

# **MP8200** 1.0V Precision Shunt Voltage Regulator

The Future of Analog IC Technology

# DESCRIPTION

The MP8200 is a low voltage (1.0V), precision shunt regulator. It is offered in both fixed versions. It can operate from 1V to 12V, giving designers outstanding flexibility in the development power supplies of and instrumentation. The operating current of 100uA makes the part well suited for battery-powered portable electronic applications. The 8200 regulates the output voltage from as low as 1V. The part has a sharp turn-on characteristic and a dynamic resistance of less than  $0.5\Omega$ .

The MP8200 is offered in a surface mounted 3-pin SOT23 package. Different voltage tolerance  $\pm 1\%$ .

### FEATURES

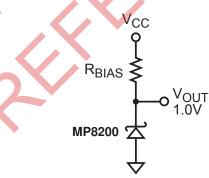
- Wide Input Voltage Range (1V to 12V)
- Operating Current From 100µA to 10mA
- Ultra compact SOT23-3 Package
- Initial Accuracy: ±1%
- Low Dynamic Output Resistance of 0.5Ω
- Stable With No External Capacitor
- Temperature Range: –40°C to +85°C

## APPLICATIONS

- Adjustable and Programmable Supplies
- Instrumentation
- Linear Regulators
- Notebook Computers
- Medical Electronics
- 3V/ 5V 8-/12 Bit Data Converters
- Battery-Powered Equipments

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TYPICAL APPLICATION

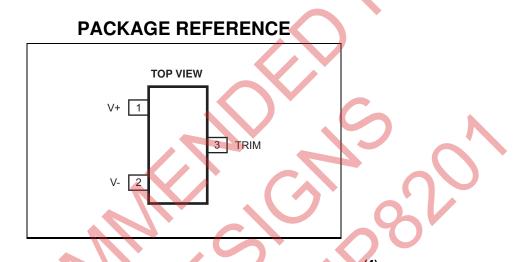




### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Part Number*	Package	Top Marking	Temperature
MP8200DT	SOT23-3	IS3YW	-40°C to +85°C

\* For Tape & Reel, add suffix –Z (eg. MP8200DT–Z). For RoHS compliant packaging, add suffix –LF (eg. MP8200DT–LF–Z)



# ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (1)

Reverse Current	
Forward Current	
Continuous Power Dissipati	on $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C)^{(2)}$
	0.52W
Junction Temperature	150°C
Lead Temperature	260°C
Storage Temperature	65°C to +150°C

### Recommended Operating Conditions <sup>(3)</sup>

Input Voltage	
Output Voltage	
Operating Temperature.	–40°C to +85°C

# Thermal Resistance <sup>(4)</sup>

SOT23-3 ..... °C/W

 $\theta_{JC}$ 

 $\theta_{JA}$ 

#### Notes:

- 1) Exceeding these ratings may damage the device.
- 2) The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of the maximum junction temperature T<sub>J</sub> (MAX), the junction-toambient thermal resistance  $\theta_{JA}$ , and the ambient temperature T<sub>A</sub>. The maximum allowable continuous power dissipation at any ambient temperature is calculated by P<sub>D</sub> (MAX) = (T<sub>J</sub> (MAX)-T<sub>A</sub>)/ $\theta_{JA}$ . Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation will cause excessive die temperature, and the regulator will go into thermal shutdown. Internal thermal shutdown circuitry protects the device from permanent damage.
- The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its operating conditions.
- 4) Measured on approximately 1" square of 1 oz copper.



### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

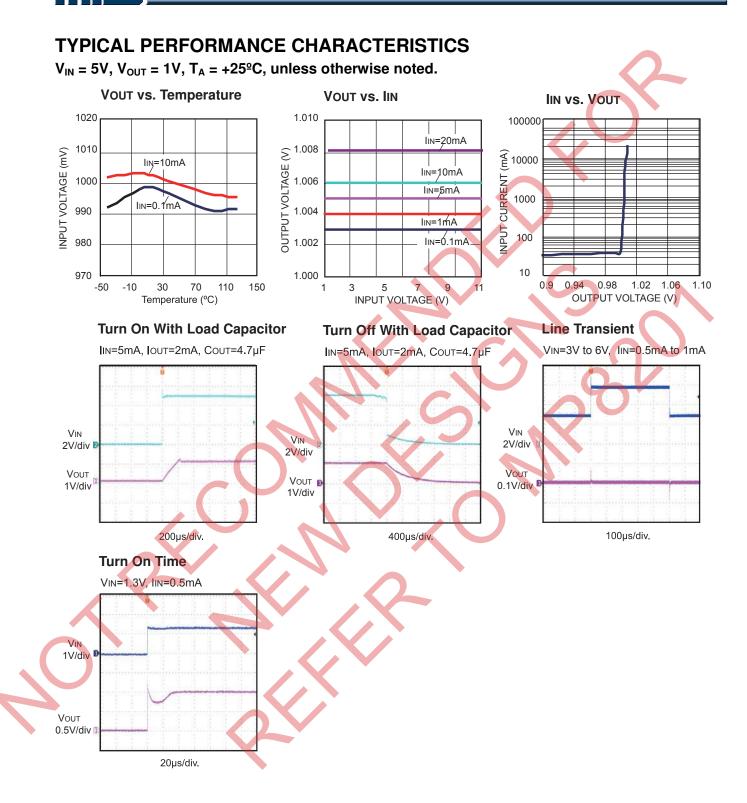
$I_{IN} = 100\mu A$ to 10mA, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted.						
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Output Voltage <sup>(5)</sup>	Vo		0.990	1.0000	1.010	V
Initial Accuracy	V <sub>OERR</sub>		-10		+10	mV
Initial Accuracy			-1		+1	%
Temperature Coefficient A	TCVo	-40°C < T <sub>A</sub> < +85°C		45		ppm/°C
Grade		–40°C to +85°C			85	
Output Voltage Change vs. Input Voltage	$\Delta V_R$	I <sub>IN</sub> = 0.1mA to 10mA		4	5	mV
Dynamic Output Impedance	$(\Delta V_R / \Delta I_R)$	I <sub>IN</sub> = 2mA ± 100μA		0.5		Ω
Minimum Operating Current	I <sub>IN</sub>	0°C < T <sub>A</sub> < +70°C	100			μA
Voltage Noise		f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz		4		µV р-р
Turn-On Settling Time	t <sub>R</sub>	Within 0.1% of Output		10		μs

#### Notes:

5) The forward diode voltage characteristic at -1mA is typically 0.65V.

### **PIN FUNCTIONS**

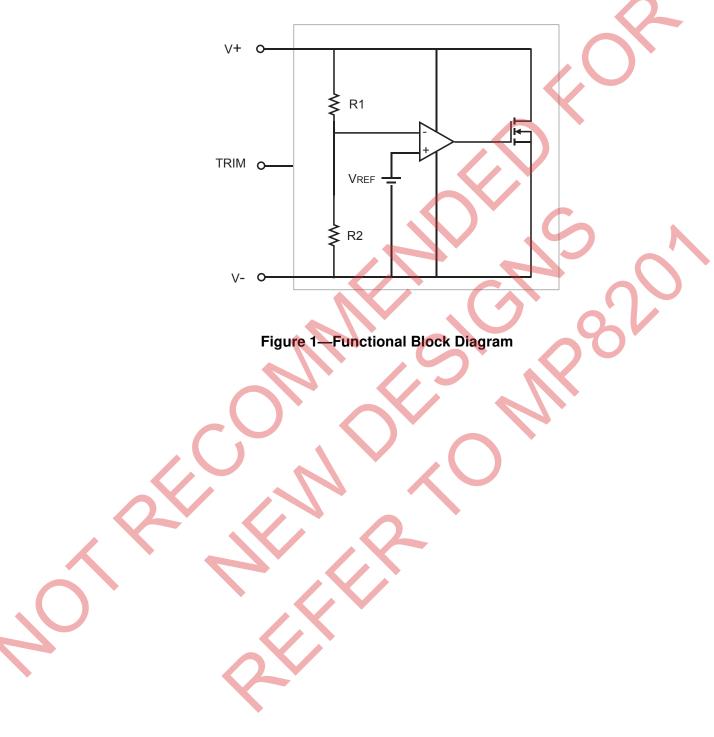
Pin #	Name	Description
1	V+	Cathode
2	V–	Anode
3	TRIM	No Connect



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### FUNCTION BLOCK DIAGRAM





### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

#### **External Bias Resistor**

In the case of shunt voltage references, an external bias resistor ( $R_{BIAS}$ ) is required between the supply voltage and the MP8200.  $R_{BIAS}$  sets the current that is required to pass through the load and the IC.

The load and supply voltages can vary, so  $R_{BIAS}$  should be chosen such that is it small enough to supply the minimum current to the MP8200 when the supply voltage is at its minimum and the load current is at its maximum. In addition,  $R_{BIAS}$  needs to be large enough that the quiescent current does not exceed 10mA when the supply voltage is at its maximum and the load current is at its minimum and the load current is at its minimum.

Choose R<sub>BIAS</sub> using the following equation:

$$\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{BIAS}} = \frac{\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{SUPPLY}} - \mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{OUT}}}{\mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{I}} + \mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{O}}}$$

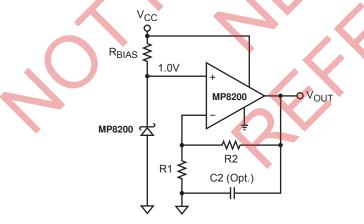
#### Adjustable Precision Voltage Source

The MP8200 can be combined with a precision op amp to produce a precise adjustable output voltage. See Figure 1.

The output of the op amp is determined by the gain of the circuit using the following equation:

$$V_{OUT} = 1 + \frac{R1}{R2}$$

An optional capacitor can be added in parallel with R2 to filter out high frequency noise.

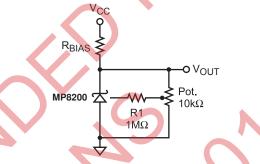


#### Figure 1—Adjustable Precision Voltage Source

#### **Output Voltage Trim**

0

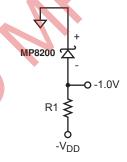
Using a mechanical or digital potentiometer, the output voltage of the MP8200 can be trimmed to  $\pm 0.5\%$ . See Figure 2. Note that trimming other resistor values may not produce an accurate output from the MP8200.



#### Figure 2—Output Voltage Trim

### Precise Negative Voltage Reference

The MP8200 can be configured for use in applications where a precise negative voltage reference is needed.



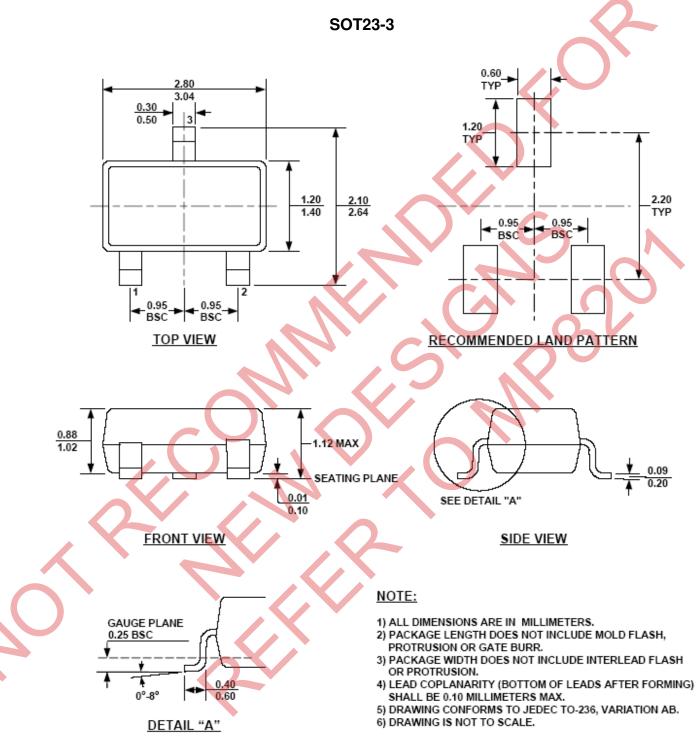
### Figure 3—Precise –1.0V Reference

Choose R1 such that  $100\mu$ A to 10mA is provided to properly bias the MP8200, using the equation:

$$R1 = \frac{V_{DD}}{I}$$



### **PACKAGE INFORMATION**



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