

## Encapsulated Type



## Open-Frame Type



# S36SE05003 Datasheet

### FEATURES



- Efficiency up to 87%
- Package with Industry Standard Pinout
- Package Dimension: 29.4 x25.6 x10.2mm (1.16" x1.01" x0.40")
- Isolation Voltage 1500VDC
- Operating Temperature range - 40°C to +85°C
- Six-sided shield metal case
- Lead free, RoHs Compliant
- Over current protection
- Short Output Protection
- 3 Years Product Warranty



The S36SE series are miniature, isolated 17W DC/DC converters with 1500VDC isolation. The S36SE family comes with a host of industry-standard features, such as over current protection, over voltage protection, and remote on/off. All models have an ultra-wide 4:1 input voltage range (18V to 75V). With operating temperature of -40°C to +85°C, it is suitable for customers' critical applications, such as process control and automation, transportation, data communication and telecom equipment, test equipment, medical device and everywhere where space on the PCB is critical.

### Model List

Model Number	Input Voltage (Range)	Output Voltage	Output Current		Input Current		Load Regulation	Maxcapacitive Load	Efficiency (typ.)
			Max.	Min.	@Max. Load	@No Load			
			VDC	VDC	mA	mA			mA(typ.)
S36SE3R305	36 (18 ~ 75)	3.3	5000	0	1300	20	10	1000	86.5
S36SE05003		5	3000	0	1100	15	10	1000	83.5
S36SE12001		12	1300	0	1100	15	10	500	87

### Input Characteristics

Item	Model	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input Surge Voltage (100 msec)	All Models			100	VDC
Input Turn-On Voltage Threshold	All Models	16	17	18	VDC
Input Turn-Off Voltage Threshold	All Models	15	16	17	VDC
Input Under-Voltage Lockout Hysteresis	All Models	0.5	1	1.5	VDC
Off-Converter Input Current	All Models		5		mA
Reverse Polarity Input Current	All Models	---	---	0.3	A
Input Filter	All Models	Internal PI Filter			
Internal Power Dissipation	3.3V		3.6		W
	5V		3.6		W
	12V		3.0		W

## Output Characteristics

Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Output Voltage Accuracy		---	±1.0	±2.0	%Vo
Output Voltage Balance	Dual Output, Balanced Loads	---	---	---	%Vo
Line Regulation	Vin=18V to 75V	---	---	10	mV
Load Regulation	Io=0% to 100%			10	mV

## Notes

Ripple & Noise (20MHz)	3.3V, 1uF ceramic, 10uF tantalum	---	50	---	mV <sub>P-P</sub>
Ripple & Noise (20MHz)	5V, 1uF ceramic, 10uF tantalum	---	50	---	mV <sub>P-P</sub>
Ripple & Noise (20MHz)	12V, 1uF ceramic, 10uF tantalum	---	50	---	mV <sub>P-P</sub>
Total Output Voltage Range	Over load, line and temperature	---	---	±3	%Vo
Output DC Current-Limit Range	Output Voltage 10% Low	110		150	%Iomax
Short Output Protection	Continuous, Auto-recovery				
Output Over-Voltage Protection		115		150	%Vo

## General Characteristics

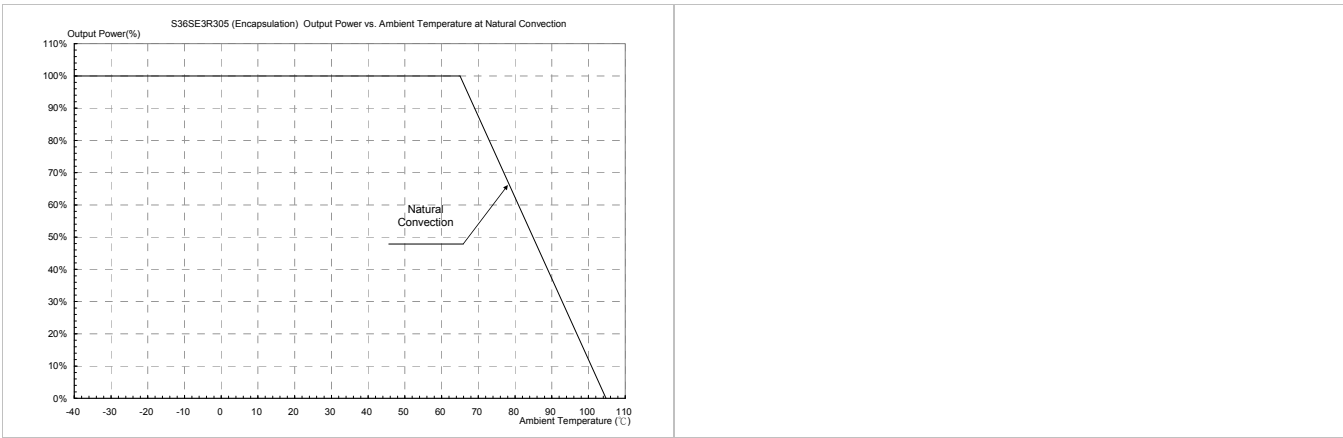
Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I/O Isolation Voltage (rated)		---	---	1500	VDC
I/O Isolation Resistance		10	---	---	MΩ
I/O Isolation Capacitance		---	1000		pF
Switching Frequency			450		KHz
MTBF (calculated)	Io=80%Iomax, Ta=25°C,300LFM	----	5M	----	Hours

## Recommend External Input Fuse

All Models			
2000mA Slow-Blow Type			

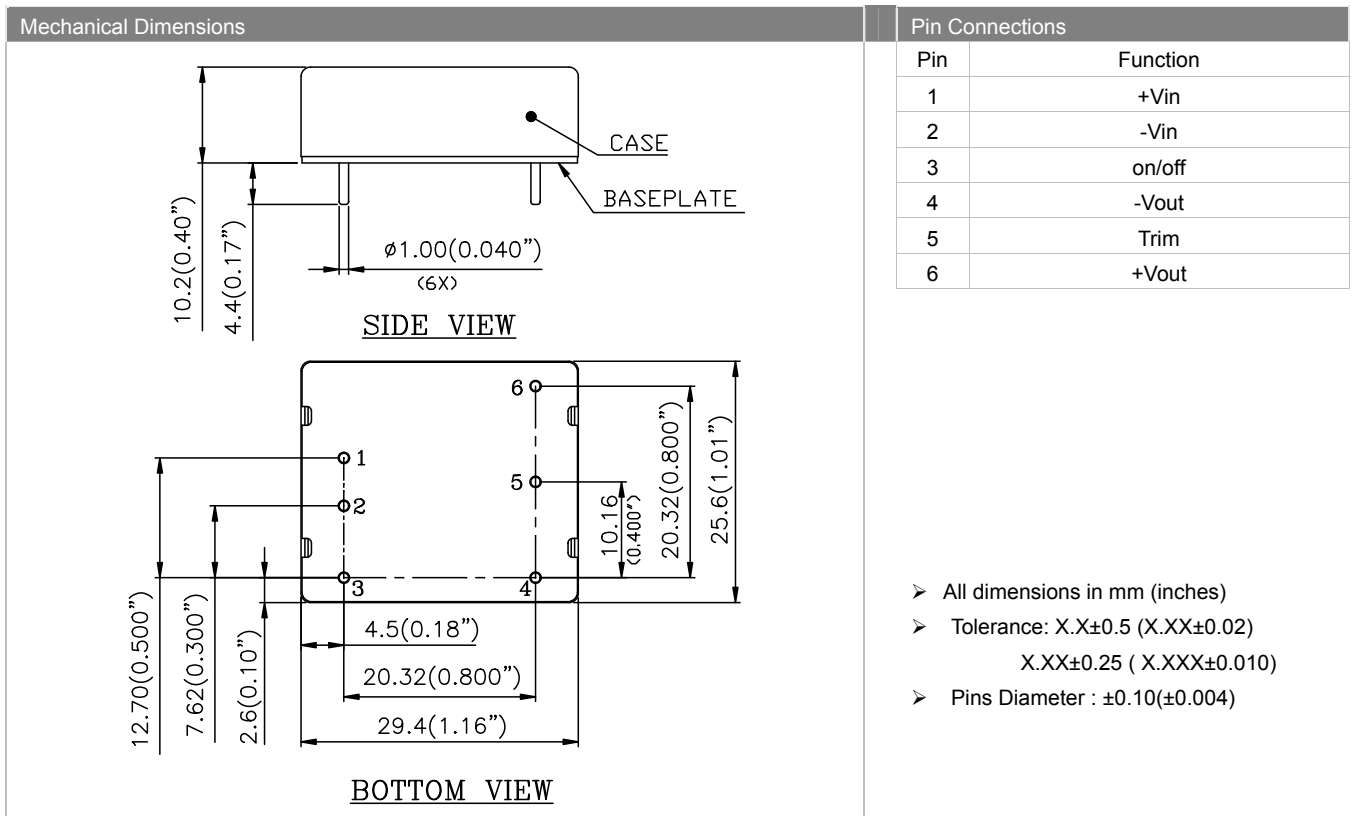
## Environmental Specifications

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
Operating Temperature Range (with Derating)	Ambient	-40	+85	°C
Case Temperature		---	+105	°C
Storage Temperature Range		-50	+125	°C
Humidity (non condensing)		---	95	% rel. H
Cooling		Free-Air convection		
Lead Temperature (1.5mm from case for 10Sec.)		---	260	°C



- 1 Specifications typical at Ta=+25°C, resistive load, nominal input voltage and rated output current unless otherwise noted.
- 2 Ripple & Noise measurement bandwidth is 0-20MHz.
- 3 All DC/DC converters should be externally fused at the front end for protection.
- 4 Specifications are subject to change without notice.

## Mechanical Drawing



## Physical Outline

Case Size	: 29.4x25.6x10.2mm (1.16x1.01x0.40 Inches)
Case Material	: Al alloy; finish: anodize black
Baseplate material	: No conductive FR-4
Pin material	: Copper with matte Tin plating and Nickel under plating
Weight	: 18.0grams

## Part Numbering System

S	36	S	E	050	03	N	R	F	G
Form factor	Input voltage	Number of output	Product series	Output voltage	Output current	On/off logic	Pin length		Option Code
S -	36 - 18~75V	S - single	E -	3R3 - 3.3V 050 - 5V 120 - 12V	05 - 5A 03 - 3A 01 - 1A	N - negative P - Positive	K - 0.110" N - 0.146" R - 0.171" D - 0.24" S - 0.189"	F - RoHS 6/6  (Lead Free) Space - RoHS5/6	G - with metal case

## WARRANTY

Delta offers a three (3) years limited warranty. Complete warranty information is listed on our web site or is available upon request from Delta. Information furnished by Delta is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed by Delta for its use, nor for any infringements of patents or other rights of third parties, which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of Delta. Delta reserves the right to revise these specifications at any time, without notice.

# DELPHI SERIES



## FEATURES

- ♦ High efficiency: 83.5% @5V/3A
- ♦ Industry standard 1x1 pinout
- ♦ Size: 27.9x24.4x8.7mm (1.10"x0.96"x0.34")
- ♦ Fixed frequency operation
- ♦ 4:1 ultra wide input voltage range
- ♦ Input UVLO
- ♦ Output OCP, OVP and OTP
- ♦ Monotonic startup into normal and pre-bias loads
- ♦ Output voltage trim  $\pm 10\%$
- ♦ 2250V isolation and basic insulation
- ♦ No minimum load required
- ♦ SMT and Through-hole versions
- ♦ ISO 9001, TL 9000, ISO 14001, QS9000, OHSAS18001 certified manufacturing facility
- ♦ UL/cUL 60950-1 (US & Canada) Recognized

## Delphi S36SE, 17W 1x1 Brick Series DC/DC Power Modules: 18~75V in, 5V/3A out

The Delphi S36SE series, 1x1 sized, 18~75V<sub>in</sub>, single output, isolated DC/DC converters are the latest offering from a world leader in power systems technology and manufacturing Delta Electronics, Inc. This product family is available in either a surface mount or through-hole package and provides up to 17 watts of power or 5A of output current (3.3V and below) in a standard 1x1 form factor (1.10"x0.96"x0.33"). The pinout is compatible with the popular industry standard 1x2 sized products. With creative design technology and optimization of component placement, these converters possess outstanding electrical and thermal performance, as well as extremely high reliability under highly stressful operating conditions. The S36SE 5V module could provide full output power without any airflow up to 77°C ambient temperature while keeping the component junction temperatures under most derating guidelines. All modules are fully protected from abnormal input/output voltage, current, and temperature conditions.

### DATASHEET

DS\_S36SE05003\_09292014

## OPTIONS

- ♦ Positive, negative, or no On/Off
- ♦ OTP and Output OVP, OCP mode, Auto-restart (default) or latch-up
- ♦ Surface mounted pins

## APPLICATIONS

- ♦ Optical Transport
- ♦ Data Networking
- ♦ Communications, including Wireless and traditional Telecom
- ♦ Servers

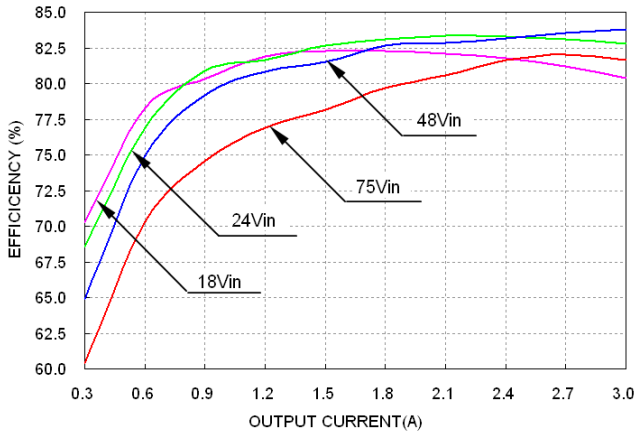
# TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, V<sub>in</sub> = 48 Vdc, nominal V<sub>out</sub> unless otherwise noted.

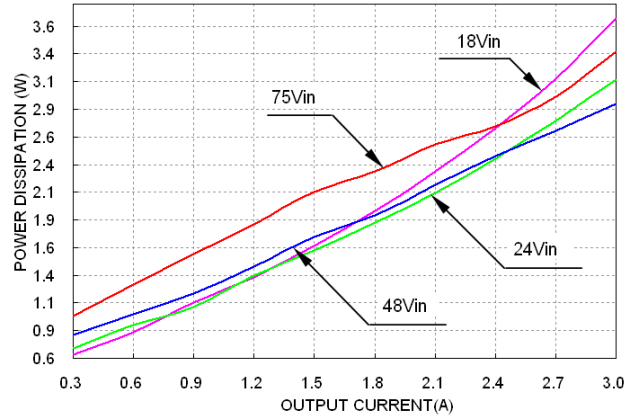
PARAMETER	NOTES and CONDITIONS	S36SE05003 (Standard)			
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
<b>ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS</b>					
Input Voltage					
Continuous				80	Vdc
Transient(100ms)	100ms			100	Vdc
Operating Temperature	Refer to Figure 20 for measuring point	-40		127	°C
Storage Temperature		-55		125	°C
Input/Output Isolation Voltage				2250	Vdc
<b>INPUT CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Operating Input Voltage		18		75	Vdc
Input Under-Voltage Lockout					
Turn-On Voltage Threshold		16	17	18	Vdc
Turn-Off Voltage Threshold		15	16	17	Vdc
Lockout Hysteresis Voltage		0.5	1	1.5	Vdc
Maximum Input Current	100% Load, 18Vin			1.1	A
No-Load Input Current			15		mA
Off Converter Input Current			5		mA
Inrush Current (I <sub>r</sub> <sup>t</sup> )				0.01	A <sup>2</sup> s
Input Reflected-Ripple Current	P-P thru 12µH inductor, 5Hz to 20MHz		8		mA
Input Voltage Ripple Rejection	120 Hz		60		dB
<b>OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Output Voltage Set Point	V <sub>in</sub> =48V, I <sub>o</sub> =I <sub>o,max</sub> , T <sub>c</sub> =25°C	4.925	5.0	5.075	Vdc
Output Voltage Regulation					
Over Load	I <sub>o</sub> =I <sub>o, min</sub> to I <sub>o, max</sub>		±3	±10	mV
Over Line	V <sub>in</sub> =18V to 75V		±3	±10	mV
Over Temperature	T <sub>c</sub> =-40°C to 100°C		±50		mV
Total Output Voltage Range	Over sample load, line and temperature	4.85		5.15	V
Output Voltage Ripple and Noise	5Hz to 20MHz bandwidth				
Peak-to-Peak	Full Load, 1µF ceramic, 10µF tantalum		80		mV
RMS	Full Load, 1µF ceramic, 10µF tantalum		20		mV
Operating Output Current Range		0		3	A
Output DC Current-Limit Inception	Output Voltage 10% Low	110	120	130	%
<b>DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Output Voltage Current Transient	48V, 10µF Tan & 1µF Ceramic load cap, 0.1A/µs				
Positive Step Change in Output Current	50% I <sub>o,max</sub> to 75% I <sub>o,max</sub>		200		mV
Negative Step Change in Output Current	75% I <sub>o,max</sub> to 50% I <sub>o,max</sub>		200		mV
Settling Time (within 1% V <sub>out</sub> nominal)			300		us
Turn-On Transient					
Start-Up Time, From On/Off Control			16	25	ms
Start-Up Time, From Input			16	25	ms
Maximum Output Capacitance	Full load; 5% overshoot of V <sub>out</sub> at startup			1000	µF
<b>EFFICIENCY</b>					
100% Load			83.5		%
60% Load			83.0		%
<b>ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Input to Output				2250	Vdc
Isolation Resistance		10			MΩ
Isolation Capacitance			1000		pF
<b>FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Switching Frequency			450		kHz
ON/OFF Control, Negative Remote On/Off logic					
Logic Low (Module On)	V <sub>on/off</sub>	-0.7		0.8	V
Logic High (Module Off)	V <sub>on/off</sub>	2		18	V
ON/OFF Control, Positive Remote On/Off logic					
Logic Low (Module Off)	V <sub>on/off</sub>	-0.7		0.8	V
Logic High (Module On)	V <sub>on/off</sub>	2		18	V
ON/OFF Current (for both remote on/off logic)	I <sub>on/off</sub> at V <sub>on/off</sub> =0.0V		0.25		mA
Leakage Current (for both remote on/off logic)	Logic High, V <sub>on/off</sub> =15V			30	µA
Output Voltage Trim Range	Across Trim Pin & +V <sub>o</sub> or -V <sub>o</sub> , P <sub>out</sub> ≤ max rated	-10%		10%	%
Output Over-Voltage Protection	Over full temp range;	5.75		7.0	V
<b>GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS</b>					
MTBF	I <sub>o</sub> =80% of I <sub>o, max</sub> ; T <sub>a</sub> =25°C, 300LFM		5.14		M hours
Weight			9.0		grams
Over-Temperature Shutdown	Refer to Figure 20 for measuring point		130		°C



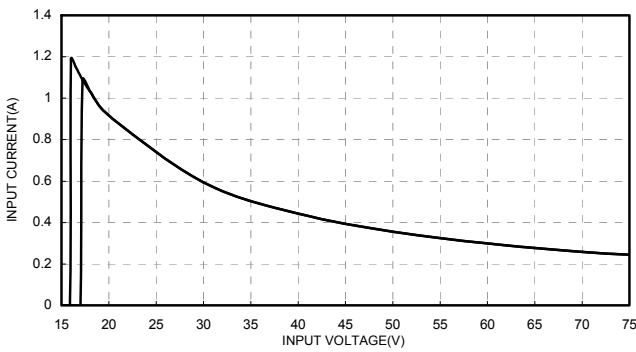
# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES



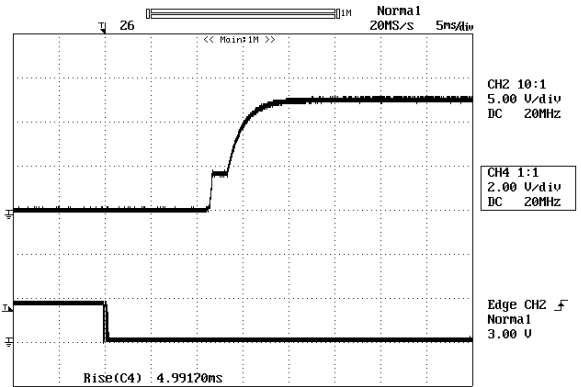
**Figure 1:** Efficiency vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.



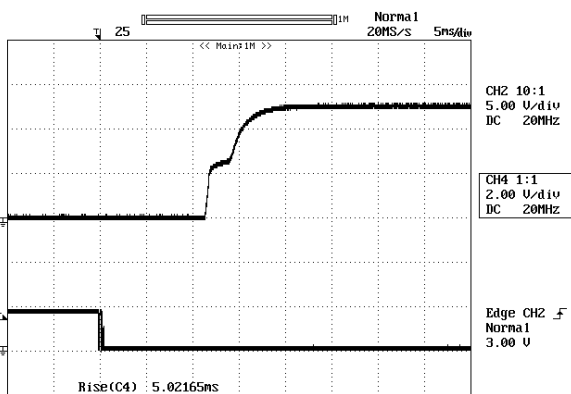
**Figure 2:** Power dissipation vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.



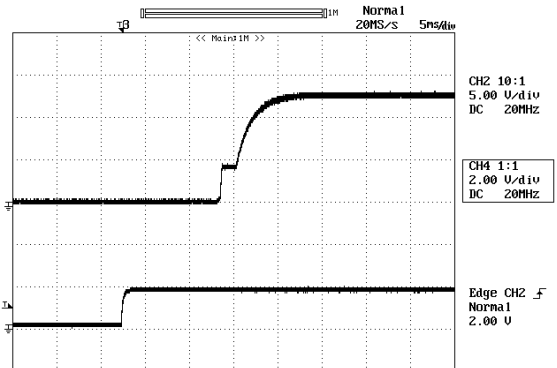
**Figure 3:** Typical full load input characteristics at room temperature.



**Figure 4:** (For negative remote on/off logic) Turn-on transient at full rated load current (5 ms/div). Vin=48V. Top Trace: Vout, 2V/div; Bottom Trace: ON/OFF input, 5V/div.



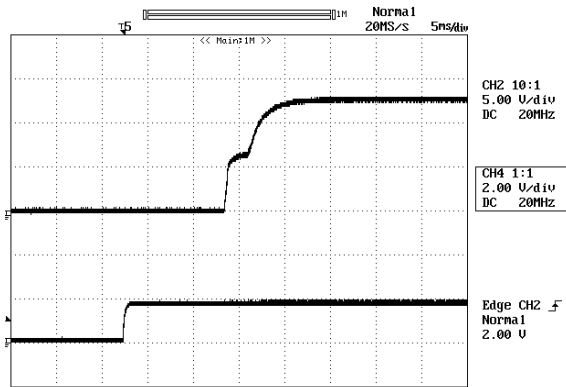
**Figure 5:** (For negative remote on/off logic) Turn-on transient at zero load current (5 ms/div). Vin=48V. Top Trace: Vout, 2V/div; Bottom Trace: ON/OFF input, 5V/div.



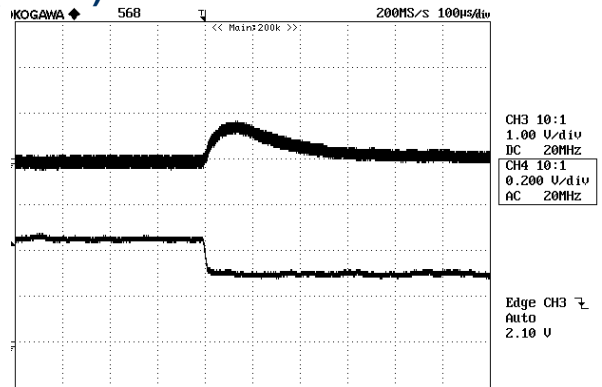
**Figure 6:** (For positive remote on/off logic) Turn-on transient at full rated load current (5 ms/div). Vin=48V. Top Trace: Vout, 2V/div; Bottom Trace: ON/OFF input, 5V/div.



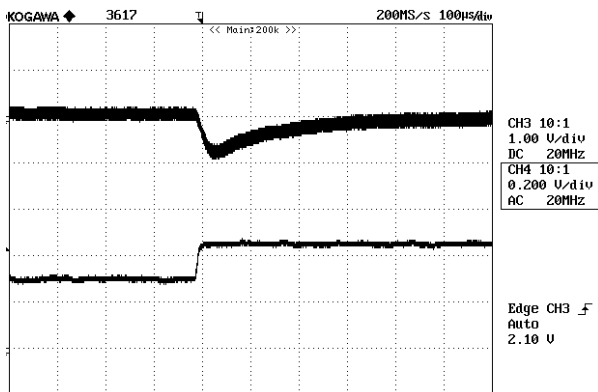
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES (CON.)



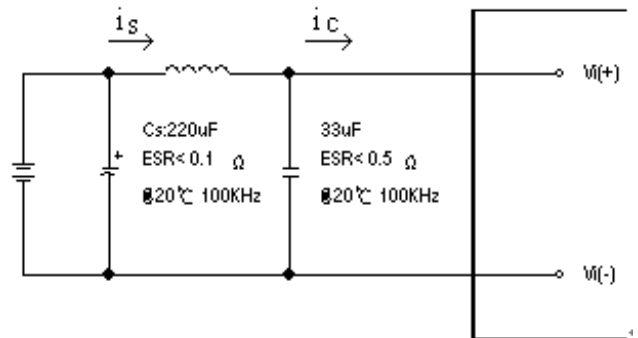
**Figure 7:** (For positive remote on/off logic) Turn-on transient at zero load current (5 ms/div).  $V_{in}=48V$ . Top Trace:  $V_{out}$ , 2V/div; Bottom Trace: ON/OFF input, 5V/div.



**Figure 8:** Output voltage response to step-change in load current (75%-50% of  $I_o$ , max;  $di/dt = 0.1A/\mu s$ ). Load cap:  $10\mu F$  tantalum capacitor and  $1\mu F$  ceramic capacitor. Top Trace:  $V_{out}$  (200mV/div, 100us/div), Bottom Trace:  $I_{out}$  (1A/div). Scope measurement should be made using a BNC cable (length shorter than 20 inches). Position the load between 51 mm to 76 mm (2 inches to 3 inches) from the module.



**Figure 9:** Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50%-75% of  $I_o$ , max;  $di/dt = 0.1A/\mu s$ ). Load cap:  $10\mu F$  tantalum capacitor and  $1\mu F$  ceramic capacitor. Top Trace:  $V_{out}$  (200mV/div, 100us/div), Bottom Trace:  $I_{out}$  (1A/div). Scope measurement should be made using a BNC cable (length shorter than 20 inches). Position the load between 51 mm to 76 mm (2 inches to 3 inches) from the module.

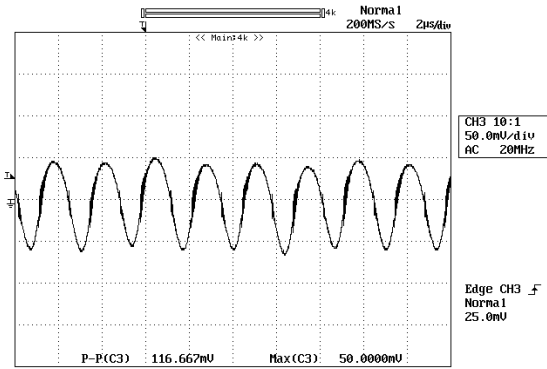


**Figure 10:** Test set-up diagram showing measurement points for Input Terminal Ripple Current and Input Reflected Ripple Current. Note: Measured input reflected-ripple current with a simulated source Inductance ( $L_{TEST}$ ) of  $12\mu H$ . Capacitor  $C_s$  offset possible battery impedance. Measure current as shown below.

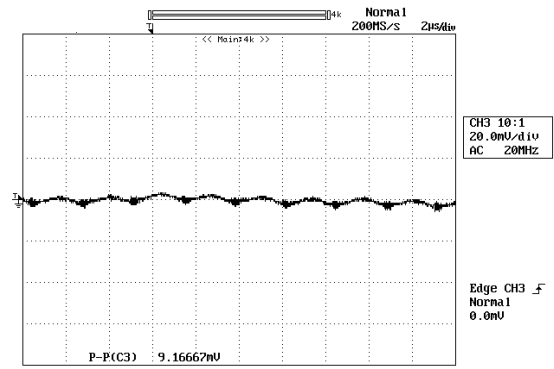




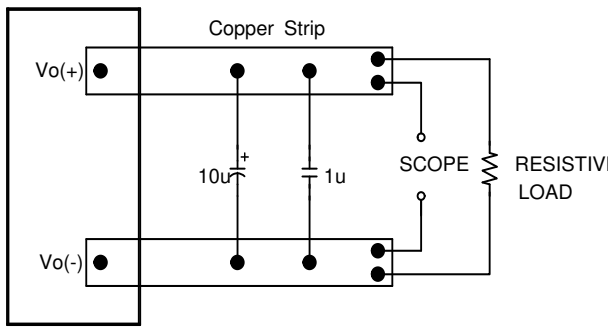
# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES



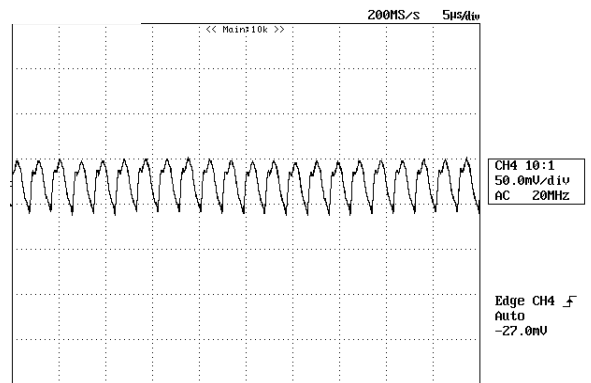
**Figure 11:** Input Terminal Ripple Current,  $i_c$ , at full rated output current and nominal input voltage with  $12\mu H$  source impedance and  $33\mu F$  electrolytic capacitor (50mA/div, 2us/div)



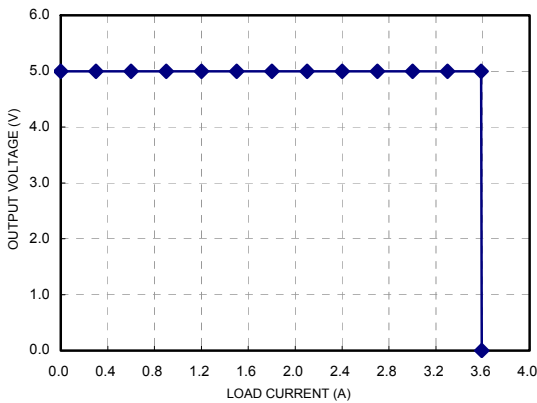
**Figure 12:** Input reflected ripple current,  $i_s$ , through a  $12\mu H$  source inductor at nominal input voltage and rated load current (20 mA/div, 2us/div)



**Figure 13:** Output voltage noise and ripple measurement test setup



**Figure 14:** Output voltage ripple at nominal input voltage and rated load current ( $i_o=3A$ ) (50 mV/div, 5us/div). Load capacitance:  $1\mu F$  ceramic capacitor and  $10\mu F$  tantalum capacitor. Bandwidth: 20 MHz. Scope measurements should be made using a BNC cable (length shorter than 20 inches). Position the load between 51 mm to 76 mm (2 inches to 3 inches) from the module



**Figure 15:** Output voltage vs. load current showing typical current limit curves and converter shutdown points



## DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

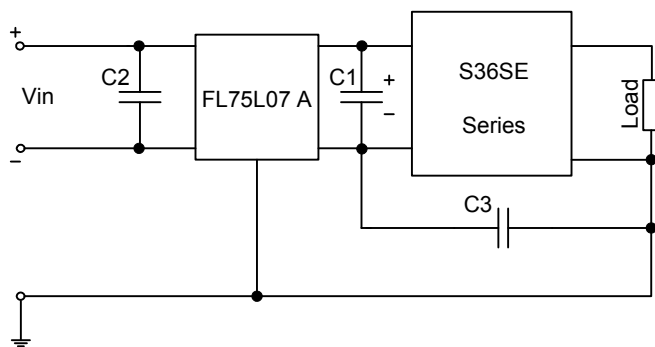
### Input Source Impedance

The impedance of the input source connecting to the DC/DC power modules will interact with the modules and affect the stability. A low ac-impedance input source is recommended. If the source inductance is more than a few  $\mu\text{H}$ , we advise adding a 10 to 100  $\mu\text{F}$  electrolytic capacitor (ESR  $< 0.7 \Omega$  at 100 kHz) mounted close to the input of the module to improve the stability.

### Layout and EMC Considerations

Delta's DC/DC power modules are designed to operate in a wide variety of systems and applications. For design assistance with EMC compliance and related PWB layout issues, please contact Delta's technical support team. An external input filter module is available for easier EMC compliance design. Below is the example of using Delta latest FL75L07 A input filter tested with S36SE series to meet class B in CISSPR 22.

### Schematic and Components List



C1 is 22 $\mu\text{F}$ /100V, low ESR Aluminum cap;

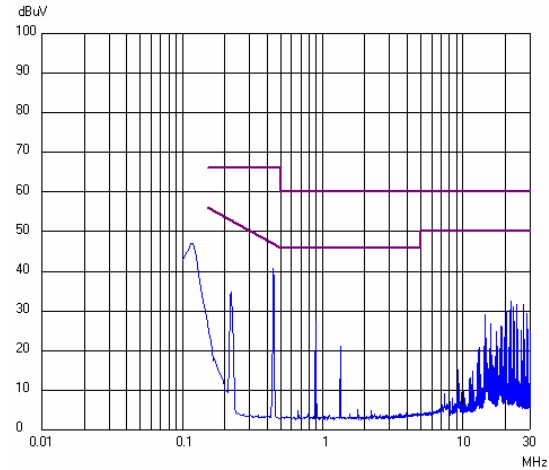
C2 is 2.2 $\mu\text{F}$  ceramic cap;

C3 is 22nF ceramic capacitor;

FL75L07 A is Delta input EMI filter module.

### Test Result

Test result is in compliance with CISPR 22 class B, which is shown as below:



$V_{in}=48\text{V}$ ,  $P_o=15\text{W}$ , average mode

### Safety Considerations

The power module must be installed in compliance with the spacing and separation requirements of the end-user's safety agency standard, i.e., UL60950, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-00 and EN60950: 2000 and IEC60950-1999, if the system in which the power module is to be used must meet safety agency requirements.

Basic insulation based on 75 Vdc input is provided between the input and output of the module for the purpose of applying insulation requirements when the input to this DC-to-DC converter is identified as TNV-2 or SELV. An additional evaluation is needed if the source is other than TNV-2 or SELV.

When the input source is SELV circuit, the power module meets SELV (safety extra-low voltage) requirements. If the input source is a hazardous voltage which is greater than 60 Vdc and less than or equal to 75 Vdc, for the module's output to meet SELV requirements, all of the following must be met:



- The input source must be insulated from the ac mains by reinforced or double insulation.
- The input terminals of the module are not operator accessible.
- If the metal baseplate is grounded, one Vi pin and one Vo pin shall also be grounded.
- A SELV reliability test is conducted on the system where the module is used, in combination with the module, to ensure that under a single fault, hazardous voltage does not appear at the module's output.

When installed into a Class II equipment (without grounding), spacing consideration should be given to the end-use installation, as the spacing between the module and mounting surface have not been evaluated.

The power module has extra-low voltage (ELV) outputs when all inputs are ELV.

This power module is not internally fused. To achieve optimum safety and system protection, an input line fuse is highly recommended. The safety agencies require a normal-blow fuse with 5A maximum rating to be installed in the ungrounded lead. A lower rated fuse can be used based on the maximum inrush transient energy and maximum input current.

### **Soldering and Cleaning Considerations**

Post solder cleaning is usually the final board assembly process before the board or system undergoes electrical testing. Inadequate cleaning and/or drying may lower the reliability of a power module and severely affect the finished circuit board assembly test. Adequate cleaning and/or drying is especially important for un-encapsulated and/or open frame type power modules. For assistance on appropriate soldering and cleaning procedures, please contact Delta's technical support team.





## FEATURES DESCRIPTIONS

### Over-Current Protection

The modules include an internal output over-current protection circuit, which will endure current limiting for an unlimited duration during output overload. If the output current exceeds the OCP set point, the modules will automatically shut down, and enter hiccup mode or latch mode, which is optional.

For hiccup mode, the module will try to restart after shutdown. If the overload condition still exists, the module will shut down again. This restart trial will continue until the overload condition is corrected.

For latch mode, the module will latch off once it shutdown. The latch is reset by either cycling the input power or by toggling the on/off signal for one second.

### Over-Voltage Protection

The modules include an internal output over-voltage protection circuit, which monitors the voltage on the output terminals. If this voltage exceeds the over-voltage set point, the module will shut down, and enter in hiccup mode or latch mode, which is optional.

For hiccup mode, the module will try to restart after shutdown. If the overload condition still exists, the module will shut down again. This restart trial will continue until the over-voltage condition is corrected.

For latch mode, the module will latch off once it shutdown. The latch is reset by either cycling the input power or by toggling the on/off signal for one second.

### Over-Temperature Protection

The over-temperature protection consists of circuitry that provides protection from thermal damage. If the temperature exceeds the over-temperature threshold the module will shut down, and enter in hiccup mode or latch mode, which is optional.

For auto-restart mode, the module will monitor temperature after shut down. Once the temperature is within the specification, the module will be auto-restarted.

For latch mode, the module will latch off once it shutdown. The latch is reset by either cycling the input power or by toggling the on/off signal for one second.

### Remote On/Off

The remote on/off feature on the module can be either negative or positive logic. Negative logic turns the module on during a logic low and off during a logic high. Positive logic turns the modules on during a logic high and off during a logic low.

Remote on/off can be controlled by an external switch between the on/off terminal and the Vi(-) terminal. The switch can be an open collector or open drain.

For negative logic if the remote on/off feature is not used, please short the on/off pin to Vi(-). For positive logic if the remote on/off feature is not used, please leave the on/off pin floating.

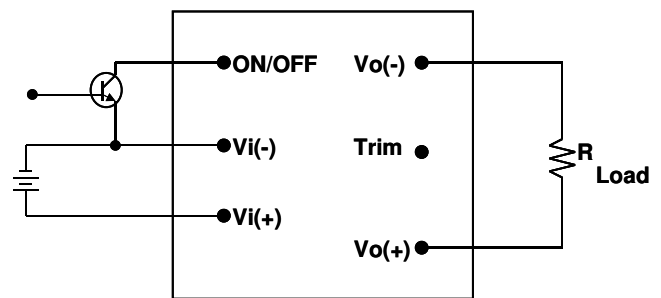
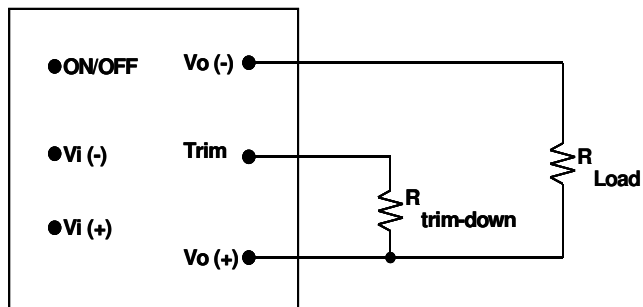


Figure 16: Remote on/off implementation

## FEATURES DESCRIPTIONS (CON.)

### Output Voltage Adjustment

To increase or decrease the output voltage set point, the modules may be connected with an external resistor between the TRIM pin and either the Vo(+) or Vo(-). The TRIM pin should be left open if this feature is not used.



**Figure 17:** Circuit configuration for trim-down (decrease output voltage)

If the external resistor is connected between the TRIM and Vo(+) pins, the output voltage set point decreases (Fig. 17). The external resistor value required to obtain an output voltage change from 5V to the desired Vo\_adj is defined as:

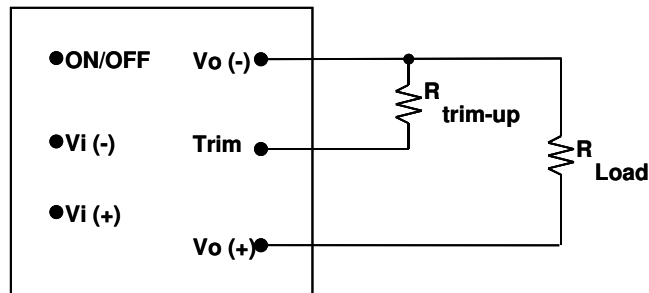
$$R_{\text{trim\_down}} = \frac{(V_{o\_adj} - 2.5) \cdot 5110}{5 - V_{o\_adj}} - 2050$$

Ex. When Trim-down -10%

$$V_{o\_adj} = 5V \times (1 - 10\%) = 4.5V$$

$$R_{\text{trim\_down}} = \frac{(4.5 - 2.5) \cdot 5110}{5 - 4.5} - 2050$$

$$R_{\text{trim\_down}} = 1.839 \times 10^4 \text{ ohm}$$



**Figure 18:** Circuit configuration for trim-up (increase output voltage)

If the external resistor is connected between the TRIM and Vo(-) the output voltage set point increases (Fig. 18). The external resistor value required to obtain an output voltage change from 5V to the desired Vo\_adj is defined as:

$$R_{\text{trim\_up}} = \frac{2.5 \cdot 5110}{V_{o\_adj} - 5} - 2050$$

Ex. When Trim-up +10%

$$V_{o\_adj} = 5V \times (1 + 10\%) = 5.5V$$

$$R_{\text{trim\_up}} = \frac{2.5 \cdot 5110}{5.5 - 5} - 2050$$

$$R_{\text{trim\_up}} = 2.35 \times 10^4 \text{ ohm}$$

When using trim function, the output voltage of the module is usually increased, which increases the power output of the module with the same output current.

Care should be taken to ensure that the maximum output power of the module remains at or below the maximum rated power.



## Thermal Considerations

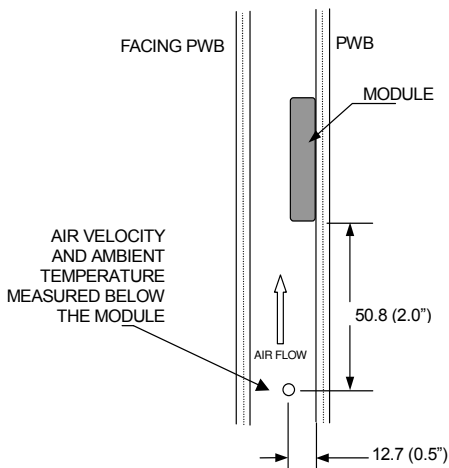
Thermal management is an important part of the system design. To ensure proper, reliable operation, sufficient cooling of the power module is needed over the entire temperature range of the module. Convection cooling is usually the dominant mode of heat transfer.

Hence, the choice of equipment to characterize the thermal performance of the power module is a wind tunnel.

### Thermal Testing Setup

Delta's DC/DC power modules are characterized in heated vertical wind tunnels that simulate the thermal environments encountered in most electronics equipment. This type of equipment commonly uses vertically mounted circuit cards in cabinet racks in which the power modules are mounted.

The following figure shows the wind tunnel characterization setup. The power module is mounted on a test PWB and is vertically positioned within the wind tunnel. The space between the neighboring PWB and the top of the power module is constantly kept at 6.35mm (0.25").



Note: Wind Tunnel Test Setup Figure Dimensions are in millimeters and (Inches)

Figure 19: Wind tunnel test setup

## Thermal Derating

Heat can be removed by increasing airflow over the module. To enhance system reliability, the power module should always be operated below the maximum operating temperature. If the temperature exceeds the maximum module temperature, reliability of the unit may be affected.

## Thermal Curves

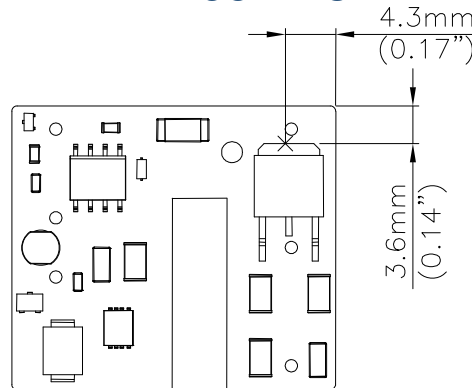


Figure 20: Temperature measurement location  
The allowed maximum hot spot temperature is defined at 127 °C.

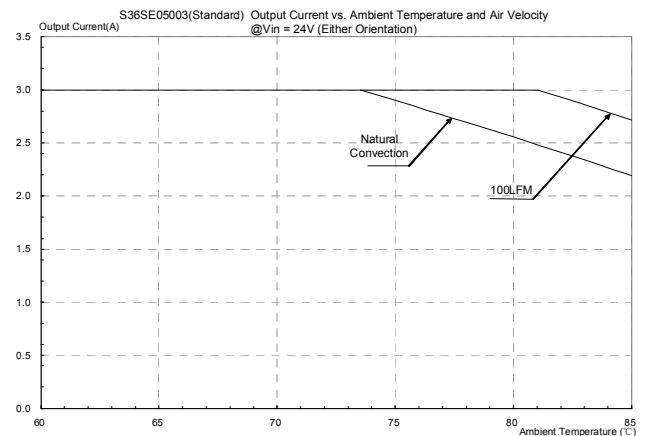


Figure 21: Output current vs. ambient temperature and air velocity @  $V_{in}=24V$  (Either Orientation)

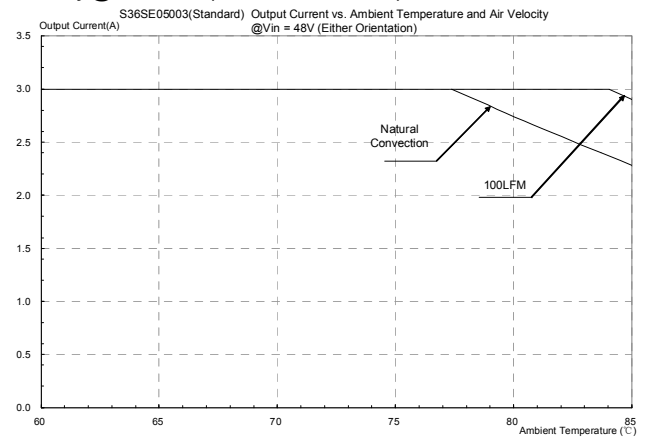
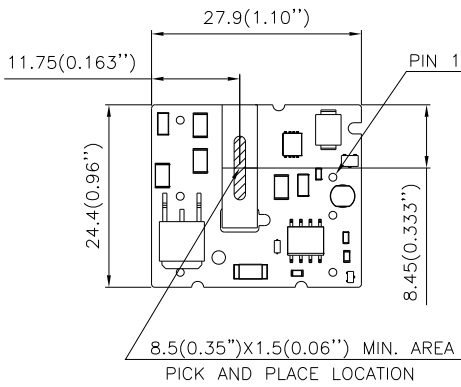


Figure 22: Output current vs. ambient temperature and air velocity @  $V_{in}=48V$  (Either Orientation)

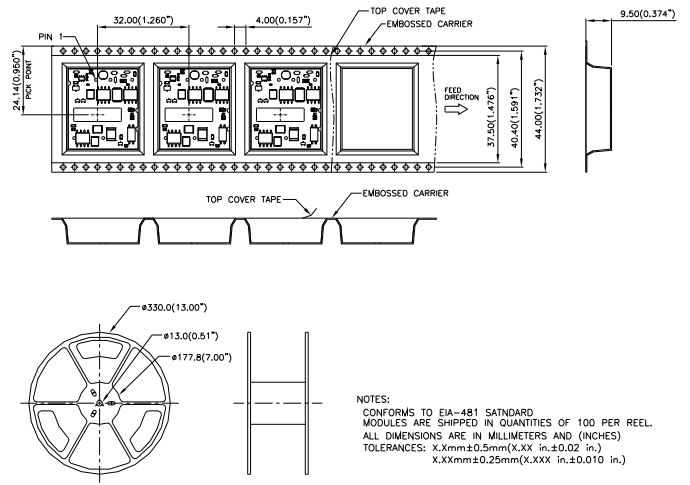


## PICK AND PLACE LOCATION



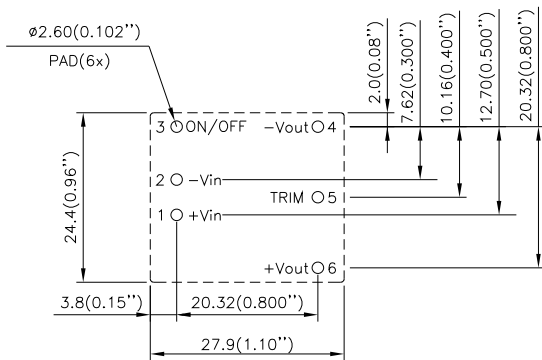
NOTES:  
 ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS AND (INCHES)  
 TOLERANCES: X.Xmm±0.5mm(X.XX in.±0.02 in.)  
 X.XXmm±0.25mm(X.XXX in.±0.010 in.)

## SURFACE-MOUNT TAPE & REEL



NOTES:  
 CONFORMS TO EIA-481 STANDARD  
 MODULES ARE SHIPPED IN QUANTITIES OF 100 PER REEL.  
 ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS AND (INCHES)  
 TOLERANCES: X.Xmm±0.5mm(X.XX in.±0.02 in.)  
 X.XXmm±0.25mm(X.XXX in.±0.010 in.)

## RECOMMENDED PAD LAYOUT (SMD)

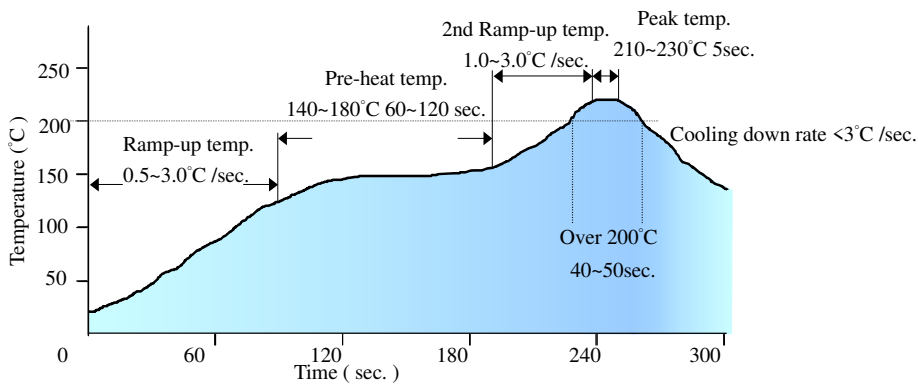


## RECOMMEND P.W.B PAD LAYOUT

NOTES:  
 DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS AND (INCHES)  
 TOLERANCES: X.Xmm±0.5mm(X.XX in.±0.02 in.)  
 X.XXmm±0.25mm(X.XXX in.±0.010 in.)

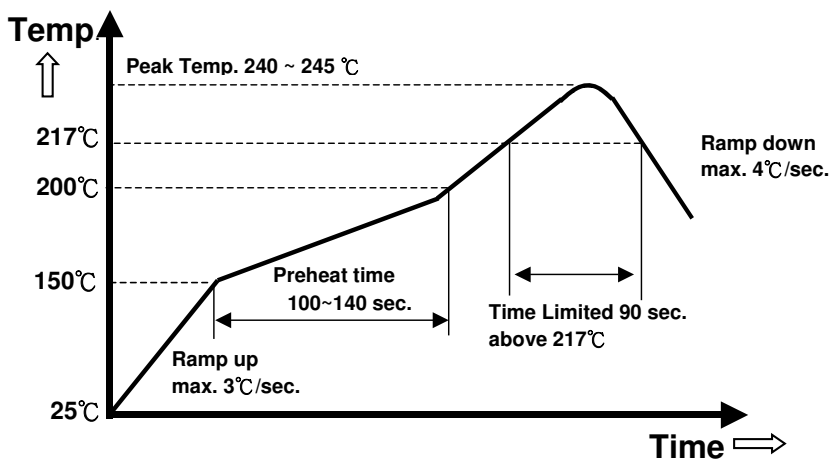


## LEADED (Sn/Pb) PROCESS RECOMMEND TEMPERATURE PROFILE



Note: The temperature refers to the pin of S36SE, measured on the pin +Vout joint.

## LEAD FREE (SAC) PROCESS RECOMMEND TEMPERATURE PROFILE



Note: The temperature refers to the pin of S36SE, measured on the pin +Vout joint.

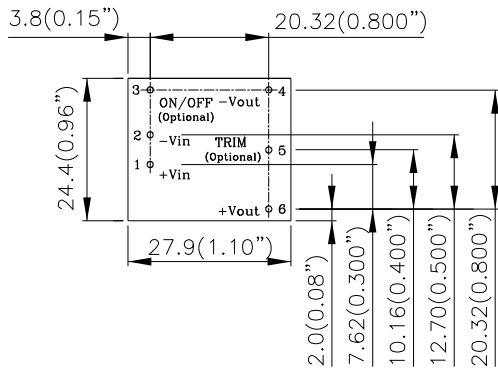




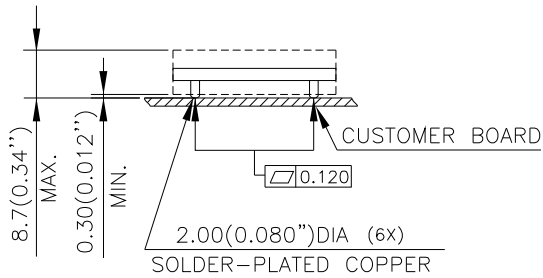


# MECHANICAL DRAWING

## Surface-mount module

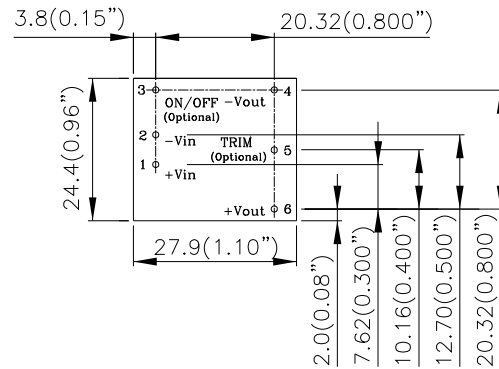


TOP VIEW

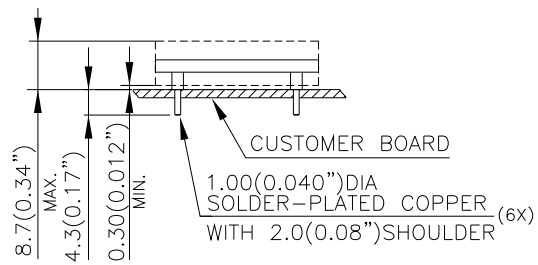


SIDE VIEW

## Through-hole module



TOP VIEW



SIDE VIEW

NOTES:

DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS AND (INCHES)

TOLERANCES: X.Xmm±0.5mm(X.XX in.±0.02 in.)

X.XXmm±0.25mm(X.XXX in.±0.010 in.)

<u>Pin No.</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Function</u>
1	+Vin	Positive input voltage
2	-Vin	Negative input voltage
3	ON/OFF (Optional)	Remote ON/OFF (Optional)
4	-Vout	Negative output voltage
5	TRIM (Optional)	Output voltage trim (Optional)
6	+Vout	Positive output voltage



## PART NUMBERING SYSTEM

S	36	S	E	050	03	N	R	F	A
Product Type	Input Voltage	Number of Outputs	Product Series	Output Voltage	Output Current	ON/OFF Logic	Pin Length/Type		Option Code
S - Small Power	18V~75V	S - Single	1x1, 17W	050 - 5.0V	03 - 3A	N - Negative (Default) P - Positive E - No remote on/off control	R - 0.170" (Default) N - 0.145" K - 0.110" M - SMD	F - RoHS 6/6 (Lead Free)	A - No trim pin B - With trim pin (Default)

## MODEL LIST

MODEL NAME	INPUT		OUTPUT		EFF @ 100% LOAD
S36SE3R305NRFB	18V~75V	1.3A	3.3V	5A	86.5%
S36SE05003NRFB	18V~75V	1.1A	5.0V	3A	83.5%
S36SE12001NRFB	18V~75V	1.1A	12V	1.3A	87.0%

### Note:

1. Default remote on/off logic is negative;
2. Default pin length is 0.170";
3. Default OTP and output OVP, OCP mode is auto-restart
4. For different options, please refer to part numbering system above or contact your local sales office.

## CONTACT: [www.deltaww.com/dcdc](http://www.deltaww.com/dcdc)

### USA:

Telephone:  
East Coast: 978-656-3993  
West Coast: 510-668-5100  
Fax: (978) 656 3964  
Email: [DCDC@delta-corp.com](mailto:DCDC@delta-corp.com)

### Europe:

Phone: +31-20-655-0967  
Fax: +31-20-655-0999  
Email: [DCDC@delta-es.com](mailto:DCDC@delta-es.com)

### Asia & the rest of world:

Telephone: +886 3 4526107 ext 6220~6224  
Fax: +886 3 45261075  
Email: [DCDC@delta.com.tw](mailto:DCDC@delta.com.tw)

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