# PC725V0NSZX/ PC725V0YSZX

#### ■ Features

- 1. TTL compatible output
- 2. High collector-emitter voltage (VcEo:300V)
- 3. High sensitivity (CTR:MIN. 1 000%)
- 4. Isolation voltage (Viso (rms):5kV)
- Recognized by UL, file No.E64380
   Approved by TÜV (VDE0884)(PC725V0YSZX)
- 6. 6-pin DIP package

## ■ Applications

- 1. Home appliances
- 2. Programmable controllers
- 3. Peripheral equipment of personal computers

### ■ Model Line-up

Model No.	* Safty S App	roval	Package	Packing	
	UL	TÜV (VDE0884)			
PC725V0NSZX	0	_	DIP	Sleeve	
PC725V0YSZX	0	0	DIP		

<sup>\*</sup> Application Model No. PC725V

# ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta:	=2	5°	(

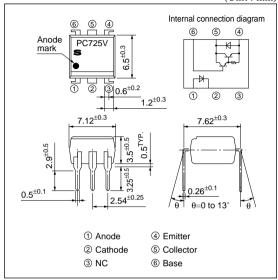
Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit
	Forward current	IF	50	mA
Input	*1 Peak forward current	IFM	1	A
	Reverse voltage	$V_R$	6	V
	Power dissipation	P	70	mW
	Collector-emitter voltage	Vceo	300	V
Output	Collector-base voltage	Vcbo	300	V
	Emitter-base voltage	$V_{\text{EBO}}$	6	V
	Collector current	Ic	150	mA
	Collector current (reverse)	-Ic	10	mA
	Collector power dissipation	Pc	300	mW
	Total power dissipation	Ptot	350	mW
	*2 Isolation voltage	$V_{iso\;(rms)}$	5	kV
Operating temperature		Topr	-25 to +100	°C
	Storage temperature	Tstg	-40 to +125	°C
	*3 Soldering temperature	Tsol	260	°C

<sup>\*1</sup> Pulse width≤100µs, Duty ratio=0.001

# High Sensitivity and High Collector-emitter Voltage Type Photocoupler

#### **■** Outline Dimensions

(Unit: mm)



<sup>\*2 40</sup> to 60% RH, AC for 1 min

<sup>\*3</sup> For 10 s

■ Electro-optical Characteristics							(	Ta=25°C)
	Parameter Sy			Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
	Forward voltage		VF	I <sub>F</sub> =10mA	_	1.2	1.4	V
Input -	Peak forward voltage	Peak forward voltage		I <sub>FM</sub> =0.5A	ı	-	3	V
	Reverse current		IR	$V_R=4V$	-	-	10	μΑ
	Terminal capacitance		Ct	V=0, f=1kHz	1	30	250	pF
Output	Collector dark current		Iceo	Vce=200V, I <sub>F</sub> =0, R <sub>BE</sub> =∞	-	_	10-6	A
	Collector current		Ic	I <sub>F</sub> =1mA, V <sub>CE</sub> =2V, R <sub>BE</sub> =∞	10	40	150	mA
	Collector-emitter saturation voltage		V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA, I <sub>C</sub> =100mA, R <sub>BE</sub> =∞	_	_	1.2	V
Transfer	Isolation resistance		Riso	DC500V, 40 to 60%RH	5×10 <sup>10</sup>	1011	_	Ω
charac-	Floating capacitance		Cf	V=0, f=1MHz	-	0.6	1.0	pF
teristics	Cut-off frequency		fc	Vce=2V, Ic=20mA, Rl=100Ω, RBE=∞, -3dB	1	7	_	kHz
	Dagnanga tima	Rise time	tr	Vce=2V, Ic=20mA	1	100	300	μs
	Response time Fall time		<b>t</b> f	$R_L=100\Omega$ , $R_{BE}=\infty$		20	100	μs

Fig.1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

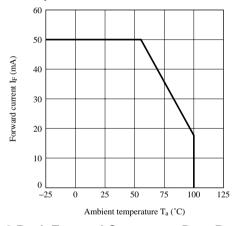


Fig.2 Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

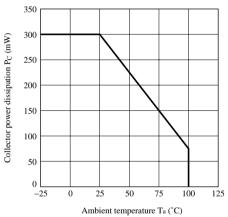


Fig.3 Peak Forward Current vs. Duty Ratio

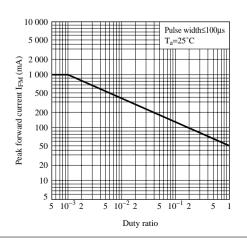


Fig.4 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

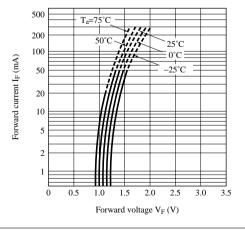


Fig.5 Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current

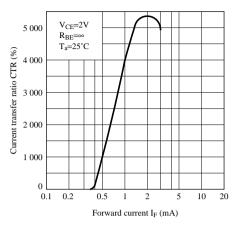


Fig.7 Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs.
Ambient Temperature

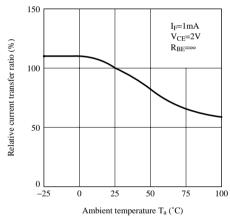


Fig.9 Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

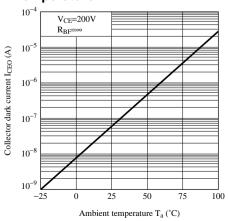


Fig.6 Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage

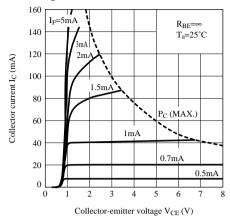


Fig.8 Collector - emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

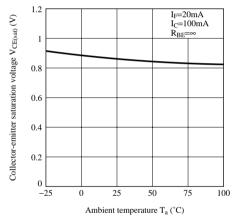


Fig.10 Response Time vs. Load Resistance

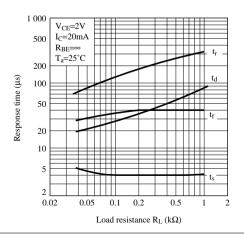
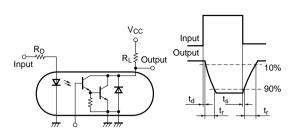


Fig.11 Test Circuit for Response Time

Fig.12 Frequency Response



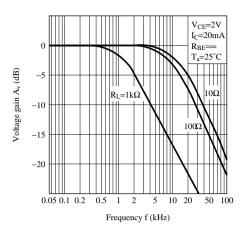
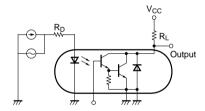


Fig.13 Test Circuit for Frequency Response



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- Observe the following points when using any devices in this publication. SHARP takes no responsibility for damage caused by improper use of the devices which does not meet the conditions and absolute maximum ratings to be used specified in the relevant specification sheet nor meet the following conditions:
  - (i) The devices in this publication are designed for use in general electronic equipment designs such as:
  - Personal computers
  - Office automation equipment
  - Telecommunication equipment [terminal]
- Test and measurement equipment
- Industrial control
- Audio visual equipment
- Consumer electronics
- (ii) Measures such as fail-safe function and redundant design should be taken to ensure reliability and safety when SHARP devices are used for or in connection with equipment that requires higher reliability such as:
- Transportation control and safety equipment (i.e., aircraft, trains, automobiles, etc.)
- Traffic signals
- Gas leakage sensor breakers
- Alarm equipment
- Various safety devices, etc.
- (iii)SHARP devices shall not be used for or in connection with equipment that requires an extremely high level of reliability and safety such as:
- Space applications
- Telecommunication equipment [trunk lines]
- Nuclear power control equipment
- Medical and other life support equipment (e.g., scuba).
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# PC725V0NIZX/ PC725V0NIPX

#### ■ Features

- 1. TTL compatible output
- 2. High collector-emitter voltage (VcEo:300V)
- 3. High sensitivity (CTR:MIN. 1 000%)
- 4. Isolation voltage (Viso (rms):5kV)
- 5. Recognized by UL, file No.E64380
- 6. 6-pin DIP package (Lead forming type)

## ■ Applications

- 1. Home appliances
- 2. Programmable controllers
- 3. Peripheral equipment of personal computers

### **■** Model Line-up

Model No.	* Safty St Appr		Package	Packing	
	UL	TÜV (VDE0884)	1 ackage		
PC725V0NIZX	0	-	Surface	Sleeve	
PC725V0NIPX	0	_	Mount	Taping	

<sup>\*</sup> Application Model No. PC725V

## **■** Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta=25°C
----------

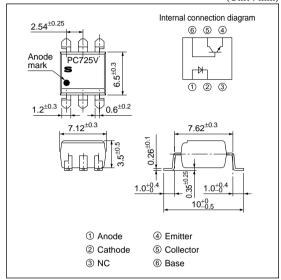
Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit
	Forward current	IF	50	mA
Input	*1 Peak forward current	IFM	1	A
	Reverse voltage	$V_R$	6	V
	Power dissipation	P	70	mW
	Collector-emitter voltage	Vceo	300	V
Output	Collector-base voltage	Vcbo	300	V
	Emitter-base voltage	VEBO	6	V
	Collector current	Ic	150	mA
	Collector current (reverse)	-Ic	10	mA
	Collector power dissipation	Pc	300	mW
Total power dissipation		Ptot	350	mW
*2 Isolation voltage		Viso (rms)	5	kV
Operating temperature		Topr	-25 to +100	°C
	Storage temperature	Tstg	-40 to +125	°C
	*3 Soldering temperature	Tsol	260	°C

<sup>\*1</sup> Pulse width≤100µs, Duty ratio=0.001

# High Sensitivity and High Collector-emitter Voltage Type Photocoupler

#### **■** Outline Dimensions

(Unit: mm)



<sup>\*2 40</sup> to 60% RH, AC for 1 min

<sup>\*3</sup> For 10 s

■ Electro	■ Electro-optical Characteristics							Ta=25°C)
	Parameter S			Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
	Forward voltage		VF	I <sub>F</sub> =10mA	_	1.2	1.4	V
Input -	Peak forward voltage		V <sub>FM</sub>	I <sub>FM</sub> =0.5A	ı	-	3	V
	Reverse current		IR	$V_R=4V$	_	_	10	μΑ
	Terminal capacitance		Ct	V=0, f=1kHz	1	30	250	pF
Output	Collector dark current		Iceo	Vce=200V, I <sub>F</sub> =0, R <sub>BE</sub> =∞	-	_	10-6	A
	Collector current		Ic	I <sub>F</sub> =1mA, V <sub>CE</sub> =2V, R <sub>BE</sub> =∞	10	40	150	mA
	Collector-emitter saturation voltage		V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA, I <sub>C</sub> =100mA, R <sub>BE</sub> =∞		_	1.2	V
Transfer	Isolation resistance		Riso	DC500V, 40 to 60%RH	5×10 <sup>10</sup>	1011	_	Ω
charac-	Floating capacitance		Cf	V=0, f=1MHz	-	0.6	1.0	pF
teristics	Cut-off frequency		fc	Vce=2V, Ic=20mA, Rl=100Ω, RBE=∞, -3dB	1	7	_	kHz
	Dagmanga tima	Rise time		Vce=2V, Ic=20mA	-	100	300	μs
	Response time Fall time		tf	R <sub>L</sub> =100Ω, R <sub>BE</sub> =∞	_	20	100	μs

Fig.1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

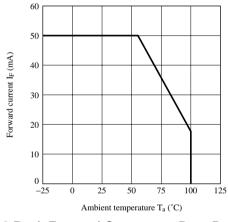


Fig.2 Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

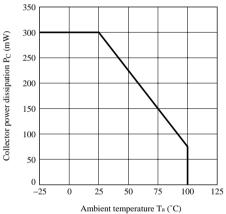


Fig.3 Peak Forward Current vs. Duty Ratio

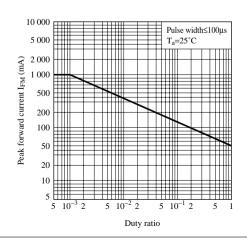


Fig.4 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

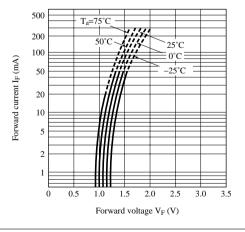


Fig.5 Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current

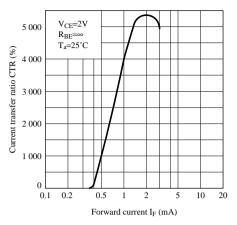


Fig.7 Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs.
Ambient Temperature

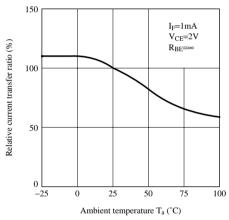


Fig.9 Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

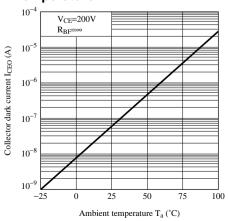


Fig.6 Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage

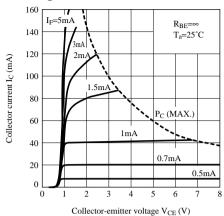


Fig.8 Collector - emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

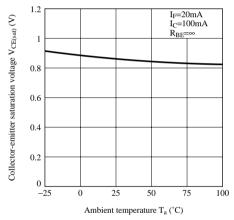


Fig.10 Response Time vs. Load Resistance

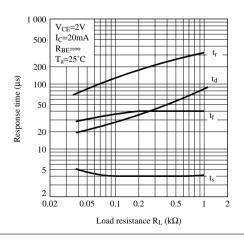
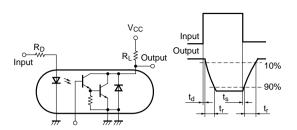


Fig.11 Test Circuit for Response Time

Fig.12 Frequency Response



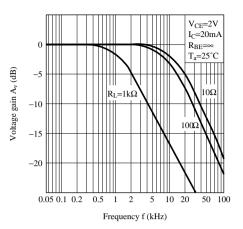
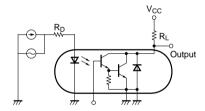


Fig.13 Test Circuit for Frequency Response



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SHARP PC725V0YUZX

# PC725V0YUZX

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- 4. Isolation voltage (Viso (rms):5kV)
- 5. Recognized by UL, file No.E64380 Approved by TÜV (VDE0884)
- 6. 6-pin DIP package (Lead forming type)
- 7. Sleeve packing

## ■ Applications

- 1. Home appliances
- 2. Programmable controllers
- 3. Peripheral equipment of personal computers

### ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

(IA	(C)

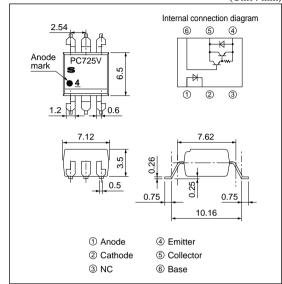
Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit
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	Reverse voltage	$V_R$	6	V
	Power dissipation	P	70	mW
	Collector-emitter voltage	Vceo	300	V
Output	Collector-base voltage	Vcbo	300	V
	Emitter-base voltage	VEBO	6	V
	Collector current	Ic	150	mA
	Collector current (reverse)	-Ic	10	mA
	Collector power dissipation	Pc	300	mW
Total power dissipation		Ptot	350	mW
*2 Isolation voltage		Viso (rms)	5	kV
	Operating temperature	Торг	-25 to +100	°C
	Storage temperature	Tstg	-40 to +125	°C
	*3 Soldering temperature	Tsol	260	°C

<sup>\*1</sup> Pulse width≤100µs, Duty ratio=0.001

# High Sensitivity and High Collector-emitter Voltage Type Photocoupler

#### ■ Outline Dimensions





<sup>\*2 40</sup> to 60% RH, AC for 1 min

<sup>\*3</sup> For 10 s

Ω

pF

kHz

μs

 $\mu s$ 

Transfer charac-

teristics

■ Electr	o-optical Characteristics					(	Ta=25°C)
	Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
	Forward voltage	VF	I <sub>F</sub> =10mA	-	1.2	1.4	V
Input	Peak forward voltage	V <sub>FM</sub>	I <sub>FM</sub> =0.5A	_	_	3	V
	Reverse current	IR	$V_R=4V$	_	_	10	μΑ
	Terminal capacitance	Ct	V=0, f=1kHz	_	30	250	pF
Output	Collector dark current	Iceo	Vce=200V, I <sub>F</sub> =0, R <sub>BE</sub> =∞	_	_	10-6	A
	Collector current	Ic	I <sub>F</sub> =1mA, V <sub>CE</sub> =2V, R <sub>BE</sub> =∞	10	40	150	mA
	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA, I <sub>C</sub> =100mA, R <sub>BE</sub> =∞	_	_	1.2	V

DC500V, 40 to 60% RH

V=0, f=1MHz

Vce=2V, Ic=20mA, Rl=100 $\Omega$ , Rbe= $\infty$ , -3dB

Vce=2V, Ic=20mA

 $R_L=100\Omega$ ,  $R_{BE}=\infty$ 

Riso

 $\mathbf{C}_{\mathrm{f}}$ 

 $f_{\rm C}$ 

 $t_{\rm r}$ 

 $t_{\rm f}$ 

Rise time

Fall time

Fig.1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

Isolation resistance

Floating capacitance

Cut-off frequency

Response time

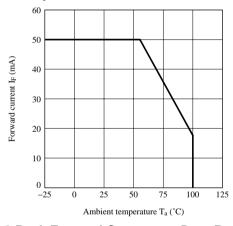


Fig.2 Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

 $5 \times 10^{10}$ 

1

 $10^{11}$ 

0.6

7

100

20

1.0

300

100

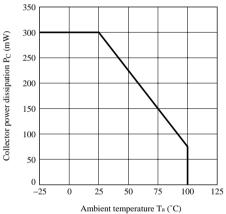


Fig.3 Peak Forward Current vs. Duty Ratio

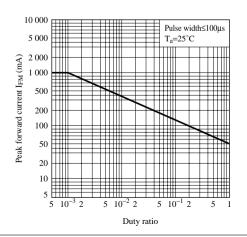
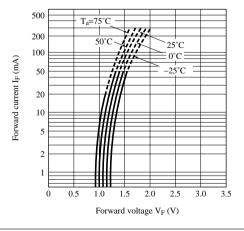


Fig.4 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage



PC725V0YUZX

Fig.5 Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current

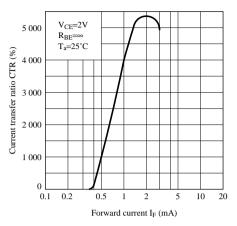


Fig.7 Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs.
Ambient Temperature

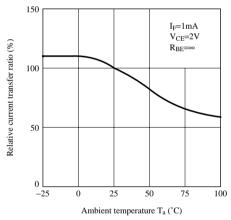


Fig.9 Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

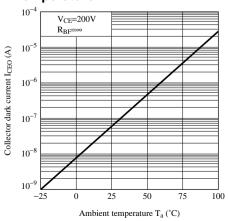


Fig.6 Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage

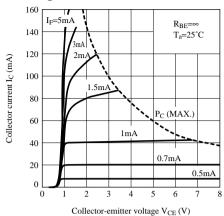


Fig.8 Collector - emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

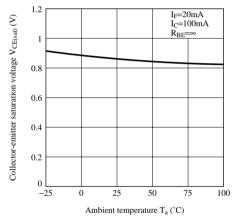
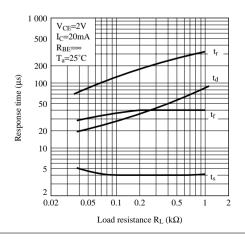


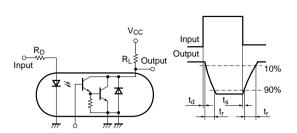
Fig.10 Response Time vs. Load Resistance



PC725V0YUZX

Fig.11 Test Circuit for Response Time

Fig.12 Frequency Response



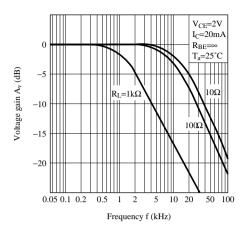
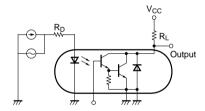


Fig.13 Test Circuit for Frequency Response



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