

# International Rectifier

PD - 96135A

## IRF7309QPbF

HEXFET® Power MOSFET

- Advanced Process Technology
- Ultra Low On-Resistance
- Dual N and P Channel MOSFET
- Surface Mount
- Available in Tape & Reel
- 150°C Operating Temperature
- Lead-Free

### Description

These HEXFET® Power MOSFET's in a Dual SO-8 package utilize the lastest processing techniques to achieve extremely low on-resistance per silicon area. Additional features of these HEXFET Power MOSFET's are a 150°C junction operating temperature, fast switching speed and improved repetitive avalanche rating. These benefits combine to make this design an extremely efficient and reliable device for use in a wide variety of applications.

The efficient SO-8 package provides enhanced thermal characteristics and dual MOSFET die capability making it ideal in a variety of power applications. This dual, surface mount SO-8 can dramatically reduce board space and is also available in Tape & Reel.

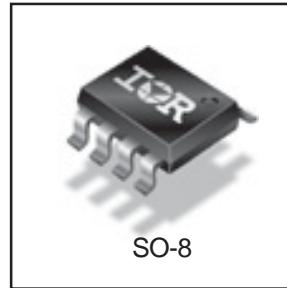
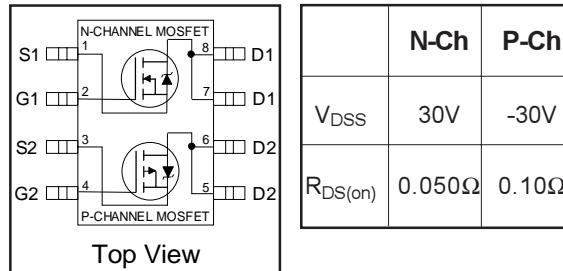
### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Max.		Units
	N-Channel	P-Channel	
$I_D @ T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	10 Sec. Pulse Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10\text{V}$	4.7	-3.5
$I_D @ T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10\text{V}$	4.0	-3.0
$I_D @ T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10\text{V}$	3.2	-2.4
$I_{DM}$	Pulsed Drain Current $\oplus$	16	-12
$P_D @ T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Power Dissipation (PCB Mount)**	1.4	W
	Linear Derating Factor (PCB Mount)**	0.011	W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{GS}$	Gate-to-Source Voltage	$\pm 20$	V
$dv/dt$	Peak Diode Recovery $dv/dt \oplus$	6.9	V/ns
$T_J, T_{STG}$	Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to + 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

### Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\text{BJA}}$	Junction-to-Amb. (PCB Mount, steady state)**	—	—	90	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

\*\* When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material).  
For recommended footprint and soldering techniques refer to application note #AN-994.



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## Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	N-Ch	30	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
		P-Ch	-30	—	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = -250\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}/\Delta T_J}$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	N-Ch	—	0.032	—	$^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = 1\text{mA}$
		P-Ch	—	0.037	—		Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = -1\text{mA}$
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	N-Ch	—	0.050	—	$\Omega$	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 2.4\text{A}$ ③
		—	—	0.080	—		$V_{GS} = 4.5V, I_D = 2.0\text{A}$ ③
		P-Ch	—	0.10	—		$V_{GS} = -10V, I_D = -1.8\text{A}$ ③
		—	—	0.16	—		$V_{GS} = -4.5V, I_D = -1.5\text{A}$ ③
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	N-Ch	1.0	—	—	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
		P-Ch	-1.0	—	—		$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = -250\mu\text{A}$
$g_F$	Forward Transconductance	N-Ch	5.2	—	—	S	$V_{DS} = 15V, I_D = 2.4\text{A}$ ③
		P-Ch	2.5	—	—		$V_{DS} = -24V, I_D = -1.8\text{A}$ ③
$I_{DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	N-Ch	—	—	1.0	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{DS} = 24V, V_{GS} = 0V$
		P-Ch	—	—	-1.0		$V_{DS} = -24V, V_{GS} = 0V$
		N-Ch	—	—	25		$V_{DS} = 24V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
		P-Ch	—	—	-25		$V_{DS} = -24V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	N-P	—	—	±100	nA	$V_{GS} = \pm 20V$
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	N-Ch	—	—	25	nC	N-Channel
		P-Ch	—	—	25		$I_D = 2.6A, V_{DS} = 16V, V_{GS} = 4.5V$ ③
$Q_{gs}$	Gate-to-Source Charge	N-Ch	—	—	2.9	nC	P-Channel
		P-Ch	—	—	2.9		$I_D = -2.2A, V_{DS} = -16V, V_{GS} = -4.5V$ ③
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	N-Ch	—	—	7.9	ns	N-Channel
		P-Ch	—	—	9.0		$V_{DD} = 10V, I_D = 2.6A, R_G = 6.0\Omega, R_D = 3.8\Omega$
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	N-Ch	—	6.8	—	ns	P-Channel
		P-Ch	—	11	—		$V_{DD} = -10V, I_D = -2.2A, R_G = 6.0\Omega, R_D = 4.5\Omega$
$t_r$	Rise Time	N-Ch	—	21	—	ns	Between lead tip
		P-Ch	—	17	—		and center of die contact
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	N-Ch	—	22	—	ns	N-Channel
		P-Ch	—	25	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 15V, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$ ③
$t_f$	Fall Time	N-Ch	—	7.7	—	ns	P-Channel
		P-Ch	—	18	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = -15V, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$ ③
$L_D$	Internal Drain Inductance	N-P	—	4.0	—	nH	P-Channel
$L_S$	Internal Source Inductance	N-P	—	6.0	—		
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	N-Ch	—	520	—	pF	N-Channel
		P-Ch	—	440	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 15V, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$ ③
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance	N-Ch	—	180	—	pF	P-Channel
		P-Ch	—	200	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = -15V, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$ ③
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	N-Ch	—	72	—	pF	N-Channel
		P-Ch	—	93	—		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = 1.8A, V_{GS} = 0V$ ③

## Source-Drain Ratings and Characteristics

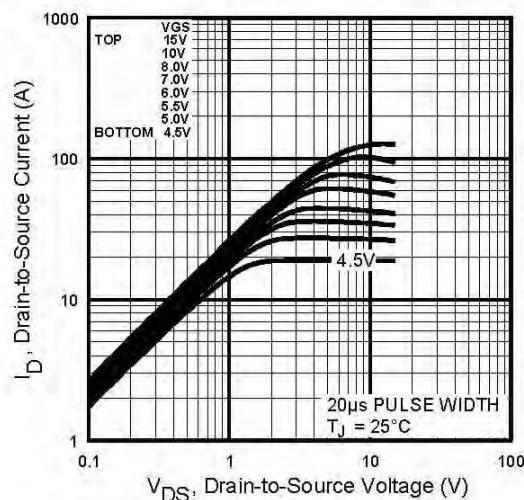
	Parameter		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$I_S$	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	N-Ch	—	—	1.8	A	
		P-Ch	—	—	-1.8		
$I_{SM}$	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	N-Ch	—	—	16		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 1.8A, V_{GS} = 0V$ ③
		P-Ch	—	—	-12		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = -1.8A, V_{GS} = 0V$ ③
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	N-Ch	—	—	1.0	V	N-Channel
		P-Ch	—	—	-1.0		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = -1.8A, V_{GS} = 0V$ ③
$t_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Time	N-Ch	—	47	71	ns	N-Channel
		P-Ch	—	53	80		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = 2.6A, di/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge	N-Ch	—	56	84	nC	P-Channel
		P-Ch	—	66	99		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = -2.2A, di/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
$t_{on}$	Forward Turn-On Time	N-P	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by $I_S + L_D$ )				

① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. ( See fig. 23 )

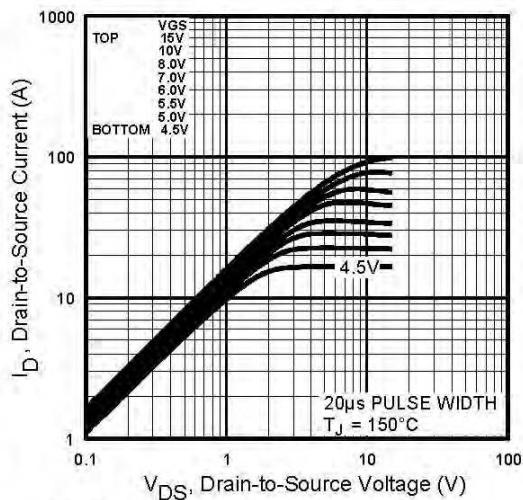
② N-Channel  $I_{SD} \leq 2.4A$ ,  $di/dt \leq 73\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ,  $V_{DD} \leq V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$ ,  $T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$   
P-Channel  $I_{SD} \leq -1.8A$ ,  $di/dt \leq 90\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ,  $V_{DD} \leq V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$ ,  $T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$

③ Pulse width  $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$ ; duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .

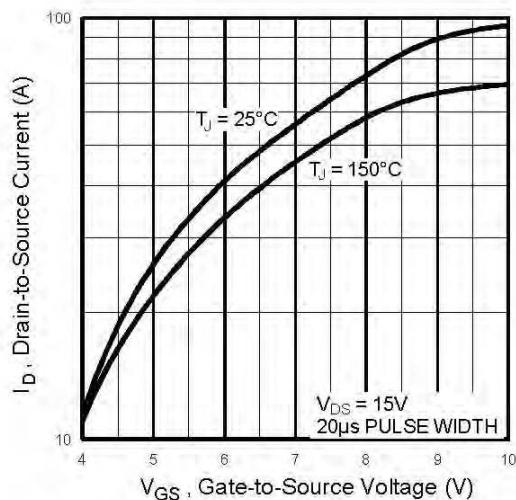
## N-Channel



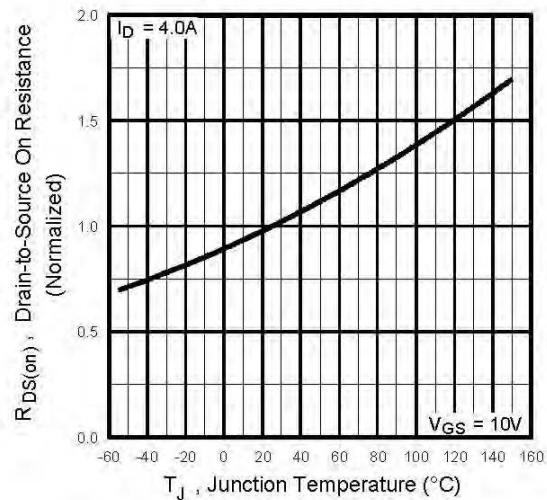
**Fig 1.** Typical Output Characteristics,  
 $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$



**Fig 2.** Typical Output Characteristics,  
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$

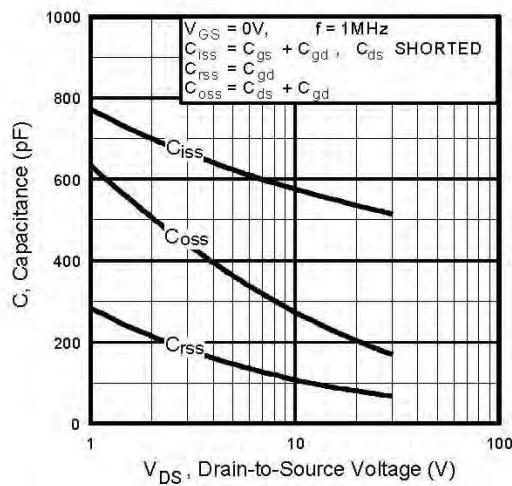


**Fig 3.** Typical Transfer Characteristics

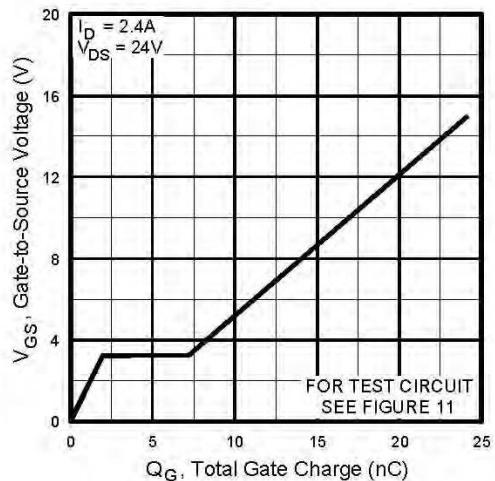


**Fig 4.** Normalized On-Resistance  
Vs. Temperature

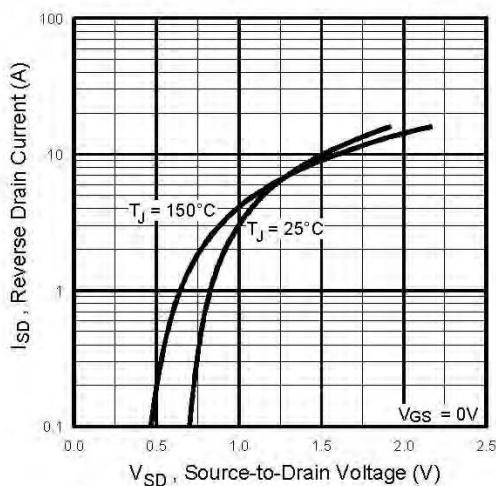
## N-Channel



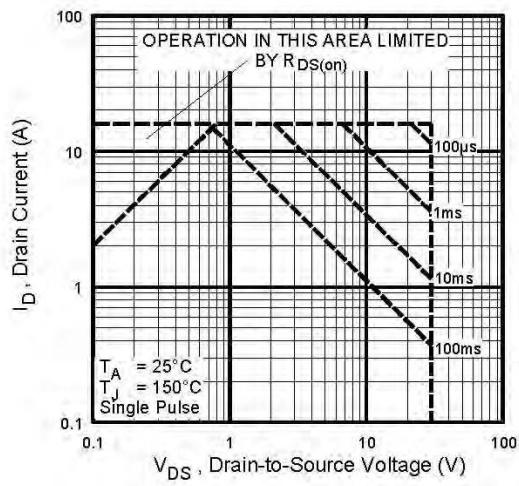
**Fig 5.** Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage



**Fig 6.** Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



**Fig 7.** Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage



**Fig 8.** Maximum Safe Operating Area

## N-Channel

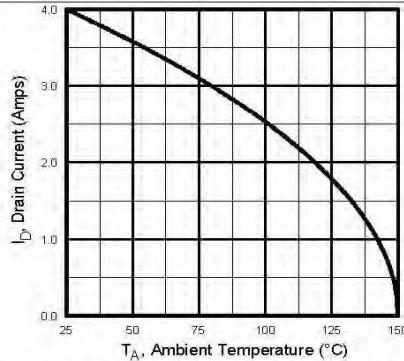


Fig 9. Max. Drain Current Vs. Ambient Temp.

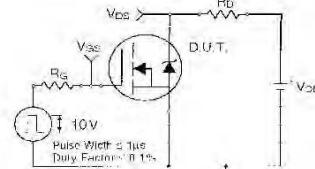


Fig 10a. Switching Time Test Circuit

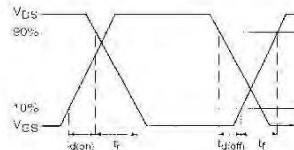


Fig 10b. Switching Time Waveforms

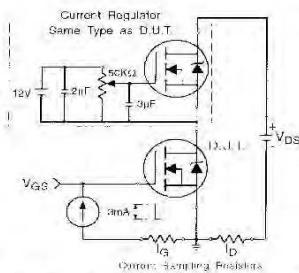


Fig 11a. Gate Charge Test Circuit

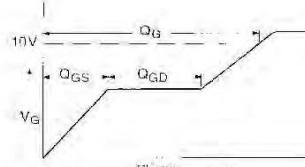


Fig 11b. Basic Gate Charge Waveform

## P-Channel

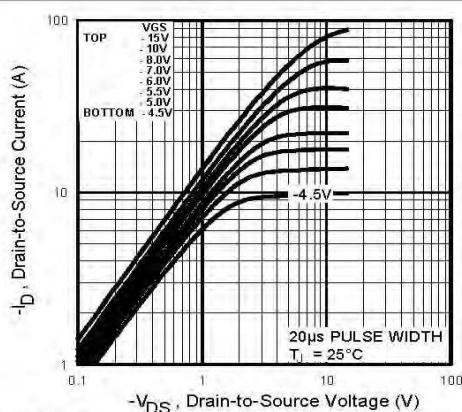


Fig 12. Typical Output Characteristics,  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$

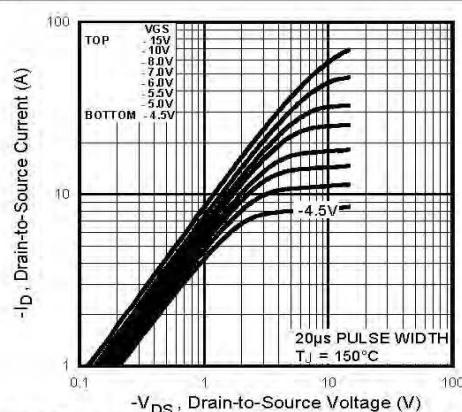
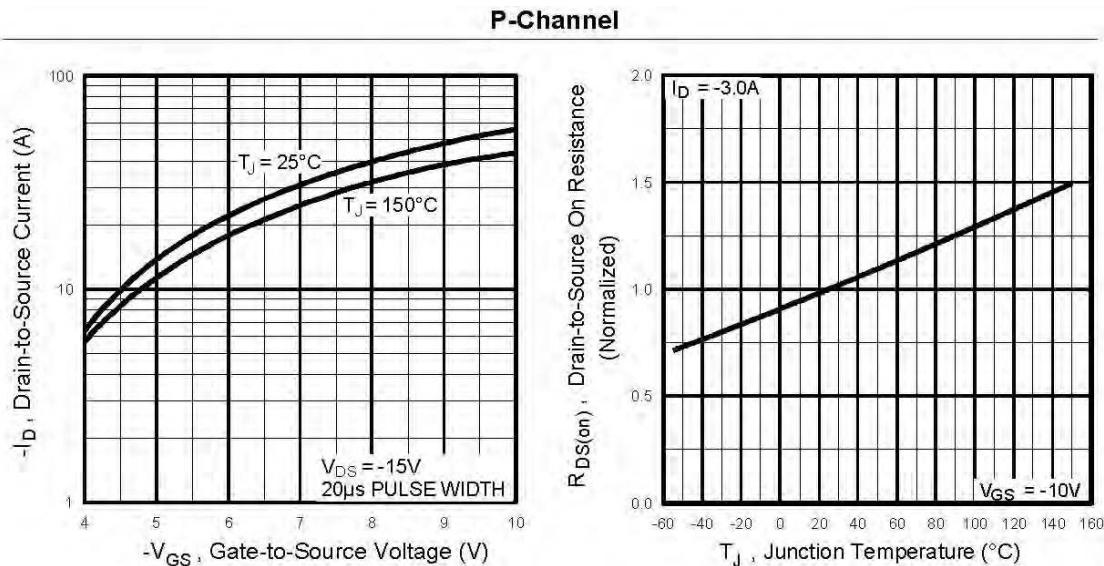


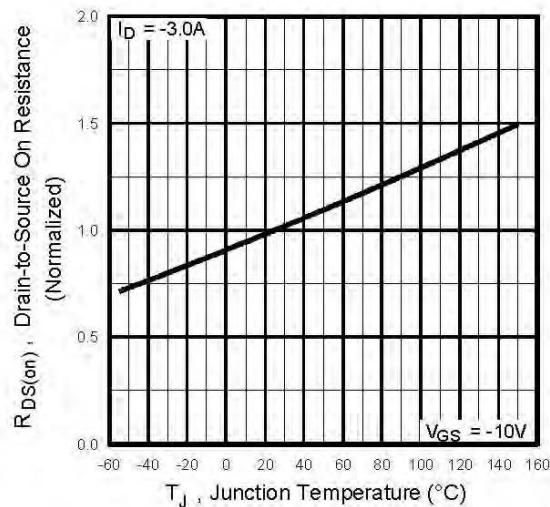
Fig 13. Typical Output Characteristics,  $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$

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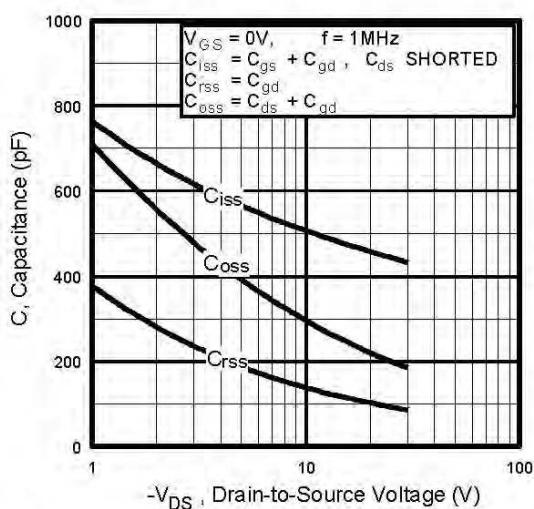
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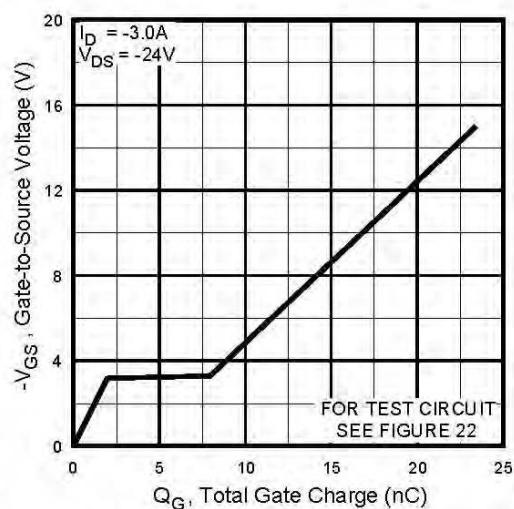
**Fig 14.** Typical Transfer Characteristics



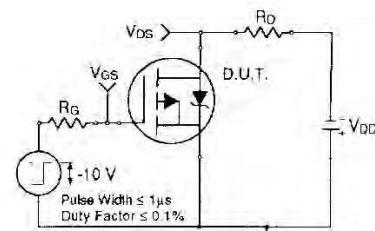
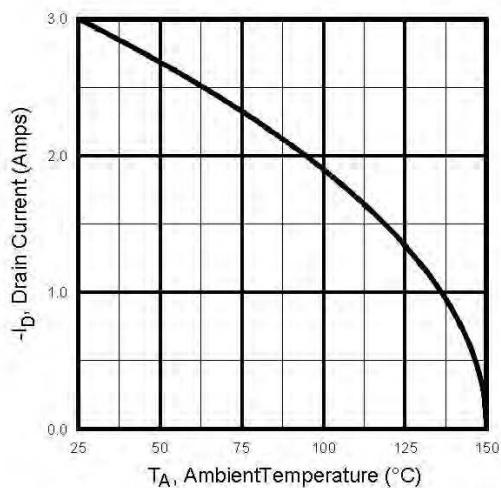
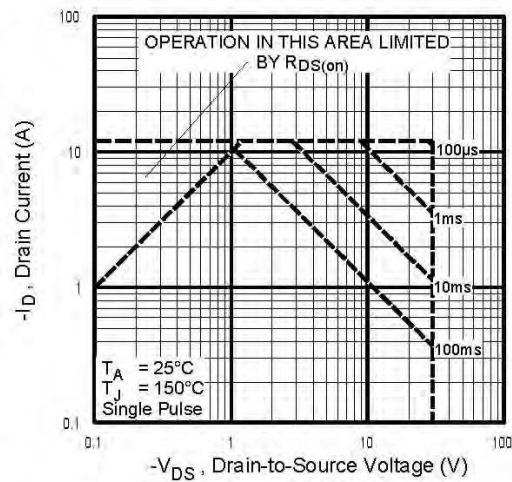
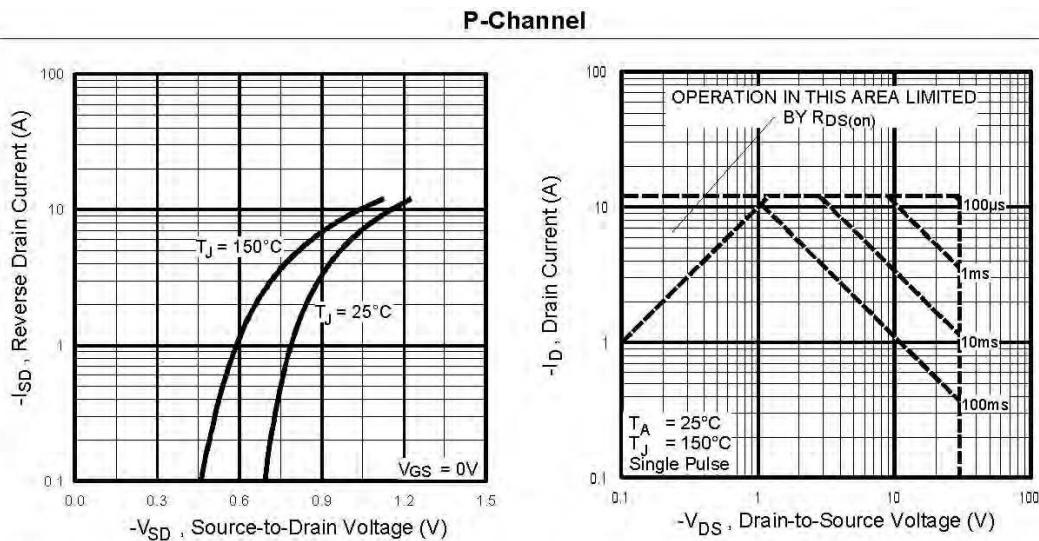
**Fig 15.** Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature



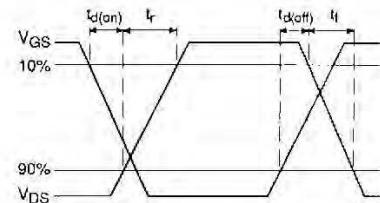
**Fig 16.** Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage



**Fig 17.** Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



**Fig 21a.** Switching Time Test Circuit

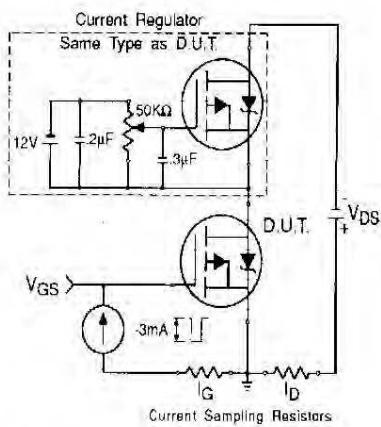


**Fig 21b.** Switching Time Waveforms

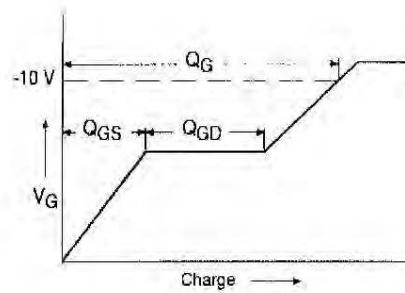
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## P-Channel

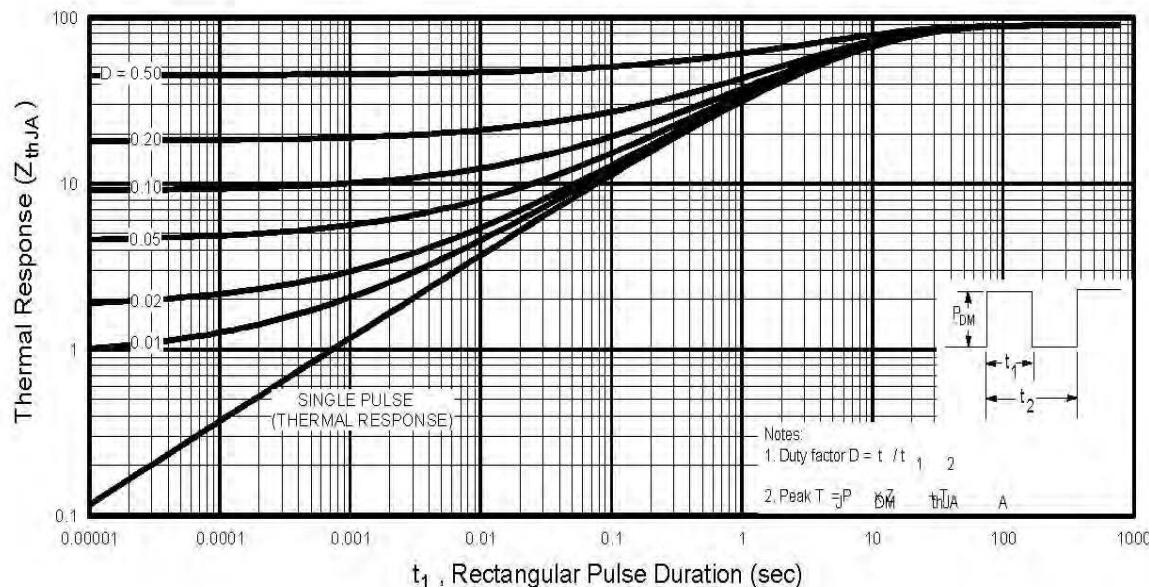


**Fig 22b.** Gate Charge Test Circuit



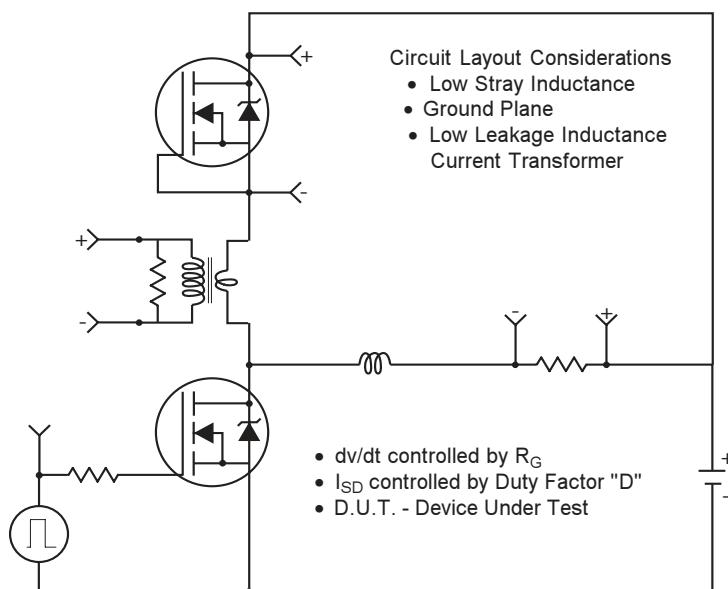
**Fig 22b.** Basic Gate Charge Waveform

## N- and P-Channel



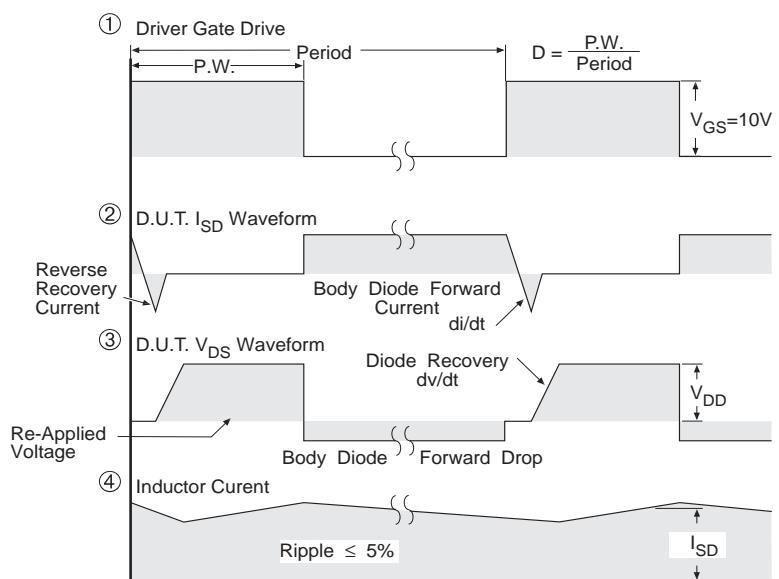
**Fig 23.** Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient

## Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit



\* Reverse Polarity for P-Channel

\*\* Use P-Channel Driver for P-Channel Measurements



\*\*\*  $V_{GS} = 5.0V$  for Logic Level and 3V Drive Devices

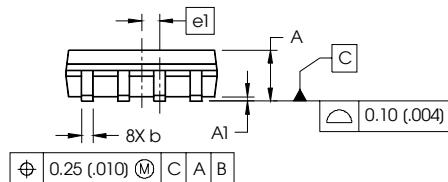
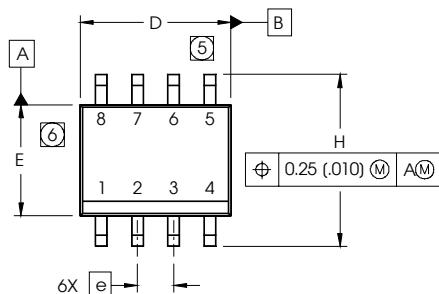
**Fig 24.** For N and P Channel HEXFETS

# IRF7309QPbF

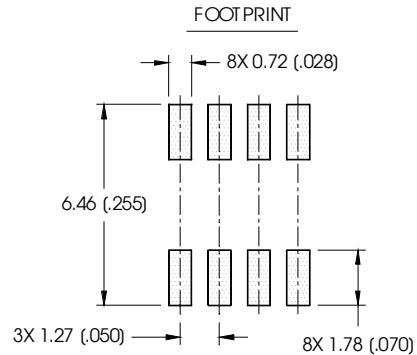
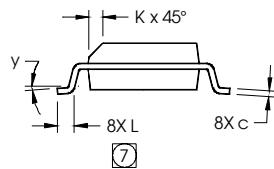
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## SO-8 Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)

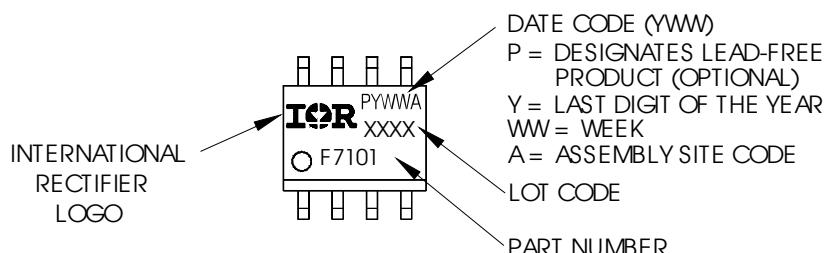


DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	.0532	.0688	1.35	1.75
A1	.0040	.0098	0.10	0.25
b	.013	.020	0.33	0.51
c	.0075	.0098	0.19	0.25
D	.189	.1968	4.80	5.00
E	.1497	.1574	3.80	4.00
e	.050	BASIC	1.27	BASIC
e1	.025	BASIC	0.635	BASIC
H	.2284	.2440	5.80	6.20
K	.0099	.0196	0.25	0.50
L	.016	.050	0.40	1.27
y	0°	8°	0°	8°



## SO-8 Part Marking

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF7101 (MOSFET)



### Notes:

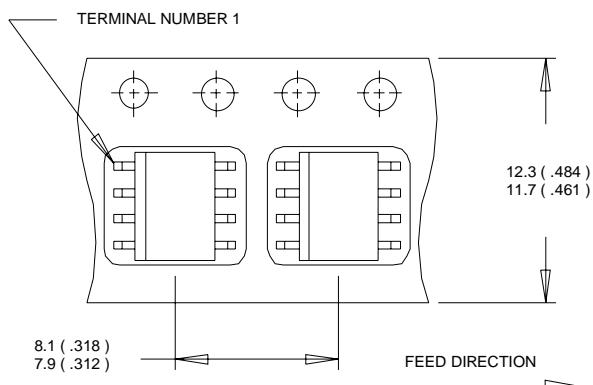
1. For an Automotive Qualified version of this part please see <http://www.irf.com/product-info/auto/>
2. For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

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**IR** Rectifier

**IRF7309QPbF**

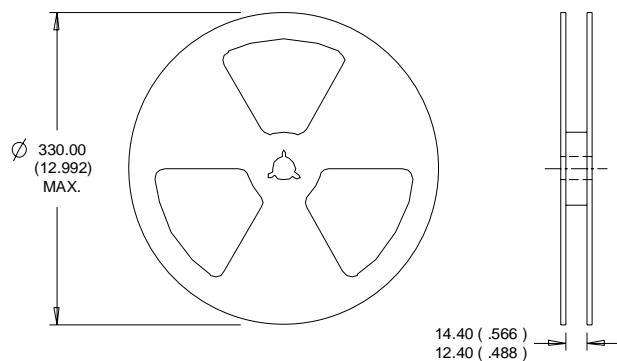
## SO-8 Tape and Reel

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



NOTES:

1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION : MILLIMETER.
2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS(INCHES).
3. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481 & EIA-541.



NOTES :

1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION : MILLIMETER.
2. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481 & EIA-541.

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.  
This product has been designed and qualified for the Industrial market.  
Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.

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**IR WORLD HEADQUARTERS:** 233 Kansas St., El Segundo, California 90245, USA Tel: (310) 252-7105

TAC Fax: (310) 252-7903

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