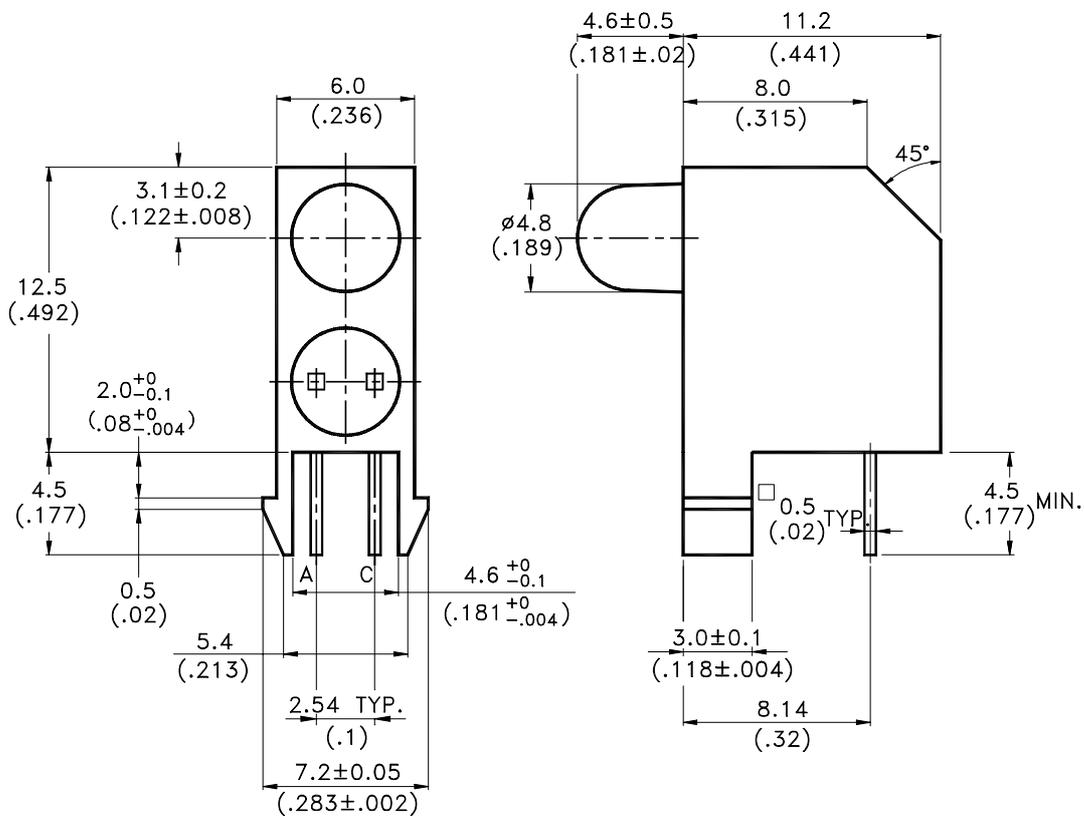


Property of Lite-On Only

Features

- * Designed for ease in circuit board assembly.
- * Black case enhance contrast ratio.
- * Designed to allow for high density packaging.
- * Solid state light source.
- * Reliable and rugged.

Package Dimensions



Part No.	Lens	Source
LTL-		Color
10233W	Green Diffused	Green

Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}(.010\text{'})$ unless otherwise noted.
3. The holder color is black.
4. The holder raw material is PC.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25°C

Parameter	Maximum Rating	Unit
Power Dissipation	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	30	mA
Derating Linear From 50°C	0.4	mA/°C
Reverse Voltage	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to + 100°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to + 100°C	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm(.063") From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds	

Electrical Optical Characteristics at Ta=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Part No. LTL-	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Luminous Intensity	I _v	10233WHC	12.6	40		mcd	I _F = 10mA Note 1,4
Viewing Angle	2θ _{1/2}	10233WHC		60		deg	Note 2 (Fig.6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ _p	10233WHC		565		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig.1)
Dominant Wavelength	λ _d	10233WHC		569		nm	Note 3
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ	10233WHC		30		nm	
Forward Voltage	V _F	10233WHC		2.1	2.6	V	I _F = 20mA
Reverse Current	I _R	10233WHC			100	μA	V _R = 5V
Capacitance	C	10233WHC		35		pF	V _F = 0, f = 1MHz

Note: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE eye-response curve.

2. θ_{1/2} is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

3. The dominant wavelength, λ_d is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.

4. I_v needs ±15% additional for guaranteed limits.

Property of Lite-On Only

Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

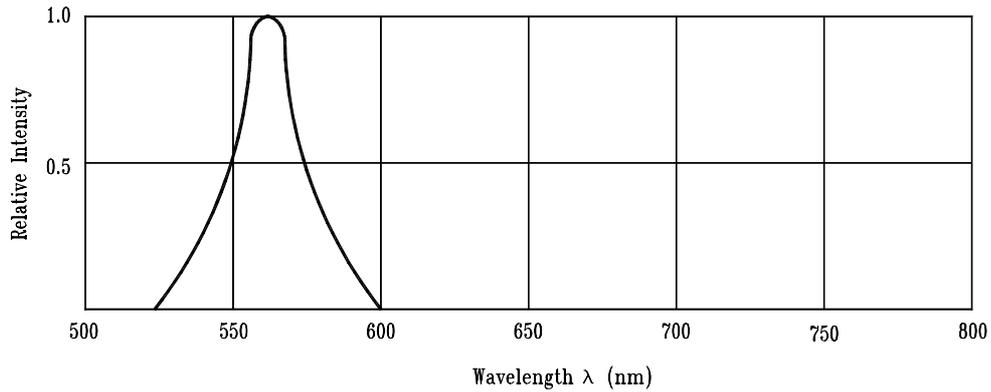


Fig.1 Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

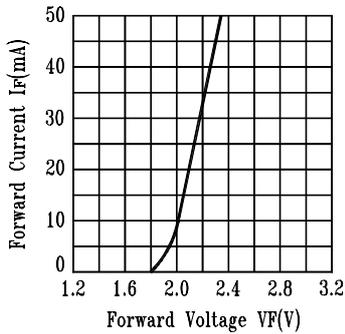


Fig.2 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

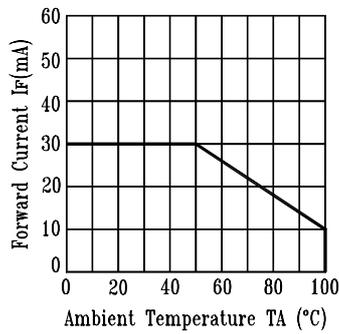


Fig.3 Forward Current Derating Curve

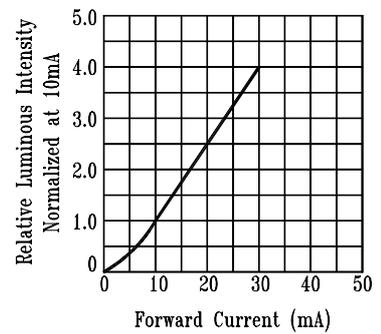


Fig.4 Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current

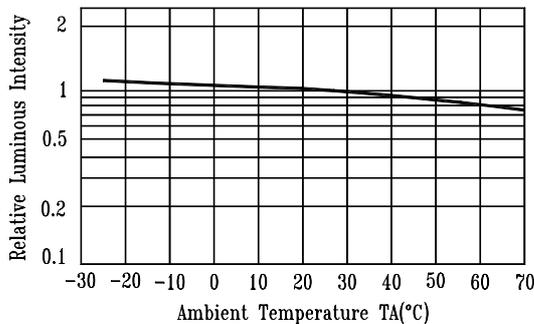


Fig.5 Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature

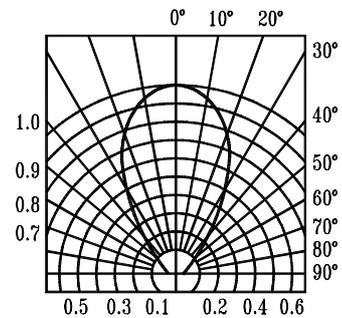


Fig.6 Spatial Distribution