

LDO with Reverse Current Protection / Soft Start / Discharge Function

■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The NJM12888 is a low dropout regulator which achieves high ripple rejection, low noise and high speed response with the bipolar technology.

Adjustable soft-start function is useful for reducing inrush current and controlling power-on sequence. Moreover the discharge function makes effective sequence control with the soft-start function.

In addition, the reverse current protection makes external SBD unnecessary.

■ PACKAGE OUTLINE



NJM12888KG1

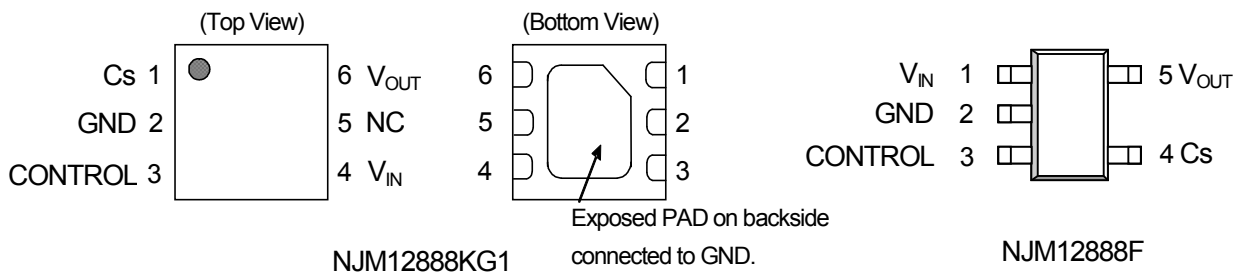


NJM12888F

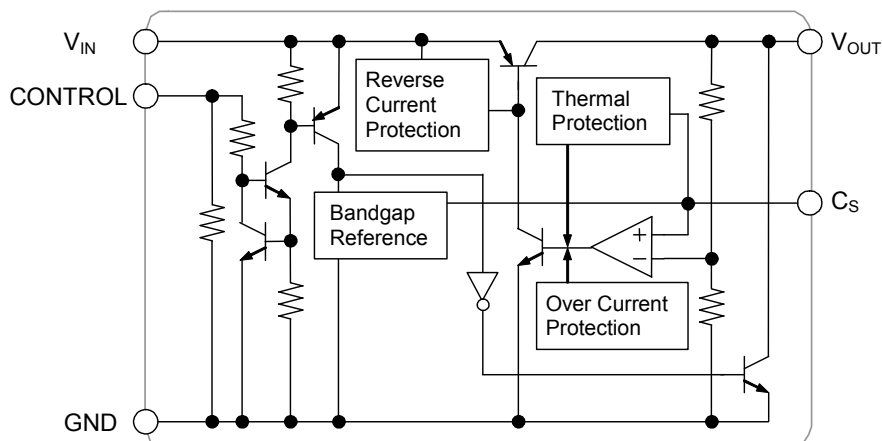
■ FEATURES

- Operating Voltage Range 2.3V to 6.5V
- Output Voltage Accuracy $V_O \pm 1.0\%$
- Output Current $I_O(\text{min.})=300\text{mA}$
- Reverse Current Protection
- Adjustable soft-start Function
- Discharge Function
- ON/OFF Control
- Correspond to Low ESR capacitor (MLCC)
- Thermal Shutdown Circuit
- Over Current Protection Circuit
- Package Outline DFN6-G1(ESON6-G1), SOT-23-5

■ PIN CONFIGURATION



■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



NJM12888

■ OUTPUT VOLTAGE RANK LIST

DFN6-G1(ESON6-G1), SOT-23-5

Device Name	Output Voltage	Device Name	Output Voltage
NJM12888KG1-15	1.5V	NJM12888F15	1.5V
NJM12888KG1-18	1.8V	NJM12888F18	1.8V
NJM12888KG1-25	2.5V	NJM12888F25	2.5V
NJM12888KG1-33	3.3V	NJM12888F33	3.3V
NJM12888KG1-05	5.0V	NJM12888F05	5.0V

■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Input Voltage	V _{IN}	-0.3 ~ +7	V
Control Pin Voltage	V _{CONT}	-0.3 ~ +7	V
Output Voltage	V _{OUT}	Vo≤1.8V	-0.3 ~ +5.5
		Vo>1.8V	-0.3 ~ +7
Soft start Pin Voltage	V _{CS}	-0.3 ~ +4	V
Power Dissipation	P _D	DFN6-G1 (ESON6-G1)	420(*1)
			1200(*2)
		SOT-23-5	480(*3)
			650(*4)
Junction Temperature Range	T _J	-40 ~ +150	°C
Operating Temperature Range	T _{opr}	-40 ~ +125	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T _{stg}	-50 ~ +150	°C

(*1): Mounted on glass epoxy board. (101.5×114.5×1.6mm: based on EIA/JEDEC standard, 2Layers FR-4, with Exposed Pad)

(*2): Mounted on glass epoxy board. (101.5×114.5×1.6mm: based on EIA/JEDEC standard, 4Layers FR-4, with Exposed Pad)

(For 4Layers: Applying 99.5×99.5mm inner Cu area and a thermal via hole to a board based on JEDEC standard JESD51-5)

(*3): Mounted on glass epoxy board. (76.2 × 114.3 × 1.6mm: based on EIA/JEDEC standard, 2Layers)

(*4): Mounted on glass epoxy board. (76.2 × 114.3 × 1.6mm: based on EIA/JEDEC standard, 4Layers), internal Cu area: 74.2×74.2mm

■ Operating Voltage Range : V_{IN}=2.3V ~ 6.5V

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Unless other noted, $V_{IN} = V_O + 1V$, $C_{IN} = 0.1\mu F$, $C_O = 0.47\mu F$ ($C_O = 1.0\mu F : 1.8V < V_O \leq 2.6V$, $C_O = 2.2\mu F : V_O \leq 1.8V$), $C_S = 0.01\mu F$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	
Output Voltage	V_O	$I_O = 30mA$	-1.0%	-	+1.0%	V	
Quiescent Current	I_Q	$I_O = 0mA$, except I_{CONT}	-	150	200	μA	
Quiescent Current at OFF-state	$I_{Q(OFF)}$	$V_{CONT} = 0V$	-	-	10	μA	
Output Current	I_O	$V_O \times 0.9$	300	-	-	mA	
Line Regulation	$\Delta V_O / \Delta V_{IN}$	$V_{IN} = V_O + 1V \sim 6.5V$, $I_O = 30mA$	-	-	0.10	%/V	
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_O / \Delta I_O$	$I_O = 0 \sim 300mA$	-	-	0.006	%/mA	
Dropout Voltage (*5)	ΔV_{IO}	$I_O = 100mA$	-	0.10	0.18	V	
Average Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage	$\Delta V_O / \Delta T_a$	$T_a = -40 \sim +125^\circ C$, $I_O = 30mA$	-	± 50	-	ppm/ $^\circ C$	
Ripple Rejection	RR	$e_{in} = 200mV_{rms}$, $f = 1kHz$, $I_O = 10mA$	$V_O = 1.5V$	-	71	-	dB
			$V_O = 1.8V$	-	70	-	
			$V_O = 2.5V$	-	69	-	
			$V_O = 3.3V$	-	66	-	
			$V_O = 5.0V$	-	63	-	
Output Noise Voltage	V_{NO}	$f = 10Hz \sim 80kHz$, $I_O = 10mA$	$V_O = 1.5V$	-	19	-	μV_{rms}
			$V_O = 1.8V$	-	23	-	
			$V_O = 2.5V$	-	28	-	
			$V_O = 3.3V$	-	32	-	
			$V_O = 5.0V$	-	42	-	
Control Current	I_{CONT}	$V_{CONT} = 1.6V$	-	3	12	μA	
Control Voltage at ON-state	$V_{CONT(ON)}$		1.6	-	-	V	
Control Voltage at OFF-state	$V_{CONT(OFF)}$		-	-	0.6	V	
Soft Start Time	$t_{S(ON)}$	$V_{CONT} = L \rightarrow H$, $I_O = 30mA$, $C_S = 0.022\mu F$	-	1.2	-	msec	
Discharge Current at OFF-state	I_{DIS}	$V_{IN} = 2.3V$, $V_{CONT} = 0V$, $V_O = 0.5V$	2	9	-	mA	
		$V_{IN} = 6.5V$, $V_{CONT} = 0V$, $V_O = 0.5V$	15	25	-		

(*5): Except Output Voltage Rank less than 2.1V

The above specification is a common specification for all output voltages.

Therefore, it may be different from the individual specification for a specific output voltage.

NJM12888

■ THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	VALUE		UNIT
Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	θ_{ja}	DFN6-G1	298 (*6)	°C/W
		(ESON6-G1)	104 (*7)	
		SOT-23-5	260 (*8) 192 (*9)	
Junction-to-Top of package characterization parameter	ψ_{jt}	DFN6-G1	52 (*6)	°C/W
		(ESON6-G1)	26 (*7)	
		SOT-23-5	70 (*8) 60 (*9)	

(*6): Mounted on glass epoxy board. (101.5×114.5×1.6mm: based on EIA/JEDEC standard, 2Layers FR-4, with Exposed Pad)

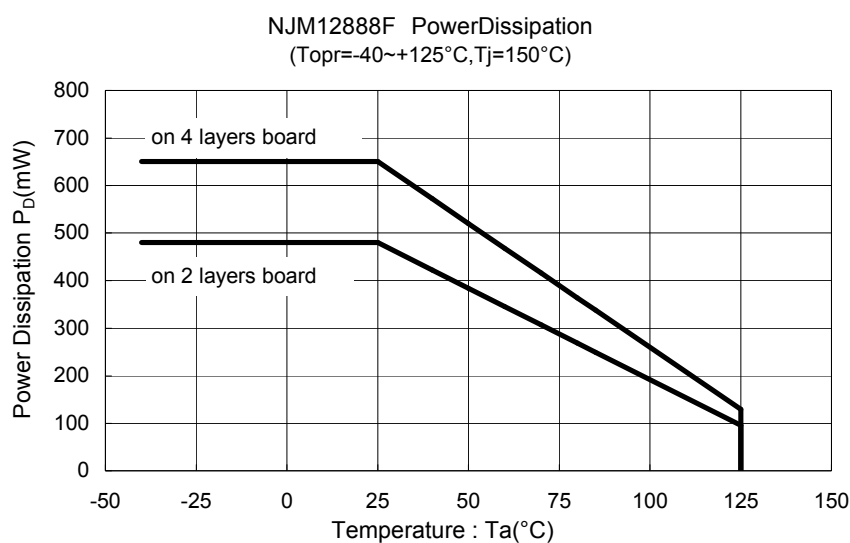
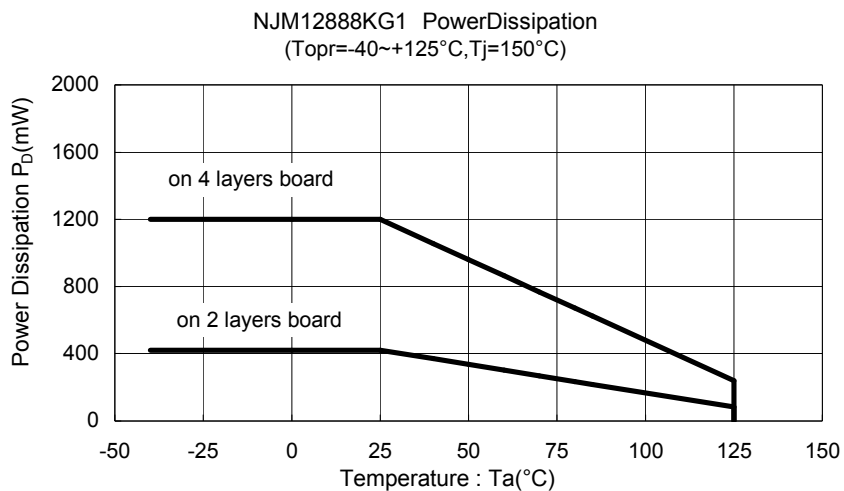
(*7): Mounted on glass epoxy board. (101.5×114.5×1.6mm: based on EIA/JEDEC standard, 4Layers FR-4, with Exposed Pad)

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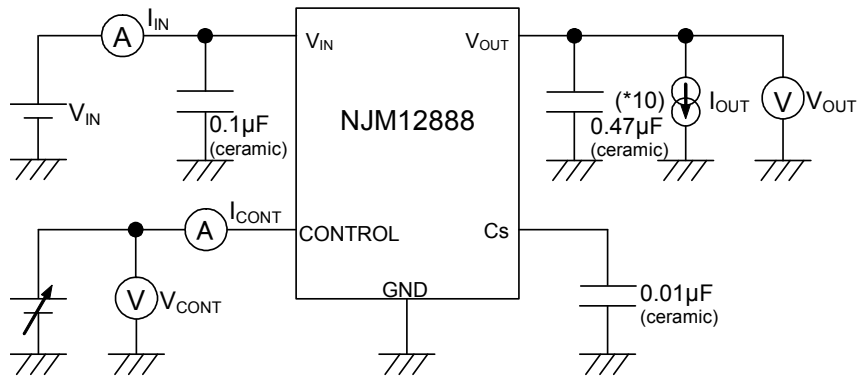
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(*9): Mounted on glass epoxy board. (76.2 × 114.3 × 1.6mm: based on EIA/JDEC standard, 4Layers), internal Cu area: 74.2×74.2mm

■ POWER DISSIPATION vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



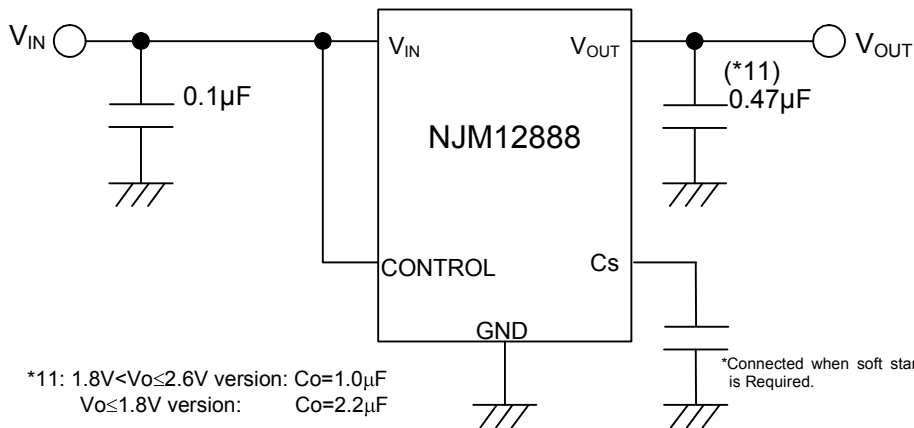
■ TEST CIRCUIT



*10: 1.8V < V_{o} ≤ 2.6V version: $C_o = 1.0\mu\text{F}$ (Ceramic)
 $V_{o} \leq 1.8\text{V}$ version: $C_o = 2.2\mu\text{F}$ (Ceramic)

■ TYPICAL APPLICATION

1. In the case where ON/OFF Control is not required

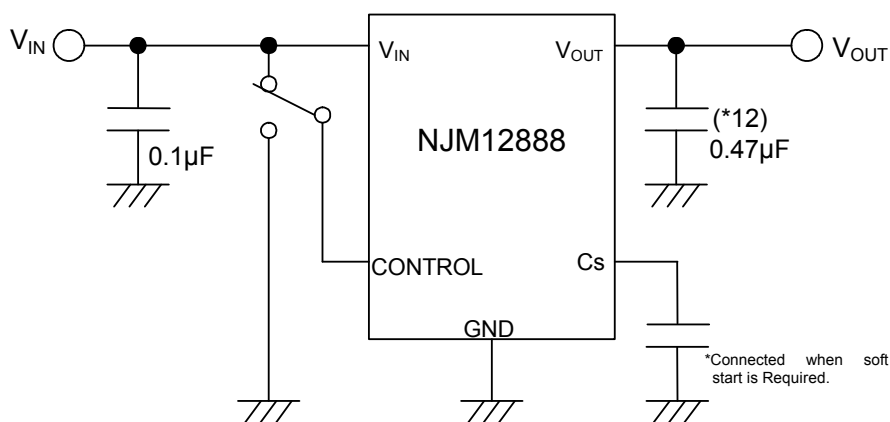


*11: 1.8V < V_{o} ≤ 2.6V version: $C_o = 1.0\mu\text{F}$
 $V_{o} \leq 1.8\text{V}$ version: $C_o = 2.2\mu\text{F}$

*Connected when soft start is Required.

Connect CONTROL Pin to V_{IN} Pin

2. In use of ON/OFF CONTROL



*12: 1.8V < V_{o} ≤ 2.6V version: $C_o = 1.0\mu\text{F}$
 $V_{o} \leq 1.8\text{V}$ version: $C_o = 2.2\mu\text{F}$

*Connected when soft start is Required.

State of CONTROL Pin:

“H” → output is enabled.

“L” or “open” → output is disabled

NJM12888

*Reverse Current Protection

The NJM12888 has built-in Reverse Current Protection circuit.

This circuit prevents the large reverse current when output voltage is higher than input voltage. Therefore external schottky-barrier diode(SBD) is not required

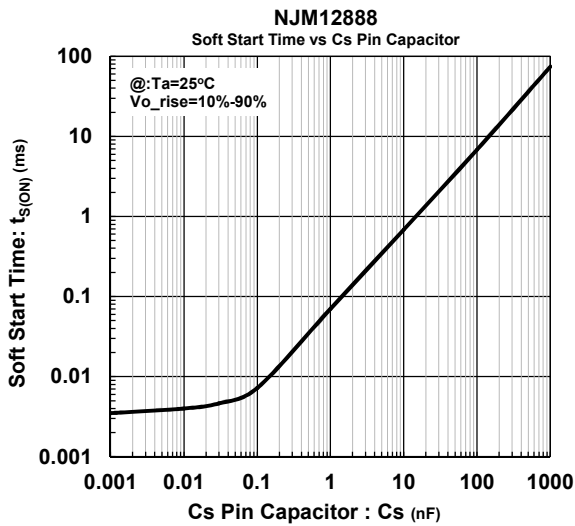
*Soft Start capacitor Cs

The Soft Start function can control the rise time of Output Voltage and reduce the inrush current by connecting the Cs capacitor.

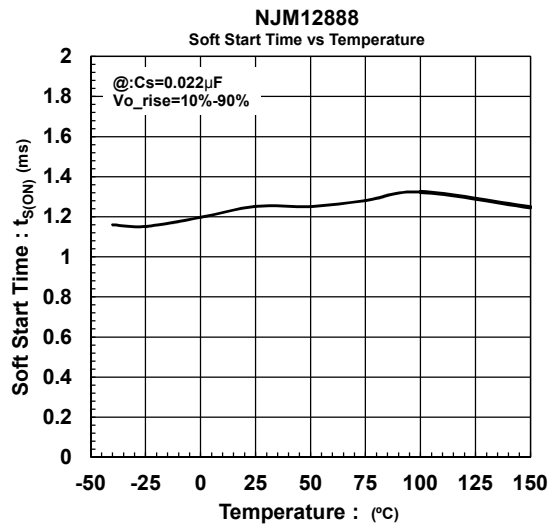
The Soft Start time is defined as 10% to 90% of the Output Voltage.

The Cs capacitor is not essential, but it used for noise bypass of bandgap reference either. Therefore Output Noise Voltage increases when the capacitor isn't connected.

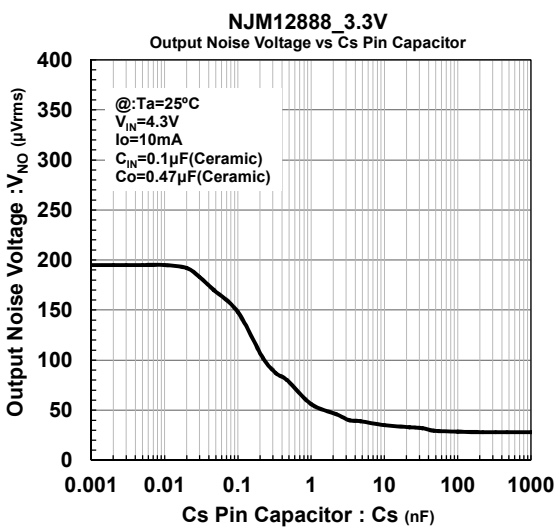
If the Cs capacitor is not used, the Cs Pin should be OPEN.



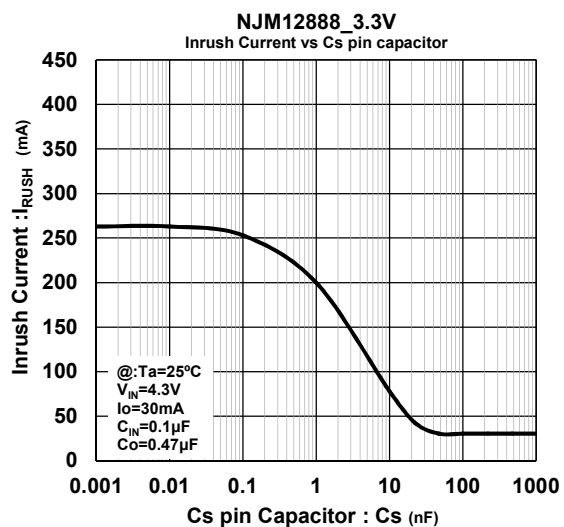
Soft-Start Time vs. Cs Pin Capacitor



Soft-Start Time (0.022µF) vs. Temperature



Output Noise Voltage vs. Cs Pin Capacitor

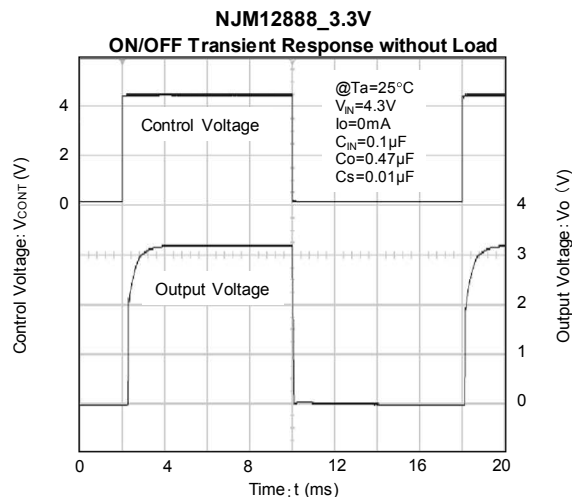


Inrush Current vs. Cs Pin Capacitor

*Discharge Function

The NJM12888 has a built-in discharge circuit to discharge the charged output capacitors.

Discharge circuit operates when the CONTROL Pin is set in LOW level. The circuit discharges the charged output capacitors rapidly.



Output Voltage sweep down characteristics by Discharge function

*Transient response characteristic of Output Voltage

In general, overshoot or undershoot of output voltage may occur due to the transient response characteristic of an internal error amplifier.

Especially, low current consumption regulator may have overshoot or undershoot due to slow feedback caused by current saving design.

Therefore, design validation is important in the following cases:

1. Input voltage or output current change sharply
2. Output capacitors is small
3. Output load is light
4. A regulator starts up with very low dropout voltage operation.

Increasing the value of input and/or output capacitor is a common countermeasure for improving a transient response characteristic.

A transient response characteristic may vary with operating conditions and external components value.

Please check it with the actual environment.

*Input Capacitor C_{IN}

The input capacitor C_{IN} is required to prevent oscillation and reduce power supply ripple for applications when high power supply impedance or a long power supply line.

Therefore, use the recommended C_{IN} value (refer to conditions of ELECTRIC CHARACTERISTIC) or larger and should connect between GND and V_{IN} as shortest path as possible to avoid the problem.

*Output Capacitor C_O

The output capacitor C_O will be required for a phase compensation of the internal error amplifier.

The capacitance and the equivalent series resistance (ESR) influence to stable operation of the regulator.

Use of a smaller C_O may cause excess an output noise or an oscillation of the regulator due to lack of the phase compensation.

On the other hand, use of a larger C_O reduces an output noise and a ripple output, and also improves an output transient response when a load rapidly changes.

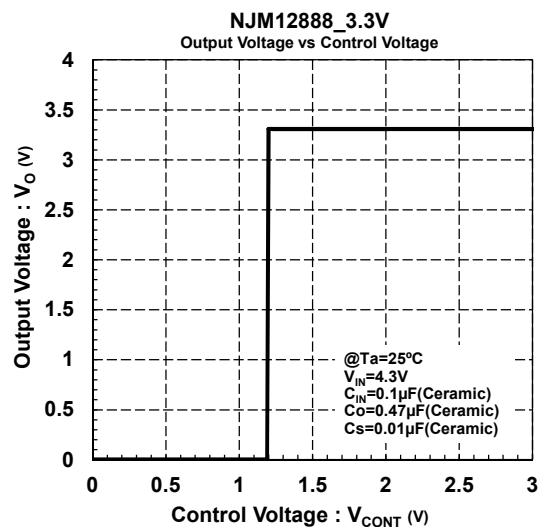
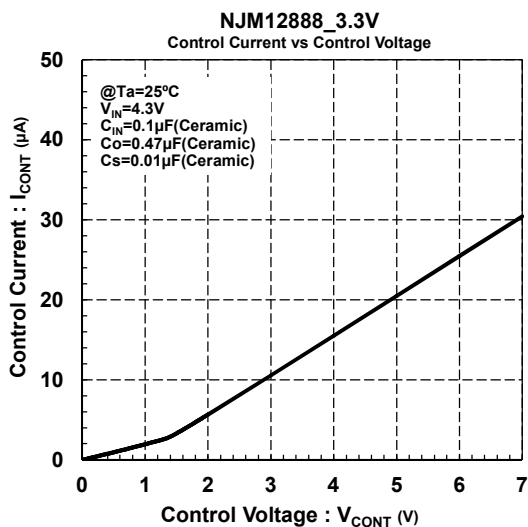
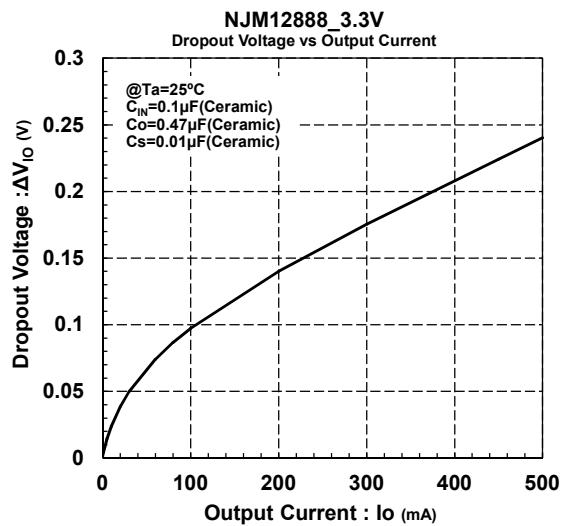
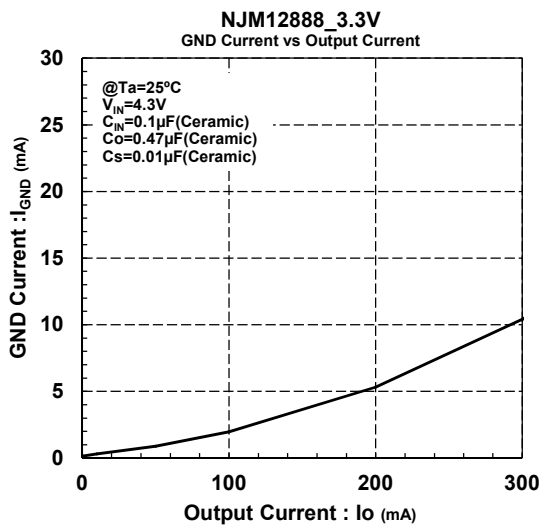
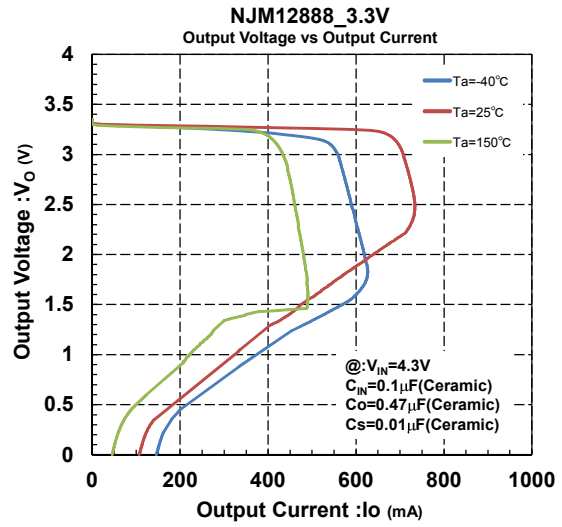
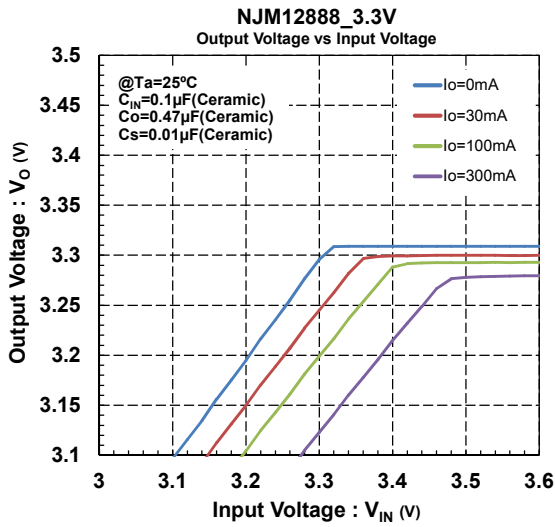
Therefore, use the recommended C_O value (refer to conditions of ELECTRIC CHARACTERISTIC) or larger and should connect between GND and V_{OUT} as shortest path as possible for stable operation

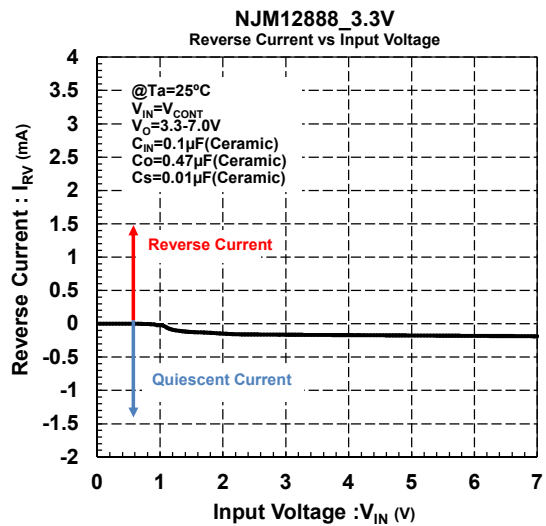
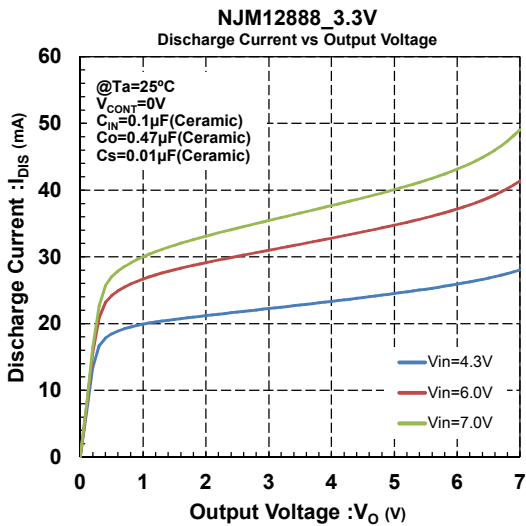
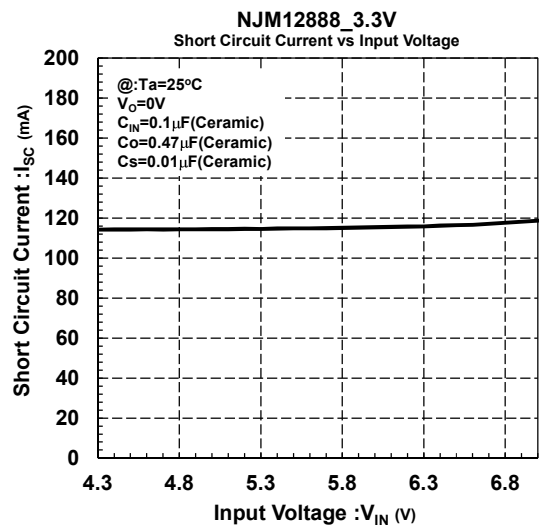
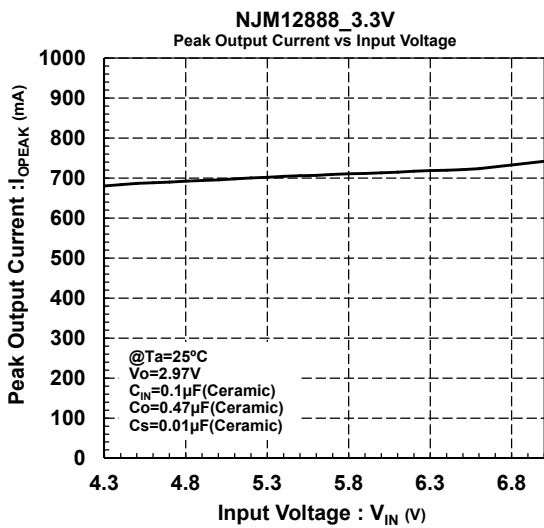
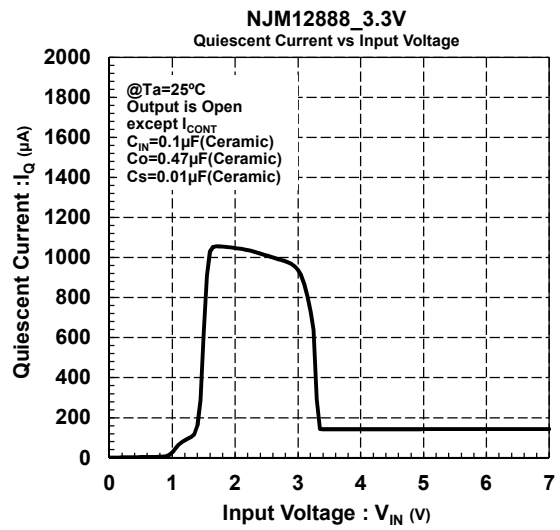
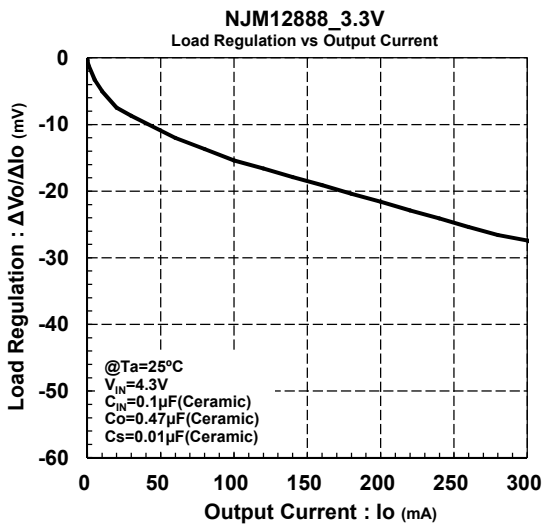
The recommended capacitance depends on the output voltage rank. Especially, a low voltage regulator requires larger C_O value.

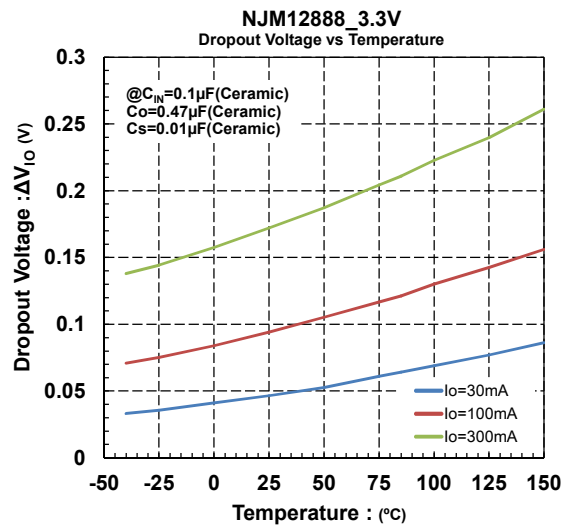
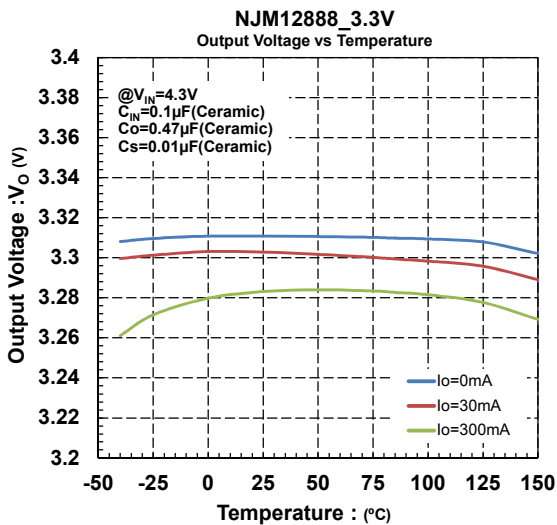
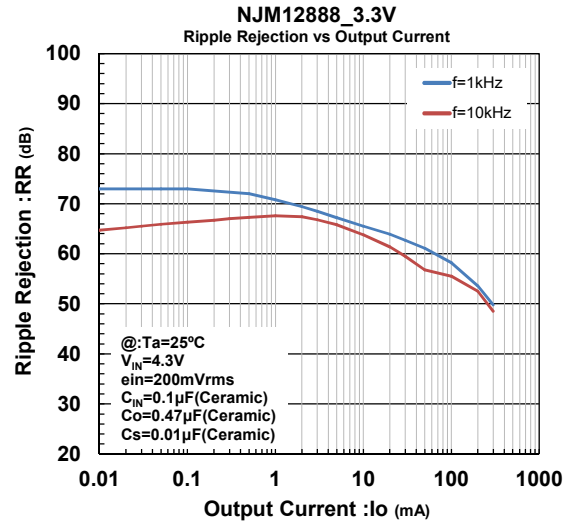
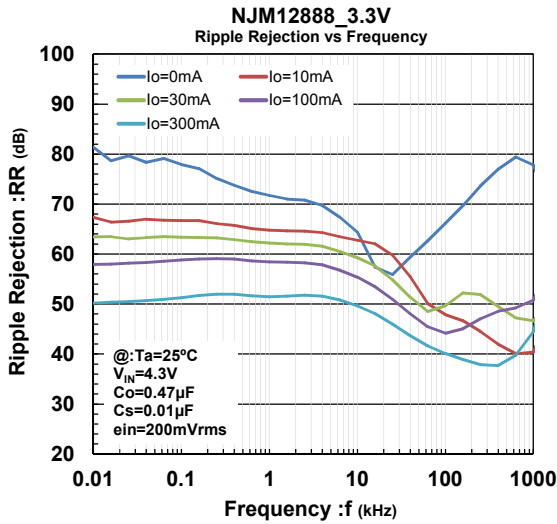
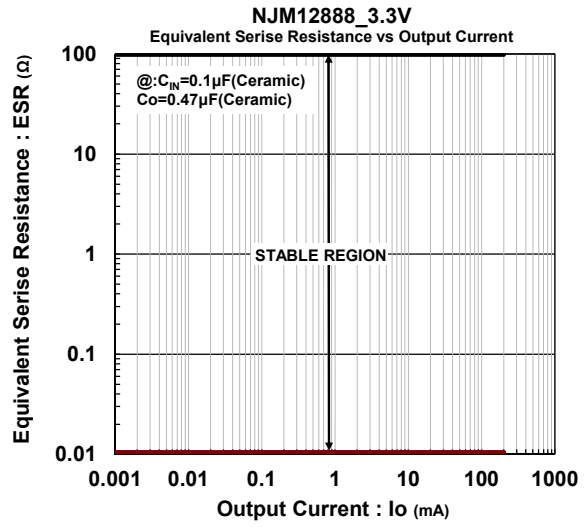
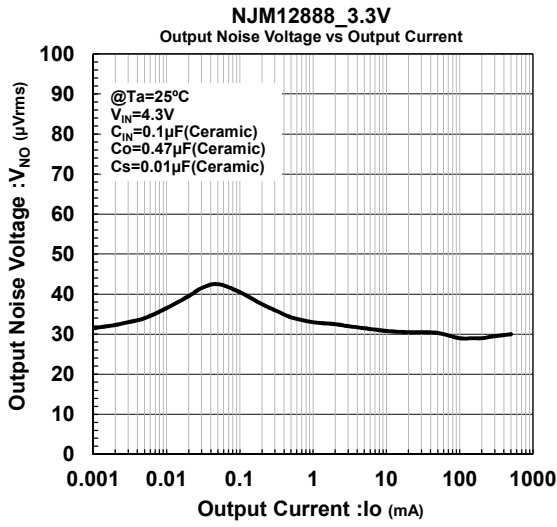
In addition, you should consider varied characteristics of capacitor (a frequency characteristic, a temperature characteristic, a DC bias characteristic and so on) and unevenness peculiar to a capacitor supplier enough.

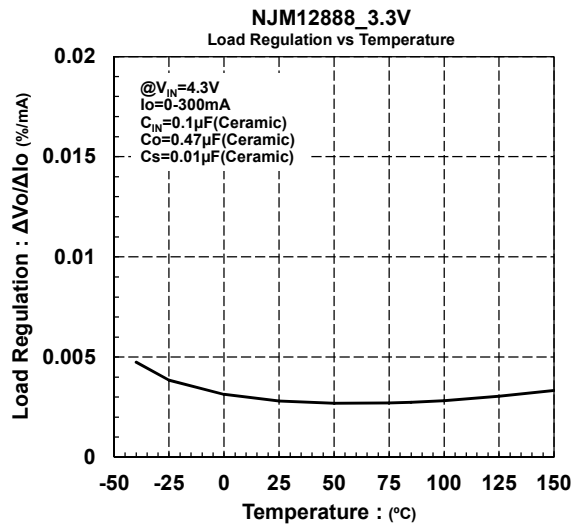
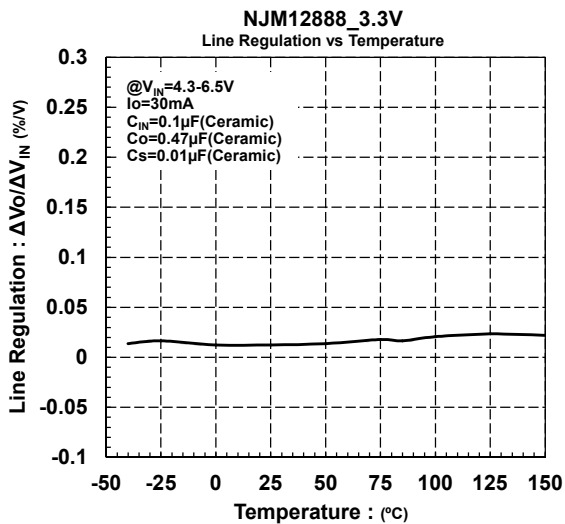
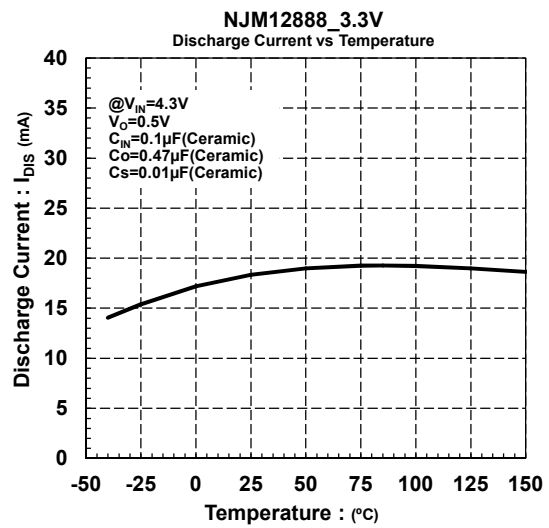
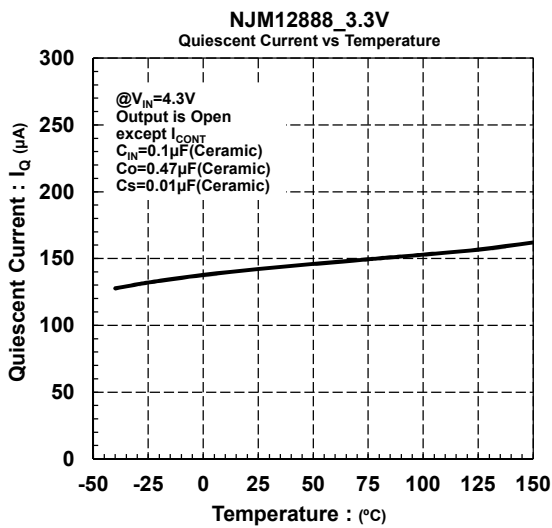
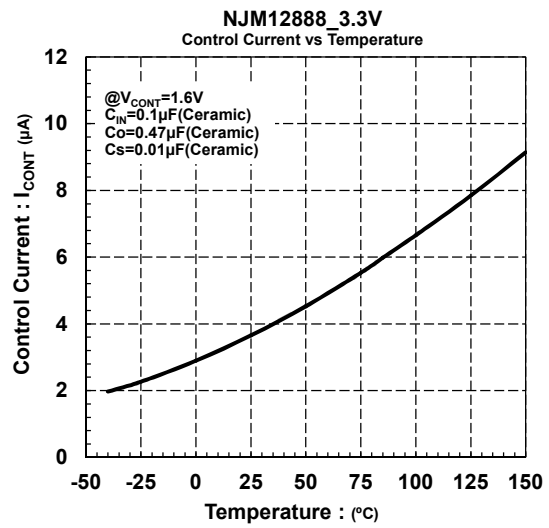
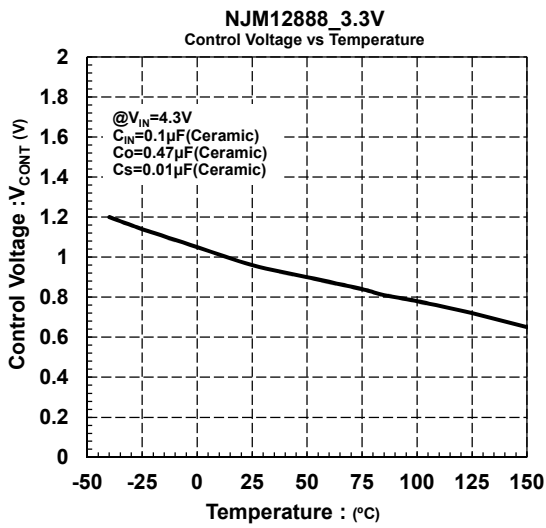
When selecting C_O , recommend that have withstand voltage margin against an output voltage and superior temperature characteristics though this product is designed stability works with wide range ESR of capacitor including low ESR products.

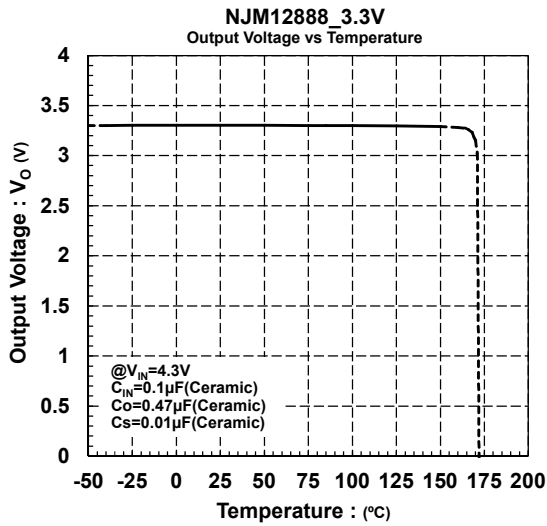
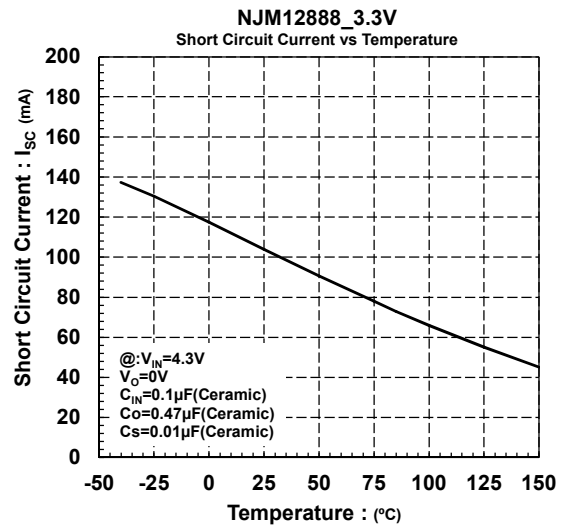
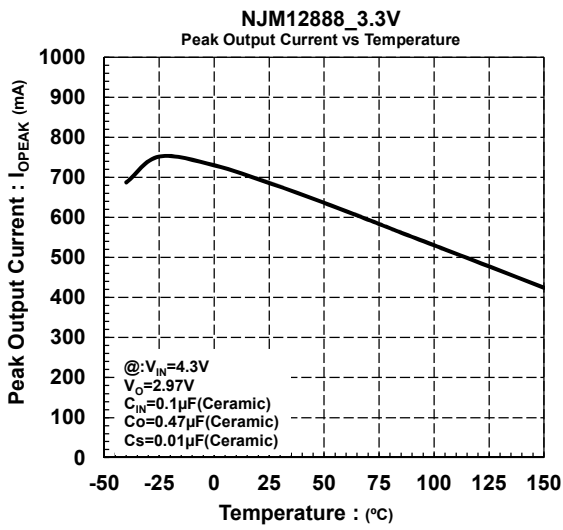
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



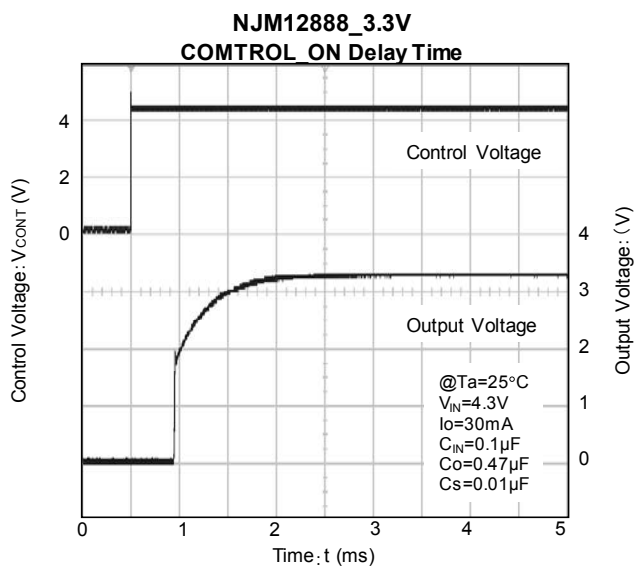
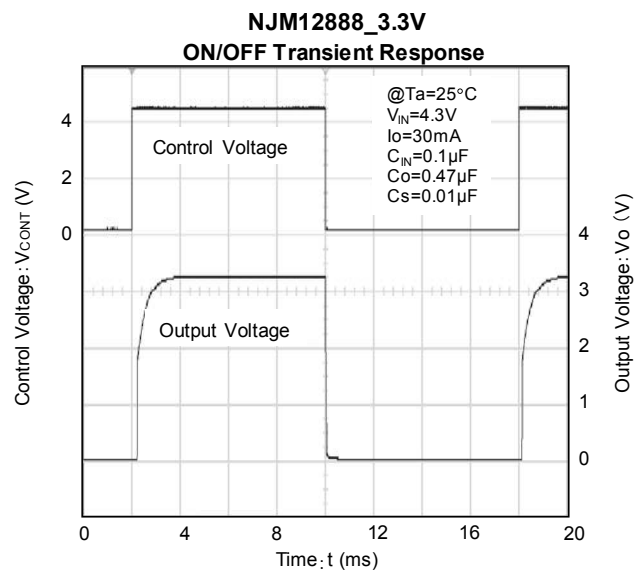
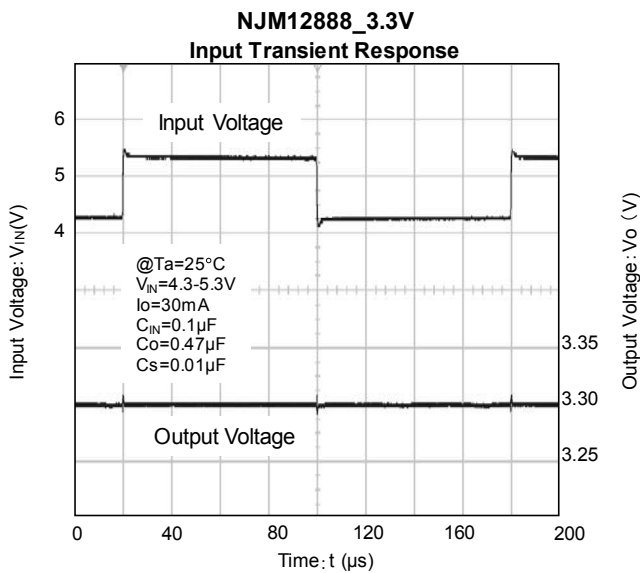
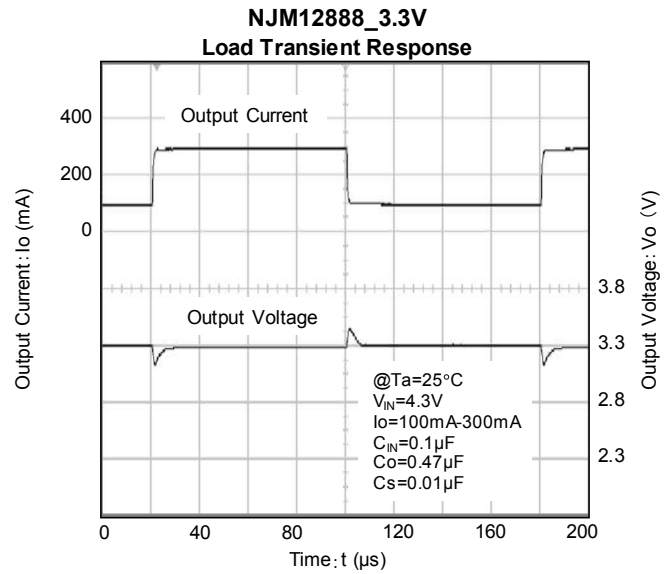
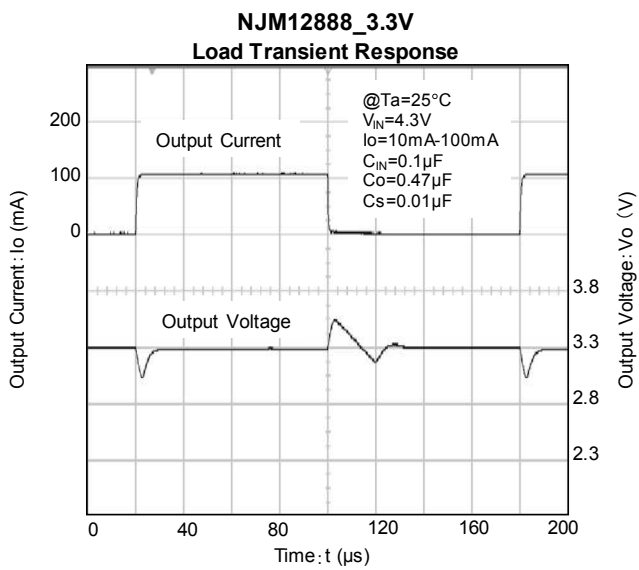








NJM12888



[CAUTION]

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