

General Description

The AOZ1117 is a low dropout positive adjustable or fixed-mode regulator with minimum of 1A output current capability. The product is specifically designed to provide well-regulated supply for low voltage IC applications such as high-speed bus termination and low current 3.3V logic supply. The AOZ1117 is also well suited for other applications such as VGA cards. The AOZ1117 is guaranteed to have lower than 1.4V dropout at full load current making it ideal to provide well-regulated outputs of 1.25V to 5.0V with 2.75V to 14V input supply.

Features

- 1.4V maximum dropout at full load current
- Fast transient response
- Output current limiting
- Built-in thermal shutdown
- Good noise rejection
- 3-terminal adjustable or fixed 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, 3.3V, or 5.0V
- TO252 package

Applications

- PC peripheral
- Communication



Typical Circuits

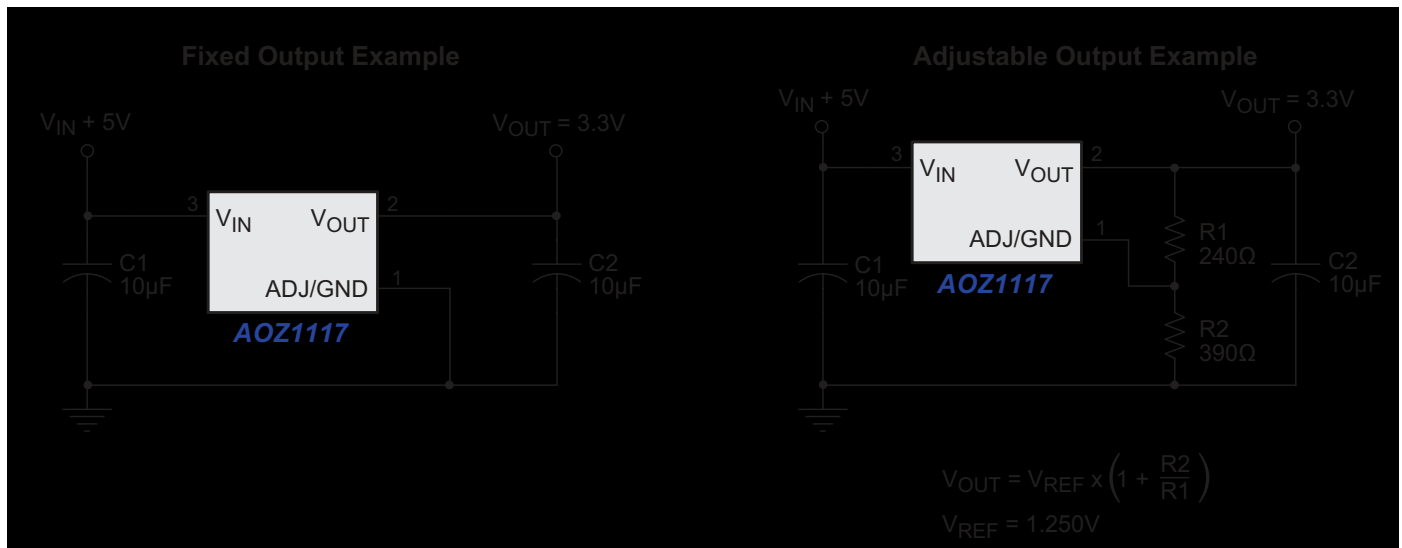


Figure 1.

Ordering Information

Part Number	Output Voltage	Ambient Temperature Range	Package	Environmental
AOZ1117TI-AAL	Adjustable	-40°C to +85°C	TO-252	Green Product
AOZ1117TI-15L	1.5V			
AOZ1117TI-18L	1.8V			
AOZ1117TI-25L	2.5V			
AOZ1117TI-33L	3.3V			
AOZ1117TI-50L	5.0V			

- All AOS products are offered in packages with Pb-free plating and compliant to RoHS standards.
 - Parts marked as Green Products (with “L” suffix) use reduced levels of Halogens, and are also RoHS compliant.
- Please visit www.aosmd.com/web/quality/rohs_compliant.jsp for additional information.

Pin Configuration



Pin Description

Name	I/O	Pin #	Function
Adj (GND)	I	1	A resistor divider from this pin to the Vout pin and ground sets the output voltage. (Ground only for Fixed-Mode)
Vout	O	2	The output of the regulator. A minimum of 10uF capacitor ($0.15\Omega \leq ESR \leq 20\Omega$) must be connected from this pin to ground to insure stability.
Vin	I	3	The input pin of regulator. Typically a large storage capacitor ($0.15\Omega \leq ESR \leq 20\Omega$) is connected from this pin to ground to insure that the input voltage does not sag below the minimum dropout voltage during the load transient response. This pin must always be 1.4V higher than Vout in order for the device to regulate properly.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Exceeding the Absolute Maximum ratings may damage the device.

Parameter	Rating
V _{IN} to GND	-0.3V to +15V
Maximum Junction Temperature (T _J)	150°C
Power Dissipation (P _D), T _A = 25°C, T _J = 125°C, P _D = (T _J - T _A) / θ _{JA} No heat sink; no air flow Multi-layer PCB copper area (10mm x 10mm)	1050mW 1818mW
Storage Temperature (T _S)	-65°C to +150°C
ESD Rating ⁽¹⁾	±TBDkV

Note:

1. Devices are inherently ESD sensitive, handling precautions are required. Human body model rating: 1.5kΩ in series with 100pF.

Recommend Operating Ratings

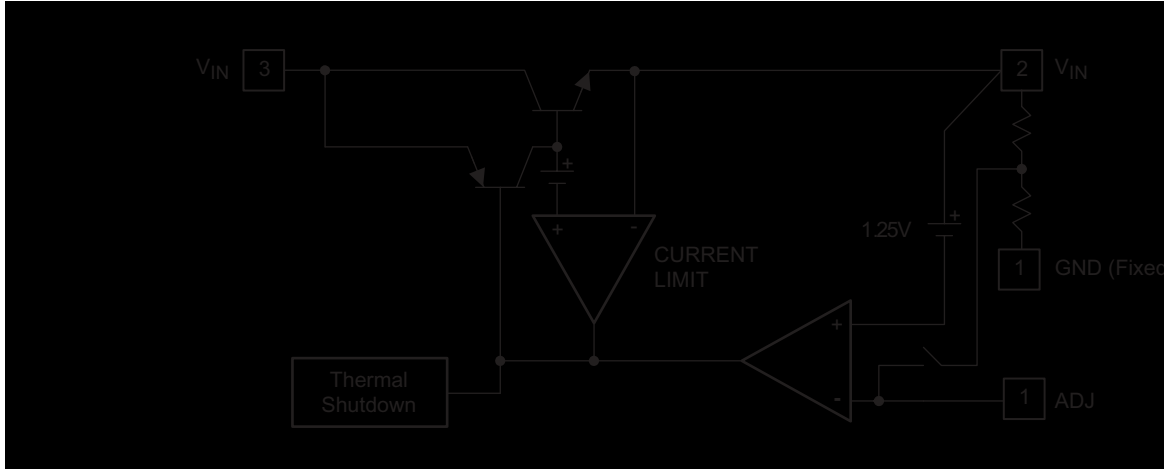
The device is not guaranteed to operate beyond the Maximum Operating Ratings.

Parameter	Rating
Supply Voltage (V _{IN})	2.75V to +14V
Operating Junction Temperature (T _J)	0°C to +125°C
Ambient Temperature (T _A)	-40°C to +85°C
Package Thermal Resistance (θ _{JA}) ⁽²⁾	TBD°C/W

Note:

2. The package θ_{JA} is measured with the device mounted on 1-in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T_A = 25°C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

Block Diagram



Electrical Characteristics

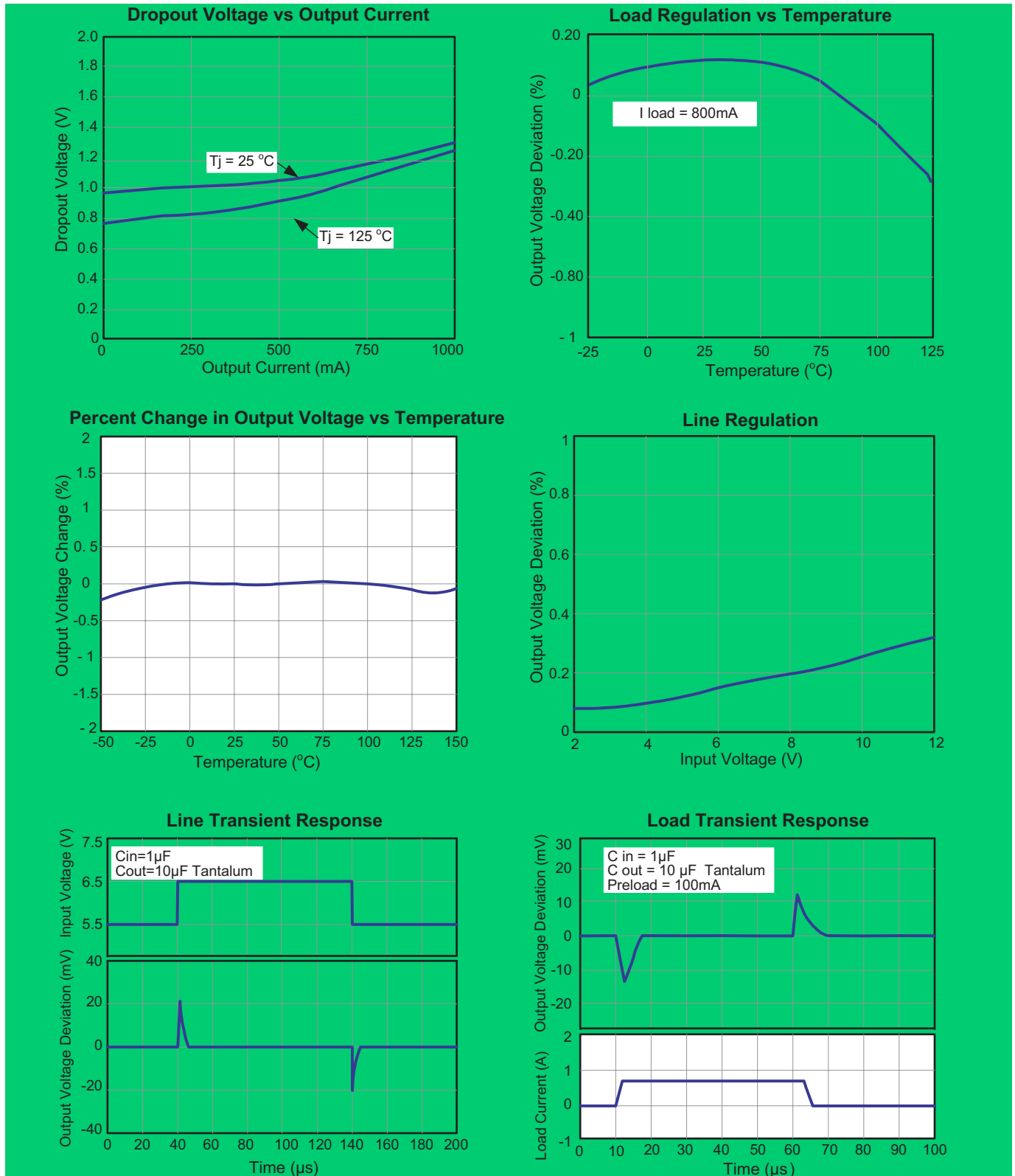
Under Operating Conditions

Parameter	Device	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max	Unit
Operation Input Voltage	All		2.75		14	V
Reference Voltage	AOZ1117-ADJ	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $(V_{IN-OUT}) = 1.5\text{V}$, $I_{OUT} = 10\text{mA}$	1.225	1.250	1.275	V
Output Voltage	AOZ1117-1.5	$I_{OUT} = 10\text{mA}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $3\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 12\text{V}$	1.470	1.500	1.530	V
	AOZ1117-1.8	$I_{OUT} = 10\text{mA}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $3.3\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 12\text{V}$	1.764	1.800	1.836	V
	AOZ1117-2.5	$I_{OUT} = 10\text{mA}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $4\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 12\text{V}$	2.450	2.500	2.550	V
	AOZ1117-3.3	$I_{OUT} = 10\text{mA}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $4.8\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 12\text{V}$	3.235	3.300	3.365	V
	AOZ1117-5.0	$I_{OUT} = 10\text{mA}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $6.5\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 12\text{V}$	4.900	5.000	5.100	V
Line Regulation ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	All	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1.5\text{V} \sim 7\text{V}$, $I_O = 10\text{mA}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.1	0.3	%
		$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1.5\text{V} \sim 12\text{V}$, $I_O = 10\text{mA}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.1	0.5	%
Load Regulation ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	AOZ1117-ADJ	$V_{IN} = 3\text{V}$, $V_{adj} = 0$, $10\text{mA} < I_O < 1\text{A}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$			1	%
	AOZ1117-1.5	$V_{IN} = 3\text{V}$, $10\text{mA} < I_O < 1\text{A}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		12	15	mV
	AOZ1117-1.8	$V_{IN} = 3.3\text{V}$, $10\text{mA} < I_O < 1\text{A}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		15	18	mV
	AOZ1117-2.5	$V_{IN} = 4\text{V}$, $10\text{mA} < I_O < 1\text{A}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		20	25	mV
	AOZ1117-3.3	$V_{IN} = 5\text{V}$, $10\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 1\text{A}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		26	33	mV
	AOZ1117-5.0	$V_{IN} = 6.5\text{V}$, $10\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 1\text{A}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		40	50	mV
Dropout Voltage ($V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$)	All	$I_{OUT} = 1\text{A}$, $\Delta V_{OUT} = 1\% V_{OUT}$		1.3	1.4	V
Current Limit	All	$V_{IN} - V_{OUT} = 3\text{V}$	1.1			A
Minimum Load Current	All	$0^\circ\text{C} \leq T_J \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$		5	10	mA
Ripple Rejection	All	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 3\text{V}$, $f = 120\text{Hz}$, $C_{OUT} = 25\mu\text{F}$ Tantalum		60	70	dB
Temperature Stability	All	$I_O = 10\text{mA}$		0.5		%
Thermal Resistance (θ_{JA})	All	Junction-to-Ambient (No heat sink; no air flow)		92		°C/W
		Junction-to-Ambient ⁽⁴⁾		55		
Thermal Resistance (θ_{JC})	All	Junction-to-Case		10		°C/W

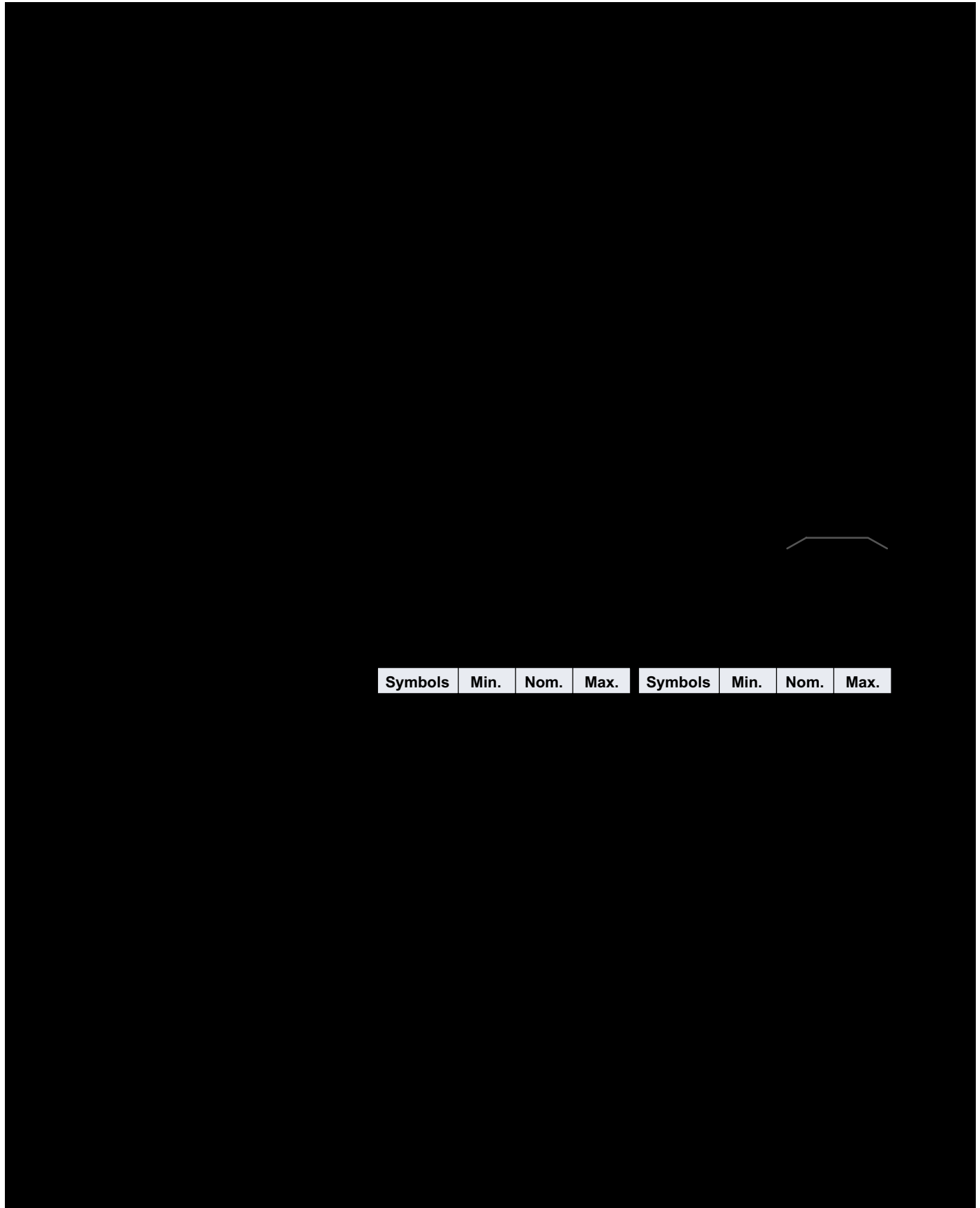
Notes:

- See thermal regulation specifications for changes in output voltage due to heating effects. Line and load regulation are measured at a constant junction temperature by low duty cycle pulse testing. Load regulation is measured at the output lead = 1/18" from the package.
- Line and load regulation are guaranteed up to the maximum power dissipation of 15W. Power dissipation is determined by the difference between input and output differential and the output current. Guaranteed maximum power dissipation will not be available over the full input/output range.
- Quiescent current is defined as the minimum output current required in maintaining regulation. At 12V input/output differential the device is guaranteed to regulate if the output current is greater than 10mA.
- Output is connected to the multi-layer PCB copper area 10mm x 10mm separately. If you need large PD or lower T_c & T_j , please connect to the large copper area > 10mm x 10mm.

Typical Performance Characteristics



Package Dimensions, TO252-3L



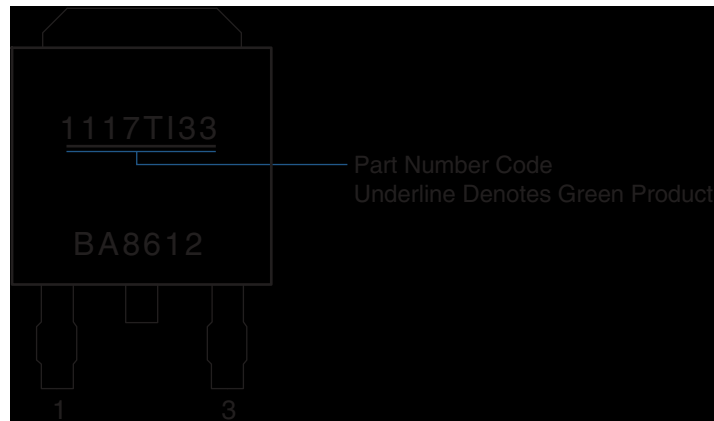
Symbols	Min.	Nom.	Max.	Symbols	Min.	Nom.	Max.
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Tape and Reel Dimensions, TO252-3L

Package	A0	B0	K0	D0	D1	E	E1	E2	P0	P1	P2	T
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Tape Size	Reel Size	M	N	W	T	H	K	S	G	R	V
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Part Marking



This datasheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data may be published at a later date. Alpha & Omega Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice.

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2. A critical component in any component of a life support, device, or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.