#### **General Description**

The MAX20333/A/B/C/D/E/F/G/H/I/J/K/L/M/N programmable current-limit switches feature internal current limiting to prevent damage to host devices due to faulty load conditions. These current limit switches feature a low 23m $\Omega$  (typ) on-resistance and operate from a +3.5V to +22V input voltage range (MAX20333/A/B/C/D/E/F/G/H/I/ J/K), or +3.3V to +22V input voltage range (MAX20333L/ M/N).

The MAX20333 family has three working modes: normal mode (NM), high current mode (HCM), and low power mode (LPM). In NM, the device offers a programmable current-limit protection from 0.2A to 4.75A. The current-limit threshold can be programmed by connecting a suitable resistor to the SETI bump. When the current reaches the programmed threshold, the part prevents the current to further increase. The device can react in three different ways while in current limit: autoretry, latchoff, and continuous. The voltage on the SETI bump is proportional to the current flowing out of the OUT bump at any time and can be read by an ADC.

In high current mode (HCM), the current-limit threshold is multiplied by two, with an internal upper limit set at 5.5A. The voltage on SETI is proportional to the current flowing into IN, but multiplied by a factor 0.5. In low power mode (LPM), the current consumption of the part is dramatically reduced, and the on-resistance is  $420m\Omega$  (typ), while still offering an overcurrent protection. The switch is open when the current flowing through the switch exceeds 0.4A (typ).

The devices are available in a 15-bump (2.1mm x 1.52mm) WLP package and operate over the  $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $+85^{\circ}$ C extended temperature range.

#### **Applications**

- USB Port Protection Switch
- Battery Disconnect Switch
- General Power Supply Switch

### Adjustable Current-Limit Switch with Low-Power Mode

#### **Benefits and Features**

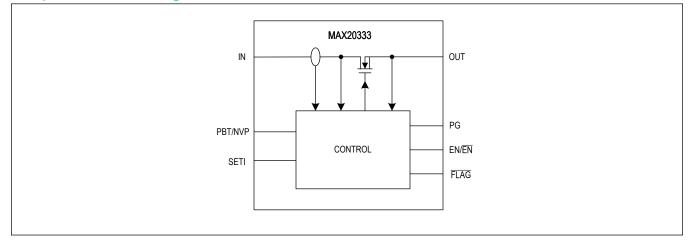
- Flexible Operation
  - Wide Range of Programmable Current Limit (0.2A to 4.75A)
  - Wide Operating Range: 3.5V to 22V (MAX20333/A/ B/C/D/E/F/G/H/I/J/K), 3.3V to 22V (MAX20333L/M/ N)
  - Three Different Current-Limit Modes: NM, HCM, LPM
  - Three Different Current-Limit Behaviors: Autoretry, Latchoff, Continuous
  - Power Good Input
  - Current Monitoring
- Safe Operation
  - Precision Current Limit
  - Output Short Protection
  - Thermal Protection
  - Flag Output
- UL 2367 Recognized-File No. E211395
  - MAX20333/A/F/G Only
  - 4.9A/100W Maximum
- Power Saving
   Low Power Mode (LPM) with Output Short Protection

Ordering Information appears at end of data sheet.



# Adjustable Current-Limit Switch with Low-Power Mode

# Simplified Block Diagram



### Adjustable Current-Limit Switch with Low-Power Mode

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

(All voltages referenced to	o GND.)
IN	-0.3V to +24V
IN to OUT	-0.3V to +24V
OUT	-0.3V to +24V
NVP	max(-0.3V, V <sub>IN</sub> - 14V) to (V <sub>IN</sub> + 0.3V)
PBT	-0.3 to (V <sub>IN</sub> + 0.3V)
FLAG, EN, EN, PG	-0.3V to +6V
SETI (Note 1)	-0.3V to +1.6V

Current into any bump (except IN, OUT)	20mA
Current into IN, OUT	6A
Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^{\circ}C$ )	
WLP (derate 16.22mW/°C above +70°C)	1297mW
Operating Temperature Range	40°C to +85°C
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C
Soldering Temperature (reflow)	+260°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### Package Information

#### **15 WLP**

Package Code	N151A2+1	
Outline Number	<u>21-100295</u>	
Land Pattern Number	Refer to Application Note 1891	
THERMAL RESISTANCE, FOUR-LAYER BOARD		
Junction to Ambient ( $\theta_{JA}$ )	61.65° C/W	

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to <u>www.maximintegrated.com/packages</u>. Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD51-7, using a four-layer board. For detailed information on package thermal considerations, refer to <u>www.maximintegrated.com/</u> <u>thermal-tutorial</u>.

Note 1: SETI is internally clamped. Forcing more than 5mA current into the bump can damage the device.

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

(V<sub>IN</sub> = 3.5V to 22V (MAX20333/A/B/C/D/E/F/G/H/I/J/K), V<sub>IN</sub> = 3.3V to 22V (MAX20333L/M/N), T<sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V<sub>IN</sub> = 9V, T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, C<sub>IN</sub> = C<sub>OUT</sub> = 1 $\mu$ F) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS			
SUPPLY OPERATION	SUPPLY OPERATION								
Operating Voltage	Maria	MAX20333/A/B/C/D/E/F/G/H/I/J/K	3.5		22	v			
Operating voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	MAX20333L/M/N	3.3		22	v			
Quiescent Current Normal Mode, High Current Mode	IQ	EN = high or $\overline{EN}$ = low, $I_{OUT}$ = 0A, $V_{IN}$ = 9V		0.9	1.2	mA			
Quiescent Current Low Power Mode		EN = low or $\overline{EN}$ = high, PG = high, $I_{OUT}$ = 0A, $V_{IN}$ = 9V		13	25	μA			
Quiescent Current Low Power Mode in Fault		Low Power mode, $V_{IN}$ = 9V, $V_{OUT}$ = 0V		4	7	μA			
Latchoff Current	ILATCH	EN = high or $\overline{EN}$ = low, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0A, V <sub>IN</sub> = 9V, after an overcurrent fault (MAX20333/ A/F/G/L)		4	7	μΑ			

# Adjustable Current-Limit Switch with Low-Power Mode

### **Electrical Characteristics (continued)**

 $(V_{IN} = 3.5V \text{ to } 22V \text{ (MAX20333/A/B/C/D/E/F/G/H/I/J/K)}, V_{IN} = 3.3V \text{ to } 22V \text{ (MAX20333L/M/N)}, T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.} Typical values are at V_{IN} = 9V, T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}, C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 1\mu\text{F}) \text{ (Note 2)}$ 

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	COND	ITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Shutdown Forward Current	I <sub>SHDN</sub>	EN = low, $\overline{EN}$ = high 9V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V	, V <sub>PG</sub> = 0V, V <sub>IN</sub> =		2.0	3.5	μA
		MAX20333/A/B/C/	Rise			3.4	
		D/E/F/G/H/I/J/K	Fall	2.7			1,
Internal POR			Rise			3.2	V
		MAX20333L/M/N	Fall	2.5			
INTERNAL FET		·					
Switch-On Resistance, Normal Mode, High	R <sub>ON</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 20 I <sub>LIM</sub> ), T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	0mA (lower than		23	30	mΩ
Current Mode	0.1	T <sub>A</sub> = 85°C				36	
Switch-On Resistance, Low Power Mode	R <sub>ONLPM</sub>	Low Power mode, I <sub>C</sub> 9V, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	<sub>DUT</sub> = 20mA, V <sub>IN</sub> =	0.30	0.42	0.54	Ω
		R <sub>SETI</sub> = 421Ω		4607	4750	4892	
		$R_{SETI} = 2k\Omega$		970	1000	1030	]
Forward Current Limit	ILIM	R <sub>SETI</sub> = 4kΩ		480	500	520	- mA
		R <sub>SETI</sub> = 10kΩ		186	200	214	
		Internally-set current limit in High Current Mode		5280	5500	5720	
Forward Current Limit in Low Power Mode		Low Power mode	Low Power mode			700	mA
Current Fold-Back		3A, R <sub>SETI</sub> = 667Ω		-12	-5		- %
		5A, R <sub>SETI</sub> = 400Ω		-15	-1.6		70
Current-Limit Overshoot		$V_{IN} = 9V, C_{LOAD} = 0$ with $I_{SLOPE} = 1A/ms$			13		%
Current-Limit Reaction Time	t <sub>LIM</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 9V, C <sub>LOAD</sub> = 0 with slope 1A/ms. C regulation value.	DμF, I <sub>LOAD</sub> ramping urrent outside 5% of		110		μs
FLAG Assertion Drop Voltage Threshold	V <sub>FA</sub>	Increase (V <sub>IN</sub> - V <sub>OU</sub> asserts, I <sub>OUT</sub> limiting in Low Power mode	g, V <sub>IN</sub> = 9V. Not valid	350	425	500	mV
OUT Shutdown Detection Threshold	V <sub>SD_THR</sub>	Low Power mode, in drop until FLAG ass	icrease (V <sub>IN</sub> - V <sub>OUT</sub> ) erts	140	165	190	mV
SETI							
Current Mirror Output	Cupatric		Normal Mode		1333		A/A
Ratio	C <sub>IRATIO</sub>	IOUT/ISETI High Current Mode			2666		
C <sub>RSETI</sub> x C <sub>ILIM</sub> /C <sub>IRATIO</sub>	V <sub>RI</sub>			1.47	1.50	1.53	V
Internal SETI Clamp		5mA into SETI			1.8	2.0	V
SETI Leakage Current		V <sub>SETI</sub> = 1.6V		-1		+1	μA
SETI Offset Current		V <sub>IN</sub> = 22V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.	A, V <sub>SETI</sub> = 0V	0	17	34	μA

### **Electrical Characteristics (continued)**

 $(V_{IN} = 3.5V \text{ to } 22V \text{ (MAX20333/A/B/C/D/E/F/G/H/I/J/K)}, V_{IN} = 3.3V \text{ to } 22V \text{ (MAX20333L/M/N)}, T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.} Typical values are at V_{IN} = 9V, T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}, C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 1\mu\text{F}) \text{ (Note 2)}$ 

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
EN, EN, PG LOGIC INPU	тѕ	•				
EN, EN Input Logic High			1.4			V
EN, EN Input Logic Low					0.4	V
EN, EN, PG Leakage Current		0V - 5.5V	-1		+1	μA
PG Input Threshold		$EN = low, \overline{EN} = high$			1.4	v
High		$EN = high, \overline{EN} = low$	1.455	1.500	1.545	
PG Input Threshold Low		$EN = low, \overline{EN} = high$	0.4			v
		$EN = high, \overline{EN} = low$	1.358	1.400	1.442	
FLAG OUTPUT						
FLAG Output Logic Low Voltage		I <sub>SINK</sub> = 1mA			0.15	V
FLAG Output Leakage Current		FLAG deasserted	-1		+1	μA
NVP OUTPUT (MAX2033	3A/C/E/G/I/K)					
NVP Clamp Voltage	V <sub>NVP_</sub> CLAMP	$V_{IN} - V_{NVP}$ when $V_{IN} = 22V$	13	15	17	V
NVP Pulldown Current		$V_{IN} = V_{NVP} = 22V$	150	270	400	μA
PBT (MAX20333/B/D/F/H	/J/L/M/N)					
PBT Pullup Current		V <sub>PBT</sub> < 2V	4.5	5.0	5.5	μA
PBT Input Threshold		Rising	1.40	1.47	1.54	V
DYNAMIC						
Turn-On Time	t <sub>SS</sub>	Time from ENABLE signal to $V_{OUT}$ = 90% of $V_{IN}$ = 9V, $R_L$ = 1k $\Omega$ , $C_L$ = 0nF		0.8		ms
Turn-Off Time	tOFF	Time from DISABLE signal to $V_{OUT}$ = 10% of $V_{IN}$ = 9V, $R_L$ = 1k $\Omega$ , $C_L$ = 0nF		20		μs
Short-Circuit Limit Reaction Time	t <sub>SC</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 9V, short circuit applied in normal current, high current, and low power mode		1		μs
Blanking Time Accuracy		MAX20333/B/D/F/H/J/L/M/N (PBT version)	-10		+10	%
Minimum Programmable Blanking Time		MAX20333/B/D/F/H/J/L/M/N (PBT version), C <sub>PBT</sub> = 0pF		350		μs
Maximum Programmable Blanking Time		MAX20333/B/D/F/H/J/L/M/N (PBT version), PBT = GND	450	500	550	ms
Blanking Time	t <sub>BLANK</sub>	MAX20333A/C/E/G/I/K (NVP version)	9.3	10.3	11.3	ms
Autoretry/Blanking Ratio		MAX20333B/H/M		30		
Autoretry Time	<sup>t</sup> RETRY	MAX20333C/I	278	309	340	ms

### Adjustable Current-Limit Switch with Low-Power Mode

### **Electrical Characteristics (continued)**

 $(V_{IN} = 3.5V \text{ to } 22V \text{ (MAX20333/A/B/C/D/E/F/G/H/I/J/K)}, V_{IN} = 3.3V \text{ to } 22V \text{ (MAX20333L/M/N)}, T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.} Typical values are at V_{IN} = 9V, T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}, C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 1\mu\text{F}) \text{ (Note 2)}$ 

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Low Power Mode		Transition normal mode/high current mode to low power mode		100		
Transition Time		Transition low power mode to normal mode/ high current mode	600		- μs	
THERMAL PROTECTION	I					
Thermal Shutdown	T <sub>SHDN</sub>	High current mode, normal mode		150		°C
Thermal Hysteresis	T <sub>HYST</sub>	High current mode, normal mode		15		°C

Note 2: All devices are 100% production tested at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C. Specifications over the operating temperature range are guaranteed by design.

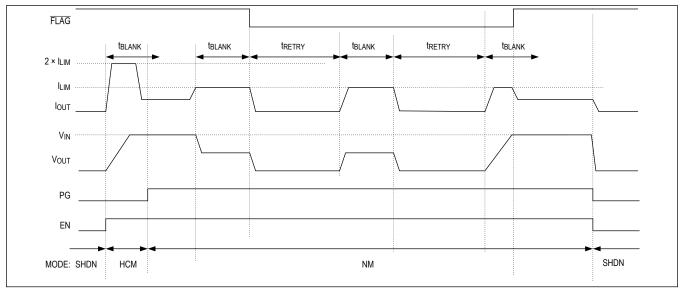


Figure 1. Autoretry

# Adjustable Current-Limit Switch with Low-Power Mode

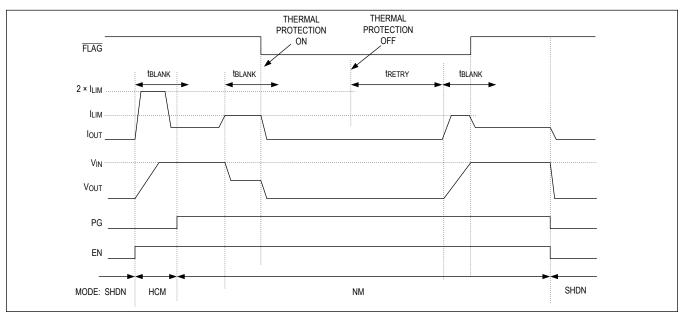


Figure 2. Autoretry and Thermal Shutdown

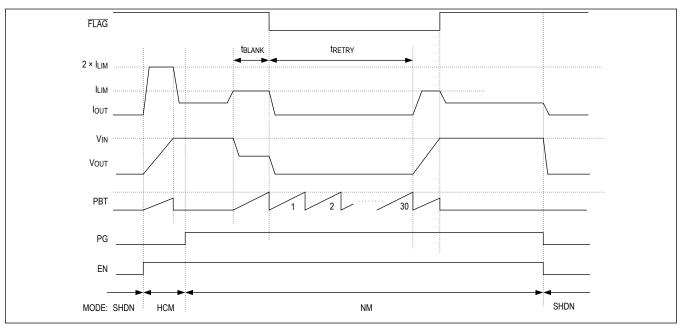


Figure 3. Autoretry and Programmable Blanking Time (PBT)

# Adjustable Current-Limit Switch with Low-Power Mode

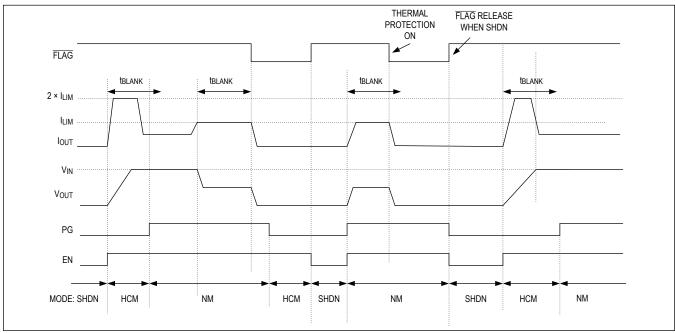


Figure 4. Latchoff

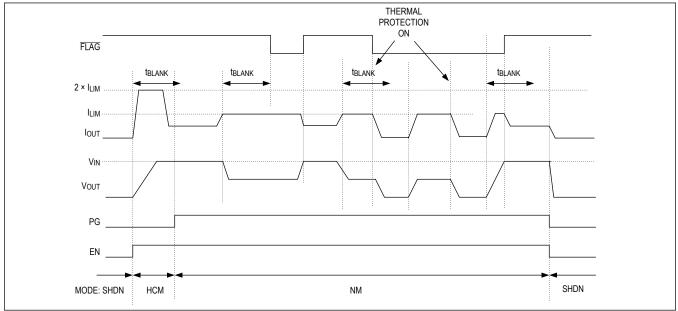


Figure 5. Continuous

# Adjustable Current-Limit Switch with Low-Power Mode

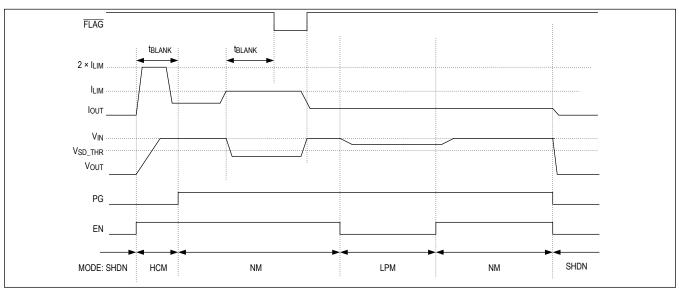
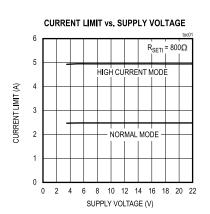


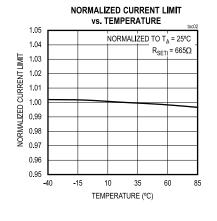
Figure 6. Continuous and Low Power Mode

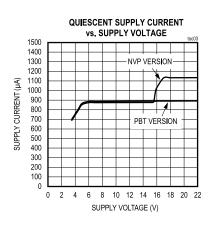
# Adjustable Current-Limit Switch with Low-Power Mode

### **Typical Operating Characteristics**

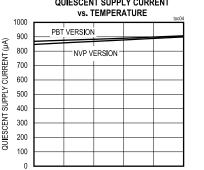
(V<sub>IN</sub> = 9V,  $C_{IN}$  =  $C_{OUT}$  = 1µF,  $T_A$  = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)







QUIESCENT SUPPLY CURRENT vs. TEMPERATURE 1000 PBT VERSION 900 QUIESCENT SUPPLY CURRENT (µA) 800 NVP VERSION 700 600 500 400 300 200 100



TEMPERATURE (°C)

35

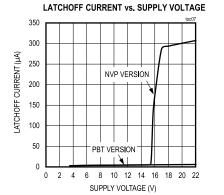
60

85

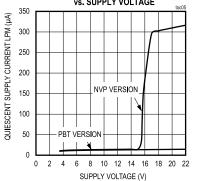
10

-40

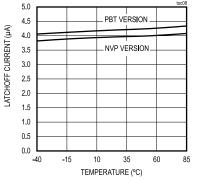
-15



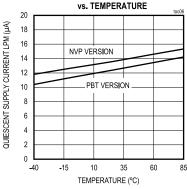
QUIESCENT SUPPLY CURRENT LOW-POWER MODE vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE



LATCHOFF CURRENT vs. TEMPERATURE

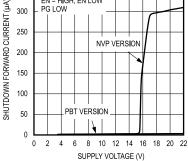


QUIESCENT SUPPLY CURRENT LOW-POWER MODE



SHUTDOWN FORWARD CURRENT vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE EN = HIGH, EN LOW PG LOW

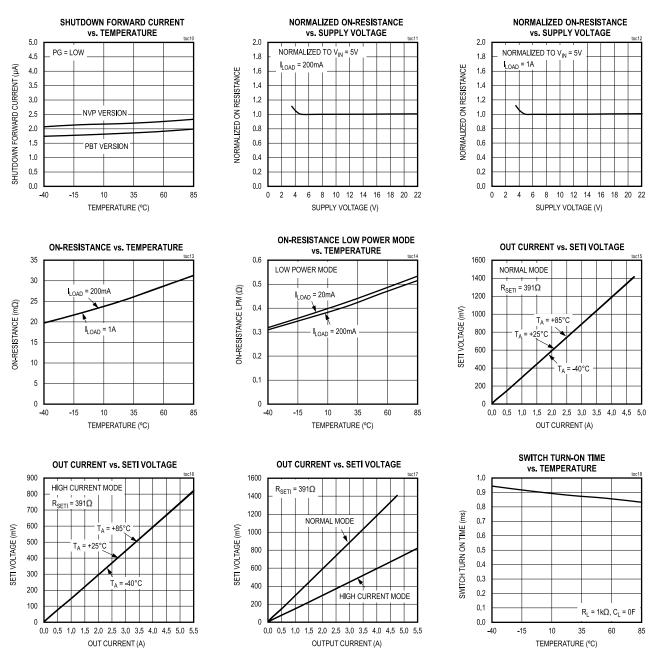
350



# Adjustable Current-Limit Switch with Low-Power Mode

### **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

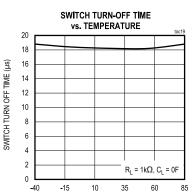
(V<sub>IN</sub> = 9V,  $C_{IN}$  =  $C_{OUT}$  = 1µF,  $T_A$  = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

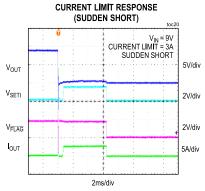


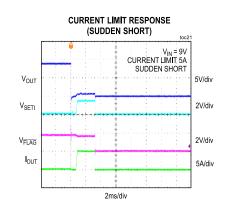
# Adjustable Current-Limit Switch with Low-Power Mode

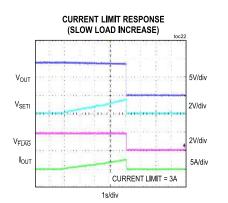
### **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

(V<sub>IN</sub> = 9V,  $C_{IN}$  =  $C_{OUT}$  = 1µF,  $T_A$  = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

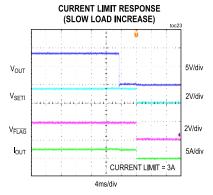


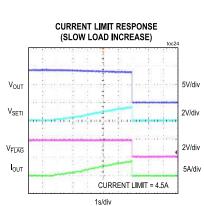


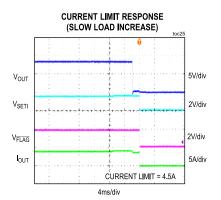


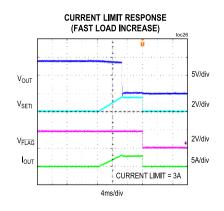


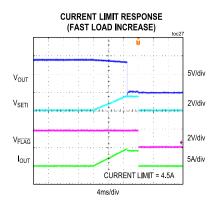
TEMPERATURE (°C)







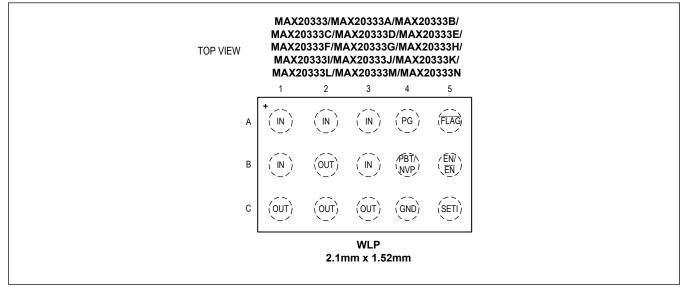




# SWITCH TURN-OFF TIME

# Adjustable Current-Limit Switch with Low-Power Mode

### **Bump Configurations**



### **Bump Description**

		PIN				
MAX20333/ B/D	MAX20333A/ C/E	MAX20333F/ H/J	MAX20333G/ I/K	MAX20333L/ M/N	NAME	FUNCTION
A1, A2, A3, B1, B3	IN	Power Input. Connect IN together and bypass IN to GND with a $1\mu$ F ceramic capacitor as close to the device as possible.				
A4	A4	A4	A4	A4	PG	Power Good Input. Use PG and EN/EN to select the current limit modes. See Table 1.
A5	A5	A5	A5	A5	FLAG	Open Drain Flag Output. FLAG is driven low when the overload fault duration exceeds the blanking time (normal or high current mode), thermal shutdown is active, or SETI is connected to ground. In low power mode, the blanking time is ignored and FLAG is immediately asserted. Additionally there is no thermal shutdown in low power mode.
B2, C1, C2, C3	OUT	Switch Output. Connect OUT together and bypass OUT to GND with a $1\mu$ F ceramic capacitor as close as possible to the device.				
B4	-	B4	-	B4	PBT	Programmable Blanking Time. Connect a capacitor C <sub>PBT</sub> to set the overcurrent blanking time.

# Adjustable Current-Limit Switch with Low-Power Mode

### **Bump Description (continued)**

		PIN				
MAX20333/ B/D	MAX20333A/ C/E	MAX20333F/ H/J	MAX20333G/ I/K	MAX20333L/ M/N	NAME	FUNCTION
-	B4	-	B4	-	NVP	External p-FET Gate Drive for Negative Input Protection
B5	B5	-	-	-	EN	Active High Enable Input
-	-	B5	B5	B5	ĒN	Active Low Enable Input
C4	C4	C4	C4	C4	GND	Ground
C5	C5	C5	C5	C5	SETI	Overload Current Limit Adjust and Current Monitor. $V_{SETI}$ is proportional to $I_{OUT}$ . Connect a resistor $R_{SETI}$ from SETI to GND to program the overcurrent limit. If $R_{SETL} < 350\Omega$ , the switch turns off and FLAG is asserted. If SETI is unconnected the current limit is at 0mA. To ensure stability, the total capacitance on SETI should not exceed 20pF.

#### **Detailed Description**

The MAX20333 family provides adjustable precision unidirectional current limit and low power mode. The device has three current limit modes, high current mode (HCM), normal current mode (NM), and low power mode (LPM); three current limit behaviors, autoretry, latchoff, and continuous; and, two enables, active high (EN), or active low (EN).

#### **Current-Limit Mode**

The MAX20333 family has three different current limit modes: high current mode, normal current mode, and low power mode. Use EN/EN and PG to select the current limit mode (<u>Table 1</u>).

#### **High Current Mode (HCM)**

In HCM, the current limit is internally set at twice the normal limit. In case the high current limit 2 x  $I_{LIM}$  exceeds 5.5A, the current limit is automatically set at 5.5A.

Selection between high current mode and normal current mode is made by the PG bump. The PG bump can be used as a power-good input by connecting it to OUT through a voltage divider. Note the PG bump has no clamp, so the user needs to make sure its voltage never exceeds 5.5V.

#### Normal Current Mode (NM)

In NM, the current limit threshold is defined by a resistor from SETI to GND that sets the current-limit threshold for the switch (see the Setting the Current-Limit Threshold section). If the output current is limited at the current threshold value for a time equal to, or longer than,  $t_{BLANK}$  with  $V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$  higher than the FLAG assertion drop-voltage threshold ( $V_{FA}$ ), the FLAG asserts, and the device enters autoretry-/latchoff-/continuous-current mode.

#### **Table 1. Functional Truth Table**

	MAX20333/A/B/C/D/E					
EN	PG	MODE				
Low	Low	Shutdown (SHDN)				
High	Low	High current (HCM)				
High	High	Normal current (NM)				
Low	High	Low Power (LPM)				
		MAX20333F/G/H/I/J/K/L/M/N				
EN	PG	MODE				
High	Low	Shutdown (SHDN)				
Low	Low	High current (HCM)				
Low	High	Normal current (NM)				
High	High	Low Power (LPM)				

#### Low Power Mode (LPM)

In LPM, the quiescent current consumption is dramatically reduced by switching off most of the chip functions: currentsense, accurate current limit, thermal protection, and autoretry. The on-resistance becomes  $0.42\Omega$  (typ). Whenever  $V_{IN} - V_{OUT} > V_{SD\_THR}$ , the switch is opened and stays open as long as the LPM is maintained. All devices act as latchoff when in LPM. EN/EN or supply cycling is required to enable the switch again. The device latches off if power-up in LPM or go from SHDN to LPM. To avoid spurious faults when transitioning from low power mode to normal mode, the  $R_{SETI}$  resistor should be selected such that  $R_{SETI} < 660/I_{LOAD\_LPM}$  and low power mode should always be active for a minimum of 200µs.

#### **Current Limit Fold-Back**

The devices feature a natural current limit fold-back behavior once the current limit level is reached. The current limit fold-back value is typically 5% of the current limits set through the SETI resistor.

#### **Current-Limit Behavior**

There are three different behaviors when overcurrent is detected in normal current mode or high current mode: autoretry, latchoff, and continuous.

#### **Autoretry Mode**

When the current threshold is reached, the  $t_{BLANK}$  timer begins counting. The FLAG asserts if the overcurrent condition is present for  $t_{BLANK}$ . The timer resets if the overcurrent condition disappears before  $t_{BLANK}$  has elapsed. A retry time delay,  $t_{RETRY}$  = 30 x  $t_{BLANK}$ , is started immediately after  $t_{BLANK}$  has elapsed and during  $t_{RETRY}$  time, the FET is off. At the end of  $t_{RETRY}$ , the FET is turned on again. If the fault still exists, the cycle is repeated, and the FLAG stays low. If the fault is removed, the FET stays on.

The autoretry feature reduces the system power in case of overcurrent or short-circuit conditions. During  $t_{BLANK}$  time, when the switch is on, the supply current is held at the current limit. During  $t_{RETRY}$  time, when the switch is off, there is no current through the switch. Thus, the output current is much less than the programmed current limit. Calculate the average output current using the following equation.

$$I_{\text{LOAD}} = I_{\text{LIM}} \left[ \frac{t_{\text{BLANK}}}{t_{\text{BLANK}} + t_{\text{RETRY}}} \right]$$

With a 12ms (typ) t<sub>BLANK</sub> and 360ms (typ) t<sub>RETRY</sub>, the duty cycle is 3.2%, resulting in a 96.8% power saving.

#### Latchoff Mode

When the current threshold is reached, the  $t_{BLANK}$  timer begins counting. The FLAG asserts if the overcurrent condition is present for  $t_{BLANK}$ . The timer resets when the overcurrent condition disappears before  $t_{BLANK}$  has elapsed. The switch turns off and stays off (latchoff) if the overcurrent condition continues beyond the blanking time. To reset the switch, either enter shutdown mode or cycle the input voltage. During latchoff, the current consumption is reduced close to the shutdown level.

#### **Continuous Mode**

When the current threshold is reached, the device limits the output current to the programmed current limit. The  $\overline{FLAG}$  asserts if the overcurrent condition is present for t<sub>BLANK</sub> and deasserts when the overload condition is removed. In continuous mode, the FET is open only in case of overheating.

#### PBT

The MAX20333/B/D/F/H/J/L/M/N have a PBT bump. A trimmed 5µA current (I<sub>PBT</sub>) is sourced from the PBT bump. A capacitance  $C_{PBT}$  is expected to be mounted between PBT and GND. PBT is shorted to ground when the device is not in current limit. Once current limit is detected (V<sub>IN</sub> – V<sub>OUT</sub> > V<sub>FA</sub>), V<sub>PBT</sub> starts rising with slope I<sub>PBT</sub>/C<sub>PBT</sub>.

A fixed 300µs delay is added. The external t<sub>BLANK</sub> is limited to 500ms by a watch dog counter. Use the following formula to calculate the blanking time:

$$t_{\text{BLANK}} = \frac{C_{\text{PBT}} \times 1.5}{l_{\text{PBT}}} + 300(\mu \text{s}) = \frac{C_{\text{PBT}} \times 1.5}{5\mu \text{A}} + 300(\mu \text{s})$$

With t<sub>BLANK</sub> = 100ms, C<sub>PBT</sub> = 330nF

In autoretry,  $t_{RETRY} = t_{BLANK} \times 30$ 

If the blanking time is shorter than the rise time, the device cannot be powered up and flag is asserted.

The rise time and turn-on time: when EN goes from low to high (or  $\overline{EN}$  goes from high to low), a 600µs delay elapses before the switch is turned-on, then OUT rises with an average slope of 30V/ms slope with no load connected.

#### NVP

The MAX20333A/C/E/G/I/K have an NVP bump. The NVP has a voltage clamp for the gate of the p-FET. The NVP bump is always pulled down with 270 $\mu$ A (typ), so the external p-FET is always in the on state even in shutdown mode. The voltage clamp limits the gate-to-source voltage to 15V (typ) when the input is positive. If input goes negative, the p-FET turns off and provides negative voltage protection. When V<sub>IN</sub> > V<sub>NVP\_CLAMP</sub> the pulldown current adds to the chip quiescent current.

#### **FLAG** Output

The FLAG bump is an open-drain output. In shutdown mode, FLAG is always deasserted.

FLAG is asserted in following fault condition:

CONDITION	NORMAL MODE	HIGH CURRENT MODE	LOW POWER MODE
OVERCURRENT	LOW	LOW	-
THERMAL SHUTDOWN	LOW	LOW	-
V <sub>IN</sub> – V <sub>OUT</sub> > V <sub>SD_THR</sub>	-	-	LOW
SETI IS CONNECTED TO GND	LOW	LOW	LOW

#### **Thermal Shutdown Protection**

The MAX20333 family features thermal shutdown protection to protect the device from overheating. The device turns off when the junction temperature exceeds +150°C (typ). The device exits thermal shutdown and resumes normal operation after the junction temperature cools by 15°C (typ). During thermal shutdown, the switch is open. There is no thermal protection in low power mode. The lactchoff version latches off after a thermal shutdown event.

### **Applications Information**

#### Setting The Current-Limit Threshold and Current Monitoring

Connect a resistor between SETI and ground to program the current limit threshold value for the devices. <u>Table 2</u> shows current limit thresholds for different resistor values at SETI. Use the following formula to calculate the current limit:

$$I_{\text{LIM}}(A) = \frac{V_{\text{RI}}(V)}{R_{\text{SETI}}(\Omega)} \times C_{\text{IRATIO}} = \frac{1.5V}{R_{\text{SETI}}(\Omega)} \times C_{\text{IRATIO}} = \frac{2000V(\text{normal mode})}{R_{\text{SETI}}(\Omega)}$$

Do not use a  $R_{SETI}$  value smaller than 350 $\Omega$ .

Where, C<sub>IRATIO</sub> = 1333 in NM and C<sub>IRATIO</sub> = 2666 in HCM

The voltage (V<sub>SETI</sub>) read on the SETI bump can be interpreted as the output current as below:

$$I_{OUT}(A) = \frac{V_{SETI}(V) \times C_{IRATIO}}{R_{SETI}(\Omega)} = I_{SETI}(A) \times C_{IRATIO}$$

#### Table 2. Current-Limit Threshold vs. Resistor Values

R <sub>SETI</sub> (Ω)	CURRENT LIMIT (A) NORMAL MODE	CURRENT LIMIT (A) HIGH CURRENT MODE
10000	0.2	0.4
4000	0.5	1
2000	1	2
1333	1.5	3
1000	2	4
800	2.5	5
666	3	5.5
571	3.5	5.5
500	4	5.5
444	4.5	5.5
421	4.75	5.5

#### **IN Bypass Capacitor**

Connect a minimum 1µF capacitor from IN to GND to limit the input voltage drop during momentary output short-circuit conditions. If the power supply cannot support the required short-circuit current, a larger capacitor should be used to maintain the input voltage above 3.5V.

#### **OUT Bypass Capacitor**

For stable operation over the full temperature range and over the full programmable current-limit range, use a 1µF ceramic capacitor from OUT to ground.

Excessive output capacitance can cause a false overcurrent condition due to decreased dV/dt across the capacitor. Use the following formula to calculate the maximum capacitive load ( $C_{MAX}$ ) on OUT:

$$C_{\text{MAX}}(\mu \text{F}) = \frac{I_{\text{LIM}}(\text{mA}) \times I_{\text{BLANK}}(\text{MIN})(\text{ms})}{V_{\text{IN}}(V)}$$

For example, for  $V_{IN}$  = 10V,  $t_{BLANK(MIN)}$  = 11.4ms, and for  $I_{LIM}$  = 1000mA,  $C_{MAX}$  = 1140 $\mu$ F.

#### Layout and Thermal Dissipation

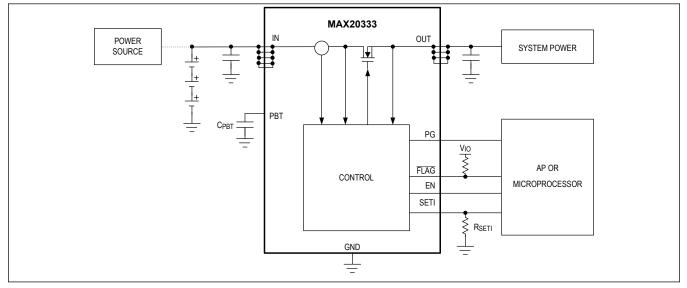
To optimize the switch response time to output short-circuit conditions, it is very important to keep all traces as short as possible to reduce the effect of undesirable parasitic inductance. Place input and output capacitors as close as possible

# Adjustable Current-Limit Switch with Low-Power Mode

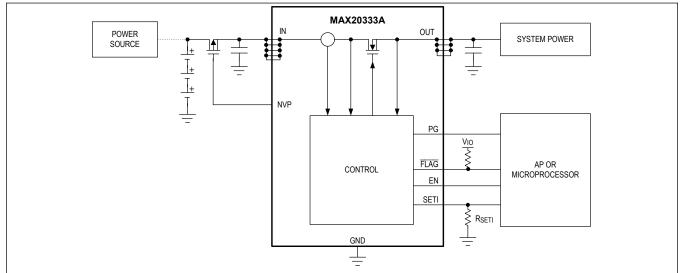
to the device (should be no more than 5mm). IN and OUT must be connected with wide short traces to the power bus. During normal operation, the power dissipation is small and the package temperature change is minimal. If the output is continuously shorted to ground, the power dissipation for the MAX20333 continuous current limit version can cause the device to reach the thermal shutdown threshold.

### **Typical Application Circuits**

#### MAX20333



#### MAX20333A



# Adjustable Current-Limit Switch with Low-Power Mode

### **Ordering Information**

PART	EN/EN	CURRENT LIMIT TYPE	PBT/NVP	INPUT VOLTAGE	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX20333ENL+T	EN	LATCHOFF	PBT	3.5V TO 22V	-40°C TO +85°C	15 WLP
MAX20333AENL+T*	EN	LATCHOFF	NVP	3.5V TO 22V	-40°C TO +85°C	15 WLP
MAX20333BENL+T*	EN	AUTORETRY	PBT	3.5V TO 22V	-40°C TO +85°C	15 WLP
MAX20333CENL+T	EN	AUTORETRY	NVP	3.5V TO 22V	-40°C TO +85°C	15 WLP
MAX20333DENL+T	EN	CONTINUOUS	PBT	3.5V TO 22V	-40°C TO +85°C	15 WLP
MAX20333EENL+T*	EN	CONTINUOUS	NVP	3.5V TO 22V	-40°C TO +85°C	15 WLP
MAX20333FENL+T	EN	LATCHOFF	PBT	3.5V TO 22V	-40°C TO +85°C	15 WLP
MAX20333GENL+T	EN	LATCHOFF	NVP	3.5V TO 22V	-40°C TO +85°C	15 WLP
MAX20333HENL+T*	EN	AUTORETRY	PBT	3.5V TO 22V	-40°C TO +85°C	15 WLP
MAX20333IENL+T*	EN	AUTORETRY	NVP	3.5V TO 22V	-40°C TO +85°C	15 WLP
MAX20333JENL+T*	EN	CONTINUOUS	PBT	3.5V TO 22V	-40°C TO +85°C	15 WLP
MAX20333KENL+T*	EN	CONTINUOUS	NVP	3.5V TO 22V	-40°C TO +85°C	15 WLP
MAX20333LENL+T*	EN	LATCHOFF	PBT	3.3V TO 22V	-40°C TO +85°C	15 WLP
MAX20333MENL+T	EN	AUTORETRY	PBT	3.3V TO 22V	-40°C TO +85°C	15 WLP
MAX20333NENL+T*	EN	CONTINUOUS	PBT	3.3V TO 22V	-40°C TO +85°C	15 WLP

+ Denotes lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.

T = Tape and reel.

\*Future product—contact factory for availability.

# Adjustable Current-Limit Switch with Low-Power Mode

#### **Revision History**

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	
0	4/19	Initial release	—
1	6/19	Added a future part designation to MAX20333GENL+T in the Ordering Information table	16
2	4/20	Updated the <i>Benefits and Features</i> , and removed future part designation from MAX20333DENL+T and MAX20333GENL+T in the <i>Ordering Information</i>	1, 16
3	1/21	Added a Simplified Block Diagram; updated the <i>General Description, Benefits and</i> <i>Features, Electrical Characteristics, Pin Description, Pin Configuration, PBT</i> and <i>NVP</i> sections, and Table 1; removed future part designation from MAX20333CENL+T, and removed MAX20333FENL+T, MAX20333HENL+T and MAX20333JENL+T from the <i>Ordering Information</i> table	1, 2, 4, 11–14, 17
4	3/21	Updated the General Description, Benefits and Features, Electrical Characteristics, Pin Configuration, Pin Description and PBT sections, and Table 1; added MAX20333HENL+T, MAX20333JENL+T, MAX20333LENL+T and MAX20333NENL+T as future products, and added MAX20333FENL+T and MAX20333MENL+T to the Ordering Information table	1-4,12–16,19

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