



Delphi NE Series Non-Isolated Point of Load DC/DC Modules: 4.5V~13.8Vin, 0.59V~5.1Vout, 20A

The Delphi NE 20A Series, 4.5 to 13.8V wide input, wide trim single output, non-isolated point of load DC/DC converters are the latest offering from a world leader in power systems technology and manufacturing — Delta Electronics, Inc. The ND/NE product family is the second generation, non-isolated point-of-load DC/DC power modules for the datacom applications which cut the module size by almost 50% in most of the cases compared to the first generation NC series POL modules. The product family here provides 20A of output current in a vertically or horizontally mounted through-hole package and the output can be resistor trimmed from 0.59Vdc to 5.1Vdc. It provides a very cost effective, high efficiency, and high density point of load solution. With creative design technology and optimization of component placement, these converters possess outstanding electrical and thermal performance, as well as extremely high reliability under highly stressful operating conditions.

FEATURES

- High Efficiency:94.0% @ 12Vin, 5V/20A out
- Size:

Vertical: 30.5x15.5x12.0mm

(1.20"x0.61"x0.47")

Horizontal: 30.5x15.5x12.9mm

(1.20"x0.61"x0.51")

- Wide input range: 4.5V~13.8V
- Output voltage programmable from
 0.59Vdc to 5.1Vdc via external resistors
- Voltage and resistor-based trim
- No minimum load required
- Fixed frequency operation
- Input UVLO, output OCP
- Remote ON/OFF (Positive)
- ISO 9001, TL 9000, ISO 14001, QS9000,
 OHSAS18001 certified manufacturing facility
- UL/cUL 60950-1 (US & Canada)
 Recognized

OPTIONS

Vertical or horizontal versions

APPLICATIONS

- DataCom
- Distributed power architectures
- Servers and workstations
- LAN/WAN applications
- Data processing applications



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

(Ambient Temperature=25°C, minimum airflow=200LFM, nominal V_{in} =12Vdc unless otherwise specified.)

PARAMETER	NOTES and CONDITIONS	NE12S0A0V/H20				
		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS						
Input Voltage	operation	4.5		13.8	Vdc	
Operating Temperature (Vertical)	Refer to Fig.25 for the measuring point	-40		130	°C	
Storage Temperature		-55		125	°C	
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Operating Input Voltage		4.5		13.8	V	
Input Under-Voltage Lockout						
Turn-On Voltage Threshold			4.3		V	
Turn-Off Voltage Threshold			3.3		V	
Lockout Hysteresis Voltage			1.0		V	
Maximum Input Current	12Vin, 5Vo, operating, full load		8.9		Α	
No-Load Input Current	Vin=12V, Vout=5V		150		mA	
Off Converter Input Current	Remote OFF		10		mA	
Input Reflected-Ripple Current	P-P thru 2uH inductor 5Hz to 20MHz		30		mA	
Input Ripple Rejection	120Hz		60		dB	
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Output Voltage Adjustment Range		0.59		5.1	V	
Output Voltage Set Point	With a 0.1% trim resistor	-1		+1	%Vo	
Output Voltage Regulation	17 tal 2 011 /0 aliii 100.000				70.0	
Over Load	lo=lo min to lo max	-0.5		+0.5	%Vo	
Over Line	Vin=Vin min to Vin max	-0.2		+0.2	%Vo	
Over temperature	Ta=0°C to 70°C	-0.3		+0.3	%Vo	
Total output range	Over load, line, temperature regulation and set point	-2.0		+2.0	%Vo	
Output Voltage Ripple and Noise	5Hz to 20MHz bandwidth			1 _ 10	,,,,,,	
Peak-to-Peak	Full Load, 10uF Tan cap, 12Vin, 5Vo		20		mV	
RMS	Full Load, 10uF Tan cap, 12Vin, 5Vo		5		mV	
Output Current Range		0		20	Α	
Output Voltage Under-shoot at Power-Off	Vin=12V, Turn OFF			100	mV	
Output short-circuit current, RMS value	Continuous		3.6		Α	
Output DC Current-Limit Inception	Hiccup mode	110		200	%lomax	
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS						
Output Dynamic Load Response	12Vin, 2.5Vout, 10μF ceramic cap					
Positive Step Change in Output Current	75~100% load , 5A/uS		200		mV	
Negative Step Change in Output Current	100~75% load , 5A/uS		200		mV	
Settling Time	Settling to be within regulation band (to 10% Vo deviation)		100		μѕ	
Turn-On Transient	gament (to to)					
Start-Up Time, from On/Off Control	From Enable high to 90% of Vo		2	3	ms	
Start-Up Time, from input power	From Vin=12V to 90% of Vo		2	3	ms	
Minimum Output Capacitance		0			μF	
5.0Vo,Maximum Output Capacitance	Turn on overshoot <1% vo ,ESR≥1mΩ		2000		μF	
EFFICIENCY						
Vo=0.59V	Vin=12V, lo=20A		75		%	
Vo=0.9V	Vin=12V, lo=20A Vin=12V, lo=20A		80.5		%	
Vo=0.5V Vo=2.5V	Vin=12V, 10=20A Vin=12V, 10=20A		91		%	
Vo=5.0V	Vin=12V, I0=20A Vin=12V, Io=20A		94		%	
SINK EFFICIENCY	VIII=12V, IU=2UM		34		/0	
Vo=5.0V	Vin=12V, Io=20A		92		%	
	VIII=12V, IU=2UM		92		70	
FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS			F00		IZ! I	
Switching Frequency	Fixed		500		KHz	
ON/OFF Control	Positive logic (internally pulled high)			F ^		
Logic High	Module On (or leave the pin open)	0.8		5.0	V	
Logic Low	Module Off	0		0.3	V	
GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS						
Calculated MTBF	25°C, 300LFM, 80% load		9.8		Mhours	
Weight			8.8		grams	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES

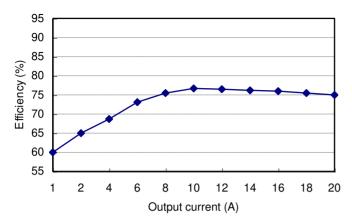


Figure 1: Converter efficiency vs. output current (0.59V output voltage, 12V input)

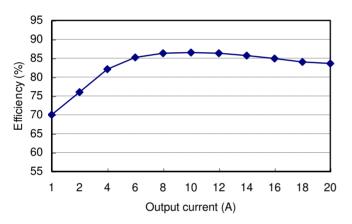


Figure 3: Converter efficiency vs. output current (1.5V output voltage, 12V input)

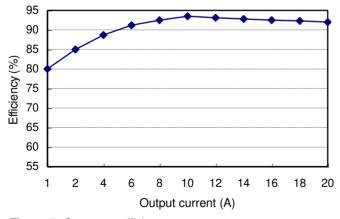


Figure 5: Converter efficiency vs. output current (3.3V output voltage, 12V input)

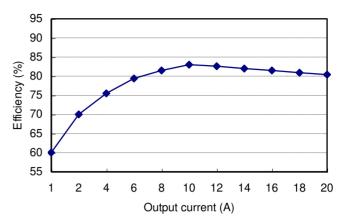


Figure 2: Converter efficiency vs. output current (0.9V output voltage, 12V input)

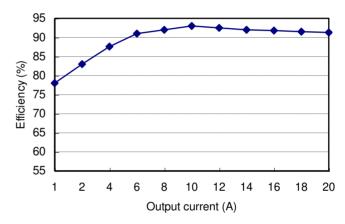


Figure 4: Converter efficiency vs. output current (2.5V output voltage, 12V input)

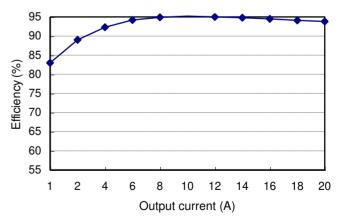


Figure 6: Converter efficiency vs. output current (5.0V output voltage, 12V input)

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES (CON.)

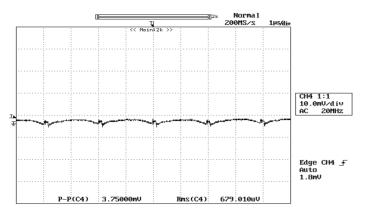


Figure 7: Output ripple & noise at 12Vin, 0.59V/20A out

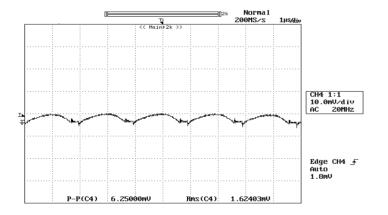


Figure 9: Output ripple & noise at 12Vin, 1.5V/20A out

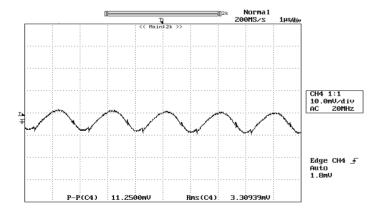


Figure 11: Output ripple & noise at 12Vin, 3.3V/20A out

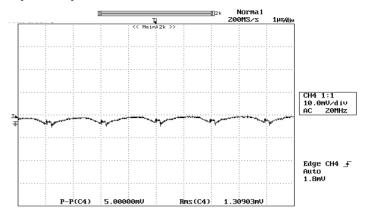


Figure 8: Output ripple & noise at 12Vin, 0.9V/20A out

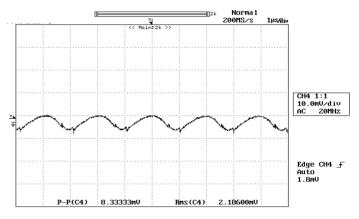


Figure 10: Output ripple & noise at 12Vin, 2.5V/20A out

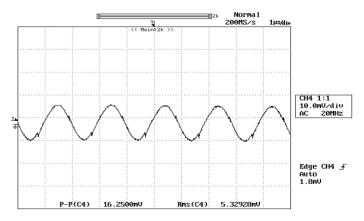


Figure 12: Output ripple & noise at 12Vin, 5.0V/20A out

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES (CON.)

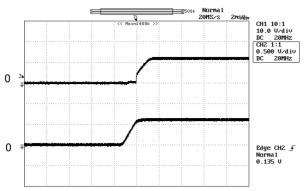


Figure 13: Turn on delay time at 12Vin, 0.59V/20A out Ch1: Vin, Ch4: Vout

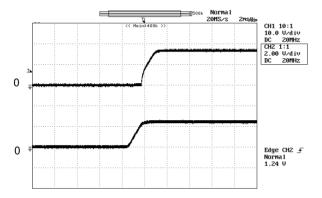


Figure 15: Turn on delay time at 12Vin, 3.3V/20A out Ch1: Vin, Ch4: Vout

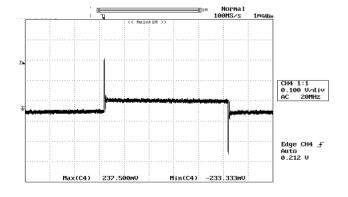


Figure 17: Typical transient response to step load change at 5A/μS from 75%~100% load, at 12Vin, 2.5V out

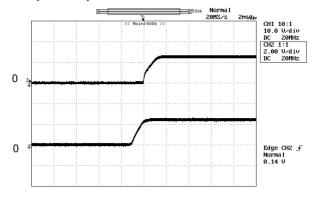


Figure 14: Turn on delay time Remote On/Off, 2.5V/20A out Ch1: Enable, Ch4: Vout

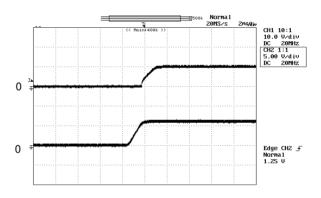


Figure 16: Turn on delay time at Remote On/Off, 5.0V/20A out Ch1: Enable, Ch4: Vout

DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

The NE12S0A0V(H)20 uses a single phase and voltage mode controlled buck topology. The output can be trimmed in the range of 0.59Vdc to 5.1Vdc by a resistor from Trim pin to Ground.

The converter can be turned ON/OFF by remote control with positive on/off (ENABLE pin) logic. The converter DC output is disabled when the signal is driven low (below 0.3V). This pin is also used as the input turn on threshold judgment. Its voltage is percent of Input voltage during floating due to internal connection. So we do not suggest using an active high signal (higher than 0.8V) to turn on the module because this high level voltage will disable UVLO function. The module will turn on when this pin is floating and the input voltage is higher than the threshold.

The converter can protect itself by entering hiccup mode against over current and short circuit condition. Also, the converter will shut down when an over voltage protection is detected.

Safety Considerations

It is recommended that the user to provide a very fast-acting type fuse in the input line for safety. The output voltage set-point and the output current in the application could define the amperage rating of the fuse.

FEATURES DESCRIPTIONS

Enable (On/Off)

The ENABLE (on/off) input allows external circuitry to put the NE converter into a low power dissipation (sleep) mode. Positive ENABLE is available as standard. With the active high function, the output is guaranteed to turn on if the ENABLE pin is driven above 0.8V. The output will turn off if the ENABLE pin voltage is pulled below 0.3V

The ENABLE pin is also used as input UVLO function. Leaving the Enable floating, the module will turn on if the input voltage is higher than turn on threshold and turn off if the input voltage is lower than turn off threshold. The default Turn-on voltage is 4.3V with 1V Hysteresis.

The Turn-on voltage may be adjusted with a resistor placed between the "Enable" pin and "Ground" pin. The formula for calculating the value of this resistor is:

$$V_{EN_RTH} = \frac{50 \times (R + 18.2)}{18.2 \times R} + 1.5$$

$$V_{EN_ETH} = V_{EN_RTH} - 1$$

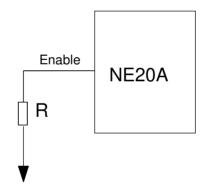


Fig. 18. Enable POR circuit.

 $V_{{\scriptscriptstyle E\!N}_{-}{\scriptscriptstyle FT\!H}}$ is the falling threshold

 $V_{{\scriptscriptstyle E\!N}_{-\!R\!T\!H}}$ is the rising threshold that you want.

R (Kohm) is the outen resistor that you connect from Enable pin to the $\ensuremath{\mathsf{GND}}$

Also, you will see an active high voltage will disable the input UVLO function

FEATURES DESCRIPTIONS (CON.)

The ENABLE input can be driven in a variety of ways as shown in Figures 19 and 20. If the ENABLE signal comes from the primary side of the circuit, the ENABLE can be driven through either a bipolar signal transistor (Figure 18). If the enable signal comes from the secondary side, then an opto-coupler or other isolation devices must be used to bring the signal across the voltage isolation (please see Figure 19).

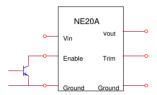


Figure 19: Enable Input drive circuit for NE series

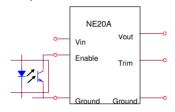


Figure 20: Enable input drive circuit example with isolation.

Input Under-Voltage Lockout

The input under-voltage lockout prevents the converter from being damaged while operating when the input voltage is too low. The lockout occurs between 3.3V to 4.3V.

Over-Current and Short-Circuit Protection

The NE series modules have non-latching over-current and short-circuit protection circuitry. When over current condition occurs, the module goes into the non-latching hiccup mode. When the over-current condition is removed, the module will resume normal operation.

An over current condition is detected by measuring the voltage drop across the MOSFETs. The voltage drop across the MOSFET is also a function of the MOSFET's Rds(on). Rds(on) is affected by temperature, therefore ambient temperature will affect the current limit inception point.

The detection of the Rds(on) of MOSFETs also acts as an over temperature protection since high temperature will cause the Rds(on) of the MOSFETs to increase, eventually triggering over-current protection.

Output Voltage Programming

The output voltage of the NE series is trimmable by connecting an external resistor between the trim pin and output ground as shown Figure 21 and the typical trim resistor values are shown in Table 1.

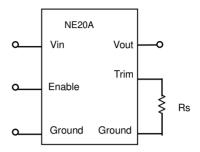


Figure 21: Trimming Output Voltage

The NE20 module has a trim range of 0.59V to 5.0V. The trim resistor equation for the NE20A is:

$$Rs(\Omega) = \frac{1182}{Vout - 0.591}$$

Vout is the output voltage setpoint Rs is the resistance between Trim and Ground Rs values should not be less than 240Ω

Output Voltage	Rs (Ω)		
0.59V	open		
+1 V	2.9k		
+1.5 V	1.3K		
+2.5 V	619		
+3.3 V	436		
+5.0V	268		

Table 1: Typical trim resistor values

FEATURES DESCRIPTIONS (CON.)

Voltage Margining Adjustment

Output voltage margin adjusting can be implemented in the NE modules by connecting a resistor, R_{margin-up}, from the Trim pin to the Ground for margining up the output voltage. Also, the output voltage can be adjusted lower by connecting a resistor, R_{margin-down}, from the Trim pin to the voltage source Vt. Figure 22 shows the circuit configuration for output voltage margining adjustment.

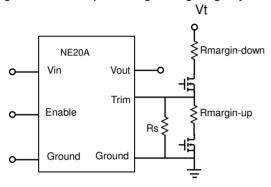


Figure 22: Circuit configuration for output voltage margining

Paralleling

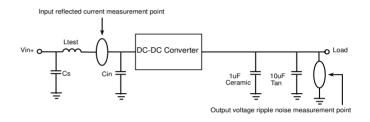
NE20 converters do not have built-in current sharing (paralleling) ability. Hence, paralleling of multiple NE20 converter is not recommended.

Output Capacitance

There is internal output capacitor on the NE series modules. Hence, no external output capacitor is required for stable operation.

Reflected Ripple Current and Output Ripple and Noise Measurement

The measurement set-up outlined in Figure 23 has been used for both input reflected/ terminal ripple current and output voltage ripple and noise measurements on NE series converters.



Cs=270µF*1, Ltest=2uH, Cin=270µF*1

Figure 23: Input reflected ripple/ capacitor ripple current and output voltage ripple and noise measurement setup for NE20

THERMAL CONSIDERATION

Thermal management is an important part of the system design. To ensure proper, reliable operation, sufficient cooling of the power module is needed over the entire temperature range of the module. Convection cooling is usually the dominant mode of heat transfer.

Hence, the choice of equipment to characterize the thermal performance of the power module is a wind tunnel.

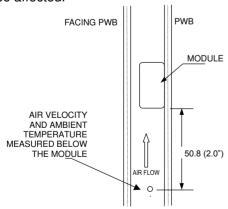
Thermal Testing Setup

Delta's DC/DC power modules are characterized in heated vertical wind tunnels that simulate the thermal environments encountered in most electronics equipment. This type of equipment commonly uses vertically mounted circuit cards in cabinet racks in which the power modules are mounted.

The following figure shows the wind tunnel characterization setup. The power module is mounted on a test PWB and is vertically positioned within the wind tunnel. The space between the neighboring PWB and the top of the power module is constantly kept at 6.35mm (0.25").

Thermal Derating

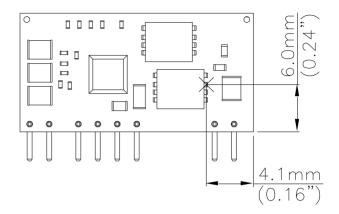
Heat can be removed by increasing airflow over the module. To enhance system reliability, the power module should always be operated below the maximum operating temperature. If the temperature exceeds the maximum module temperature, reliability of the unit may be affected.



Note: Wind tunnel test setup figure dimensions are in millimeters and (Inches)

Figure 24: Wind tunnel test setup

THERMAL CURVES (NE12S0A0V20)



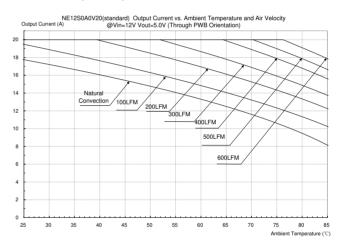


Figure 26: Output current vs. ambient temperature and air velocity @Vin=12V, Vout=5.0V (Through PWB Orientation)

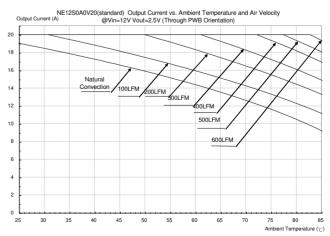


Figure 27: Output current vs. ambient temperature and air velocity@ Vin=12V, Vout=2.5V (Through PWB Orientation)

THERMAL CURVES (NE12S0A0V20)

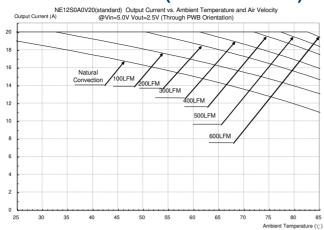


Figure 28: Output current vs. ambient temperature and air velocity@ Vin=5.0V, Vout=2.5V (Through PWB Orientation)

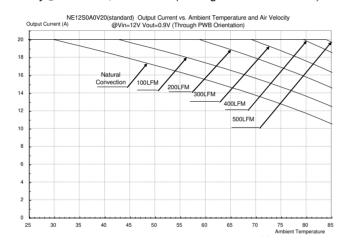


Figure 29: Output current vs. ambient temperature and air velocity @Vin=12V, Vout=0.9V (Through PWB Orientation)

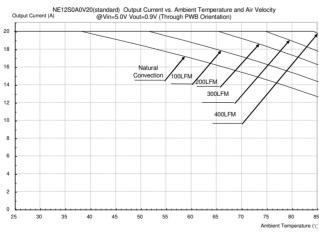
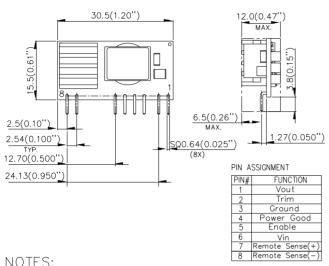


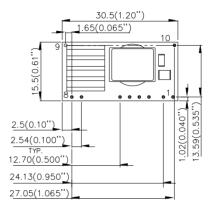
Figure 30: Output current vs. ambient temperature and air velocity@ Vin=5.0V, Vout=0.9V (Through PWB Orientation)

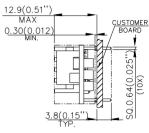
MECHANICAL DRAWING

VERTICAL

HORIZONTAL







PIN ASSIGNMENT FUNCTION PIN# Vout Trim Ground Power Good Enable 8 Remote Sense(-)
9 Mech. Support
10 Mech. Support

NOTES:

DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS AND (INCHS) TOLERANCE: X.X mm±0.5 mm(X.XX in.±0.02 in.) $X.XX mm \pm 0.25 mm(X.XXX in. \pm 0.010 in.)$

PART NUMBERING SYSTEM

NE	12	S	0A0	٧	20	Р	N	F	Α
Product	Input	Number of	Output Voltage	Itage Mounting	Output	ON/OFF	Pin		Option
Series	Voltage	outputs	Output voitage		Current	Logic	Length		Code
NE-	12- 4.5~13.8V	S- Single	0A0 - programmable	V- Vertical	20-20A	P- Positive	N- 0.150"	F- RoHS 6/6	A-standard
Non-isolated		output				N- Negative		(Lead Free)	function
Series									

MODEL LIST

Model Name	Packaging	Input Voltage	Output Voltage	Output Current	Efficiency 12Vin @ 100% load
NE12S0A0V20PNFA	Vertical	4.5V~ 13.8Vdc	0.59V~ 5.1Vdc	20A	94.0%@5Vout

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WARRANTY

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