

PQ1CY1032ZxH

To-263 Surface Mount Type
Chopper Regulator

■ Features

1. Maximum switching current: 3.5A
2. Built-in ON/OFF control function
3. Built-in soft start function to suppress overshoot of output voltage in power on sequence or ON/OFF control sequence
4. Built-in oscillation circuit (Oscillation frequency: TYP. 150kHz)
5. Built-in overheat protection function, overcurrent shut-down function
6. TO-263 package
7. **PQ1CY1032ZZH**: Sleeve-packaged product
PQ1CY1032ZPH: Tape-packaged product
8. Variable output voltage
(Output variable range: V_{ref} to $35V - V_{ref}$ to $-30V$)
[Possible to select step-down output/inverting output according to external connection circuit]
9. RoHS directive compliant

■ Applications

1. LCD monitors
2. Car navigation systems
3. Switching power supplies

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
*1 Input voltage	V_{IN}	40	V
Error input voltage	V_{ADJ}	7	V
Input - output voltage	V_{I-O}	41	V
*2 Output - COM voltage	V_{OUT}	-1	V
*3 V_{soft} terminal voltage	V_{soft}	-0.3 to +40	V
Switching current	I_{SW}	3.5	A
*4 Power dissipation	P_D	35	W
*5 Junction temperature	T_j	150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operating temperature	T_{opr}	-20 to +85	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-40 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering temperature	T_{sol}	260(10s)	$^\circ\text{C}$

*1 Voltage between V_{IN} terminal and COM terminal

*2 Voltage between V_{OUT} terminal and COM terminal

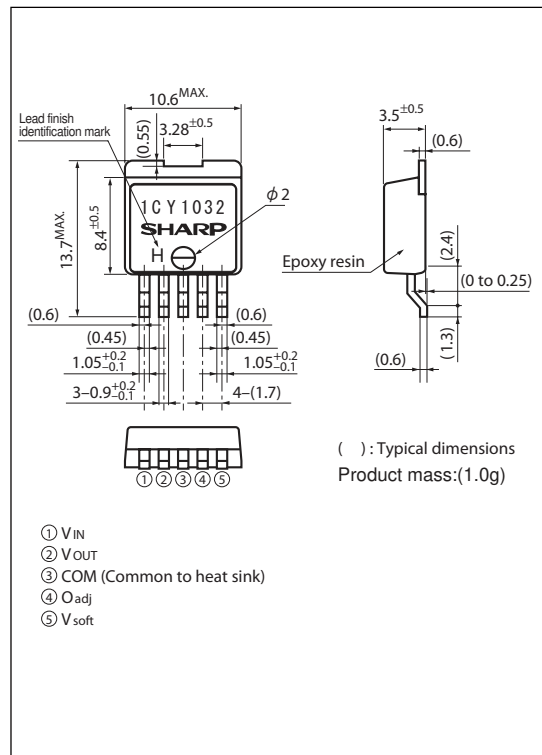
*3 Voltage between V_{SOFT} terminal and COM terminal

*4 P_D : With infinite heat sink

*5 There is case that over heat protection function operates at the temperature $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$ to 150°C , so this item cannot be used in this temperature range.

■ Outline Dimensions

(Unit:mm)



Lead finish: Lead-free solder plating
(Composition: Sn2Cu)

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■ Electrical Characteristics

(Unless otherwise specified, condition shall be $V_{IN}=12V, I_O=0.5A, V_O=5V, V_{soft}$ terminal=0.1 μ F, $T_a=25^\circ C$)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output saturation voltage	V_{SAT}	$I_{SW}=3A$	—	1.4	1.8	V
Reference voltage	V_{ref}	—	1.235	1.26	1.285	V
Reference voltage temperature fluctuation	ΔV_{ref}	$T_j=0$ to $125^\circ C$	—	± 0.5	—	%
Load regulation	$ R_{regL} $	$I_O=0.5$ to $3A$	—	0.2	1.5	%
Line regulation	$ R_{reg} $	$V_{IN}=8$ to $35V$	—	1	2.5	%
Efficiency	η	$I_O=3A$	—	80	—	%
Oscillation frequency	f_o	—	135	150	165	kHz
Oscillation frequency temperature fluctuation	Δf_o	$T_j=0$ to $125^\circ C$	—	± 2	—	%
Overcurrent detecting level	I_L	Switching current peak	3.6	4.2	5.8	A
Charge current	I_{CHG}	②,④ terminals is open,⑤ terminal	—	-10	—	μA
Input threshold voltage	V_{THL}	Duty ratio=0%,④ terminal=0V,⑤ terminal	—	1.3	—	V
	V_{THH}	Duty ratio=100%,④ terminal is open,⑤ terminal	—	2.3	—	V
ON threshold voltage	$V_{TH(ON)}$	④ terminal=0V,⑤ terminal	0.7	0.8	0.9	V
Overcurrent shutdown threshold voltage	V_{THIL}	⑤ terminal	3.8	4.6	5.5	V
Stand-by current	I_{SD}	$V_{IN}=40V,⑤$ terminal=0V	—	140	400	μA
Output OFF-state dissipation current	I_{QS}	$V_{IN}=40V,⑤$ terminal=0.9V	—	8	16	mA

Fig.1 Test Circuit

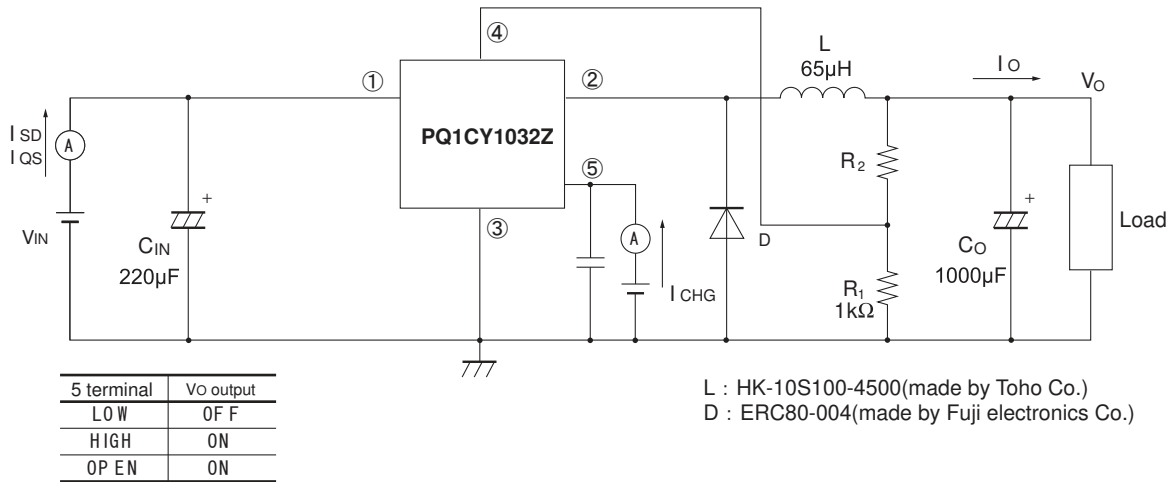
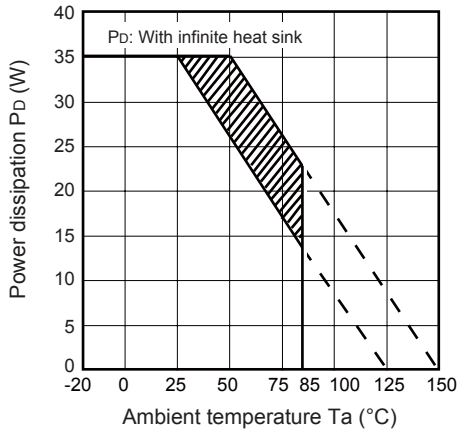


Fig.2 Power Dissipation vs.Ambient Temperature



Note) Oblique line portion:Overheat protection may operate in this area.

Fig.3 Overcurrent Protection Characteristics (Typical Value)

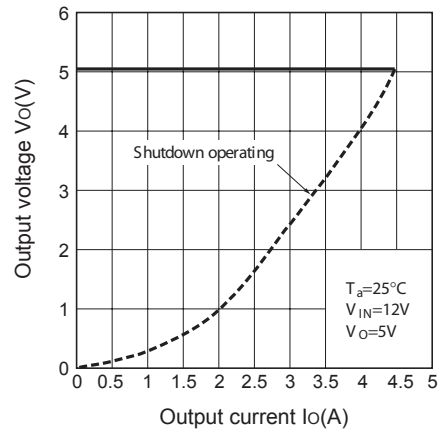


Fig.4 Efficiency vs. Input Voltage

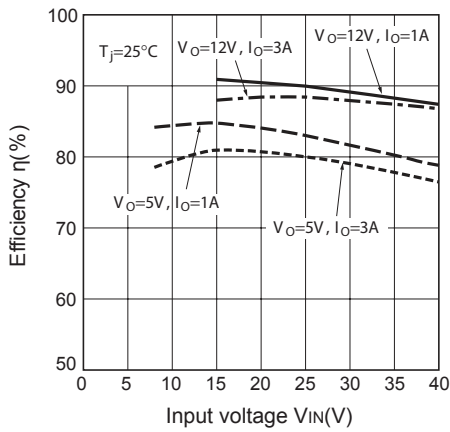


Fig.5 Switching Current vs. Output Saturation Voltage

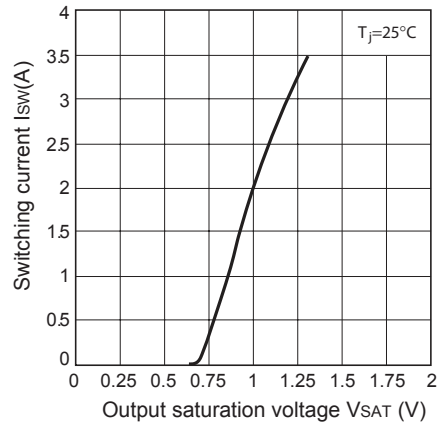


Fig.6 Operating Dissipation Current vs. Input Voltage

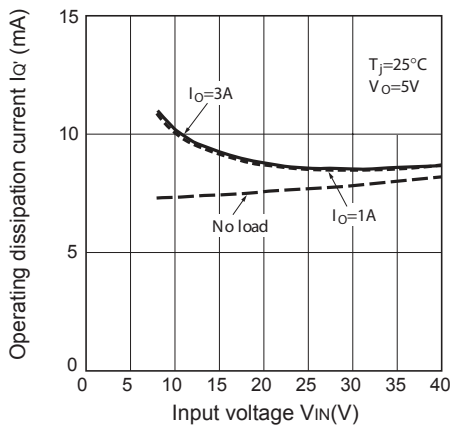


Fig.7 Reference Voltage Fluctuation vs. Junction Temperature

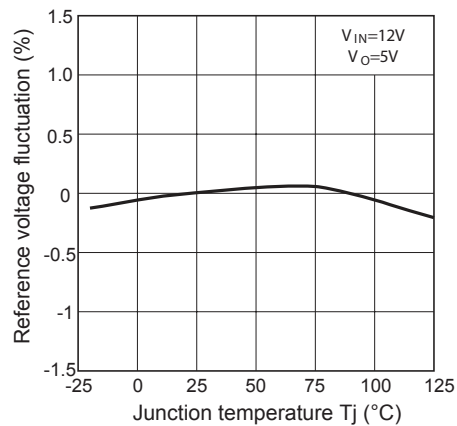


Fig.8 Load Regulation vs. Output Current

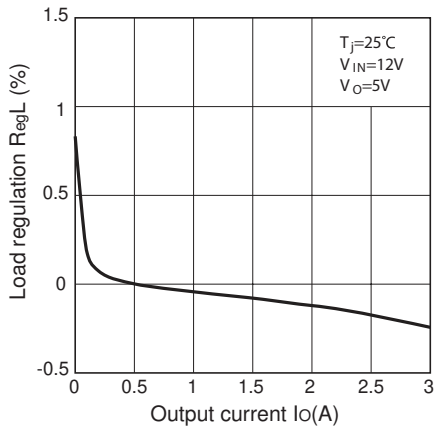


Fig.9 Line Regulation vs. Input Voltage

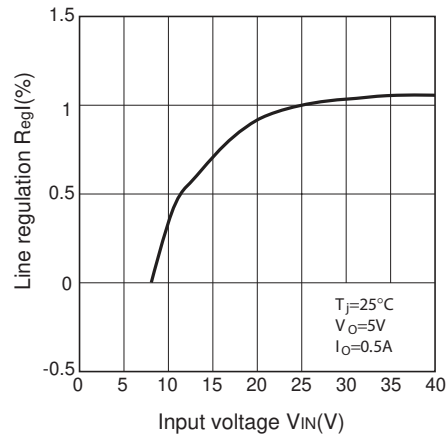


Fig.10 Oscillation Frequency Fluctuation vs. Junction Temperature

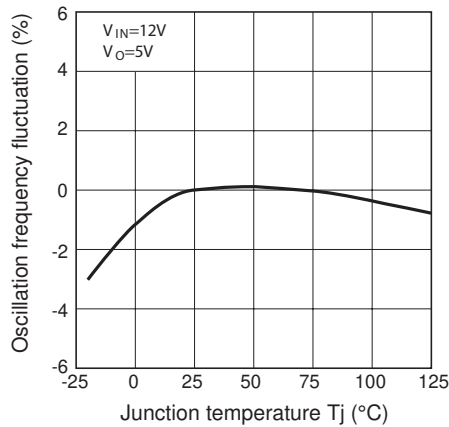


Fig.11 Overcurrent Detecting Level Fluctuation vs. Junction Temperature

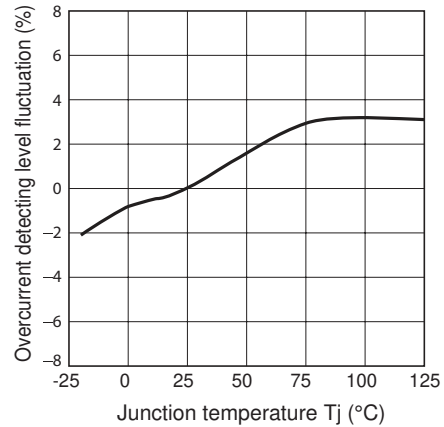


Fig.12 On Threshold Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

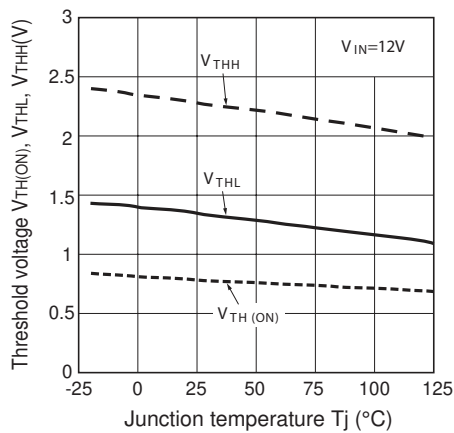


Fig.13 Overcurrent Shutdown Threshold Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

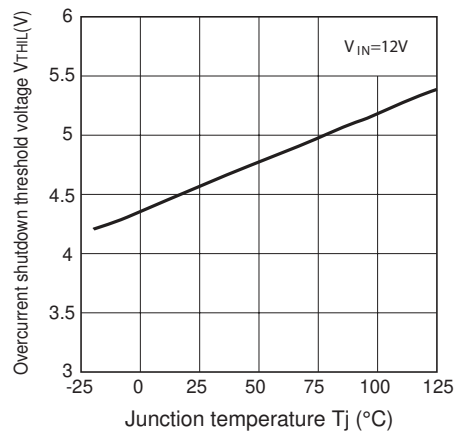


Fig.14 Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature (Typical Value)

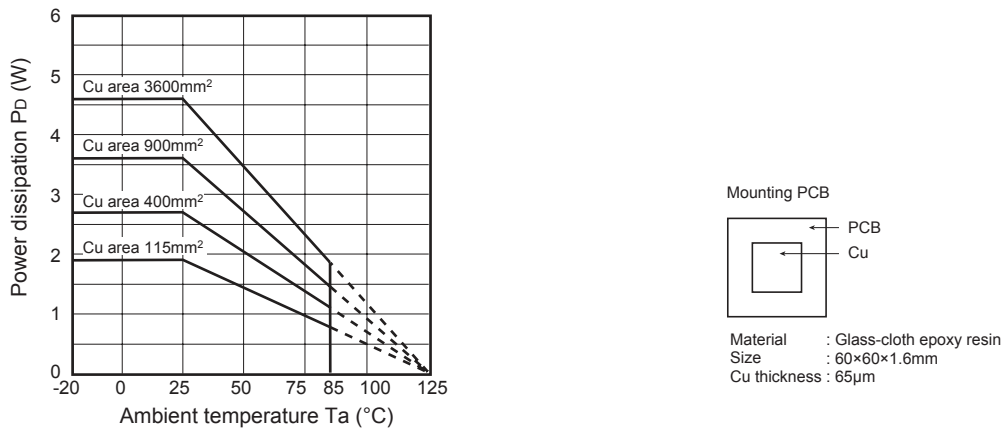


Fig.15 Block Diagram

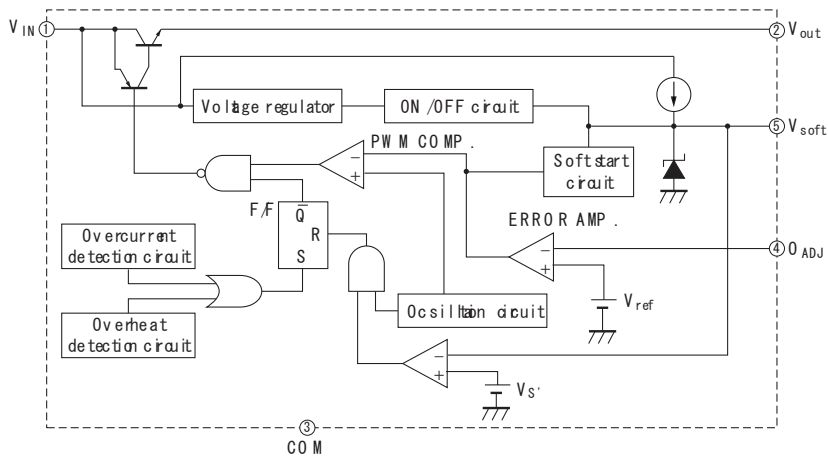


Fig.16 Step Down Type Circuit Diagram

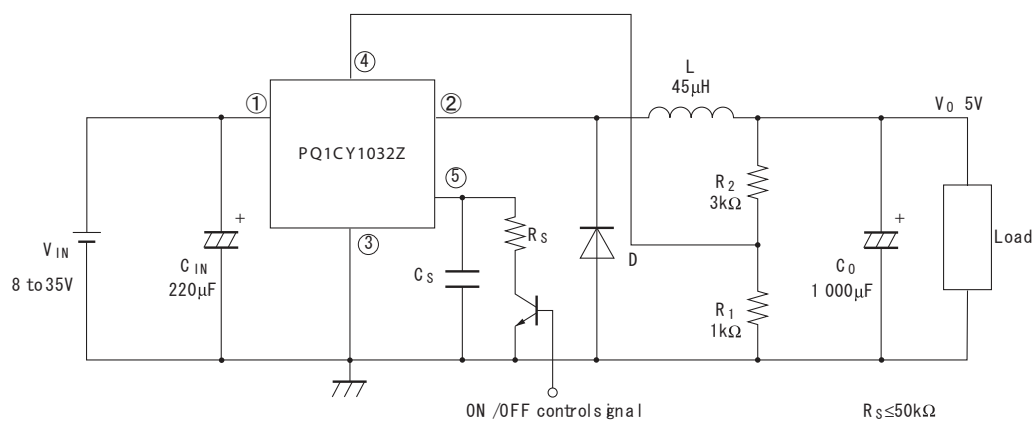
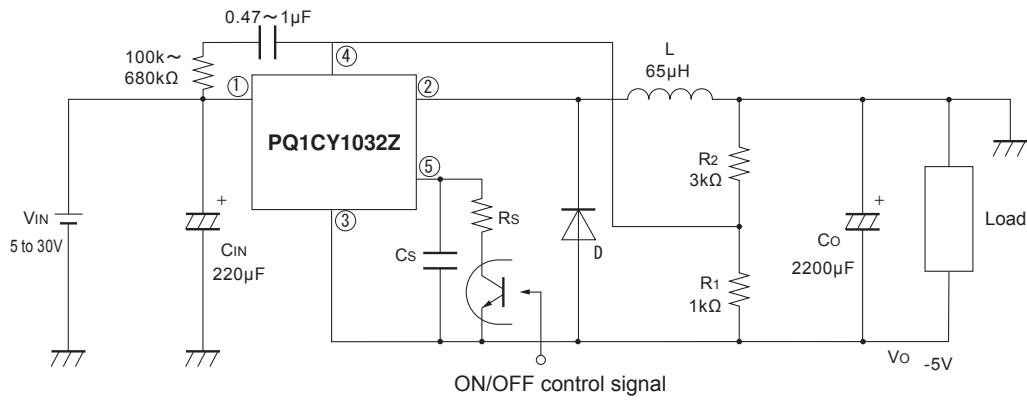


Fig.17 Polarity Inversion Type Circuit Diagram



In case of polarity is reverse, depending on the conditions, there is cases that output voltage can not gain, please use this device after confirming the output voltage at the actual conditions.