







REF3425-EP, REF3430-EP, REF3433-EP, REF3440-EP

SBAS942B – DECEMBER 2018 – REVISED APRIL 2019

# REF34xx-EP Low-Drift, Low-Power, Small-Footprint Series Voltage Reference

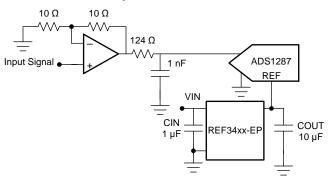
## 1 Features

- Initial accuracy: ±0.05% (maximum)
- Temperature coefficient: 10 ppm/°C (maximum)
- Output current: ±10 mA
- Low quiescent current: 95 μA (maximum)
- Wide input voltage: 12 V
- Output 1/f noise (0.1 Hz to 10 Hz): 3.8 μV<sub>PP</sub>/V
- Small footprint 6-pin SOT-23 package
- Excellent long-term stability 25 ppm/1000 hrs
- Supports defense, aerospace, and medical applications:
  - Controlled baseline
  - One assembly/test site
  - One fabrication site
  - Available extended (–55°C to 125°C) temperature range
  - Extended product life cycle
  - Extended product-change notification
  - Product traceability

## 2 Applications

- Precision data acquisition systems
- PLC analog I/O modules
- Field transmitters
- Industrial instrumentation
- Test equipment
- Power monitoring

### **Simplified Schematic**



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## 3 Description

Tools &

Software

The REF34xx-EP device is a low temperature drift (10 ppm/°C), low-power, high-precision CMOS voltage reference, featuring ±0.05% initial accuracy. low operating current with power consumption less than 95 µA. This device also offers very low output noise of 3.8  $\mu V_{p-p}/V$ , which enables its ability to maintain high signal integrity with high-resolution data converters in noise critical systems. With a small SOT-23 package. REF34xx-EP offers enhanced pin-to-pin specifications and replacement for MAX607x and ADR34xx. The REF34xx-EP family is compatible to most ADC and DAC.

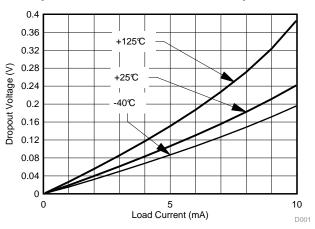
Stability and system reliability are further improved by the low output-voltage hysteresis of the device and low long-term output voltage drift. The small size and low operating current of the devices (95  $\mu$ A) can benefit portable and battery-powered applications.

REF34xx-EP is specified for the wide temperature range of -55°C to 125°C. Contact the TI sales representative for additional voltage options.

#### Device Information<sup>(1)</sup>

PART NAME	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)		
REF3425-EP				
REF3430-EP		0.00		
REF3433-EP	SOT-23 (6)	2.90 mm × 1.60 mm		
REF3440-EP				

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.



#### **Dropout vs Current Load Over Temperature**



Page

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## **4** Revision History

2

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Cł	nanges from Revision A (March 2019) to Revision B	Page
•	Added information about long-term stability throughout the data sheet	1
•	Added long-term stability in Electrical Characteristics table	5
•	Added Long-Term Stability section in Parameter Measurement Information section	11

#### Changes from Original (December 2018) to Revision A

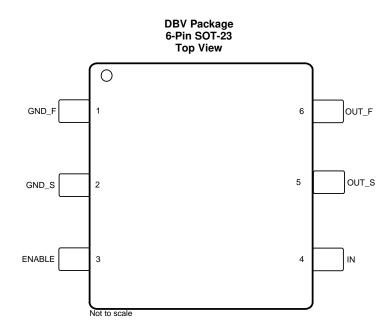
•	Added new devices to the data sheet	1
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## 5 Device Comparison Table

PRODUCT	V <sub>OUT</sub>
REF3425-EP	2.5 V
REF3430-EP	3 V
REF3433-EP	3.3 V
REF3440-EP	4.096 V

## 6 Pin Configuration and Functions



#### **Pin Functions**

PIN		ТҮРЕ	DESCRIPTION	
NO.	NAME	TIPE	DESCRIPTION	
1	GND_F	Ground	Ground force connection.	
2	GND_S	Ground	round sense connection.	
3	ENABLE	Input	nable connection. Enables or disables the device.	
4	IN	Power	Input supply voltage connection.	
5	OUT_S	Output	Reference voltage output sense connection.	
6	OUT_F	Output	Reference voltage output force connection.	

## 7 Specifications

## 7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

		MIN	МАХ	UNIT
Input voltage	IN	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.05	13	V
Input voltage	EN	-0.3	IN + 0.3	v
Output voltage	V <sub>REF</sub>	-0.3	5.5	V
Output short circuit current			20	mA
Temperature	Operating, T <sub>j</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	-55	150	*
	Storage, T <sub>stg</sub>	-65	170	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) By design, the device is specified functional over the operating temperature of -55°C to 150°C.

### 7.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V		Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 <sup>(1)</sup>	±2500	N/
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>	Electrostatic discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 <sup>(2)</sup>	±1500	v

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

## 7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
IN	Supply input voltage ( $I_L = 0 \text{ mA}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ )	$V_{REF} + V_{DO}^{(1)}$		12	V
EN	Enable voltage	0		IN	V
۱ <sub>L</sub>	Output current	-10		10	mA
Tj	Operating temperature	-55	25	125	°C

(1) Dropout voltage.

### 7.4 Thermal Information

		REF34xx-EP	
	THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>	DBV (SOT-23)	UNIT
		6 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	185	°C/W
R <sub>0JC(top)</sub>	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	156	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	29.6	°C/W
ΨJT	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	33.8	°C/W
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	29.1	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report.

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#### 7.5 Electrical Characteristics

### At $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise noted.

P	ARAMETER	TEST CON	DITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNIT
ACCURA	CY AND DRIFT			1				
	Output voltage accuracy	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C			-0.05%		0.05%	
	Output voltage temperature coefficient <sup>(1)</sup>	–55°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ 125°C				2.5	10	ppm/°C
LINE AND	D LOAD REGULATIO	<b>N</b>						
A)/	Line regulation <sup>(2)</sup>	$V_{IN} = 2.55$ V to 12 V, $T_A = 25$	5°C			2		222
$\Delta \mathbf{V}_{(O\Delta VIN)}$	Line regulation <sup>(2)</sup>	$V_{IN} = V_{REF} + V_{DO}$ to 12 V, -5	5°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤	≤ 125°C			15	ppm/V
		$I_L = 0$ mA to 10 mA, $V_{IN} = 3$ V, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	Sourcing			20		
$\Delta V_{(O \Delta IL)}$		$I_L = 0 \text{ mA to } 10 \text{ mA}, V_{IN} = 3$ V, -55°C ≤ $T_A \le 125$ °C	Sourcing				30	
				REF3425-EP		40		
		$I_L = 0$ mA to $-10$ mA, $V_{IN} =$	Cipling	REF3430-EP		43		
	Load regulation <sup>(2)</sup>	$  I_{L} = 0 \text{ mA to } -10 \text{ mA}, V_{IN} = V_{REF} + V_{DO}, T_{A} = 25^{\circ}\text{C} $	Sinking	REF3440-EP		48		ppm/mA
				REF3440-EP		60		
		$I_L$ = 0 mA to −10 mA, $V_{IN}$ = $V_{REF}$ + $V_{DO}$ , −55°C ≤ $T_A$ ≤ 125°C		REF3425-EP			70	
			Sinking	REF3430-EP			75	
				REF3433-EP			84	
				REF3440-EP			98	
I <sub>SC</sub>	Short-circuit current (output shorted to ground)	$V_{REF} = 0, T_A = 25^{\circ}C$				18	22	mA
NOISE								
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz				5		u)/ n n//
e <sub>n</sub> p-p	Output voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz (REF344	10-EP)			3.8		μV p-p/V
		f = 10 Hz to 10 kHz				24		μV rms
•	Output voltage	<i>f</i> = 1 kHz				0.25		ppm/√Hz
e <sub>n</sub>	noise density $f = 1 \text{ kHz} (\text{REF3440-EP})$					0.2		ppm/vnz
LONG-TE	RM STABILITY							
	Long-term	Long-term 0 - 1000 hours at 35°C			25			
	stability <sup>(4)</sup> 1000 - 2000 hours at 35°C					10		ppm
TURNON								
t <sub>ON</sub>	Turnon time	0.1% of output voltage settlin	ng, $C_{L} = 10$	μF		2.5		ms
CAPACIT	IVE LOAD							
CL	Stable output capacitor value	$-55^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{A}} \le 125^{\circ}\text{C}$			0.1		10	μF

(1) Temperature drift is specified according to the box method. See the *Feature Description* section for more details.

(2) The ppm/V and ppm/mA in line and load regulation can be also expressed as  $\mu$ V/V and  $\mu$ V/mA.

(3) The peak-to-peak noise measurement procedure is explained in more detail in the Noise Performance section.

(4) Long-term stability measurement procedure is explained in more in detail in the Long-Term Stability section.

## **Electrical Characteristics (continued)**

#### At $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise noted.

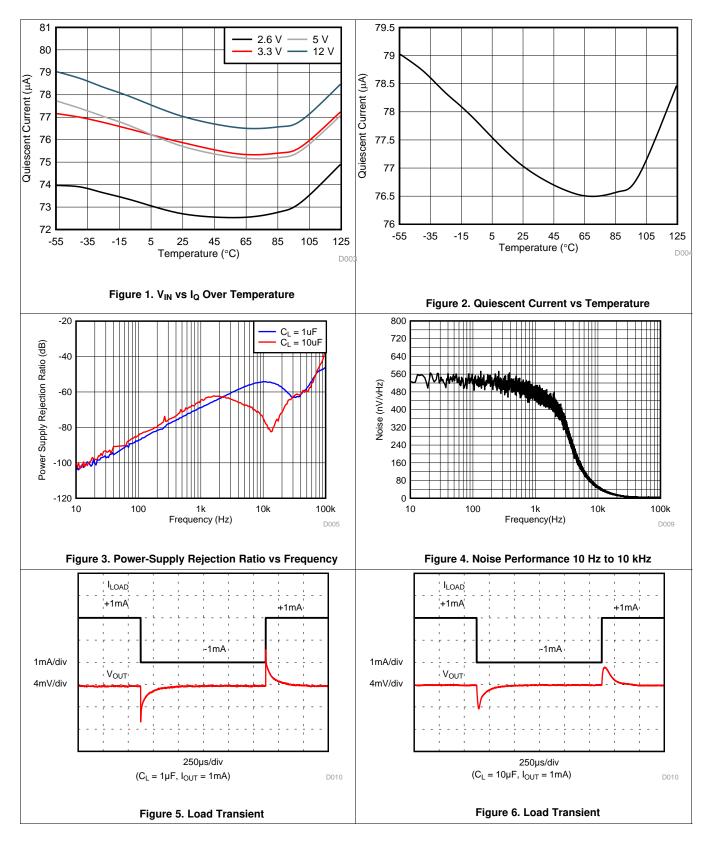
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	PARAMETER	TEST CO	NDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
OUTPU	IT VOLTAGE							
		REF3425-EP			2.5			
V	Outout us to a	REF3430-EP			3			
$V_{REF}$	Output voltage	REF3433-EP			3.3		V	
		REF3440-EP			4.096			
POWER	R SUPPLY							
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input voltage			$V_{REF} + V_{DO}$		12	V	
	Output current	$V_{IN} = V_{REF} + V_{DO}$ to 12 V	Sourcing	10				
L	capacity	$V_{IN} = V_{REF} + V_{DO}$ to 12 V	Sinking	-10			mA	
	Outlease at automat	–55°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ 125°C	Active mode		72	95		
l <sub>Q</sub>	Quiescent current	–55°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ 125°C	Shutdown mode		2.5	3	μA	
		$I_{L} = 0 \text{ mA}, T_{A} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			50			
$V_{DO}$	Dropout voltage	I <sub>L</sub> = 0 mA, −55°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ 12			100	mV		
		$I_L = 10 \text{ mA}, -55^{\circ}\text{C} \le T_A \le 1$	25°C			500		
V	ENABLE pin	Voltage reference in active	mode (EN = 1)	1.6				
V <sub>EN</sub>	voltage	Voltage reference in shutdo	own mode (EN = 0)			0.5	V	
I <sub>EN</sub>	ENABLE pin leakage current	$V_{\text{EN}} = V_{\text{IN}} = 12 \text{ V}, -55^{\circ}\text{C} \leq$	T <sub>A</sub> ≤ 125°C		1	2	μA	



### 7.6 Typical Characteristics

at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ ,  $V_{IN} = V_{EN} = 12$  V,  $I_L = 0$  mA,  $C_L = 10$   $\mu$ F,  $C_{IN} = 0.1$   $\mu$ F (unless otherwise noted)



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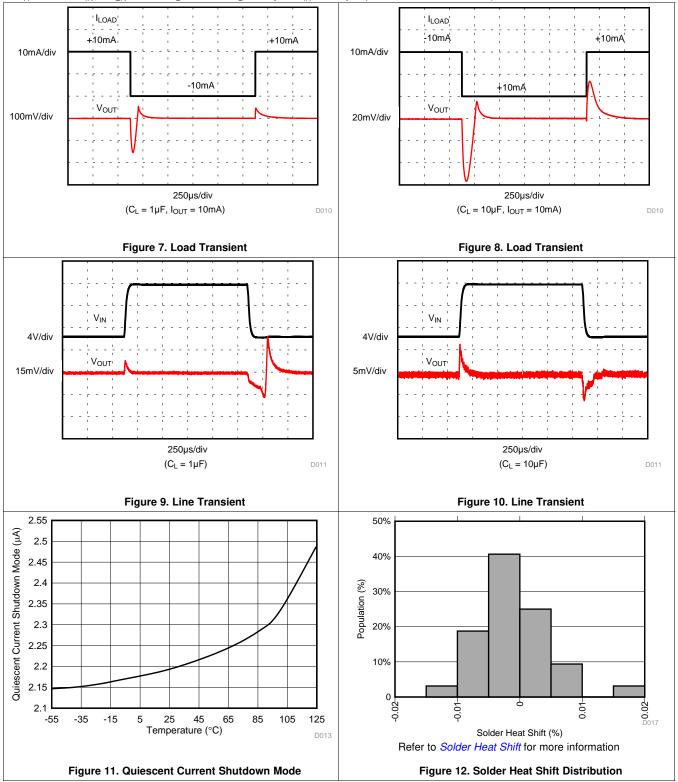
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Product Folder Links: REF3425-EP REF3430-EP REF3433-EP REF3440-EP

## **Typical Characteristics (continued)**

at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C,  $V_{IN} = V_{EN} = 12$  V,  $I_L = 0$  mA,  $C_L = 10 \mu$ F,  $C_{IN} = 0.1 \mu$ F (unless otherwise noted)



8

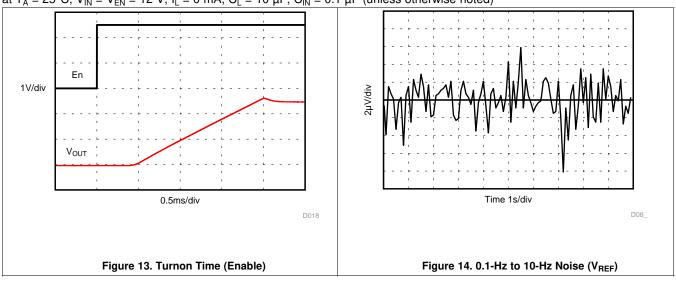
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## **Typical Characteristics (continued)**





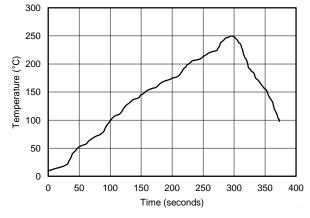
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### 8 Parameter Measurement Information

### 8.1 Solder Heat Shift

The materials used in the manufacture of the REF34xx-EP have differing coefficients of thermal expansion, resulting in stress on the device die when the part is heated. Mechanical and thermal stress on the device die can cause the output voltages to shift, degrading the initial accuracy specifications of the product. Reflow soldering is a common cause of this error.

In order to illustrate this effect, a total of 32 devices were soldered on four printed circuit boards [16 devices on each printed circuit board (PCB)] using lead-free solder paste and the paste manufacturer suggested reflow profile. The reflow profile is as shown in Figure 15. The printed circuit board is comprised of FR4 material. The board thickness is 1.65 mm and the area is 114 mm × 152 mm.





The reference output voltage is measured before and after the reflow process; the typical shift is displayed in Figure 16. Although all tested units exhibit very low shifts (< 0.01%), higher shifts are also possible depending on the size, thickness, and material of the printed circuit board. An important note is that the histograms display the typical shift for exposure to a single reflow profile. Exposure to multiple reflows, as is common on PCBs with surface-mount components on both sides, causes additional shifts in the output bias voltage. If the PCB is exposed to multiple reflows, the device must be soldered in the second pass to minimize its exposure to thermal stress.

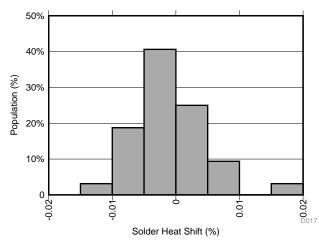


Figure 16. Solder Heat Shift Distribution, V<sub>REF</sub> (%)

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### 8.2 Long-Term Stability

One of the key parameters of the REF34xx-EP references is long-term stability. Figure 17 shows the typical drift value for the REF34xx-EP is 25 ppm from 0 to 1000 hours. This parameter is characterized by measuring 32 units at regular intervals for a period of 1000 hours. It is important to understand that long-term stability is not ensured by design and that the output from the device may shift beyond the typical 25 ppm specification at any time. For systems that require highly stable output voltages over long periods of time, the designer should consider burning in the devices prior to use to minimize the amount of output drift exhibited by the reference over time.

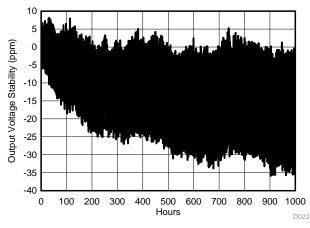


Figure 17. Long Term Stability - 1000 hours (V<sub>REF</sub>)

### 8.3 **Power Dissipation**

The REF34xx-EP voltage references are capable of source and sink up to 10 mA of load current across the rated input voltage range. However, when used in applications subject to high ambient temperatures, the input voltage and load current must be carefully monitored to ensure that the device does not exceeded its maximum power dissipation rating. The maximum power dissipation of the device can be calculated with Equation 1:

 $T_{J} = T_{A} + P_{D} \times R_{\theta JA}$ 

where

- P<sub>D</sub> is the device power dissipation
- T<sub>J</sub> is the device junction temperature
- T<sub>A</sub> is the ambient temperature
- $R_{\theta JA}$  is the package (junction-to-air) thermal resistance

(1)

Because of this relationship, acceptable load current in high temperature conditions may be less than the maximum current-sourcing capability of the device. In no case should the device be operated outside of its maximum power rating because doing so can result in premature failure or permanent damage to the device.

#### 8.4 Noise Performance

Typical 0.1-Hz to 10-Hz voltage noise can be seen in Figure 18. Device noise increases with output voltage and operating temperature. Additional filtering can be used to improve output noise levels, although care must be taken to ensure the output impedance does not degrade ac performance. Peak-to-peak noise measurement setup is shown in Figure 18.

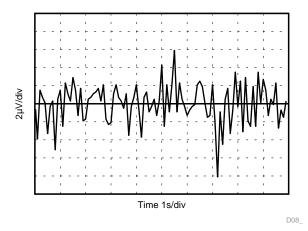


Figure 18. 0.1-Hz to 10-Hz Noise (V<sub>REF</sub>)

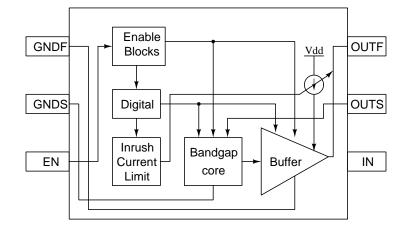


## 9 Detailed Description

### 9.1 Overview

The REF34xx-EP is family of low-noise, precision bandgap voltage references that are specifically designed for excellent initial voltage accuracy and drift. The *Functional Block Diagram* is a simplified block diagram of the REF34xx-EP showing basic band-gap topology.

### 9.2 Functional Block Diagram



### 9.3 Feature Description

#### 9.3.1 Supply Voltage

The REF34xx-EP family of references features an extremely low dropout voltage. For loaded conditions, a typical dropout voltage versus load is shown on the front page. The REF34xx-EP features a low quiescent current that is extremely stable over changes in both temperature and supply. The typical room temperature quiescent current is 72  $\mu$ A, and the maximum quiescent current over temperature is just 95  $\mu$ A. Supply voltages below the specified levels can cause the REF34xx-EP to momentarily draw currents greater than the typical quiescent current. Use a power supply with a fast rising edge and low output impedance to easily prevent this issue.

#### 9.3.2 Low Temperature Drift

The REF34xx-EP is designed for minimal drift error, which is defined as the change in output voltage over temperature. The drift is calculated using the box method, as described by Equation 2:

Drift = 
$$\left(\frac{V_{\text{REF(MAX)}} - V_{\text{REF(MIN)}}}{V_{\text{REF}} \times \text{Temperature Range}}\right) \times 10^{6}$$

#### 9.3.3 Load Current

The REF34xx-EP family is specified to deliver a current load of  $\pm 10$  mA per output. The V<sub>REF</sub> output of the device are protected from short circuits by limiting the output short-circuit current to 18 mA. The device temperature increases according to Equation 3:

$$\mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{J}} = \mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{A}} + \mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{D}} \times \mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{\theta}\mathbf{J}\mathbf{A}}$$

where

- $T_J$  = junction temperature (°C),
- T<sub>A</sub> = ambient temperature (°C),
- P<sub>D</sub> = power dissipated (W), and
- $R_{\theta JA}$  = junction-to-ambient thermal resistance (°C/W)

The REF34xx-EP maximum junction temperature must not exceed the absolute maximum rating of 150°C.

Product Folder Links: REF3425-EP REF3430-EP REF3433-EP REF3440-EP

(2)

(3)

### 9.4 Device Functional Modes

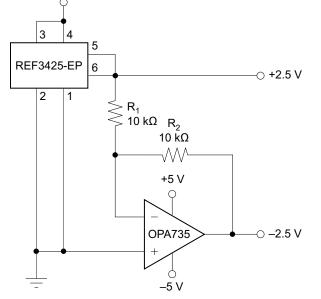
#### 9.4.1 EN Pin

When the EN pin of the REF34xx-EP is pulled high, the device is in active mode. The device must be in active mode for normal operation. The REF34xx-EP can be placed in a low-power mode by pulling the ENABLE pin low. When in shutdown mode, the output of the device becomes high impedance and the quiescent current of the device reduces to 2  $\mu$ A in shutdown mode. The EN pin must not be pulled higher than VIN supply voltage. See the *Thermal Information* for logic high and logic low voltage levels.

#### 9.4.2 Negative Reference Voltage

For applications requiring a negative and positive reference voltage, the REF34xx-EP and OPA735 can be used to provide a dual-supply reference from a 5-V supply. Figure 19 shows the REF3425-EP used to provide a 2.5-V supply reference voltage. The low drift performance of the REF34xx-EP complements the low offset voltage and zero drift of the OPA735 to provide an accurate solution for split-supply applications. Take care to match the temperature coefficients of R1 and R2.

+5 V



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### Figure 19. REF3425-EP and OPA735 Create Positive and Negative Reference Voltages



## 10 Application and Implementation

#### NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

#### **10.1** Application Information

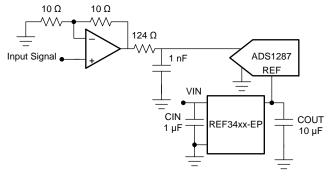
As this device has many applications and setups, there are many situations that this data sheet can not characterize in detail. Basic applications includes positive/negative voltage reference and data acquisition systems. The table below shows the typical application of REF34xx-EP and its companion ADC/DAC.

Table 1. Typical Applications and Companion ADC/DAC
---

Applications	ADC/DAC
PLC - DCS	DAC8881, ADS8332, ADS8568, ADS8317, ADS8588S, ADS1287
Display Test Equipment	ADS8332
Field Transmitters - Pressure	ADUCM360
Video Surveillance - Thermal Cameras	ADS7279
Medical Blood Glucose Meter	ADS1112

### 10.2 Typical Application: Basic Voltage Reference Connection

The circuit shown in Figure 20 shows the basic configuration for the REF34xx-EP references. Connect bypass capacitors according to the guidelines in *Input and Output Capacitors* section.



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Figure 20. Basic Reference Connection

#### 10.2.1 Design Requirements

A detailed design procedure is described based on a design example. For this design example, use the parameters listed in Table 2 as the input parameters.

DESIGN PARAMETER	VALUE
Input voltage V <sub>IN</sub>	5 V
Output voltage V <sub>OUT</sub>	2.5 V
REF34xx-EP input capacitor	1 μF
REF34xx-EP output capacitor	10 µF



#### 10.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

#### 10.2.2.1 Input and Output Capacitors

A  $1-\mu$ F to  $10-\mu$ F electrolytic or ceramic capacitor can be connected to the input to improve transient response in applications where the supply voltage may fluctuate. Connect an additional  $0.1-\mu$ F ceramic capacitor in parallel to reduce high frequency supply noise.

A ceramic capacitor of at least a 0.1  $\mu$ F must be connected to the output to improve stability and help filter out high frequency noise. An additional 1- $\mu$ F to 10- $\mu$ F electrolytic or ceramic capacitor can be added in parallel to improve transient performance in response to sudden changes in load current; however, keep in mind that doing so increases the turnon time of the device.

Best performance and stability is attained with low-ESR, low-inductance ceramic chip-type output capacitors (X5R, X7R, or similar). If using an electrolytic capacitor on the output, place a  $0.1-\mu$ F ceramic capacitor in parallel to reduce overall ESR on the output.

#### 10.2.2.2 4-Wire Kelvin Connections

Current flowing through a PCB trace produces an IR voltage drop, and with longer traces, this drop can reach several millivolts or more, introducing a considerable error into the output voltage of the reference. A 1-in long, 5-mm wide trace of 1-oz copper has a resistance of approximately 100 m $\Omega$  at room temperature; at a load current of 10 mA, this can introduce a full millivolt of error. In an ideal board layout, the reference must be mounted as close as possible to the load to minimize the length of the output traces, and, therefore, the error introduced by voltage drop. However, in applications where this is not possible or convenient, force and sense connections (sometimes referred to as Kelvin sensing connections) are provided as a means of minimizing the IR drop and improving accuracy.

Kelvin connections work by providing a set of high impedance voltage-sensing lines to the output and ground nodes. Because very little current flows through these connections, the IR drop across their traces is negligible, and the output and ground voltage information can be obtain with minimum IR drop error.

It is always advantageous to use Kelvin connections whenever possible. However, in applications where the IR drop is negligible or an extra set of traces cannot be routed to the load, the force and sense pins for both  $V_{OUT}$  and GND can simply be tied together, and the device can be used in the same fashion as a normal 3-terminal reference (as shown in Figure 19).

#### 10.2.2.3 V<sub>IN</sub> Slew Rate Considerations

In applications with slow-rising input voltage signals, the reference exhibits overshoot or other transient anomalies that appear on the output. These phenomena also appear during shutdown as the internal circuitry loses power.

To avoid such conditions, ensure that the input voltage waveform has both a rising and falling slew rate close to 6 V/ms.

#### 10.2.2.4 Shutdown/Enable Feature

The REF34xx-EP references can be switched to a low power shutdown mode when a voltage of 0.5 V or lower is input to the ENABLE pin. Likewise, the reference becomes operational for ENABLE voltages of 1.6 V or higher. During shutdown, the supply current drops to less than 2  $\mu$ A, useful in applications that are sensitive to power consumption.

If using the shutdown feature, ensure that the ENABLE pin voltage does not fall between 0.5 V and 1.6 V because this causes a large increase in the supply current of the device and may keep the reference from starting up correctly. If not using the shutdown feature, however, the ENABLE pin can simply be tied to the IN pin, and the reference remains operational continuously.

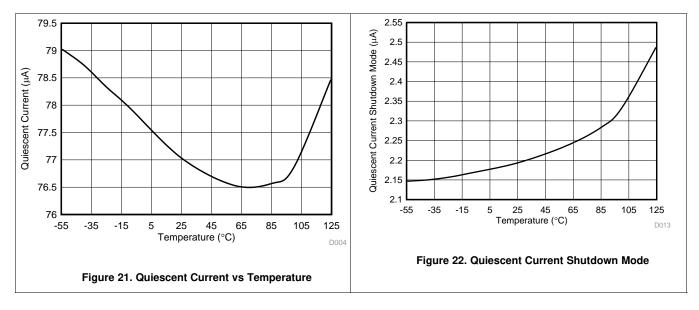
#### 16 Submit Documentation Feedback

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Product Folder Links: REF3425-EP REF3430-EP REF3433-EP REF3440-EP



#### 10.2.3 Application Curves



## **11 Power Supply Recommendations**

The REF34xx-EP family of references feature an extremely low-dropout voltage. These references can be operated with a supply of only 50 mV above the output voltage. TI recommends a supply bypass capacitor ranging between 0.1  $\mu$ F to 10  $\mu$ F.

## 12 Layout

## 12.1 Layout Guidelines

Figure 23 illustrates an example of a PCB layout for a data acquisition system using the REF34xx-EP. Some key considerations are:

- Connect low-ESR, 0.1-μF ceramic bypass capacitors at V<sub>IN</sub>, V<sub>REF</sub> of the REF34xx-EP.
- Decouple other active devices in the system per the device specifications.
- Using a solid ground plane helps distribute heat and reduces electromagnetic interference (EMI) noise pickup.
- Place the external components as close to the device as possible. This configuration prevents parasitic errors (such as the Seebeck effect) from occurring.
- Do not run sensitive analog traces in parallel with digital traces. Avoid crossing digital and analog traces if possible, and only make perpendicular crossings when absolutely necessary.

## 12.2 Layout Example

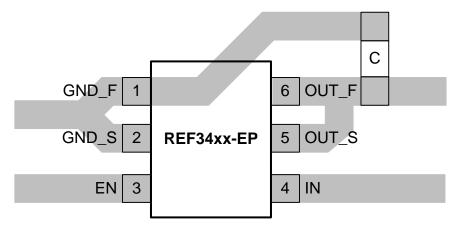


Figure 23. Layout Example

NSTRUMENTS

**EXAS** 



## **13 Device and Documentation Support**

### **13.1** Documentation Support

#### 13.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

- INA21x Voltage Output, Low- or High-Side Measurement, Bidirectional, Zero-Drift Series, Current-Shunt Monitors, SBOS437
- Low-Drift Bidirectional Single-Supply Low-Side Current Sensing Reference Design, TIDU357

#### 13.2 Related Links

The table below lists quick access links. Categories include technical documents, support and community resources, tools and software, and quick access to order now.

PARTS	PRODUCT FOLDER	ORDER NOW	TECHNICAL DOCUMENTS	TOOLS & SOFTWARE	SUPPORT & COMMUNITY
REF3425-EP	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
REF3430-EP	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
REF3433-EP	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
REF3440-EP	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here

#### Table 3. Related Links

### 13.3 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

### 13.4 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

TI E2E<sup>™</sup> Online Community *TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community.* Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

**Design Support** *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

#### 13.5 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

#### 13.6 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

## 13.7 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

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## 14 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.



## PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
	(1)		Drannig		۹.,	(2)	(6)	(3)		(4/3)	
REF3425MDBVTEP	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-55 to 125	1RWC	Samples
REF3430MDBVTEP	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-55 to 125	1SVC	Samples
REF3433MDBVTEP	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-55 to 125	1SWC	Samples
REF3440MDBVTEP	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-55 to 125	1SXC	Samples
V62/18622-01XE	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-55 to 125	1RWC	Samples
V62/18622-02XE	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-55 to 125	1SXC	Samples
V62/18622-03XE	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-55 to 125	1SVC	Samples
V62/18622-04XE	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-55 to 125	1SWC	Samples

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

<sup>(4)</sup> There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

<sup>(5)</sup> Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.



10-Dec-2020

(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

#### OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF REF3425-EP, REF3430-EP, REF3433-EP, REF3440-EP :

• Catalog: REF3425, REF3430, REF3433, REF3440

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

• Catalog - TI's standard catalog product

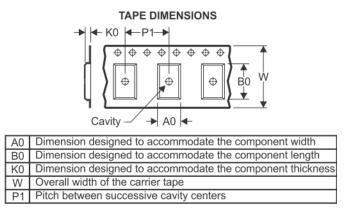
## PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





## QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
REF3425MDBVTEP	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	180.0	8.4	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
REF3430MDBVTEP	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	180.0	8.4	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
REF3433MDBVTEP	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	180.0	8.4	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
REF3440MDBVTEP	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	180.0	8.4	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

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## PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

13-Apr-2019



\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
REF3425MDBVTEP	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	213.0	191.0	35.0
REF3430MDBVTEP	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	213.0	191.0	35.0
REF3433MDBVTEP	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	213.0	191.0	35.0
REF3440MDBVTEP	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	213.0	191.0	35.0

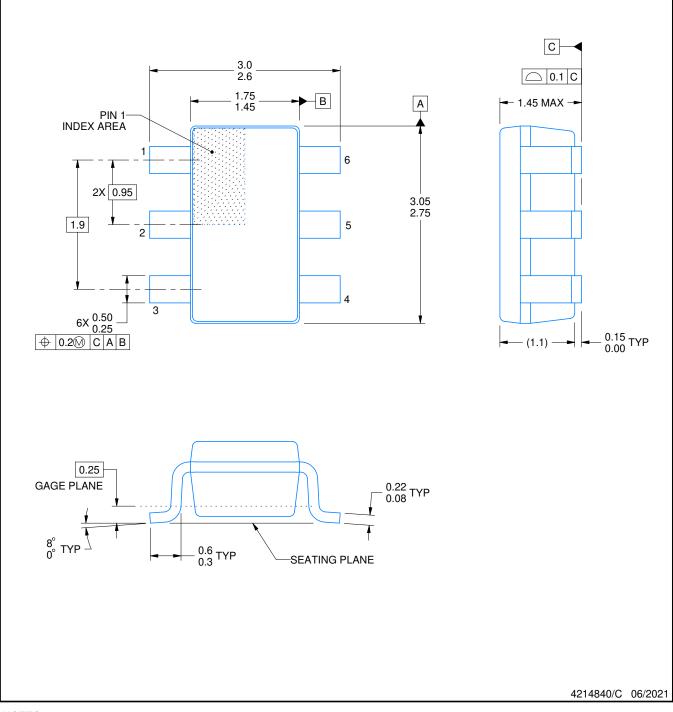
# **DBV0006A**



# **PACKAGE OUTLINE**

SOT-23 - 1.45 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.3. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.25 per side.

- 4. Leads 1,2,3 may be wider than leads 4,5,6 for package orientation. 5. Refernce JEDEC MO-178.

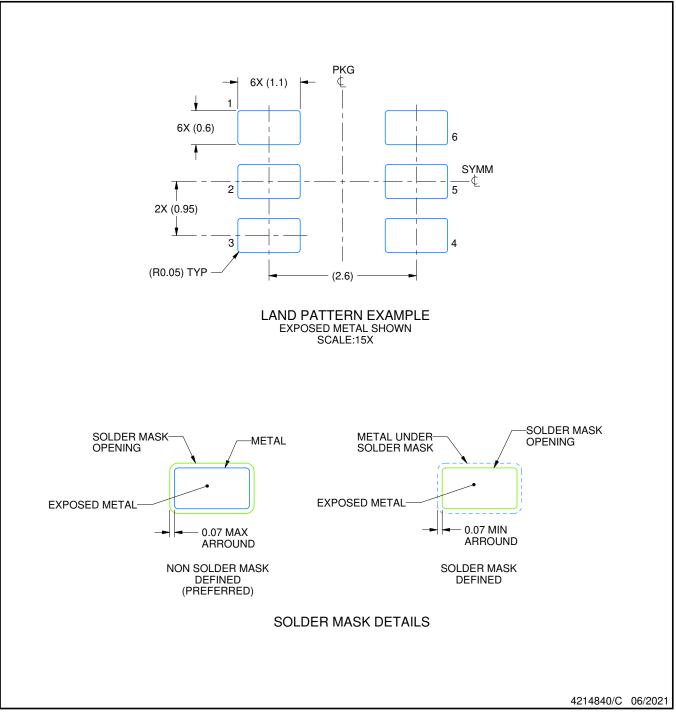


# **DBV0006A**

# **EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT**

## SOT-23 - 1.45 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

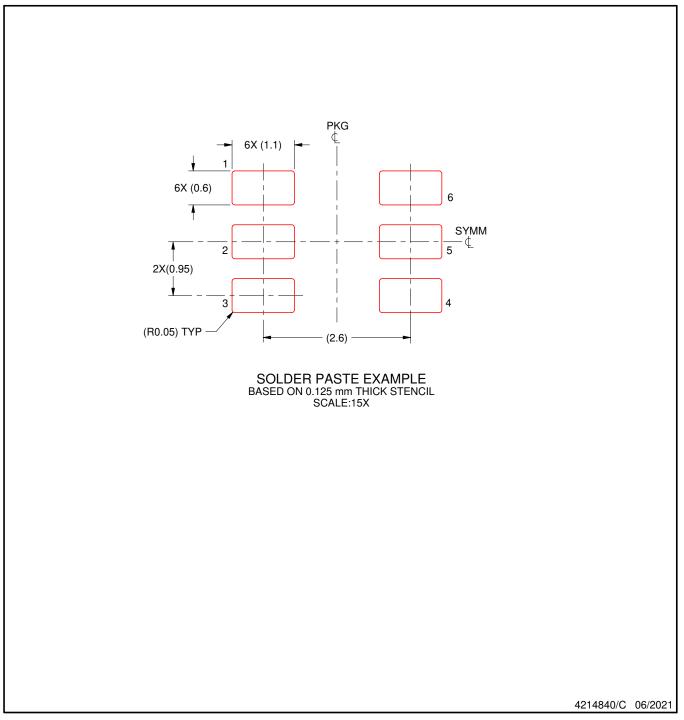


# **DBV0006A**

# **EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN**

## SOT-23 - 1.45 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES: (continued)

9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



<sup>8.</sup> Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

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