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SLVSC35B - AUGUST 2013 - REVISED JUNE 2015

TLV702-Q1 300-mA, Low-I_Q, Low-Dropout Regulator

Technical

Documents

1 Features

- Qualified for Automotive Applications
- AEC-Q100 Qualified with the Following Results:
 - Device Temperature Grade 1: –40°C to 125°C Ambient Operating Temperature Range
 - Device HBM ESD Classification Level H2
 - Device CDM ESD Classification Level C4B
- · Very Low Dropout:
 - 37 mV at I_{OUT} = 50 mA, V_{OUT} = 2.8 V
 - 75 mV at I_{OUT} = 100 mA, V_{OUT} = 2.8 V
 - 220 mV at I_{OUT} = 300 mA, V_{OUT} = 2.8 V
- 2% Accuracy Over Temperature
- Low I_Q: 35 μA
- Fixed-Output Voltage Combinations Possible from 1.2 V to 4.8 V
- High PSRR: 68 dB at 1 kHz
- Stable with Effective Capacitance of 0.1 µF⁽¹⁾
- Thermal Shutdown and Overcurrent Protection
- Packages: 5-Pin SOT and 1.5-mm × 1.5-mm, 6-Pin WSON
- ⁽¹⁾ See the *Input and Output Capacitor Requirements* in the Application Information section.

2 Applications

- Automotive Camera Modules
- Image Sensor Power
- Microprocessor Rails
- Automotive Infotainment Head Units
- Automotive Body Electronics

3 Description

Tools &

Software

The TLV702-Q1 series of low-dropout (LDO) linear regulators are low quiescent current devices with excellent line and load transient performance. These LDOs are designed for power-sensitive applications.

Support &

Community

<u>....</u>

A precision bandgap and an error amplifier provide overall 2% accuracy. Low output noise, very high power-supply rejection ratio (PSRR), and low-dropout voltage make this series of devices ideal for a wide selection of battery-operated equipment. All device versions have thermal shutdown and current limit protections for safety.

Furthermore, these devices are stable with an effective output capacitance of only 0.1 μ F. This feature enables the use of cost-effective capacitors that have higher bias voltages and temperature derating. The devices regulate to specified accuracy with no output load.

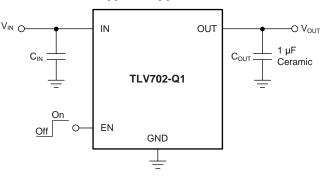
The TLV702-Q1 series of LDO linear regulators is available in SOT and WSON packages.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TLV702-Q1	SOT (5)	2.90 mm × 1.60 mm
1LV/02-Q1	WSON (6)	1.50 mm × 1.50 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the package option addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Typical Application



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4 Revision History

Changes from Revision A (August 2013) to Revision B

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

•	Added DSE (6-Pin WSON) package to data sheet 1
•	Added Device Information, ESD Ratings, and Recommended Operating Conditions tables, and Detailed Description, Application and Implementation, Power Supply Recommendations, Layout, Device and Documentation Support, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information sections to data sheet
•	Deleted all references to P version of device throughout data sheet 1
•	Added "Over Temperature" to 2% accuracy Features bullet 1
•	Changed DDC package name from TSOT23 to SOT throughout data sheet 1
•	Changed Applications bullets 1
•	Changed Description section text 1
•	Changed ceramic capacitor units on <i>Typical Application</i> circuit from mF to µF (typo)1
•	Changed "free-air temperature" to "junction temperature" in Absolute Maximum Ratings condition statement
•	Added T _J to T _A condition in <i>Electrical Characteristics</i> condition statement
•	Changed T _A to T _J for typical values in <i>Electrcial Characteristics</i> condition statement

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ISTRUMENTS

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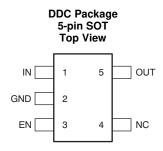
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5 Pin Configuration and Functions



DSE Package 6-Pin WSON Top View					
IN	1]	6	EN		
GND	2	5	N/C		
OUT	3	4	N/C		

Pin Functions

PIN		PIN		PIN		
NAME	DDC (SOT)	DSE (WSON)	I/O	DESCRIPTION		
IN	1	1	I	Input pin. A small, 1-µF ceramic capacitor is recommended from this pin to ground to assure stability and good transient performance. See <i>Input and Output Capacitor Requirements</i> in the <i>Application Information</i> section for more details.		
GND	2	2	_	Ground pin		
EN	3	6	Ι	Enable pin. Driving EN over 0.9 V turns on the regulator. Driving EN below 0.4 V puts the regulator into shutdown mode and reduces operating current to 1 μ A, nominal.		
NC	4	4, 5	_	No connection. Tie this pin to ground to improve thermal dissipation.		
OUT	5	5	0	Regulated output voltage pin. A small, $1-\mu F$ ceramic capacitor is needed from this pin to ground for stability. See <i>Input and Output Capacitor Requirements</i> in the <i>Application Information</i> section for more details.		

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating junction temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
	IN	-0.3	6	V
Voltage ⁽²⁾	EN	-0.3	6	V
	OUT	-0.3	6	V
Current (source)	OUT	Internal	y limited	А
Output short-circuit duration			Indefinite	
Townson	Operating virtual junction, T _J	-55	150	°C
Temperature	Storage, T _{stg}	-55	150	٥C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) All voltages are with respect to network ground terminal.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
		Human-body model (HBM), per AEC Q100-002 ⁽¹⁾	±2000	M
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per AEC Q100-011	±750	v

(1) AEC Q100-002 indicates that HBM stressing shall be in accordance with the ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 specification.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	MIN	NOM MAX	UNIT
V _{IN}	2	5.5	V
V _{OUT}	1.2	4.8	V
lout	0	300	mA
Ambient temperature, T _A	-40	125	°C
Operating virtual junction temperature, T _J	-40	125	°C

6.4 Thermal Information

		TLV7	TLV702-Q1		
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	DDC (SOT)	DSE (WSON)	UNIT	
		5 PINS	6 PINS		
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	262.8	321.3		
R _{0JC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	68.2	207.9		
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	81.6	281.5	°C/W	
Ψ _{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	1.1	42.4	C/ W	
Ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	80.9	284.8		
R _{0JC(bot)}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	N/A	142.3		

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

6.5 Electrical Characteristics

At $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(nom)} + 0.5$ V or 2 V (whichever is greater); $I_{OUT} = 10$ mA, $V_{EN} = 0.9$ V, $C_{OUT} = 1$ µF, and T_J , $T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to +125°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_J = 25^{\circ}$ C.

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
	DC output accuracy		-2%	0.5%	2%	
$\Delta V_{O(\Delta VI)}$	Line regulation	$\label{eq:VOUT(nom)} \begin{array}{l} V_{OUT(nom)} + 0.5 \ V \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5 \ V, \\ I_{OUT} = 10 \ mA \end{array}$		1	5	mV
$\Delta V_{O(\Delta IO)}$	Load regulation	0 mA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤ 300 mA		1	15	mV
V _{DO}	Dropout voltage ⁽¹⁾	$V_{IN} = 0.98 \times V_{OUT(nom)}, I_{OUT} = 300 \text{ mA}$		260	375	mV
I _{CL}	Output current limit	$V_{OUT} = 0.9 \times V_{OUT(nom)}$	320	500	860	mA
		I _{OUT} = 0 mA		35	55	μA
IGND	Ground pin current	$I_{OUT} = 300 \text{ mA}, V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.5 \text{ V}$		370		μA
I _{SHDN} Ground		$V_{EN} \le 0.4 \text{ V}, V_{IN} = 2 \text{ V}$		400		nA
	Ground pin current (shutdown)	$V_{EN} \le 0.4 \text{ V}, 2 \text{ V} \le V_{IN} \le 4.5 \text{ V}$		1	2.5	μA
PSRR	Power-supply rejection ratio	$V_{IN} = 2.3 V, V_{OUT} = 1.8 V,$ $I_{OUT} = 10 mA, f = 1 kHz$		68		dB
V _n	Output noise voltage	$\begin{array}{l} BW = 100 \; \text{Hz to } 100 \; \text{kHz}, \\ V_{\text{IN}} = 2.3 \; \text{V}, \; V_{\text{OUT}} = 1.8 \; \text{V}, \; I_{\text{OUT}} = 10 \; \text{mA} \end{array}$		48		μV_{RMS}
t _{STR}	Start-up time ⁽²⁾	$C_{OUT} = 1 \ \mu F$, $I_{OUT} = 300 \ mA$		100		μs
V _{EN(high)}	Enable pin high (enabled)		0.9		V _{IN}	V
V _{EN(low)}	Enable pin low (disabled)		0		0.4	V
I _{EN}	Enable pin current	$V_{IN} = V_{EN} = 5.5 V$		0.04		μA
UVLO	Undervoltage lockout	V _{IN} rising		1.9		V
-		Shutdown, temperature increasing		165		°C
T _{sd}	Thermal shutdown temperature	Reset, temperature decreasing		145		°C

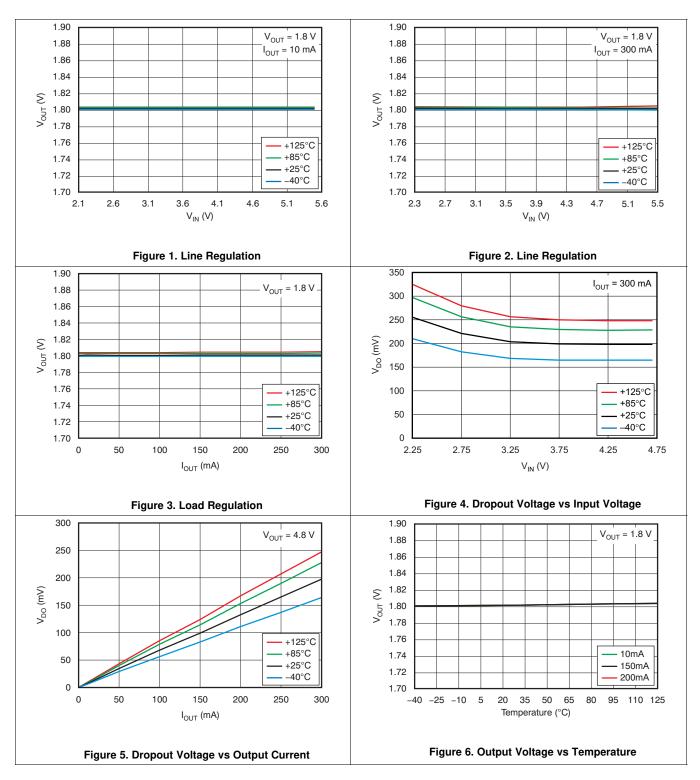
 $\begin{array}{l} V_{DO} \text{ is measured for devices with } V_{OUT(nom)} \geq 2.35 \text{ V}. \\ \text{Start-up time} = \text{time from EN assertion to } 0.98 \times V_{OUT(nom)}. \end{array}$ (1)

(2)

STRUMENTS

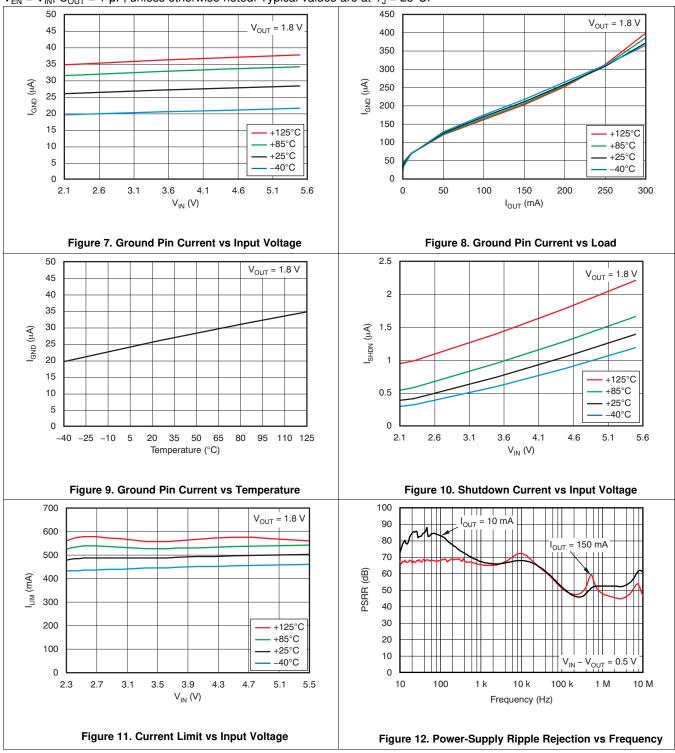
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6.6 Typical Characteristics





Typical Characteristics (continued)

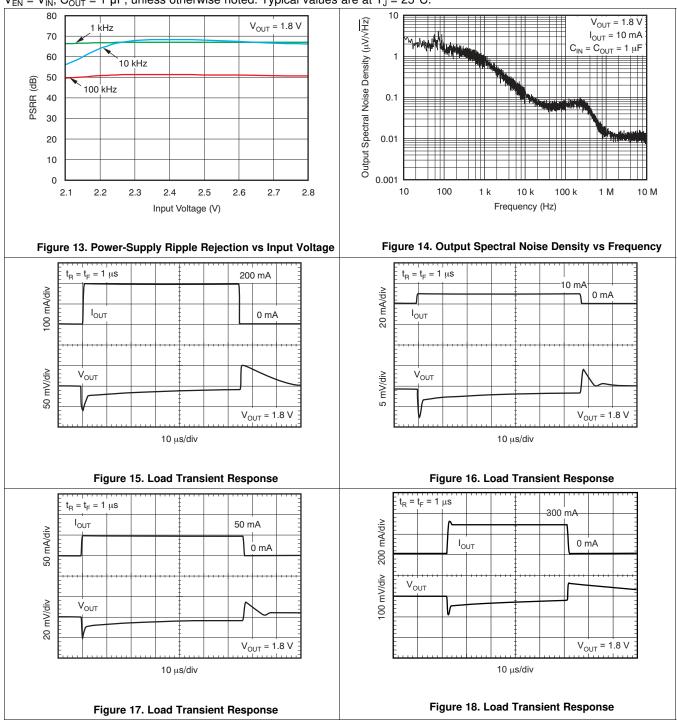




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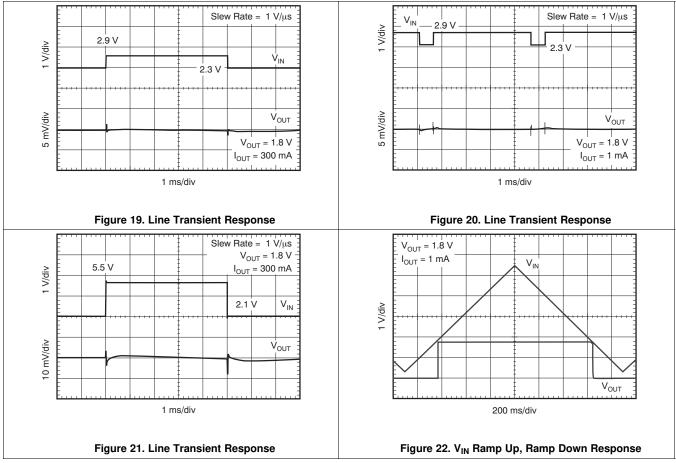
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Typical Characteristics (continued)





Typical Characteristics (continued)





7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

The TLV702-Q1 series of low-dropout (LDO) linear regulators are low quiescent current devices with excellent line and load transient performance. These LDOs are designed for power-sensitive applications. A precision bandgap and error amplifier provides overall 2% accuracy. Low output noise, very high power-supply rejection ratio (PSRR), and low dropout voltage make this series of devices ideal for most battery-operated handheld equipment. All device versions have integrated thermal shutdown, current limit, and undervoltage lockout (UVLO) protections.

7.2 Functional Block Diagrams

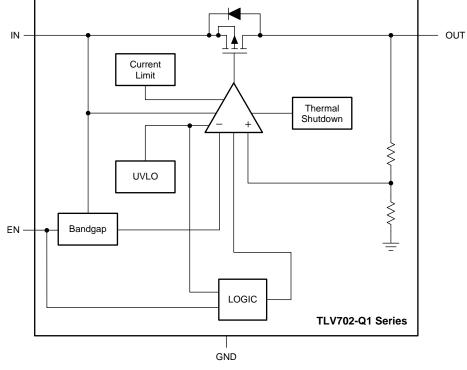


Figure 23. TLV702-Q1 Block Diagram

7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 Internal Current Limit

The TLV702-Q1 internal current limit protection helps to protect the regulator during fault conditions. During current limit operation, the output sources a fixed amount of current that is largely independent of the output voltage. In such a case, the output voltage is not regulated, and is $V_{OUT} = I_{CL} \times R_{LOAD}$. The PMOS pass transistor dissipates ($V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$) × I_{CL} until thermal shutdown is triggered and the device turns off. As the device cools, the device is turned on by the internal thermal shutdown circuit. If the fault condition continues, the device cycles between current limit operation and thermal shutdown. See *Thermal Consideration* for more details.

The PMOS pass element in the TLV702-Q1 has a built-in body diode that conducts current when the voltage at the OUT pin exceeds the voltage at IN. This current is not limited; if extended reverse-voltage operation is anticipated, externally limit the output current to 5% of the rated I_{OUT} specification.



Feature Description (continued)

7.3.2 Shutdown

The enable pin (EN) is active high. The device is enabled when voltage at EN pin exceeds 0.9 V. The device is turned off when the EN pin is held at less than 0.4 V. When shutdown capability is not required, connect the EN pin to the IN pin.

7.3.3 Dropout Voltage

The TLV702-Q1 uses a PMOS pass transistor to achieve low dropout. When $(V_{IN} - V_{OUT})$ is less than the dropout voltage (V_{DO}) , the PMOS pass device is in the linear (triode) region of operation. The input-to-output resistance is equal to the drain-source on-state resistance $(R_{DS(on)})$ of the PMOS pass element. V_{DO} scales approximately with output current because the PMOS device behaves as a resistor in dropout.

As with any linear regulator, PSRR and transient response are degraded as $(V_{IN} - V_{OUT})$ approaches dropout. This effect is shown in Figure 13.

7.3.4 Undervoltage Lockout

The TLV702-Q1 uses a UVLO circuit to keep the output shut off until internal circuitry is operating properly.

7.4 Device Functional Modes

7.4.1 Normal Operation

The device regulates to the nominal output voltage under the following conditions:

- The input voltage is greater than the nominal output voltage added to the dropout voltage.
- The output current is less than the current limit.
- The input voltage is greater than the UVLO voltage.

7.4.2 Dropout Operation

If the input voltage is less than the nominal output voltage plus the specified dropout voltage, but all other conditions are met for normal operation, the device operates in dropout mode. In this condition, the output voltage is the same as the input voltage minus the dropout voltage. The transient performance of the device is significantly degraded because the pass device is in a triode state and no longer regulates the output voltage of the LDO. Line or load transients in dropout may result in large output voltage deviations.

Table 1 lists the conditions that lead to the different modes of operation.

	PARAMETER	
OPERATING MODE	V _{IN}	Ι _{ουτ}
Normal mode	$V_{IN} > V_{OUT(nom)} + V_{DO}$	I _{OUT} < I _{CL}
Dropout mode	$V_{IN} < V_{OUT(nom)} + V_{DO}$	$I_{OUT} < I_{CL}$
Current limit	V _{IN} > UVLO	I _{OUT} > I _{CL}

Table 1. Device Functional Mode Comparison

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8 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

The TLV702-Q1 belongs to a new family of next-generation value LDO regulators. These devices consume low quiescent current and deliver excellent line and load transient performance. These characteristics, combined with low noise and very good PSRR with little ($V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$) headroom, make this family of devices ideal for portable RF applications. This family of regulators offers current limit and thermal protection, and is specified from -40°C to +125°C.

8.2 Typical Application

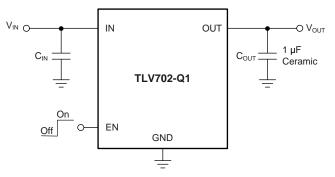


Figure 24. Typical Application Circuit

8.2.1 Design Requirements

Table 2 lists the design parameters.

PARAMETER	DESIGN REQUIREMENT
Input voltage	2.5 V to 3.3 V
Output voltage	1.8 V
Output current	100 mA

Table 2. Design Parameters



8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

8.2.2.1 Input and Output Capacitor Requirements

1-µF X5R- and X7R-type ceramic capacitors are recommended because these capacitors have minimal variation in value and equivalent series resistance (ESR) over temperature.

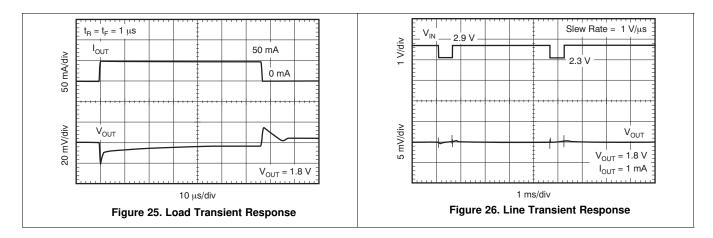
However, the TLV702-Q1 is designed to be stable with an *effective capacitance* of 0.1 μ F or larger at the output. Thus, the device is stable with capacitors of other dielectric types as well, as long as the effective capacitance under operating bias voltage and temperature is greater than 0.1 μ F. This effective capacitance refers to the capacitance that the LDO sees under operating bias voltage and temperature derating into consideration. In addition to allowing the use of lower-cost dielectrics, this capability of being stable with 0.1- μ F effective capacitance also enables the use of smaller footprint capacitors that have higher derating in size- and space-constrained applications.

Using a 0.1- μ F rated capacitor at the output of the LDO does not ensure stability because the effective capacitance under the specified operating conditions must not be less than 0.1 μ F. Maximum ESR should be less than 200 m Ω .

Although an input capacitor is not required for stability, it is good analog design practice to connect a $0.1-\mu$ F to $1-\mu$ F, low ESR capacitor across the IN pin and GND pin of the regulator. This capacitor counteracts reactive input sources and improves transient response, noise rejection, and ripple rejection. A higher-value capacitor may be necessary if large, fast rise-time load transients are anticipated, or if the device is not located close to the power source. If source impedance is more than 2 Ω , a $0.1-\mu$ F input capacitor may be necessary for stability.

8.2.2.2 Transient Response

As with any regulator, increasing the size of the output capacitor reduces overshoot and undershoot magnitude, but increases the duration of the transient response.



8.2.3 Application Curves

9 Power Supply Recommendations

Connect a low output impedance power supply directly to the IN pin of the TLV702-Q1. Inductive impedances between the input supply and the IN pin can create significant voltage excursions at the IN pin during start-up or load transient events.

9.1 Power Dissipation

The ability to remove heat from the die is different for each package type, presenting different considerations in the printed-circuit-board (PCB) layout. The PCB area around the device that is free of other components moves the heat from the device to the ambient air.

Refer to *Thermal Information* for thermal performance on the TLV702-Q1 evaluation module (EVM). The EVM is a two-layer board with two ounces of copper per side.

Power dissipation depends on input voltage and load conditions. Power dissipation (P_D) is equal to the product of the output current and the voltage drop across the output pass element, as shown in Equation 1.

$$\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{D}} = (\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{IN}} - \mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{OUT}}) \times \mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{OUT}} \tag{1}$$

10 Layout

10.1 Layout Guidelines

Place the input and output capacitors as close to the device pins as possible. To improve ac performance such as PSRR, output noise, and transient response, design the board with separate ground planes for V_{IN} and V_{OUT} , with the ground plane connected only at the GND pin of the device. In addition, connect the ground connection for the output capacitor directly to the GND pin of the device. High-ESR capacitors may degrade PSRR performance.

10.1.1 Thermal Consideration

Thermal protection disables the output when the junction temperature rises to approximately 165°C, allowing the device to cool. When the junction temperature cools to approximately 145°C, the output circuitry is again enabled. Depending on power dissipation, thermal resistance, and ambient temperature, the thermal protection circuit may cycle on and off. This cycling limits the dissipation of the regulator, protecting it from damage as a result of overheating.

Any tendency to activate the thermal protection circuit indicates excessive power dissipation or an inadequate heatsink. For reliable operation, limit junction temperature to 125°C maximum.

To estimate the margin of safety in a complete design (including heatsink), increase the ambient temperature until the thermal protection is triggered; use worst-case loads and signal conditions.

The internal protection circuitry of the TLV702-Q1 is designed to protect against overload conditions but is not intended to replace proper heatsinking. Continuously running the TLV702-Q1 into thermal shutdown degrades device reliability.

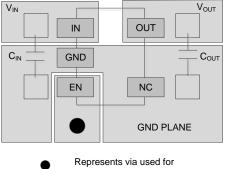


Layout Guidelines (continued)

10.1.2 Package Mounting

Solder pad footprint recommendations for the TLV702-Q1 are available from the TI website at www.ti.com. The recommended layout examples for the DDC and DSE packages are shown in Figure 27 and Figure 28, respectively.

10.2 Layout Examples



application specific connections



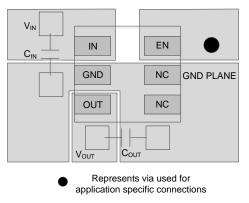


Figure 28. Layout Example for the DSE Package



11 Device and Documentation Support

11.1 Device Support

11.1.1 Development Support

11.1.1.1 Spice Models

Computer simulation of circuit performance using SPICE is often useful when analyzing the performance of analog circuits and systems. A SPICE model for the TLV702 is available through the product folders under *Tools & Software*.

11.1.2 Device Nomenclature

Table 3. Ordering Information⁽¹⁾

PRODUCT	V _{OUT} ⁽²⁾
	 XX is nominal output voltage (for example, 28 = 2.8 V). YYY is the package designator. Z is tape and reel quantity (R = 3000, T = 250).

(1) For the most current package and ordering information see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or visit the device product folder at www.ti.com.

(2) Output voltages from 1.2 V to 4.8 V in 50-mV increments are available. Contact factory for details and availability.

11.2 Documentation Support

11.2.1 Related Documentation

Using the TLV700xxEVM-503 Evaluation Module, SLUU391.

11.3 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

TI E2E[™] Online Community *TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community.* Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

11.4 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

11.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

11.6 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.



12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.



23-Oct-2015

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	•	Pins	Package	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	(6)	(3)		(4/5)	
TLV70225QDSERQ1	ACTIVE	WSON	DSE	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	G7	Samples
TLV70228QDDCRQ1	ACTIVE	SOT	DDC	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	SJV	Samples
TLV70228QDSERQ1	ACTIVE	WSON	DSE	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	HD	Samples

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

⁽⁴⁾ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

⁽⁵⁾ Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

⁽⁶⁾ Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TLV702-Q1 :

Catalog: TLV702

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

• Catalog - TI's standard catalog product

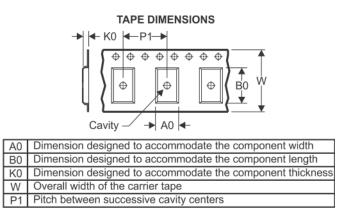
PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal												
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TLV70225QDSERQ1	WSON	DSE	6	3000	179.0	8.4	1.8	1.8	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2
TLV70228QDDCRQ1	SOT	DDC	5	3000	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV70228QDSERQ1	WSON	DSE	6	3000	179.0	8.4	1.8	1.8	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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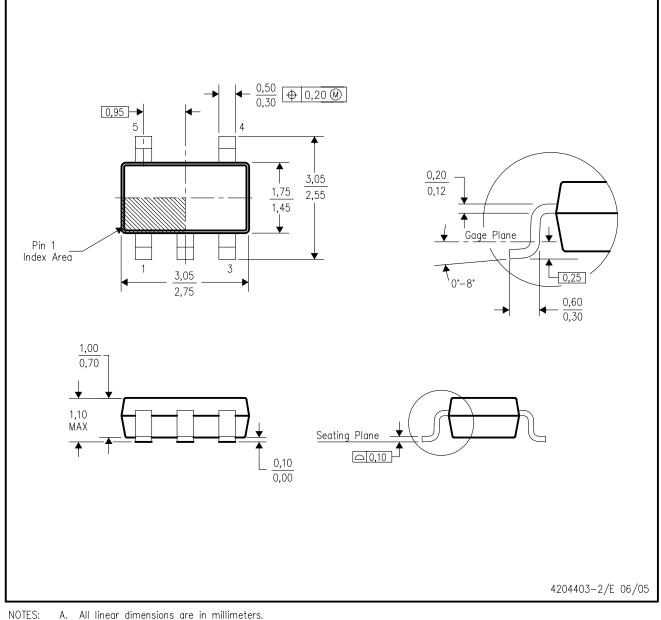


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TLV70225QDSERQ1	WSON	DSE	6	3000	203.0	203.0	35.0
TLV70228QDDCRQ1	SOT	DDC	5	3000	195.0	200.0	45.0
TLV70228QDSERQ1	WSON	DSE	6	3000	203.0	203.0	35.0

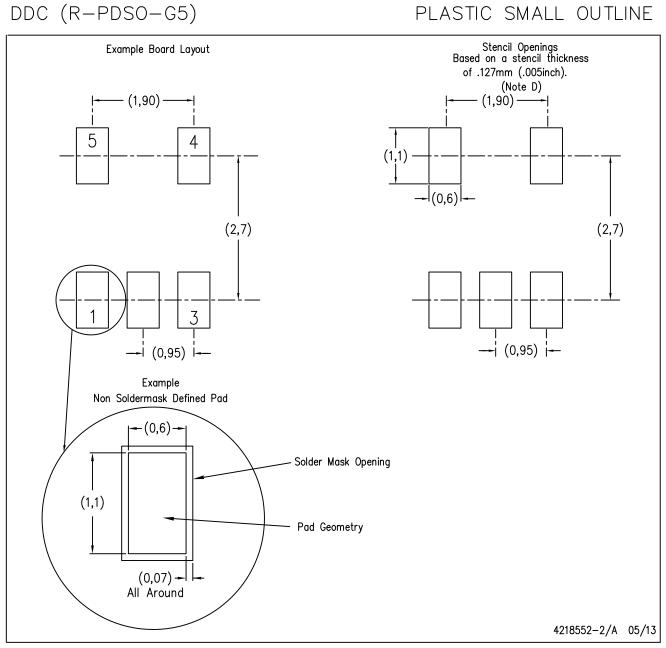
DDC (R-PDSO-G5)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE



- A. All linear almensions are in minimeters.B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion.
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-193 variation AB (5 pin).



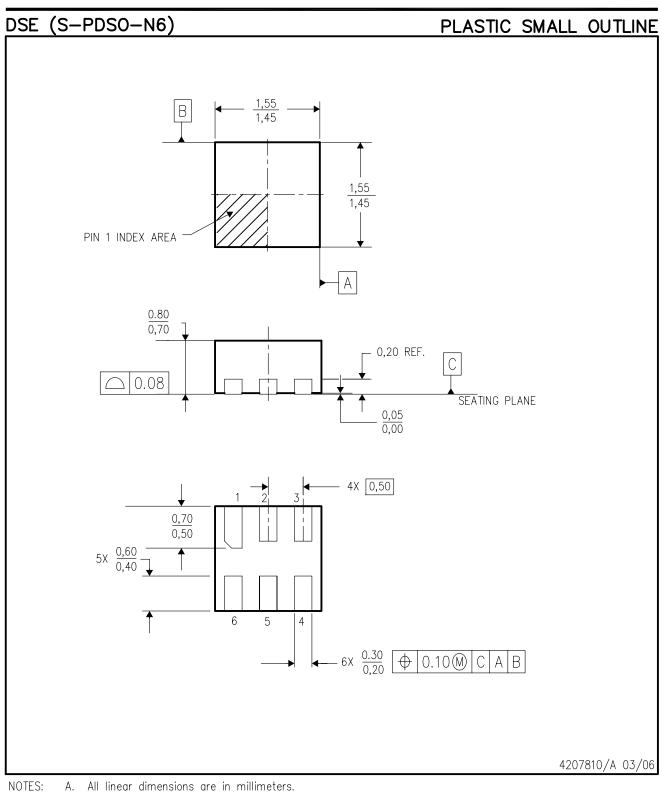


NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.



MECHANICAL DATA



- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Small Outline No-Lead (SON) package configuration.
 - D. This package is lead-free.



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