

TCA5013EVM

This document is the user's guide for the TCA5013 Evaluation Module (TCA5013EVM). The TCA5013EVM allows for evaluation of the TCA5013 smart card interface integrated circuit (IC) for one user card and three SAMs. This guide contains an introduction, setup instructions, the EVM schematic, top and bottom board layouts and component views, internal VDD and GND plane layouts, and a bill of materials.

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1 Information About Cautions and Warnings

The information in a caution or a warning is provided for your protection. Read each caution and warning carefully.



CAUTION

This EVM contains components that can potentially be damaged by electrostatic discharge. Always transport and store the EVM in its supplied ESD bag when not in use. Handle using an antistatic wristband. Operate on an antistatic work surface. For more information on proper handling, see the *Electrostic Discharge* (ESD) application note (SSYA008).

2 Items Required for Operation

The following items are required to use the TCA5013EVM:

- TCA5013 datasheet (SCPS253)
- TCA5013EVM
- Power supply, or MSP430 LaunchPad™ to supply power
- Clock source, or MSP430 LaunchPad to apply a clock signal
- Digital logic, or MSP430 LaunchPad to apply A0, SHDN, and/or IO signals

The following items are recommended for developing firmware for an attached processor to control the TCA5013EVM:

- MSP-EXP430G2 LaunchPad
 - Recommended rev 1.5
 - MSP430G2553 installed
- or MSP-EXP430F5529LP LaunchPad
- USB standard-A to mini-B cable
- Computer with Code Composer Studio installed
- Firmware/software and installation guide (SLVC581)



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3 Introduction

The TCA5013EVM allows a simple way to evaluate the TCA5013 with an MSP-EXP430G2 LaunchPad, MSP-EXP430F5529LP LaunchPad, or other processor. The TCA5013EVM is built with one user card slot which allows the TCA5013 to detect the insertion and removal of the user card. The user card, also known as an IC card, contains the account information for the consumer using an electronic point of sale (ePOS) terminal. The TCA5013EVM is also built with three Secure Access Module (SAM) card cages. A SAM card physically resembles a Subscriber Identification Module (SIM) but contains information relevant to an ePOS transaction. Although the TCA5013 is not a full ePOS system, it allows the user to evaluate the TCA5013 IC and provides a foundation for developing firmware to control the TCA5013 and communicate with a user card and up to three SAM cards.

Table 1. Device and Package Configurations

IO Expander	IC	Package		
U1	TCA5013ZAH	BGA-48		



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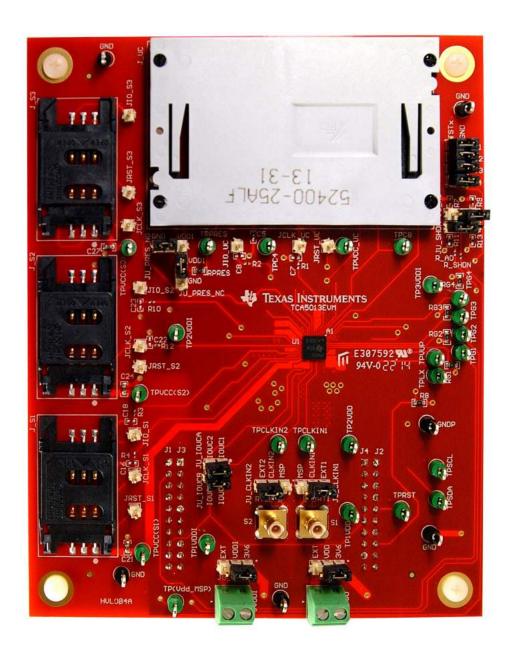


Figure 1. TCA5013EVM



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4 Setup

This section describes the header/jumper connections on the EVM and getting started using the TCA5013EVM.

4.1 Header, Jumper, and Test Point Descriptions

The headers, jumpers, and test points are listed in the order they can be found on the PCB, from top left to bottom right, across then down. However, related jumpers/headers/test points are listed simultaneously.

4.1.1 GND: Signal Ground

Test points labeled GND are connected to signal ground, which is also connected to the GND pins of the TCA5013. There are five test points spread out across the board for easy attachment of oscilloscope ground connections. They are all connected directly to the signal ground plane.

4.1.2 J UC, J S3, J S2, and J S1: Card Slot and Card Cages

Card slot J_UC is where the user card is inserted into the TCA5013EVM. Card cages J_S1, J_S2, and J S3 are where SAM1, SAM2, and SAM3 cards are inserted into the TCA5013EVM.

4.1.3 JIO S3, JIO S2, JIO S1, and JIO UC: IO Pins, Card Side

Headers JIO_UC, JIO_S1, JIO_S2, and JIO_S3 are respectively connected to IOUC, IOS1, IOS2, and IOS3 of the TCA5013 IC. These headers are test points for the IO signal which is routed to the associated card slot or card cage.

4.1.4 JT1, JT2, JT3, and JT4: Test Pins

Jumpers JT1, JT2, JT3, and JT4 are respectively connected from pin 2 to pins TST1, TST2, TST3, and TST4 on the TCA5013 IC. Pin 1 of these jumpers is connected to GND. These pins are grounded in practice; therefore, the jumper connection needs to be installed to ensure proper operation of the TCA5013.

4.1.5 JRST S3, JRST S2, JRST S1, and JRST UC: Reset Pins at Cards

Headers JRST_UC, JRST_S1, JRST_S2, and JRST_S3 are respectively connected to RSTUC, RSTS1, RSTS2, and RSTS3 of the TCA5013 IC. These headers are test points for the RST signal which is routed to the associated card slot or card cage.

4.1.6 JU A0: Address Pln

Jumper JU_A0 is connected via the center pin (pin 2) to A0 of the TCA5013 IC. When pins 1 and 2 are connected with a jumper, A0 is connected to GND through a weak pull-down resistor. When pins 2 and 3 are connected with a jumper, A0 is connected to VDDI through a weak pull-down resistor. Pin 2 is also routed to pin 3 of receptacle J2.

4.1.7 JCLK S3, JCLK S2, JCLK S1, JCLK UC: Clock Pins, Card Side

Headers JCLK_UC, JCLK_S1, JCLK_S2, and JCLK_S3 are respectively connected to CLKUC, CLKS1, CLKS2, and CLKS3 of the TCA5013 IC. These headers are test points for the CLK signal which is routed to the associated card slot or card cage.

4.1.8 JU SHDN: Shutdown Pin

Jumper JU_SHDN is connected via the center pin (pin 2) to SHDN of the TCA5013 IC. When pins 1 and 2 are connected with a jumper, SHDN is connected to GND through a weak pull-down resistor. When pins 2 and 3 are connected with a jumper, SHDN is connected to VDDI through a weak pull-up resistor. Pin 2 is also routed to pin 7 of receptacle J1.



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4.1.9 TPVCC(S3), TPVCC(S2), TPVCC(S1), TPVCC UC: VCC Pins at Cards

Test points TPVCC(UC), TPVCC(S1), TPVCC(S2), and TPVCC(S3) are respectively connected to VCCUC, VCCS1, VCCS2, and VCCS3 of the TCA5013 IC. These test points can be used to probe the voltage on VCC, the power supply to the associated card.

4.1.10 JU PRES NO, JU PRES NC, and TPPRES: PRES Pin Jumpers and Test Points

Jumpers JU_PRES_NO and JU_PRES_NC are both connected by the center pin (pin 2) to the PRES pin of the TCA5013 IC. These jumpers can be used to configure whether a user card inserted in the slot results in a logic HI to LO transition or a LO to HI transition. Connecting pin 2 of JU_PRES_NC to *VDDI* and connecting pin 2 of JU_PRES_NO to *GND* means that PRES is normally connected to VDDI and inserting a card results in a HI to LO transition. Conversely, connecting pin 2 of JU_PRES_NC to *GND* and connecting pin 2 of JU_PRES_NO to *VDDI* means that PRES is normally connected to GND and inserting a card results in a LO to HI transition.

Test point TPPRES is connected to the PRES pin of the TCA5013 IC and can be used to probe the voltage on this pin when a card is inserted or removed from the card slot.

4.1.11 TPC4 and TPC8: C4 and C8 Pins at User Card

Test points TPC4 and TPC8 are respectively connected to pins C4 and C8 of the TCA5013 IC. These test points can be used to probe the C4 or C8 signal routed to the user card.

4.1.12 TP3VDDI, TP2VDDI, TPVDDI: VDDI Pin Test Points

Test points TPV1DDI, TP2VDDI, and TP3VDDI are all connected directly to the VDDI plane and can be used to probe the power supply to the VDDI pin of the TCA5013 IC.

4.1.13 TPG4, TPG3, TPG2, and TPG1: GPIO Pins

Test points TPG1, TPG2, TPG3, and TPG4 are respectively connected to the GPIO1, GPIO2, GPIO3, and GPIO4 pins of the TCA5013 IC. These test points can be used to probe the output voltage of the GPIO pins or apply an input voltage to the GPIO pins.

4.1.14 TPVUP and TPLX: VUP and LX Pins

Test points TPVUP and TPLX are respectively connected to the VUP and LX pins of the TCA5013 and can be used to probe the boost circuitry of the device.

4.1.15 GNDP: Power Ground

Test point GNDP is connected to power ground plane and the GNDP pin of the TCA5013 IC, which is separated from the signal ground plane with a 0.003Ω resistor.

4.1.16 TPCLKIN2 and TPCLKIN1: CLK Pins. Host Side

Test points TPCLKIN1 and TPCLKIN2 are respectively connected to the CLKIN1 and CLKIN2 pins of the TCA5013 IC. These test points can be used to probe the clock signals at the host side of the TCA5013.

4.1.17 TP2VDD and TP1VDD: VDD Pin Test Point

Test points TP1VDD and TP2VDD are both connected directly to the VDD plane and can be used to probe the power supply to the VDD pin of the TCA5013 IC.

4.1.18 JU_IOUCA and JU_IOUCB: IO Pins, Host Side

Jumpers JU_IOUCA and JU_IOUCB are both connected to IOMC1 at pin 1 and to IOMC2 at pin 2. If either one of the headers has pin 1 and pin 2 connected with a jumper, then IOMC1 and IOMC2 are shorted together. The pins of these headers can also be used as test points to probe the IO signals on the host side of the TCA5013 IC.



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4.1.19 TPSCL and TPSDA: I2C Communication Pins

Test points TPSCL and TPSDA are respectively connected to the SCL and SDA pins of the TCA5013 IC. SCL and SDA are the signal names for the 2-wire I²C communication protocol, which is used to control and communicate with the TCA5013. These test points can be used to probe SCL and SDA to interpret I²C communication from the processor to the TCA5013.

4.1.20 JU CLKIN2 and JU CLKIN1: CLKIN1 and CLKIN2 Jumpers

Jumpers JU_CLKIN1 and JU_CLKIN2 are respectively connected from the center pin, labeled *CLKIN1* and *CLKIN2*, to the CLKIN1 and CLKIN2 pins of the TCA5013 IC. Connecting *CLKIN1* (or *CLKIN2*) to *MSP* allows an attached MSP430 processor to supply a clock to the *CLKIN1* (or *CLKIN2*) pin of the TCA5013. Connecting *CLKIN1* (or *CLKIN2*) to *EXT1* (or *EXT2*) allows a clock signal to be applied to the TCA5013 via the S1 (or S2) SMB connector.

4.1.21 J1 and J2: MSP-EXP430G2 Connection Receptacles

Receptacles J1 and J2 allow the TCA5013EVM to interface with an MSP-EXP430G2 LaunchPad. See the TCA5013EVM schematic in Figure 2 to determine which signals from the LaunchPad are connected to the TCA5013.

4.1.22 J3 and J4: MSP-EXP430F5529LP Additional Connection Receptacles

Receptacles J3 and J4, in conjunction with headers J1 and J2, allow the TCA5013EVM to interface with an MSP-EXP430F5529LP LaunchPad. See the TCA5013EVM schematic in Figure 2 to determine which signals from the LaunchPad are connected to the TCA5013.

4.1.23 S2 and S1: SMB Connections for Clock Source

SMB connectors S1 and S2 allow a clock signal to be externally applied to the respective CLKIN1 and CLKIN2 pins of the TCA5013 IC. There is a $50-\Omega$ termination resistance, RT1 (and RT2), between S1 and JU_CLKIN1 (and between S2 and JU_CLKIN2) which can be removed if the external clock applied does not have a matched $50-\Omega$ resistance.

4.1.24 TPRST: RST Pin for MSP430 LaunchPad

Test point TPRST connects to the RST pin of the LaunchPad and can be used to manually reset the MSP430 processor.

4.1.25 JU_VDDI and JVDDI: VDDI Power Supply Pin Connections

Jumper JU_VDDI is connected via the center pin, labeled *VDDI*, to VDDI of the TCA5013 IC. Connecting *VDDI* to *3V6* allows the LaunchPad to supply power VDDI of the TCA5013. Connecting *VDDI* to *EXT* allows power to be applied externally.

Screw terminal JVDDI can be used to supply power to the *EXT* pin of JU_VDDI from an external power supply.

4.1.26 JU VDD and JVDD: VDD Power Supply Pin Connections

Jumper JU_VDD is connected via the center pin, labeled *VDD*, to VDD of the TCA5013 IC. Connecting *VDD* to *3V6* allows the LaunchPad to supply power VDD of the TCA5013. Connecting *VDD* to *EXT* allows power to be applied externally.

Screw terminal JVDD can be used to supply power to the *EXT* pin of JU_VDD from an external power supply.

4.1.27 TP(Vdd MSP): Test Point for MSP430 LaunchPad Power Supply

Test point TP(Vdd_MSP) is connected to the power supply rail of the LaunchPad and can be used to probe the voltage supplied by the LaunchPad, which is nominally 3.6 V.



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4.2 Getting Started Using the TCA5013EVM

4.2.1 MSP-EXP430G2 LaunchPad Setup

If the TCA5013EVM is to be used in conjunction with the MSP-EXP430G2 LaunchPad, the LaunchPad can supply power and provide all of the signals necessary to communicate with the user card and SAM cards.

Prior to setup, ensure the LaunchPad is not plugged into a computer.

To begin the setup, the TCA5013EVM J1 and J2 receptacles must be connected to the J1 and J2 headers on the LaunchPad. For the LaunchPad to provide the A0 and SHDN signals to the TCA5013, it is recommended that the shunt on JU_A0 and JU_SHDN be removed. For the LaunchPad to provide the IO signals to communicate with the user card and SAM cards through the TCA5013, either JU_IOUCA or JU_IOUCB must have a shunt connecting the pins labeled *IOUC1* and *IOUC2*. If both of these shunts are removed, the LaunchPad can only communicate with the SAM cards. For the LaunchPad to provide the CLK signal to the card through the TCA5013, JU_CLKIN1 and JU_CLKIN2 must have a shunt connected from the pin labeled *CLKIN1* to *MSP* and *CLKIN2* to *MSP*. Finally, for the LaunchPad to supply power to the TCA5013 and thereby supply power to the user card and SAM cards with the boost circuitry and integrated LDOs, JU_VDD and JU_VDDI must be connected from the pin labeled *VDD* to *3V6* and *VDDI* to *3V6*.

Optionally, any of these power supplies or signals can be provided externally by following the alternate descriptions in Section 4.1.

After this setup is complete, the LaunchPad may be plugged into a computer by a USB standard-A to mini-B cable.

4.2.2 Using the Sample MSP-EXP430G2 Firmware/Software

The sample firmware/software for the MSP-EXP430G2 LaunchPad provides a simple way to control the TCA5013 and demonstrate its functionality. Using a computer as an interface, all of the registers can be read from and written to individually. Core features, such as card activation, that involve writing to multiple registers are performed simultaneously by the processor. In addition, the processor also provides a simple interrupt handling routine. The sample code, detailed installation instructions, and hardware setup information can be found in the zipped folder SLVC581, TCA5013EVM Software/Firmware Package, and will be updated as bug fixes and enhanced features become available.



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4.2.3 TCA5013 Register Map Overview

A detailed description of the TCA5013 register map can be found in the datasheet. As a reference, an overview of the register map is shown in Table 2.

Table 2. TCA5013 Register Map

Туре	Address (Hex)	Register Description	Туре	Reset (Hex)	Reset (Binary)	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
	00	User Card Slot Status	R	00	0000 0000	ACTIVE_UC	EARLY_UC	MUTE_UC	PROT_UC	CLKSW_UC	PRESL_UC	PRES_UC	VCC_FAIL_UC	
	01	User Card Slot Settings	R/W	60	0110 0000	SET_V	SET_VCC_UC IO_EN_UC			WARM_UC	CARD_DETECT_ UC		START_ASYNC_ UC	
	02	User Card Clock Settings	R/W	0C	0000 1100	INTERN_CLK_UC	CLK0_UC	CLK1_UC		CLK_DIV_UC				
	03	Asynchronous Mode ATR EARLY counter MSB for User Card	R/W	AA	1010 1010				EARLY_CO	UNT_HI_UC				
	04	Asynchronous Mode ATR EARLY counter LSB for User Card	R/W	00	0000 0000	EARLY_COL	EARLY_COUNT_LO_UC							
	05	Asynchronous Mode ATR MUTE counter MSB for User Card	R/W	A4	1010 0100		MUTE_COUNT_HI_UC							
User Card	06	Asynchronous Mode ATR MUTE counter LSB for User Card	R/W	74	0111 0100		MUTE_COUNT_LO_UC							
	07	User Card IO Slew Rate Settings	R/W	80	1000 0000		IO_TR_UC		IO_TI	F_UC				
	08	User Card Clock Slew Rate Settings	R/W	A0	1010 0000		CLK_S	SR_UC						
	09	User Card Synchronous Mode Settings	R/W	76	0111 0110	CARD_TYPE	ACTIVATION_ TYPE	C4	C8	RST	CLK_ENABLE_ SYNC	EDGE	START_SYNC	
	0A	Synchronous Mode ATR Byte 1	R	00	0000 0000		BYTE1_UC							
	0B	Synchronous Mode ATR Byte 2	R	00	0000 0000		BYTE2_UC							
	0C	Synchronous Mode ATR Byte 3	R	00	0000 0000		BYTE3_UC							
	0D	Synchronous Mode ATR Byte 4	R	00	0000 0000	BYTE4_UC								



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Table 2. TCA5013 Register Map (continued)

Туре	Address (Hex)	Register Description	Туре	Reset (Hex)	Reset (Binary)	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
	10	SAM1 Slot Status	R	00	0000 0000	ACTIVE_SAM1	EARLY_SAM1	MUTE_SAM1	PROT_SAM1	CLKSW_SAM1	STAT_OTP	STAT_SUPL	VCC_FAIL_ SAM1
	11	SAM1 Slot Settings	R/W	40	0100 0000	SET_VC	C_SAM1	IO_EN_SAM1		WARM_SAM1			START_ASYNC_ SAM1
SAM1	12	SAM1 Clock Settings	R/W	0C	0000 1100	INTERN_CLK_ SAM1	CLK0_SAM1	CLK1_SAM1		CLK_DIV_SAM1			
	13	Asynchronous Mode ATR EARLY counter MSB for SAM1	R/W	AA	1010 1010				EARLY_COU	NT_HI_SAM1			
	14	Asynchronous Mode ATR EARLY counter LSB for SAM1	R/W	00	0000 0000	EARLY_COUNT_LO_SAM1							
	15	Asynchronous Mode ATR MUTE counter MSB for SAM1	R/W	A4	1010 0100				MUTE_COU	NT_HI_SAM1			
	16	Asynchronous Mode ATR MUTE counter LSB for SAM1	R/W	74	0111 0100				MUTE_COUN	NT_LO_SAM1			
SAM 1-3	17	SAM IO Slew Rate Settings	R/W	80	1000 0000	IO_TR_SAM			IO_TF	SAM			
Slew Rates	18	SAM Clock Slew Rate Settings	R/W	A0	1010 0000		CLK_S	R_SAM					
	20	SAM2 Slot Status	R	00	0000 0000	ACTIVE_SAM2	MUTE_SAM2	PROT_SAM2	CLKSW_SAM2			VCC_FAIL_SAM2	
	21	SAM2 Slot Settings	R/W	40	0100 0000	SET_VC	C_SAM2	IO_EN_SAM2		WARM_SAM2			START_ASYNC_ SAM2
	22	SAM2 Clock Settings	R/W	0C	0000 1100	INTERN_CLK_ SAM2	CLK0_SAM2	CLK1_SAM2		CLK_DIV_SAM2			
	23	Asynchronous Mode ATR EARLY counter MSB for SAM2	R/W	AA	1010 1010	EARLY_COUNT_HI_SAM2							
SAM2	24	Asynchronous Mode ATR EARLY counter LSB for SAM2	R/W	00	0000 0000	EARLY_COUN_LO_SAM2							
	25	Asynchronous Mode ATR MUTE counter MSB for SAM2	R/W	A4	1010 0100	MUTE_COUNT_HI_SAM2							
	26	Asynchronous Mode ATR MUTE counter LSB for SAM2	R/W	74	0111 0100	MUTE_COUNT_LO_SAM2							



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Table 2. TCA5013 Register Map (continued)

Туре	Address (Hex)	Register Description	Туре	Reset (Hex)	Reset (Binary)	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
	30	SAM3 Slot Status	R	00	0000 0000	ACTIVE_SAM3	EARLY_SAM3	MUTE_SAM3	PROT_SAM3	CLKSW_SAM3			VCC_FAIL_SAM3	
	31	SAM3 Slot Settings	R/W	40	0100 0000	SET_VC	C_SAM3	IO_EN_SAM3	_EN_SAM3 WARM_SAM3				START_ASYNC_ SAM3	
	32	SAM3 Clock Settings	R/W	0C	0000 1100	INTERN_CLK_ SAM3	CLK0_SAM3	CLK1_SAM3		CLK_DIV_SAM3				
SAM3	33	Asynchronous Mode ATR EARLY counter MSB for SAM3	R/W	AA	1010 1010		EARLY_COUNT_HI_SAM3							
	34	Asynchronous Mode ATR EARLY counter LSB for SAM3	R/W	00	0000 0000	EARLY_COUNT_LO_SAM3								
	35	Asynchronous Mode ATR MUTE counter MSB for SAM3	R/W	A4	1010 0100				MUTE_COU	NT_HI_SAM3				
	36	Asynchronous Mode ATR MUTE counter LSB for SAM3	R/W	74	0111 0100		MUTE_COUNT_LO_SAM3							
Utility and Status	40	Product Version	R	00	0000 0000				PRODU	CT_VER				
	41	Interrupt Status Register	R	00	0000 0000	INT_UC	INT_SAM1	INT_SAM2	INT_SAM3	INT_OTP	INT_SUPL	INT_SYNC_ COMPLETE	INT_GPIO	
	42	Device Settings	R/W	80	1000 0000	DC_DC		GPIO4	GPIO3	GPIO2	GPIO1			
	43	GPIO Settings	R/W	xF	xxxx 1111	GPIO4_INPUT	GPIO3_INPUT	GPIO2_INPUT	GPIO1_INPUT	GPIO4_OUTPUT	GPIO3_OUTPUT	GPIO2_OUTPUT	GPIO1_OUTPUT	
	44	User Card Interrupt Mask Register	R/W	00	0000 0000	EARLY_UC_MASK	MUTE_UC_MASK	PROT_UC_MASK	SYNC_COMPLETE	OTP_MASK	SUPL_MASK	GPIO_INT_MASK	PRESL_INT_MASK	
	45	SAM1 and SAM2 Interrupt Mask Register	R/W	00	0000 0000	EARLY_SAM1_ MASK	MUTE_SAM1_ MASK	PROT_SAM1_ MASK	EARLY_SAM2_ MASK	MUTE_SAM2	PROT_SAM2_ MASK	VCC_FAIL_ SAM_MASK	VCC_FAIL_UC_ MASK	
	46	SAM3 and GPIO Interrupt Mask Register	R/W	00	0000 0000	EARLY_SAM3_ MASK	MUTE_SAM3_ MASK	PROT_SAM3_ MASK	GPIO4_INT_MASK	GPIO3_INT_MASK	GPIO_INT_MASK	GPIO1_INT_MASK		



Schematic www.ti.com

5 Schematic

The circuit diagram in Figure 2 shows the schematic for the TCA5013EVM evaluation board.

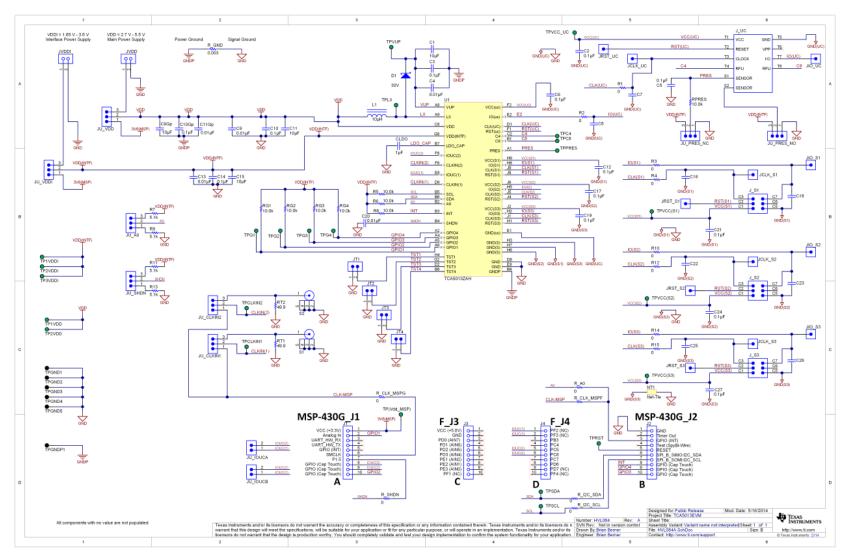


Figure 2. TCA5013EVM Schematic



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6 Board Layout

Figure 3 illustrates the top layer board layout, while Figure 4 shows the top layer component view with silkscreen labels clearly visible. Figure 5 shows the layout of the VDD plane on layer 2. Figure 6 shows the layout of the GND plane on layer 3. Figure 7 illustrates the bottom layer board layout, while Figure 8 shows the bottom layer component view with silkscreen labels clearly visible.

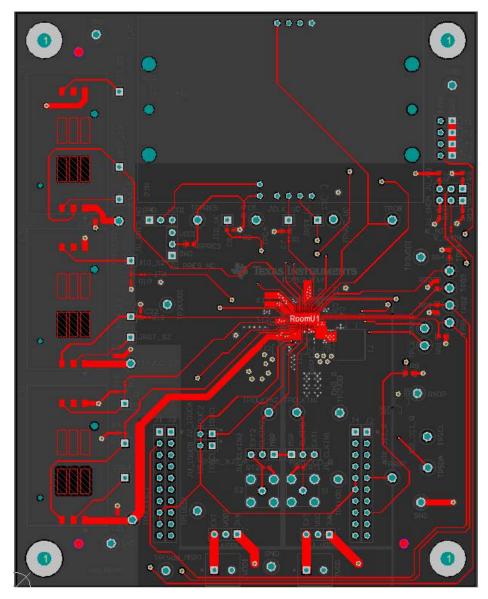


Figure 3. PCB Layer 1 (Top Layer)



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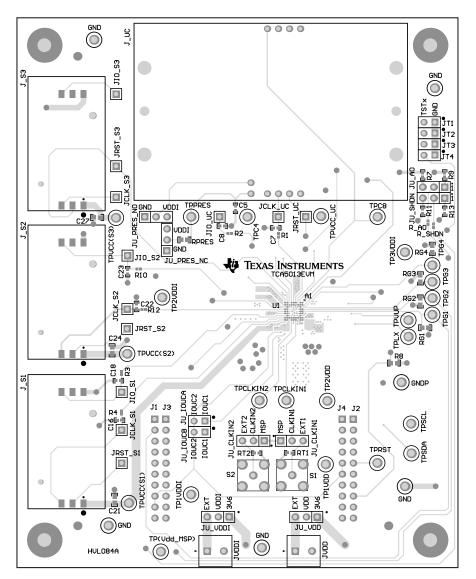


Figure 4. PCB Layer 1 (Component View)



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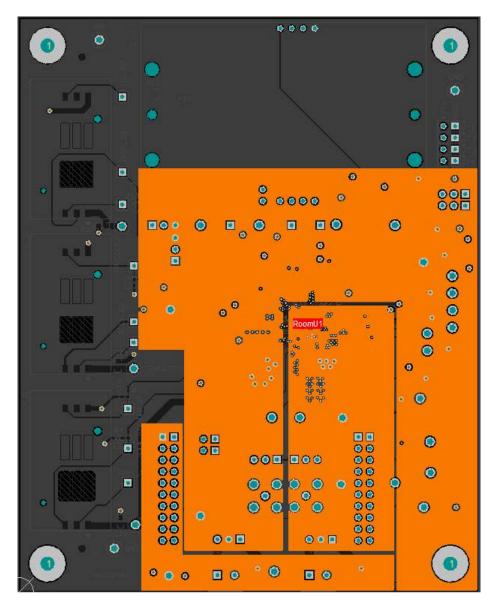


Figure 5. PCB Layer 2 (VDD Plane)



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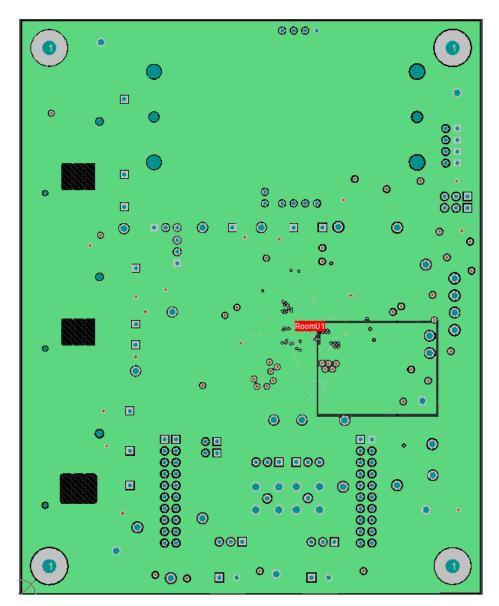


Figure 6. PCB Layer 3 (GND Plane)



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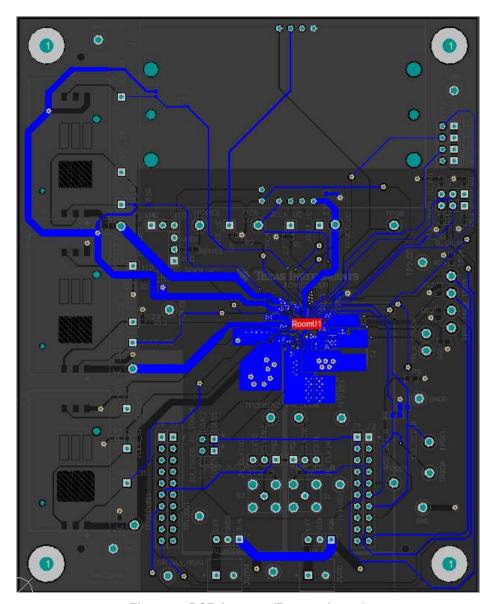


Figure 7. PCB Layer 4 (Bottom Layer)



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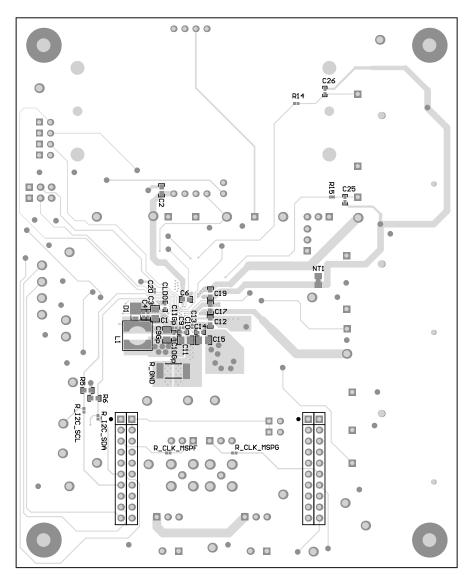


Figure 8. PCB Layer 4 (Component View)



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7 Bill of Materials

Table 3 lists the BOM for this EVM.

Table 3. Bill of Materials

Designator	QTY.	Value	Description	Package Reference	Part Number	Manufacturer
PCB1	1		Printed Circuit Board		HVL084	Any
C1	1	10μF	CAP, CERM, 10μF, 16V, ±10%, X5R, 0805	0805	GRM21BR61C106KE15L	Murata
C2, C6, C12, C17, C19, C21, C24, C27	8	0.1μF	CAP, CERM, 0.1µF, 25V, ±5%, X7R, 0603	0603	C0603C104J3RAC	Kemet
C3	1	0.1μF	CAP, CERM, 0.1µF, 50V, ±10%, C0G/NP0, 0402	0402	C1005X7R1H104K	TDK
C4	1	0.01μF	CAP, CERM, 0.01µF, 25V, ±10%, X7R, 0402	0402	C1005X7R1E103K	TDK
C5, C10, C10Gp, C14	4	0.1μF	CAP, CERM, 0.1µF, 16V, ±10%, X7R, 0402	0402	GRM155R71C104KA88D	Murata
C9, C11Gp, C13, C20	4	0.01μF	CAP, CERM, 0.01µF, 10V, ±10%, X7R, 0201	0201	GRM033R71A103KA01D	Murata
C9Gp, C11, C15	3	10μF	CAP, CERM, 10μF, 10V, ±10%, X7R, 0805	0805	GRM21BR71A106KE51L	Murata
CLDO	1	1μF	CAP, CERM, 1µF, 6.3V, ±20%, X5R, 0402	0402	C1005X5R0J105M	TDK
D1	1	30V	Diode, Schottky, 30V, 1.5A, DO-220AA	DO-220AA	SS1P3L-M3/84A	Vishay-Semiconductor
H1, H2, H5, H6	4		Standoff, Hex, 0.5"L #4-40 Nylon	Standoff	1902C	Keystone
H3, H4, H7, H8	4		Machine Screw, Round, #4-40 x 1/4, Nylon, Philips panhead	Screw	NY PMS 440 0025 PH	B&F Fastener Supply
J1, J2, J3, J4	4		Receptacle 100mil 10x1, Tin, TH	Receptacle, 10x1, 100mil, Tin	PPTC101LFBN-RC	Sullins Connector Solutions
JCLK_S1, JCLK_S2, JCLK_S3, JCLK_UC, JIO_S1, JIO_S2, JIO_S3, JIO_UC, JRST_S1, JRST_S2, JRST_S3, JRST_UC	12		Header, TH, 100mil, 1pos, Gold plated, 230 mil above insulator	Testpoint	TSW-101-07-G-S	Samtec, Inc.
JT1-JT4, JU_IOUCA, JU_IOUCB	6		Header, 100mil, 2x1, Tin plated, TH	Header, 2 PIN, 100mil, Tin	PEC02SAAN	Sullins Connector Solutions
JU_A0, JU_PRES_NC, JU_PRES_NO, JU_SHDN	4	1x3	Header, TH, 100mil, 1x3, Gold plated, 230 mil above insulator	PBC03SAAN	PBC03SAAN	Sullins Connector Solutions
JU_CLKIN1, JU_CLKIN2, JU_VDD, JU_VDDI	4		Header, TH, 100mil, 3x1, Gold plated, 230 mil above insulator	TSW-103-07-G-S	TSW-103-07-G-S	Samtec, Inc.
JVDD, JVDDI	2	2x1	Conn Term Block, 2POS, 3.81mm, TH	PhoenixConact_1727010	1727010	Phoenix Contact
J_S1, J_S2, J_S3	3		Connector, 6-Pos SIMLOCK,2.54mm, SMD	30.0x17.3x2.5mm	C707 10M006 0492	Amphenol-Tuchel Electronics
J_UC	1		CONN SMARTCARD 8POS OUTDOOR PCB	62x6.5x40mm	52400-25ALF	FCI
L1	1	10μΗ	Inductor, Shielded Drum Core, Ferrite, 10 μ H, 1.4A, 0.05 Ω , SMD	WE-TPC-LH	744053100	Wurth Elektronik eiSos
R1-R4, R10, R12, R14, R15, R_A0, R_CLK_MSPG, R_I2C_SCL, R_I2C_SDA, R_SHDN	13	0	RES, 0 ohm, 5%, 0.05W, 0201	0201	ERJ-1GE0R00C	Panasonic
R5, R6, R8, RG1, RG2, RG3, RG4, RPRES	8	10.0k	RES, 10.0k ohm, 1%, 0.1W, 0603	0603	CRCW060310K0FKEA	Vishay-Dale
R7, R9, R11, R13	4	5.1k	RES, 5.1kΩ, 5%, 0.063W, 0402	0402	CRCW04025K10JNED	Vishay-Dale
RT1, RT2	2	49.9	RES, 49.9 Ω, 1%, 0.063W, 0402	0402	CRCW040249R9FKED	Vishay-Dale
R_GND	1	0.003	RES, 0.003 Ω, 1%, 1W, 2512	2512	73M1R003F	CTS Resistor
S1, S2	2		Connector, SMB, Vertical RCP 0-4GHz, 50 Ω, TH	236x293x236mil	131-3701-261	Emerson Network Power
SH-J1-SH-J15	15	1x2	Shunt, 100mil, Gold plated, Black	Shunt	969102-0000-DA	3M



Bill of Materials www.ti.com

Table 3. Bill of Materials (continued)

Designator	QTY.	Value	Description	Package Reference	Part Number	Manufacturer
TP1VDD, TP1VDDI, TP2VDD, TP2VDDI, TP3VDDI, TP(Vdd_MSP), TPC4, TPC8, TPCLKIN1, TPCLKIN2, TPG1, TPG2, TPG3, TPG4, TPLX, TPPRES, TPRST, TPSCL, TPSDA, TPVCC(S1), TPVCC(S2), TPVCC(S3), TPVCC_UC, TPVUP	24	Green	Test Point, Multipurpose, Green, TH	Green Multipurpose Testpoint	5126	Keystone
TPGND1-TPGND5, TPGNDP1	6	Black	Test Point, Multipurpose, Black, TH	Black Multipurpose Testpoint	5011	Keystone
U1	1		Smart Card Interface IC for 1 User Card + 3 SAMs, ZAH0048A	ZAH0048A	TCA5013ZAH	Texas Instruments
C7, C8, C16, C18, C22, C23, C25, C26	0	1000pF	CAP, CERM, 1000pF, 50V, ±20%, X7R, 0402	0402	C1005X7R1H102M	TDK
FID1, FID2, FID3	0		Fiducial mark. There is nothing to buy or mount.	Fiducial	N/A	N/A
R_CLK_MSPF	0	0	RES, 0 Ω, 5%, 0.05W, 0201	0201	ERJ-1GE0R00C	Panasonic

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