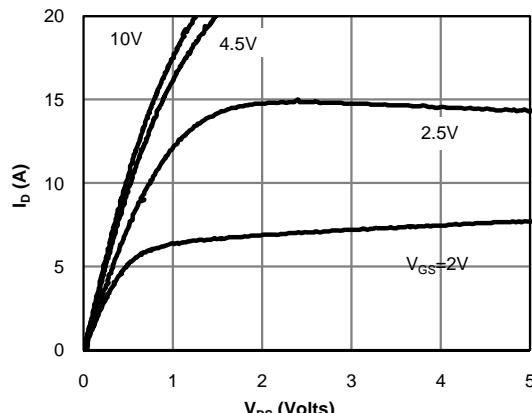
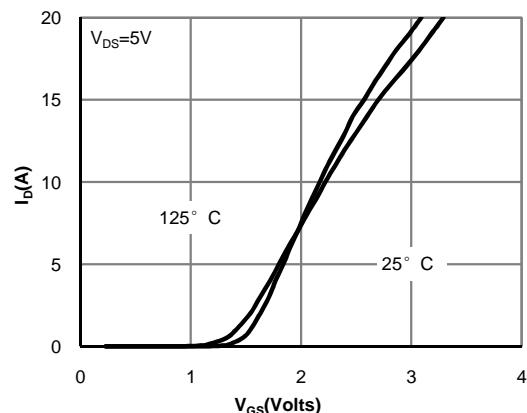
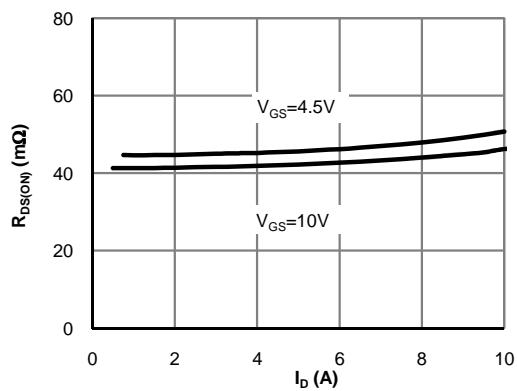
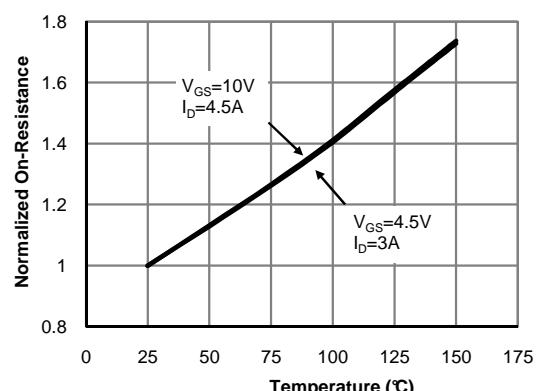
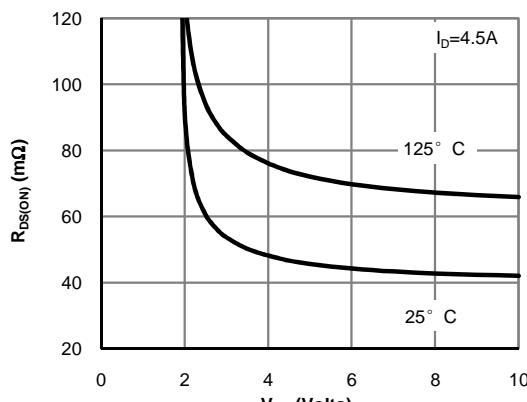
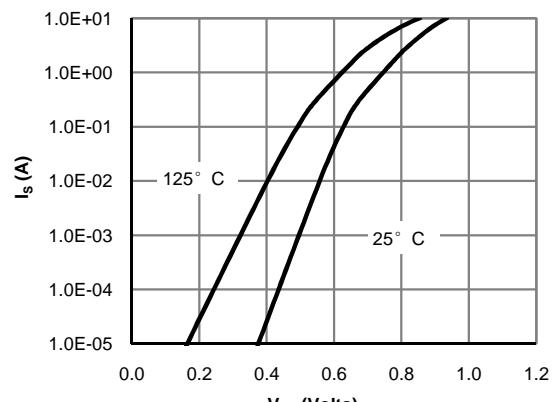
D. The R_{qJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead R_{qJL} and lead to ambient.

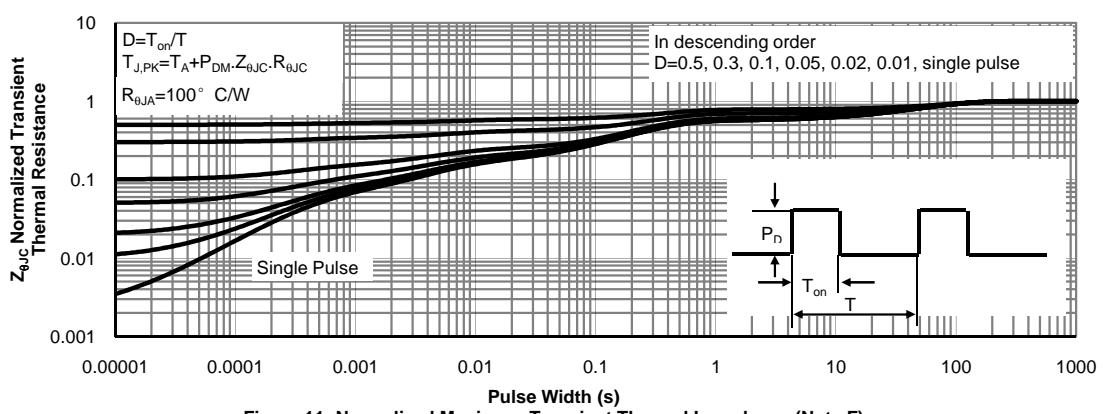
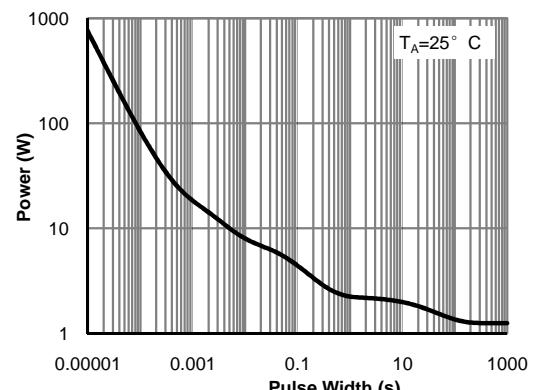
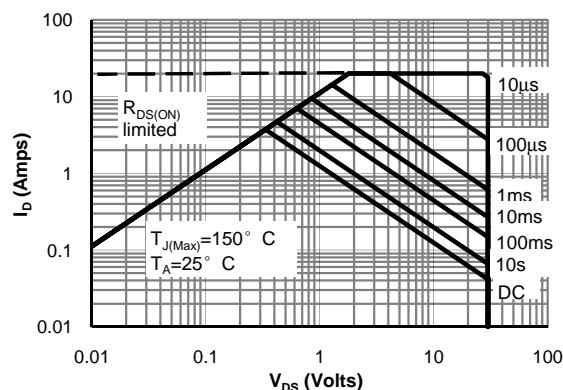
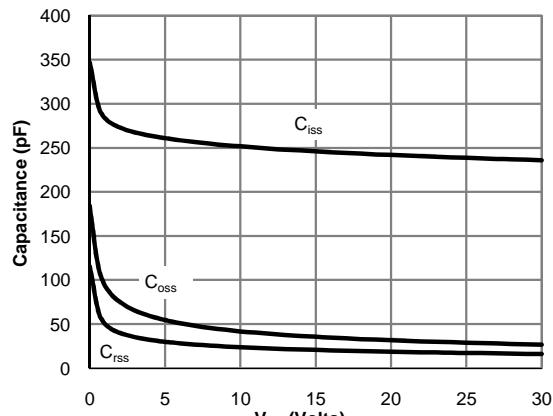
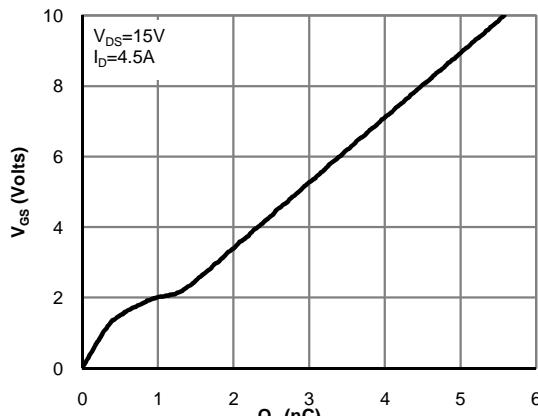
E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using $<300\text{ms}$ pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-ambient thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, assuming a maximum junction temperature of $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

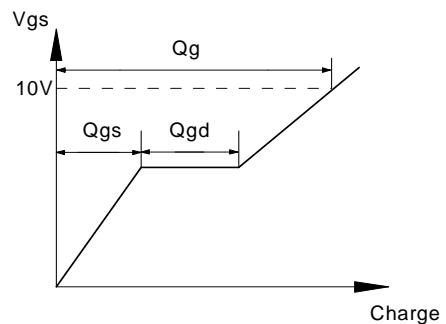
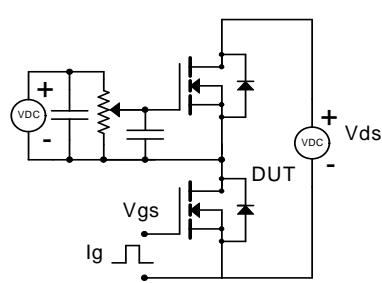
G. The maximum current rating is package limited.

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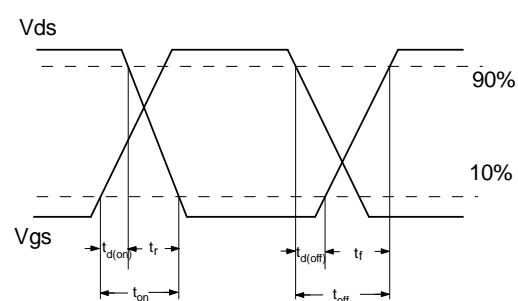
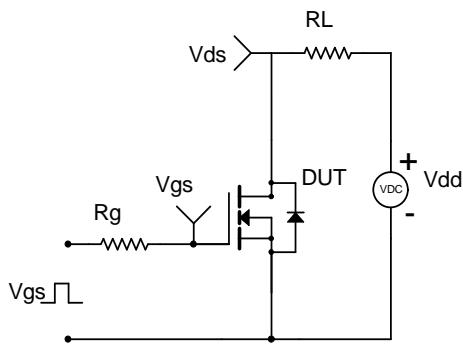
N-channel TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)

Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)

Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)

Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)

Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)

Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)

N-channel TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS


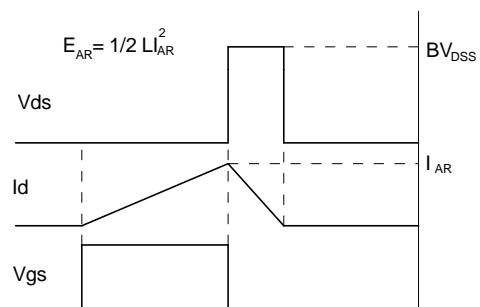
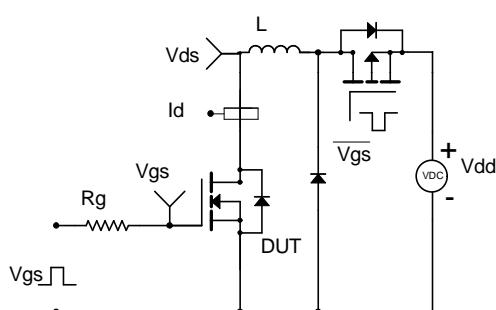
Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



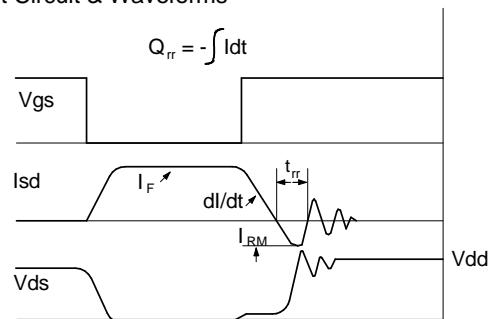
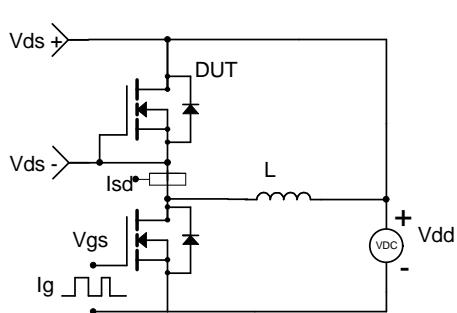
Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms



P-channel Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=-250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	-30			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=-30\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$			-1	μA
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm20\text{V}$			±100	nA
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$	-1.3	-1.8	-2.3	V
$I_{\text{D(ON)}}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-5\text{V}$	-20			A
$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, I_D=-4.5\text{A}$		56	68	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		79	96	
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=-5\text{V}, I_D=-4.5\text{A}$		8		S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=-1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		-0.78	-1	V
I_S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				-2.5	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=-15\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		290		pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			60		pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			40		pF
R_g	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		16		Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-15\text{V}, I_D=-4.5\text{A}$		5.8	10	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			2.8	6	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge			1.1		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			1.3		nC
$t_{\text{D(on)}}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-15\text{V}, R_L=3.3\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		6		ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time			5		ns
$t_{\text{D(off)}}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			21		ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			9		ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=-4.5\text{A}, dI/dt=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		10		ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=-4.5\text{A}, dI/dt=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		20		nC

A. The value of R_{qJA} is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B. The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$, using $\leq 10\text{s}$ junction-to-ambient thermal resistance.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$. Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$.

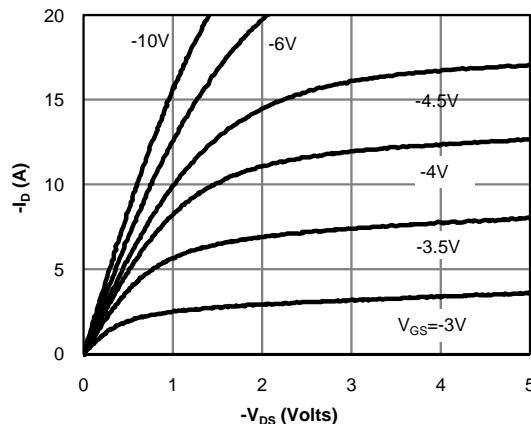
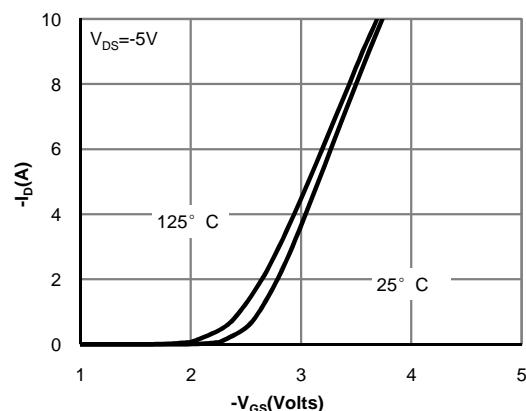
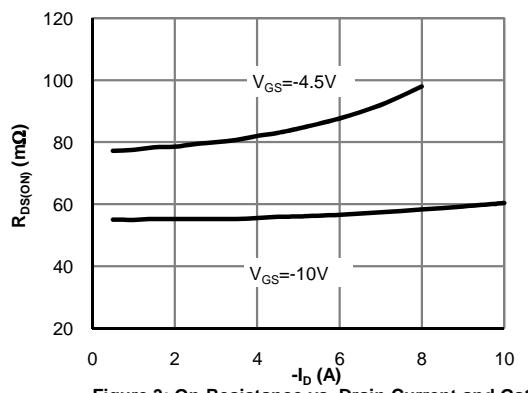
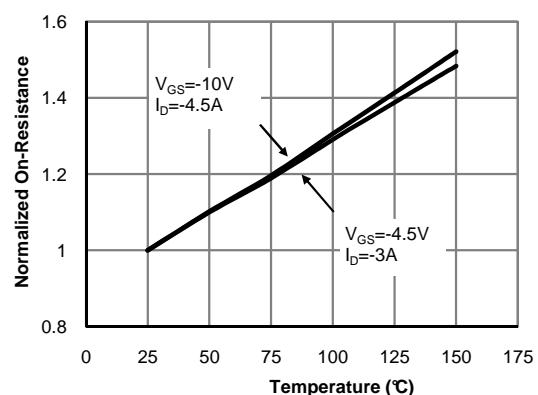
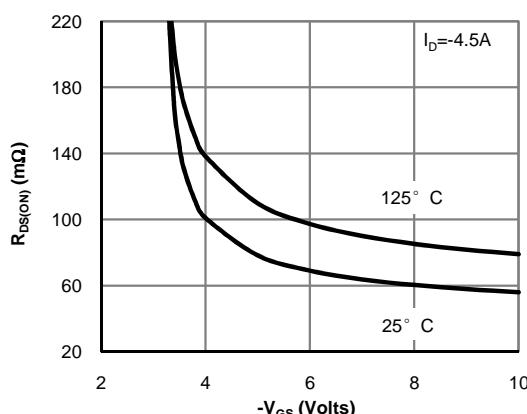
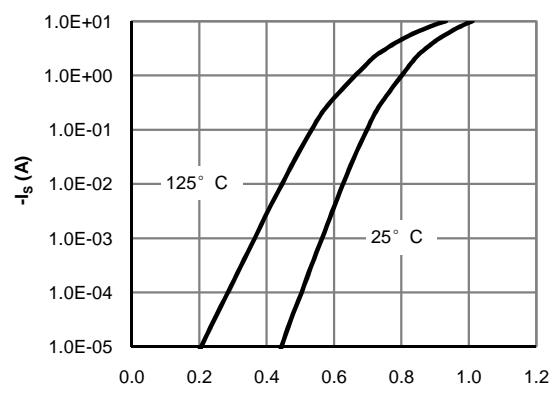
D. The R_{qJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead R_{qJL} and lead to ambient.

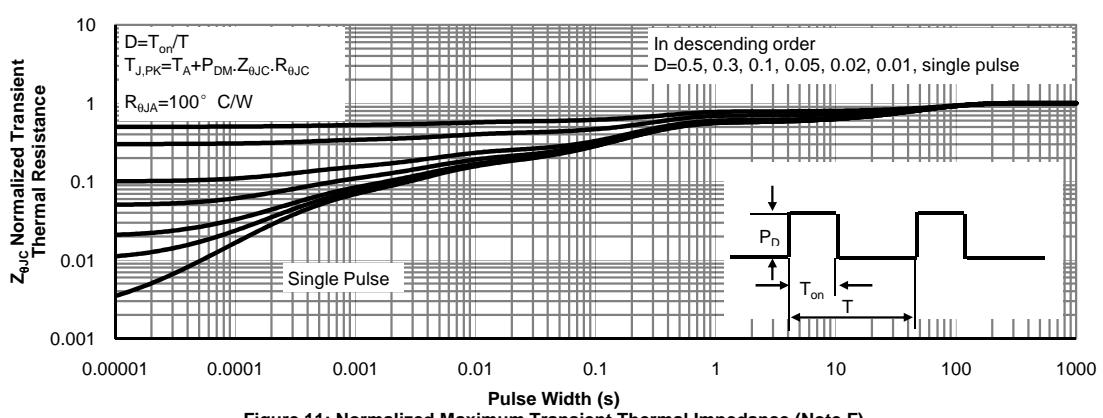
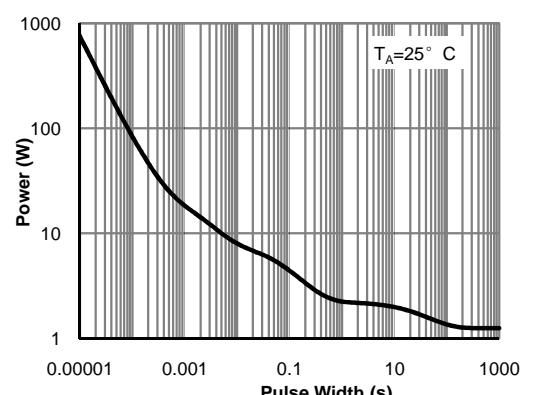
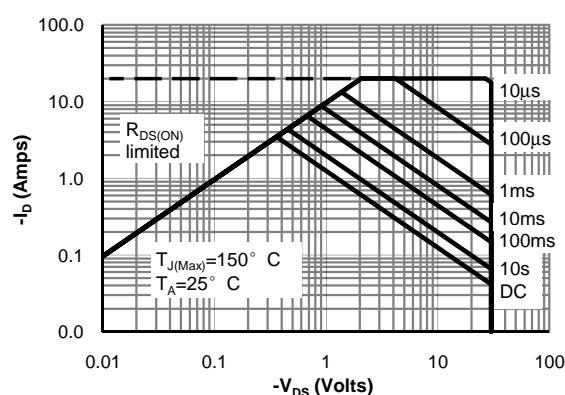
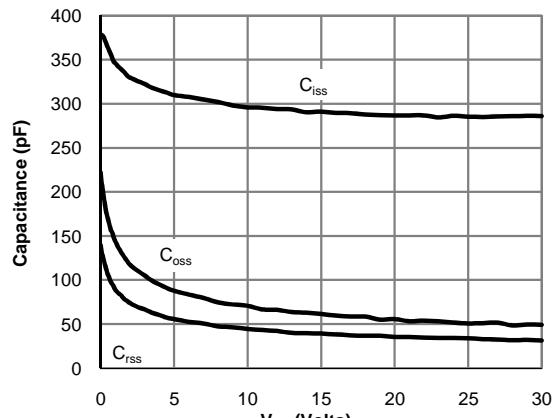
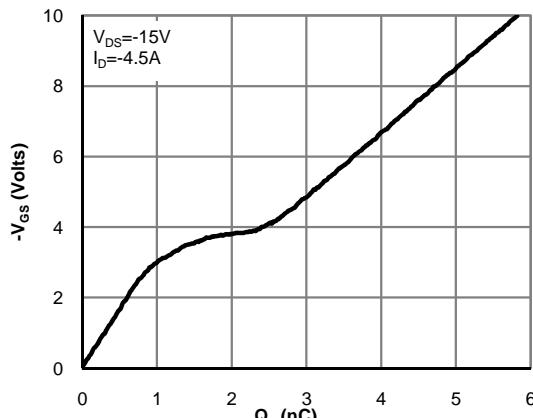
E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using $<300\text{ms}$ pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

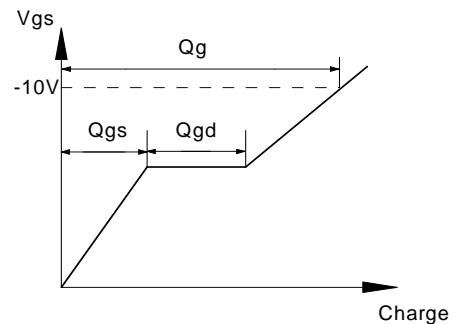
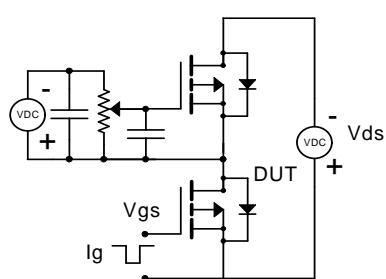
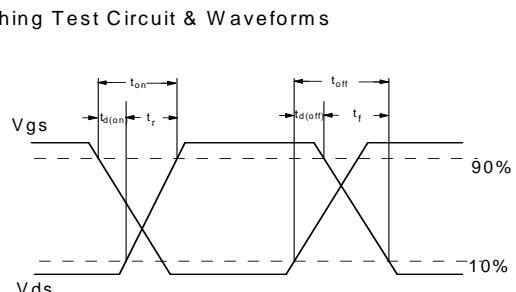
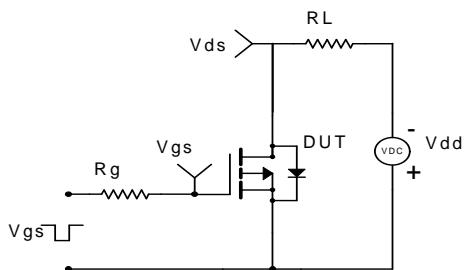
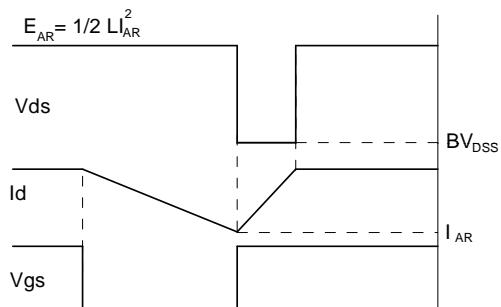
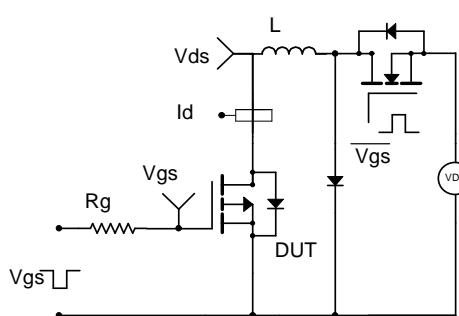
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Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)

Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)

P-channel TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS


Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform

Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms

Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms

Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms
