

24

23

22

21

20

19

18

17

16

15

14

13

1 2Y0

🗖 2Y1

🗖 GND

🗖 GND

1 2Y2

1 2Y3

🗖 ν_{ρρ}

T V_{DD}

1 2G

PW PACKAGE

(TOP VIEW)

GND 🗖

1Y0 🗖

1Y1 🗖

1Y2 🖵

GND 🗖

GND 🗖

1Y3 🗖

1Y4 🗖

V_{DD} 10

1G 🗖

2Y4 🗖

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

11

12

2.5-V TO 3.3-V HIGH-PERFORMANCE CLOCK BUFFER

FEATURES

- High-Performance 1:10 Clock Driver
- Pin-to-Pin Skew < 100 ps at V_{DD} 3.3 V
- V_{DD} Range = 2.3 V to 3.6 V
- Input Clock Up To 200 MHz (See Figure 7)
- Operating Temperature Range –40°C to 85°C
- Output Enable Glitch Suppression
- Distributes One Clock Input to Two Banks of Five Outputs
- Packaged in 24-Pin TSSOP
- Pin-to-Pin Compatible to the CDCVF2310, Except the R = 22-Ω Series Damping Resistors at Yn

APPLICATIONS

General-Purpose Applications

DESCRIPTION

The CDCVF310 is a high-performance, low-skew clock buffer that operates up to 200 MHz. Two banks of five outputs each provide low-skew copies of CLK. After power up, the default state of the outputs is low regardless of the state of the control pins. For normal operation, the outputs of bank 1Y[0:4] or 2Y[0:4] can be placed in a low state when the control pins (1G or 2G, respectively) are held low and a negative clock edge is detected on the CLK input. The outputs of bank 1Y[0:4] or 2Y[0:4] can be switched into the buffer mode when the control pins (1G and 2G) are held high and a negative clock edge is detected on the CLK input. The device operates in a 2.5-V and 3.3-V environment. The built-in output enable glitch suppression ensures a synchronized output enable sequence to distribute full period clock signals.

The CDCVF310 is characterized for operation from -40C to 85C.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

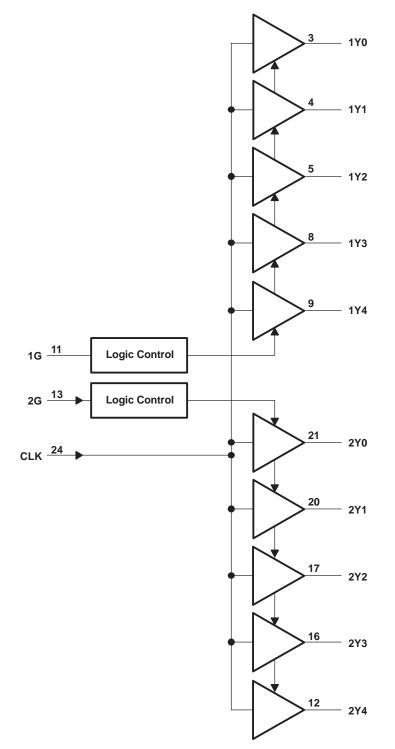
CDCVF310

SCAS771B-AUGUST 2004-REVISED JANUARY 2008



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



| | INPUT | | OUTPUT | | | |
|----|-------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| 1G | 2G | CLK | 1Y[0:4] | 2Y[0:4] | | |
| L | L | \downarrow | L | L | | |
| Н | L | \downarrow | CLK ⁽¹⁾ | L | | |
| L | Н | \downarrow | L | CLK ⁽¹⁾ | | |
| Н | Н | \downarrow | CLK ⁽¹⁾ | CLK ⁽¹⁾ | | |

FUNCTION TABLE

(1) After detecting one negative edge on the CLK input, the output follows the input CLK if the control pin is held high.

Terminal Functions

| | TERMINAL | 1/0 | DESCRIPTION | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------------|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| NAME | NO. | I/O | | | | | |
| 1G | 11 | I | Output enable control for 1Y[0:4] outputs. This output enable is active-high, meaning the 1Y[0:4] clock outputs follow the input clock (CLK) if this pin is logic high. | | | | |
| 2G | 13 | I | Output enable control for 2Y[0:4] outputs. This output enable is active-high, meaning the 2Y[0:4] clock outputs follow the input clock (CLK) if this pin is logic high. | | | | |
| 1Y[0:4] | 3, 4, 5, 8, 9 | 0 | Buffered output clocks | | | | |
| 2Y[0:4] | 21, 20, 17, 16, 12 | 0 | Buffered output clocks | | | | |
| CLK | 24 | I | Input reference frequency | | | | |
| GND | 1, 6, 7, 18, 19 | | Ground | | | | |
| V _{DD} | 2, 10, 14, 15, 22, 23 | | DC power supply, 2.3 V – 3.6 V | | | | |

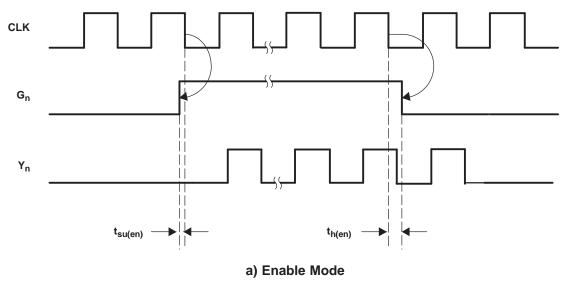


DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Output Enable Glitch Suppression Circuit

The purpose of the glitch suppression circuitry is to ensure the output enable sequence is synchronized with the clock input such that the output buffer is enabled or disabled on the next full period of the input clock (negative edge triggered by the input clock) (see Figure 1).

The G input must fulfill the timing requirements (t_{su}, t_h) according to the *Switching Characteristics* table for predictable operation.



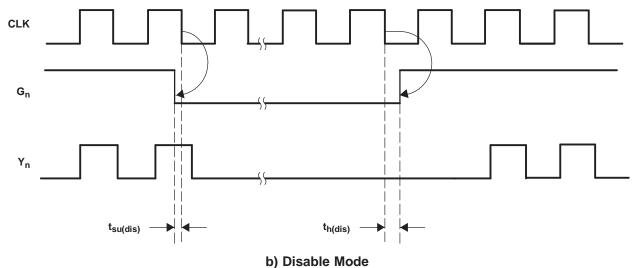


Figure 1. Enable and Disable Mode Relative to CLK

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) ⁽¹⁾

| Supply voltage range, V _{DD} | –0.5 V to 4.6 V |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Input voltage range, VI ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ | -0.5 V to V _{DD} + 0.5 V |
| Output voltage range, V _O ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ | -0.5 V to V _{DD} + 0.5 V |
| Input clamp current, I_{IK} (V _I < 0 or V _I > V _{DD}) | ±50 mA |
| Output clamp current, I_{OK} (V _O < 0 or V _O > V _{DD}) | ±50 mA |
| Continuous total output current, $I_O (V_O = 0 \text{ to } V_{DD})$ | ±50 mA |
| Declars the mediane () (4): DW realizes | 88°C/W, high K |
| Package thermal impedance, $\theta_{JA}^{(4)}$: PW package | 120°C/W, low K |
| Storage temperature range T _{stg} | –65°C to 150°C |

Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings (1) only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

The input and output negative voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed. This value is limited to 4.6 V maximum. (2)

(3)

(4) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS ⁽¹⁾

| | | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNIT | |
|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----------------|------|--|
| | | 2.3 | 2.5 | | V | |
| Supply voltage, V _{DD} | | | 3.3 | 3.6 | v | |
| Low-level input voltage, VII | V _{DD} = 3 V to 3.6 V | | | 0.8 | V | |
| Low-level input voitage, vil | $V_{DD} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$ | | | 0.7 | v | |
| High-level input voltage, V _{IH} | V _{DD} = 3 V to 3.6 V | 2 | | | V | |
| nigh-level linput voltage, v _{IH} | $V_{DD} = 2.3 \text{ V}$ to 2.7 V | 1.7 | | | v | |
| Input voltage, V _I | | 0 | | V_{DD} | V | |
| | V _{DD} = 3 V to 3.6 V | | | -12 | | |
| High-level output current, I _{OH} | V _{DD} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V | | | -6 | mA | |
| | V _{DD} = 3 V to 3.6 V | | | 12 | | |
| Low-level output current, I _{OL} | V _{DD} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V | | | 6 | mA | |
| Operating free-air temperature, T | N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N | -40 | | 85 | °C | |

(1) Unused inputs must be held high or low to prevent them from floating.

TIMING REQUIREMENTS

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| f _{clk} | Clock frequency | V_{DD} = 2.3 V to 3.6 V, See Figure 7 | 0 | | 200 | MHz |



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

| | PARAMETER | TEST CO | ONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----|-----|------|------|
| VIK | Input voltage | $V_{DD} = 3 V,$ | I _I = -18 mA | | | -1.2 | V |
| I _I | Input current | $V_{I} = 0 V \text{ or } V_{DD}$ | | | | ±5 | μA |
| $I_{DD}^{(2)}$ | Static device current | $CLK = 0 V \text{ or } V_{DD} = 3.6 V,$ | $I_0 = 0 \text{ mA}$ | | | 80 | μA |
| CI | Input capacitance | V _{DD} = 2.3 V to 3.6 V, | $V_I = 0 V \text{ or } V_{DD}$ | | 2.5 | | pF |
| Co | Output capacitance | V _{DD} = 2.3 V to 3.6 V, | $V_I = 0 V \text{ or } V_{DD}$ | | 2.6 | | pF |
| C _{PD} | Power dissipation ⁽³⁾ | V _{DD} = 2.3 V to 3.6 V, | V _I = 0 V or V _{DD} | | | 32 | pF |

(1) All typical values are with respect to nominal V_{DD} .

(2) For dynamic I_{DD} over Frequency see Figure 6.

(3) This is the formula for the power dissipation calculation.

$$\begin{split} \mathsf{P_tot} &= \mathsf{P_stat} + \mathsf{P_Dyn} + \mathsf{P_Load[W]} \\ \mathsf{P_stat} &= \mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{DD}} \times \mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{DD}} \, [\mathsf{W}] \\ \mathsf{P_Dyn} &= \mathsf{C_PD} \times \mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{DD}} \times \mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{DD}} \times f \, [\mathsf{W}] \\ \mathsf{P_Load} &= \mathsf{C_Load} \times \mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{DD}} \times \mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{DD}} \times f \times \mathsf{n} \, [\mathsf{W}] \\ \mathsf{n} &= \mathsf{Number} \text{ of switching output pins} \end{split}$$

 $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$

| | PARAMETER | TEST | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP ⁽¹⁾ MAX | UNIT |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------|
| | | V_{DD} = min to max, | I _{OH} = −100 μA | V _{DD} - 0.2 | | |
| V _{OH} | High-level output voltage | V _{DD} = 3 V | I _{OH} = -12 mA | 2.1 | | V |
| | | $v_{DD} = 3 v$ | $I_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}$ | 2.4 | | |
| | | V_{DD} = min to max, | I _{OL} = 100 μA | | 0.2 | |
| V _{OL} Low-level output vol | Low-level output voltage | N 0.V | I _{OL} = 12 mA | | 0.4 | V |
| | | $V_{DD} = 3 V$ | I _{OL} = 6 mA | | 0.3 | |
| | | $V_{DD} = 3 V,$ | $V_{O} = 1 V$ | -37 | | |
| I _{OH} | High-level output current | $V_{DD} = 3.3 V,$ | V _O = 1.65 V | | -57 | mA |
| | | $V_{DD} = 3.6 V,$ | V _O = 3.135 V | | -38 | |
| | | $V_{DD} = 3 V,$ | V _O = 1.95 V | 37 | | |
| I _{OL} | Low-level output current | V _{DD} = 3.3 V, | V _O = 1.65 V | | 57 | mA |
| | | $V_{DD} = 3.6 V,$ | $V_{O} = 0.4 V$ | | 38 | |

(1) All typical values are with respect to nominal V_{DD} .

$V_{DD} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V$

| | PARAMETER | TEST | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP ⁽¹⁾ | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------------|---------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----|------|
| V | High-level output voltage | V_{DD} = min to max, | I _{OH} = -100 A | V _{DD} - 0.2 | | | V |
| V _{OH} | nigh-level output voltage | $V_{DD} = 2.3 V$ | $I_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}$ | 1.8 | | | v |
| V | Low-level output voltage | V_{DD} = min to max, | I _{OL} = 100 A | | | 0.2 | V |
| V _{OL} | Low-level output voltage | $V_{DD} = 2.3 V$ | $I_{OL} = 6 \text{ mA}$ | | | 0.4 | v |
| | | $V_{DD} = 2.3 V,$ | $V_{O} = 1 V$ | -20 | | | |
| I _{OH} | High-level output current | $V_{DD} = 2.5 V,$ | V _O = 1.25 V | | -36 | | mA |
| | | $V_{DD} = 2.7 V,$ | V _O = 2.375 V | | | -25 | |
| | | $V_{DD} = 2.3 V,$ | V _O = 1.2 V | 20 | | | |
| I _{OL} | Low-level output current | $V_{DD} = 2.5 V,$ | V _O = 1.25 V | | 36 | | mA |
| | | $V_{DD} = 2.7 V,$ | $V_{O} = 0.3 V$ | | | 25 | |

(1) All typical values are with respect to nominal V_{DD} .



JITTER CHARACTERISTICS

Characterized using CDCVF310 Performance EVM when V_{DD} =3.3 V. Outputs not under test are terminated to 50 Ω .

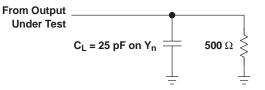
| | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|---------------------|------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| t _{jitter} | Additive phase litter from input to output 1V0 | 12 kHz to 5 MHz, $f_{out} = 30.72$ MHz | 47 | | | fo rmo |
| | Additive phase jitter from input to output 1Y0 | 12 kHz to 20 MHz, $f_{out} = 125$ MHz | | 40 | | ts rms |

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

| | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP ⁽¹⁾ | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----|---------------------------|-----|------|
| V _{DD} = 3.3 | 3 V ±0.3 V (see Figure 2) | | | | | |
| t _{PLH} | CLK to Yn | | 1 | | 2.8 | |
| t _{PHL} | CLK to Yn | f = 0 MHz to 200 MHz | 1 | | 2.8 | ns |
| t _{sk(o)} | Output skew (Ym to Yn) ⁽²⁾ (see Figure 4) | | | 100 | 150 | ps |
| t _{sk(p)} | Pulse skew (see Figure 5) | | | | 250 | ps |
| t _{sk(pp)} | Part-to-part skew | | | | 350 | ps |
| t _r | Rise time | $V_{O} = 0.4 V$ to 2 V | 1.3 | | 2.7 | V/ns |
| t _f | Fall time | $V_{O} = 2 V \text{ to } 0.4 V$ | 1.3 | | 2.7 | V/ns |
| t _{su(en)} | Enable setup time, G_high before CLK \downarrow | | 0.1 | | | ns |
| t _{su(dis)} | Disable setup time, G_low before CLK \downarrow | | 0.1 | | | ns |
| t _{h(en)} | Enable hold time, G_high after CLK \downarrow | | 0.4 | | | ns |
| t _{h(dis)} | Disable hold time, G_low after CLK \downarrow | | 0.4 | | | ns |
| V _{DD} = 2.5 | 5 V ±0.2 V (see Figure 2) | | | | | |
| t _{PLH} | CLK to Yn | f = 0 MHz to 200 MHz | 1.3 | | 4 | 20 |
| t _{PHL} | CER 10 TH | | 1.3 | | 4 | ns |
| t _{sk(o)} | Output skew (Ym to Yn) ⁽²⁾ (see Figure 4) | | | 150 | 230 | ps |
| t _{sk(p)} | Pulse skew (see Figure 5) | | | | 280 | ps |
| t _{sk(pp)} | Part-to-part skew | | | | 400 | ps |
| t _r | Rise time | V _O = 0.4 V to 1.7 V | 0.5 | | 1.6 | V/ns |
| t _f | Fall time | V _O = 1.7 V to 0.4 V | 0.5 | | 1.6 | V/ns |
| t _{su(en)} | Enable setup time, G_high before CLK \downarrow | | 0.1 | | | ns |
| t _{su(dis)} | Disable setup time, G_low before CLK \downarrow | | 0.1 | | | ns |
| t _{h(en)} | Enable hold time, G_high after CLK \downarrow | | 0.4 | | | ns |
| t _{h(dis)} | Disable hold time, G_low after CLK \downarrow | | 0.4 | | | ns |

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



- A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: Clock Frequency \leq 200 MHz, Z_O = 50 Ω ,

t_r < 1.2 ns, t_f < 1.2 ns.

Figure 2. Test Load Circuit

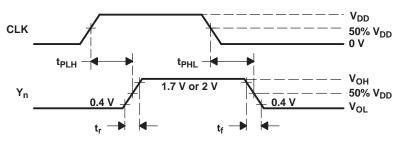
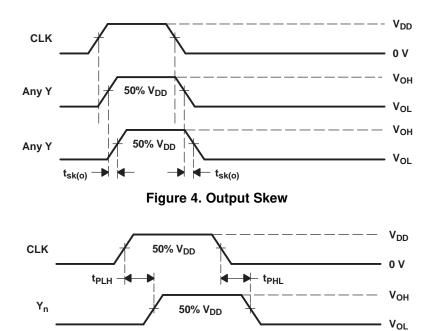
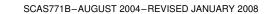


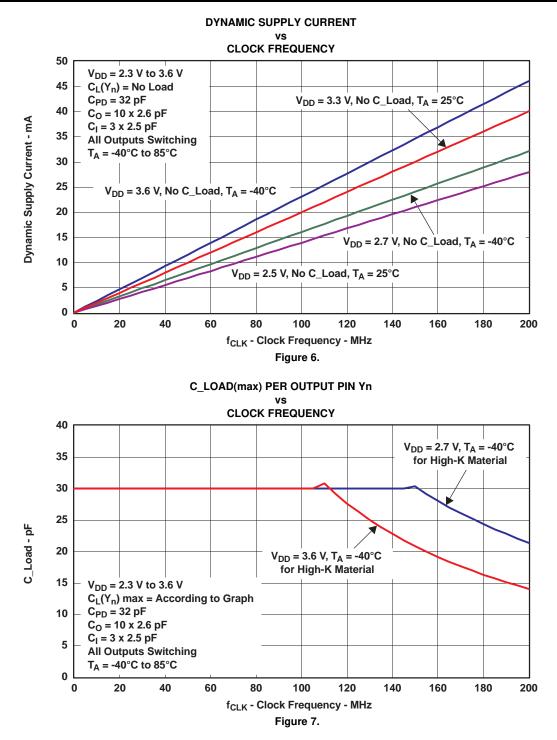
Figure 3. Voltage Waveforms Propagation Delay Times



NOTE: $t_{sk(p)} = |t_{PLH} - t_{PHL}|$

Figure 5. Pulse Skew







10-Dec-2020

PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status (1) | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | Package Qty | Eco Plan (2) | Lead finish/ Ball material (6) | MSL Peak Temp (3) | Op Temp (°C) | Device Marking (4/5) | Samples |
|------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------------|------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|-------------------------|---------|
| CDCVF310PW | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 24 | 60 | RoHS & Green | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | CKV310 | Samples |
| CDCVF310PWR | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 24 | 2000 | RoHS & Green | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | CKV310 | Samples |

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <= 1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <= 1000ppm threshold requirement.

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

⁽⁴⁾ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

⁽⁵⁾ Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

⁽⁶⁾ Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

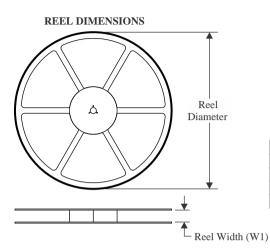
10-Dec-2020

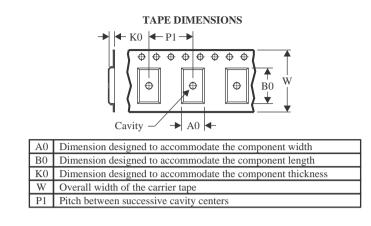


Texas

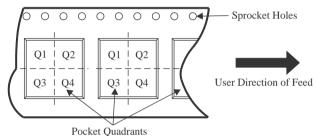
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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



| *All dimensions are nominal | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|----|------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------------|
| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | | SPQ | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | Pin1 Quadrant |
| CDCVF310PWR | TSSOP | PW | 24 | 2000 | 330.0 | 16.4 | 6.95 | 8.3 | 1.6 | 8.0 | 16.0 | Q1 |



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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

3-Jun-2022



*All dimensions are nominal

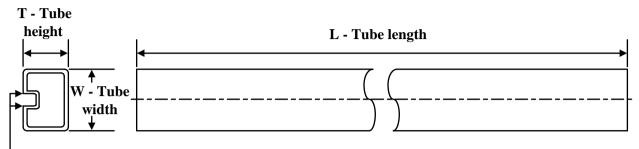
| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| CDCVF310PWR | TSSOP | PW | 24 | 2000 | 356.0 | 356.0 | 35.0 |

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

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3-Jun-2022

TUBE



- B - Alignment groove width

*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Name | Package Type | Pins | SPQ | L (mm) | W (mm) | Τ (μm) | B (mm) |
|------------|--------------|--------------|------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| CDCVF310PW | PW | TSSOP | 24 | 60 | 530 | 10.2 | 3600 | 3.5 |

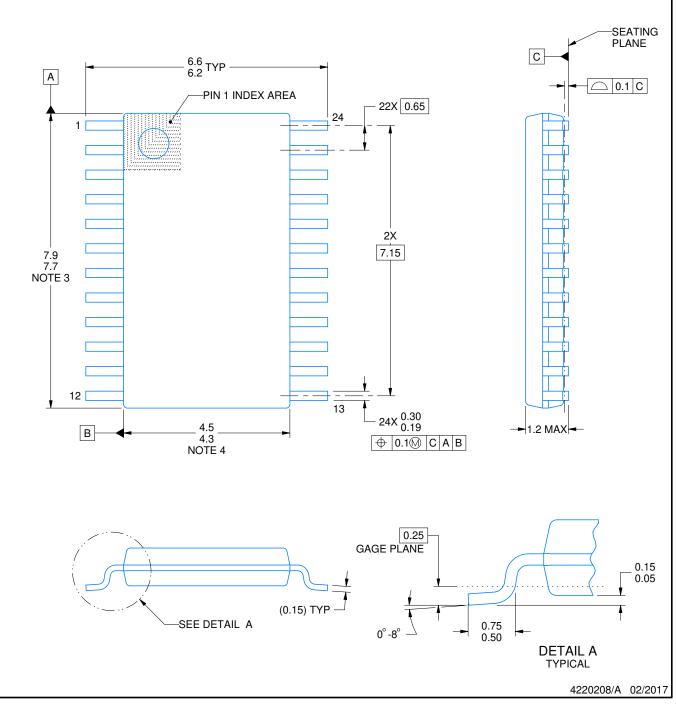
PW0024A



PACKAGE OUTLINE

TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M. 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice. 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.

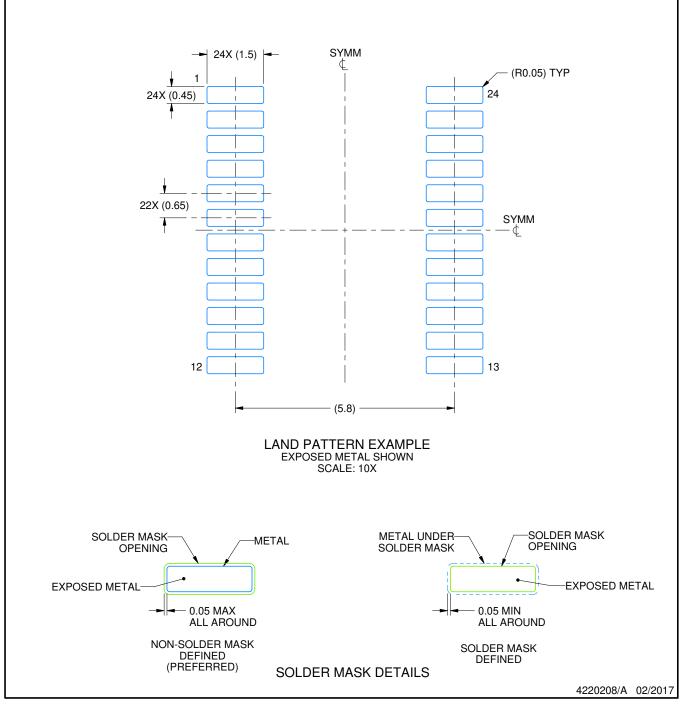


PW0024A

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

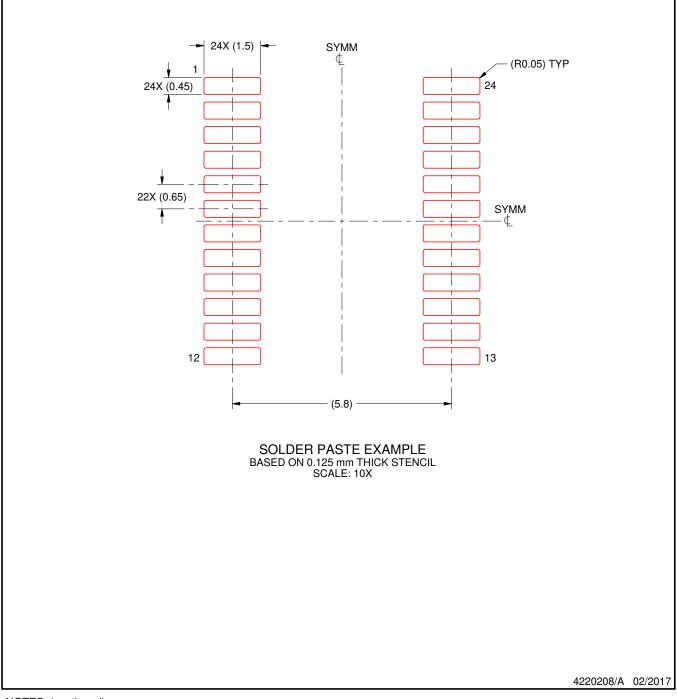


PW0024A

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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