

**IGBT** 

# SGR6N60UF

## **Ultra-Fast IGBT**

### **General Description**

Fairchild's UF series of Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistors (IGBTs) provides low conduction and switching losses. The UF series is designed for applications such as motor control and general inverters where high speed switching is a required feature.

#### **Features**

- · High speed switching
- Low saturation voltage :  $V_{CE(sat)} = 2.1 \text{ V} @ I_C = 3A$
- · High input impedance

# **Applications**

AC & DC motor controls, general purpose inverters, robotics, and servo controls.





# Absolute Maximum Ratings T<sub>C</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted

| Symbol              | Description   |                          | SGR6N60UF   | Units |  |
|---------------------|---|--------------------------|-------------|-------|--|
| V <sub>CES</sub>    | Collector-Emitter Voltage   |                          | 600         | V     |  |
| V <sub>GES</sub>    | Gate-Emitter Voltage  |                          | ± 20        | V     |  |
| Ic                  | Collector Current   | @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C  | 6           | Α     |  |
|                     | Collector Current   | @ T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C | 3           | Α     |  |
| I <sub>CM (1)</sub> | Pulsed Collector Current  |                          | 25          | Α     |  |
| P <sub>D</sub>      | Maximum Power Dissipation   | @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C  | 30          | W     |  |
|                     | Maximum Power Dissipation   | @ T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C | 12          | W     |  |
| T <sub>J</sub>      | Operating Junction Temperature                                      |                          | -55 to +150 | °C    |  |
| T <sub>stg</sub>    | Storage Temperature Range   |                          | -55 to +150 | °C    |  |
| T <sub>L</sub>      | Maximum Lead Temp. for Soldering Purposes, 1/8" from Case for 5 Sec |                          | 300         | °C    |  |

#### Notes :

(1) Repetitive rating : Pulse width limited by max. junction temperature

### **Thermal Characteristics**

| Symbol          | Parameter   | Тур. | Max. | Units |
|-----------------|---|------|------|-------|
| $R_{\theta JC}$ | Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case                    |      | 4.0  | °C/W  |
| $R_{	heta JA}$  | Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (PCB Mount) (2) | -    | 50   | °C/W  |

Notes:
(2) Mounted on 1" squre PCB (FR4 or G-10 Material)

| Symbol  | Parameter   | Test Conditions   | Min.                             | Тур.   | Max.   | Units  |
|---|---|---|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Off Cha   | racteristics  |   |                                  |  |  |  |
| BV <sub>CES</sub>   | Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage   | V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V, I <sub>C</sub> = 250uA  | 600                              |  |  | V  |
| $\Delta B_{VCES}/$ $\Delta T_J$   | Temperature Coefficient of Breakdown Voltage  | V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V, I <sub>C</sub> = 1mA  |                                  | 0.6  |  | V/°C   |
| I <sub>CES</sub>  | Collector Cut-Off Current   | $V_{CE} = V_{CES}, V_{GE} = 0V$   |                                  |  | 250  | uA   |
| I <sub>GES</sub>  | G-E Leakage Current   | $V_{GE} = V_{GES}, V_{CE} = 0V$   |                                  |  | ± 100  | nA   |
| On Cha  | racteristics  |   |                                  |  |  |  |
| V <sub>GE(th)</sub>   | G-E Threshold Voltage   | $I_C = 3mA$ , $V_{CE} = V_{GE}$   | 3.5                              | 4.5  | 6.5  | V  |
|   | Collector to Emitter  | $I_{C} = 3A$ , $V_{GE} = 15V$   |                                  | 2.1  | 2.6  | V  |
| V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>  | Saturation Voltage  | $I_C = 6A$ , $V_{GE} = 15V$   |                                  | 2.6  |  | V  |
| Dynami  | - Characteriation   |   |                                  |  |  |  |
| C <sub>ies</sub>  | C Characteristics Input Capacitance   |   |                                  | 220  |  | pF   |
| C <sub>oes</sub>  | Output Capacitance  | $V_{CE} = 30V_{,} V_{GE} = 0V_{,}$  |                                  | 22   |  | pF   |
| C <sub>res</sub>  | Reverse Transfer Capacitance  | f = 1MHz  |                                  | 7  |  | pF   |
|   | ng Characteristics  |   |                                  |  |  |  |
| ld(on)  | Turn-On Delay Time  |   |                                  | 15   |  | ns   |
|   | Turn-On Delay Time Rise Time  | -   |                                  | 15<br>25   |  | ns<br>ns   |
| t <sub>r</sub>  | Rise Time   | Vcc = 300 V. lc = 3A.   |                                  |  |  |  |
| t <sub>r</sub>  | -   | $V_{CC} = 300 \text{ V}, I_{C} = 3A,$ $R_{C} = 80\Omega, V_{CF} = 15\text{ V}.$   |                                  | 25   |  | ns   |
| t <sub>r</sub> t <sub>d(off)</sub>  | Rise Time Turn-Off Delay Time Fall Time   | $V_{CC} = 300 \text{ V}, I_{C} = 3\text{A},$ $R_{G} = 80\Omega, V_{GE} = 15\text{V},$ Inductive Load, $T_{C} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$  |                                  | 25<br>60   | 130  | ns<br>ns   |
| t <sub>r</sub> t <sub>d(off)</sub> t <sub>f</sub> E <sub>on</sub>   | Rise Time Turn-Off Delay Time   | $R_G = 80\Omega, V_{GE} = 15V,$   |                                  | 25<br>60<br>70   | 130<br>150   | ns<br>ns   |
| t <sub>d(on)</sub> t <sub>r</sub> t <sub>d(off)</sub> t <sub>f</sub> E <sub>on</sub> E <sub>off</sub> E <sub>ts</sub>   | Rise Time Turn-Off Delay Time Fall Time Turn-On Switching Loss  | $R_G = 80\Omega, V_{GE} = 15V,$   | <br><br>                         | 25<br>60<br>70<br>57   | 130<br>150   | ns<br>ns<br>ns<br>uJ   |
| $t_r$ $t_{d(off)}$ $t_f$ $E_{on}$ $E_{off}$   | Rise Time Turn-Off Delay Time Fall Time Turn-On Switching Loss Turn-Off Switching Loss  | $R_G = 80\Omega, V_{GE} = 15V,$   | <br><br>                         | 25<br>60<br>70<br>57<br>25   | 130<br>150<br>   | ns<br>ns<br>ns<br>uJ<br>uJ   |
| $t_r$ $t_{d(off)}$ $t_f$ $E_{on}$ $E_{ts}$ $t_{d(on)}$  | Rise Time Turn-Off Delay Time Fall Time Turn-On Switching Loss Turn-Off Switching Loss Total Switching Loss   | $R_G = 80\Omega, V_{GE} = 15V,$   | <br><br><br>                     | 25<br>60<br>70<br>57<br>25<br>82   | 130<br>150<br><br><br>120                                    | ns<br>ns<br>ns<br>uJ<br>uJ   |
| t <sub>r</sub> t <sub>d(off)</sub> t <sub>t</sub> E <sub>on</sub> E <sub>off</sub> E <sub>ts</sub> t <sub>d(on)</sub>   | Rise Time Turn-Off Delay Time Fall Time Turn-On Switching Loss Turn-Off Switching Loss Total Switching Loss Turn-On Delay Time  | $R_G = 80\Omega$ , $V_{GE} = 15V$ , Inductive Load, $T_C = 25$ °C   | <br><br><br><br>                 | 25<br>60<br>70<br>57<br>25<br>82<br>22                                       | 130<br>150<br><br><br>120                                    | ns<br>ns<br>ns<br>uJ<br>uJ<br>uJ                                     |
| t <sub>r</sub> t <sub>d(off)</sub> t <sub>d(off)</sub> t <sub>f</sub> E <sub>on</sub> E <sub>off</sub> Ets  t <sub>d(on)</sub> t <sub>r</sub> t <sub>d(off)</sub>                                       | Rise Time Turn-Off Delay Time Fall Time Turn-On Switching Loss Turn-Off Switching Loss Total Switching Loss Turn-On Delay Time Rise Time  | $\begin{aligned} R_G &= 80\Omega, \ V_{GE} = 15V, \\ &\text{Inductive Load, } T_C = 25^{\circ}C \end{aligned}$ $\begin{aligned} V_{CC} &= 300 \ V, \ I_C = 3A, \\ R_G &= 80\Omega, \ V_{GE} = 15V, \end{aligned}$   | <br><br><br><br><br>             | 25<br>60<br>70<br>57<br>25<br>82<br>22<br>32                                 | 130<br>150<br><br><br>120                                    | ns<br>ns<br>ns<br>uJ<br>uJ<br>uJ<br>ns                               |
| t <sub>r</sub> t <sub>d(off)</sub> t <sub>d(off)</sub> t <sub>f</sub> E <sub>on</sub> E <sub>off</sub> Ets  t <sub>d(on)</sub> t <sub>r</sub> t <sub>d(off)</sub>                                       | Rise Time Turn-Off Delay Time Fall Time Turn-On Switching Loss Turn-Off Switching Loss Total Switching Loss Turn-On Delay Time Rise Time Turn-Off Delay Time  | $R_G = 80\Omega$ , $V_{GE} = 15V$ , Inductive Load, $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$   | <br><br><br><br><br><br>         | 25<br>60<br>70<br>57<br>25<br>82<br>22<br>32<br>80                           | 130<br>150<br><br>120<br><br>200                             | ns<br>ns<br>ns<br>uJ<br>uJ<br>uJ<br>ns<br>ns                         |
| t <sub>r</sub> t <sub>d(off)</sub> t <sub>f</sub> E <sub>on</sub> E <sub>off</sub> t <sub>td(on)</sub> t <sub>tr</sub> t <sub>d(off)</sub>  | Rise Time Turn-Off Delay Time Fall Time Turn-On Switching Loss Turn-Off Switching Loss Total Switching Loss Turn-On Delay Time Rise Time Turn-Off Delay Time Fall Time  | $\begin{aligned} R_G &= 80\Omega, \ V_{GE} = 15V, \\ &\text{Inductive Load, } T_C = 25^{\circ}C \end{aligned}$ $\begin{aligned} V_{CC} &= 300 \ V, \ I_C = 3A, \\ R_G &= 80\Omega, \ V_{GE} = 15V, \end{aligned}$   | <br><br><br><br><br><br><br>     | 25<br>60<br>70<br>57<br>25<br>82<br>22<br>32<br>80<br>122                    | 130<br>150<br><br>120<br><br>200<br>300                      | ns ns ns uJ uJ uJ ns ns ns   |
| t <sub>r</sub> t <sub>d(off)</sub> t <sub>f</sub> E <sub>on</sub> E <sub>off</sub> t <sub>td(on)</sub> t <sub>t</sub> t <sub>t</sub> t <sub>td(off)</sub>   | Rise Time Turn-Off Delay Time Fall Time Turn-On Switching Loss Turn-Off Switching Loss Total Switching Loss Turn-On Delay Time Rise Time Turn-Off Delay Time Fall Time Turn-On Switching Loss   | $\begin{aligned} R_G &= 80\Omega, \ V_{GE} = 15V, \\ &\text{Inductive Load, } T_C = 25^{\circ}C \end{aligned}$ $\begin{aligned} V_{CC} &= 300 \ V, \ I_C = 3A, \\ R_G &= 80\Omega, \ V_{GE} = 15V, \end{aligned}$   | <br><br><br><br><br><br><br><br> | 25<br>60<br>70<br>57<br>25<br>82<br>22<br>32<br>80<br>122<br>65              | 130<br>150<br><br>120<br><br>200<br>300                      | ns ns ns uJ uJ ns ns ns  |
| tr td(off) tf Eon Eoff tts td(on) tr tr td(on) tr td(off) tf Eon Eoff Eon Eoff  | Rise Time Turn-Off Delay Time Fall Time Turn-On Switching Loss Turn-Off Switching Loss Total Switching Loss Turn-On Delay Time Rise Time Turn-Off Delay Time Fall Time Turn-On Switching Loss Turn-On Switching Loss Turn-Off Switching Loss                      | $\begin{aligned} &R_G=80\Omega,V_{GE}=15V,\\ &\text{Inductive Load,}T_C=25^{\circ}C \end{aligned}$ $\begin{aligned} &V_{CC}=300\text{V},I_C=3A,\\ &R_G=80\Omega,V_{GE}=15V,\\ &\text{Inductive Load,}T_C=125^{\circ}C \end{aligned}$  |                                  | 25<br>60<br>70<br>57<br>25<br>82<br>22<br>32<br>80<br>122<br>65<br>46        | 130<br>150<br><br>120<br><br>200<br>300                      | ns ns ns uJ uJ ns ns ns us uJ uJ                                     |
| $\begin{array}{l} t_r \\ t_{d(off)} \\ t_f \\ E_{on} \\ E_{off} \\ E_{ts} \\ t_{d(on)} \\ t_r \\ t_{d(off)} \\ t_f \\ E_{on} \\ E_{off} \\ E_{off} \\ E_{on} \\ E_{off} \\ E_{ts} \\ Q_{g} \end{array}$ | Rise Time Turn-Off Delay Time Fall Time Turn-On Switching Loss Turn-Off Switching Loss Total Switching Loss Turn-On Delay Time Rise Time Turn-Off Delay Time Fall Time Turn-On Switching Loss Turn-On Switching Loss Turn-Off Switching Loss Total Switching Loss | $\begin{aligned} &R_G=80\Omega,V_{GE}=15\text{V},\\ &\text{Inductive Load},T_C=25^\circ\text{C} \end{aligned}$ $\begin{aligned} &V_{CC}=300\text{V},I_C=3\text{A},\\ &R_G=80\Omega,V_{GE}=15\text{V},\\ &\text{Inductive Load},T_C=125^\circ\text{C} \end{aligned}$ $\begin{aligned} &V_{CE}=300\text{V},I_C=3\text{A},\end{aligned}$ |                                  | 25<br>60<br>70<br>57<br>25<br>82<br>22<br>32<br>80<br>122<br>65<br>46        | <br>130<br>150<br><br>120<br><br>200<br>300<br><br>170       | ns ns ns uJ uJ ns ns ns us ns us |
| $t_r$ $t_{d(off)}$ $t_f$ $E_{on}$   | Rise Time Turn-Off Delay Time Fall Time Turn-On Switching Loss Turn-Off Switching Loss Total Switching Loss Turn-On Delay Time Rise Time Turn-Off Delay Time Fall Time Turn-On Switching Loss Turn-Off Switching Loss Total Switching Loss Total Gate Charge      | $\begin{aligned} &R_G=80\Omega,V_{GE}=15V,\\ &\text{Inductive Load,}T_C=25^{\circ}C \end{aligned}$ $\begin{aligned} &V_{CC}=300\text{V},I_C=3A,\\ &R_G=80\Omega,V_{GE}=15V,\\ &\text{Inductive Load,}T_C=125^{\circ}C \end{aligned}$  |                                  | 25<br>60<br>70<br>57<br>25<br>82<br>22<br>32<br>80<br>122<br>65<br>46<br>111 | <br>130<br>150<br><br>120<br><br>200<br>300<br><br>170<br>22 | ns ns ns uJ uJ ns ns ns uJ uJ nr ns                                  |

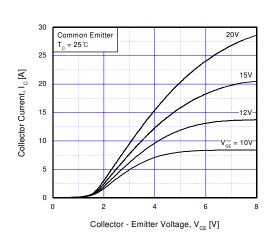
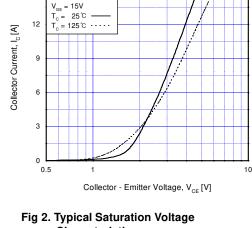


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics



15

Common Emitter

Characteristics

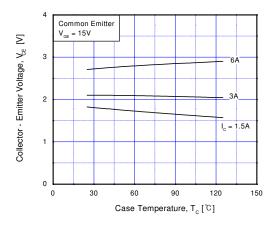


Fig 3. Saturation Voltage vs. Case **Temperature at Variant Current Level** 

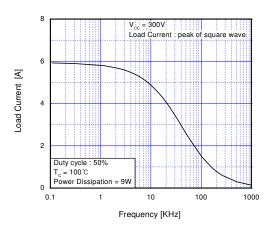


Fig 4. Load Current vs. Frequency

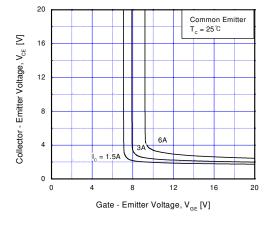


Fig 5. Saturation Voltage vs.  $V_{\text{GE}}$ 

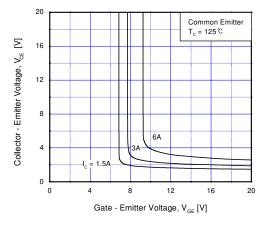
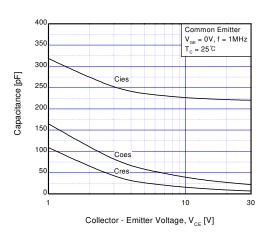


Fig 6. Saturation Voltage vs.  $V_{\text{GE}}$ 

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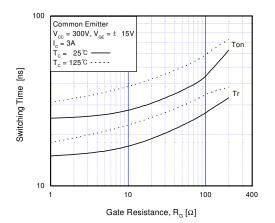
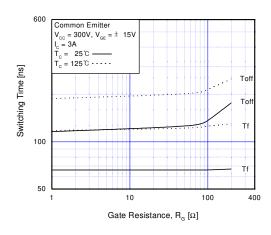


Fig 7. Capacitance Characteristics

Fig 8. Turn-On Characteristics vs.
Gate Resistance



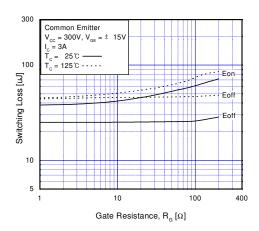
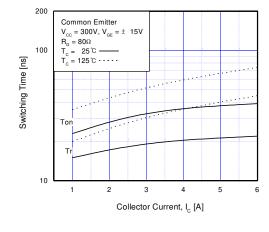


Fig 9. Turn-Off Characteristics vs.
Gate Resistance

Fig 10. Switching Loss vs. Gate Resistance



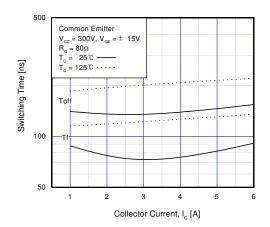
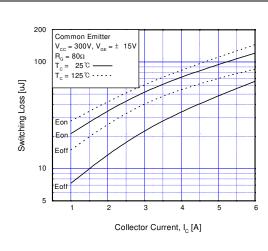


Fig 11. Turn-On Characteristics vs. Collector Current

Fig 12. Turn-Off Characteristics vs. Collector Current



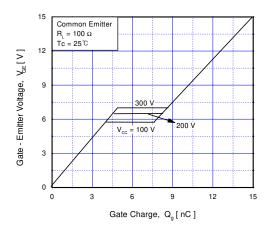
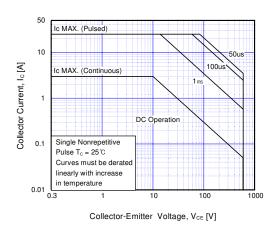


Fig 13. Switching Loss vs. Collector Current

Fig 14. Gate Charge Characteristics



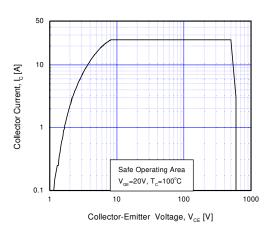


Fig 15. SOA Characteristics

Fig 16. Turn-Off SOA Characteristics

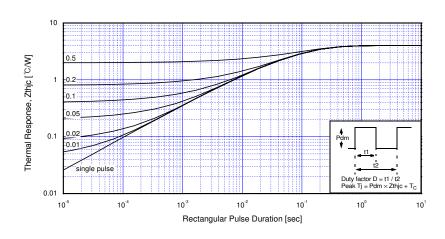
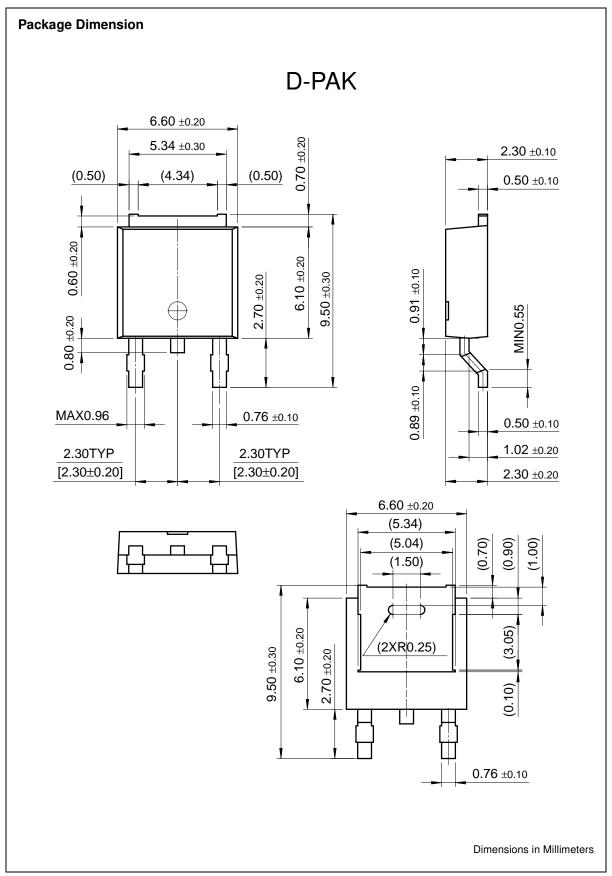


Fig 17. Transient Thermal Impedance of IGBT



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| CoolFET™                | FRFET™                         | OPTOPLANAR™              | SPM™             | VCX™                  |
| CROSSVOLT <sup>TM</sup> | GlobalOptoisolator™            | PACMAN™                  | STAR*POWER™      |                       |
| DenseTrench™            | GTO™                           | POP™                     | Stealth™         |                       |
| DOME™                   | HiSeC™                         | Power247™                | SuperSOT™-3      |                       |
| EcoSPARK™               | I <sup>2</sup> C <sup>TM</sup> | PowerTrench <sup>®</sup> | SuperSOT™-6      |                       |
| E <sup>2</sup> CMOS™    | ISOPLANAR™                     | QFET™                    | SuperSOT™-8      |                       |
| EnSigna™                | LittleFET™                     | QS <sup>TM</sup>         | SyncFET™         |                       |
| FACT™                   | MicroFET™                      | QT Optoelectronics™      | TinyLogic™       |                       |
| FACT Quiet Series™      | MicroPak™                      | Quiet Series™            | TruTranslation™  |                       |
|                         |                                |                          |                  |                       |

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- 2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

#### PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

### **Definition of Terms**

| Datasheet Identification | Product Status            | Definition  |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Advance Information      | Formative or In<br>Design | This datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.  |
| Preliminary              | First Production          | This datasheet contains preliminary data, and supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design. |
| No Identification Needed | Full Production           | This datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.   |
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**Product** 

**Product status** 

Pricing\*

Package type

Leads

Packing method

Product Folder - Fairchild P/N SGR6N60UF - Discrete, High Performance IGBT

| SGR6N60UFTF | Full Production | \$0.59 | TO-252(DPAK) | 2 | TAPE REEL |
|-------------|-----------------|--------|--------------|---|-----------|
| SGR6N60UFTM | Full Production | \$0.59 | TO-252(DPAK) | 2 | TAPE REEL |

<sup>\* 1,000</sup> piece Budgetary Pricing

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