

Current Transducer HAS 50 ... 600-P

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit.



CE 🚵 c¶Nus R⊠HS

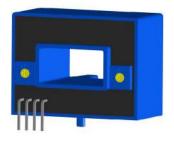
Electrical data							
	Туре	Primary nominal	Primary curre	ent, RoHS	S since		
		rms current	measuring ra	nge date	code		
		I _{РN} (А)	I _{РМ} (А)				
	HAS 50-P	50	±150		065		
	HAS 100-P	100	±300		062		
	HAS 200-P	200	±600		273		
	HAS 300-P	300	±900		273		
	HAS 400-P	400	±900		131		
	HAS 500-P	500	±900		216		
	HAS 600-P	600	±900		273		
Uc	Supply voltage (±5 %)	1)		±15	V		
I _c	Current consumption			±15	mA		
R _{INS}	Insulation resistance @			> 1000	MΩ		
V _{out}	Output voltage (Analog			±4	V		
R _{out}	Output internal resistan	nce appro)X	100	Ω		
R _L	Load resistance 2)			> 1	kΩ		
Accuracy - Dynamic performance data							
Х	Accuracy @ I_{PN} , $T_{A} = 2$	25 °C (excluding o	ffset)	< ±1	% of $I_{\rm PN}$		
$\varepsilon_{\rm L}$	Linearity error ³⁾ (0 ±	:I _{PN})		< ±1	% of $I_{\rm PN}$		
V _{oe}	Electrical offset voltage	e, T _A = 25 °C		< ±20	mV		
V _{он}	Hysteresis offset voltage						
		after an excursi		< ±20	mV		
TCV _{OE}	Temperature coefficien	0 2		< ±2	mV/K		
		-	100 600-P	< ±1	mV/K		
TCV_{out}	Temperature coefficien		ding)	< ±0.1	%/K		
t _r	Step response time to			< 3	μs		
BW	Frequency bandwidth	^₅) (small signal, −3	dB)	DC 50	kHz		
General data							
T _A	Ambient operating tem	perature		-10 +80	°C		
T_{s}	Ambient storage tempe			-25 +85	°C		
0	Masa			00			

Notes: ¹⁾ Operating at $\pm 12 \text{ V} \le U_c \le \pm 15 \text{ V}$ will reduce the measuring range

²⁾ If the customer uses 1 k Ω of the load resistor, the primary current has to be limited as the nominal. To measure the full defined measuring range, the load resistor should be at minimum 10 k Ω

- ³⁾ Linearity data exclude the electrical offset
- ⁴⁾ For a $di/dt = 50 \text{ A/}\mu\text{s}$
- ⁵⁾ Please refer to derating curves in the technical file to avoid excessive core heating at high frequency.

I_{PN} = 50 ... 600 A



Features

- Hall effect measuring principle
- Insulating plastic case made of polycarbonate PBT recognized according to UL 94-V0

Advantages

- Easy mounting
- Low power consumption
- Small size and space saving
- Only one design for wide current ratings range
- High immunity to external interference.

Applications

- AC variable speed drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.

Application domain

Industrial.

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N° 74.72.25.000.0, N° 74.72.34.000.0, N° 74.72.44.000.0, N° 74.72.46.000.0, N° 74.72.48.000.0, N° 74.72.50.000.0, N° 74.72.52.000.0

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EN 50178:1997 UL 508: 2010

Mass

Standards

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Insulation coordination						
U_{d}	RMS voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz/1 min	3.6	kV			
U_{d} \hat{U}_{W}	Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 µs	> 6.6	kV			
		Min				
d_{CD}	Creepage distance	7	mm			
$d_{Cp} \ d_{Cl}$	Clearance	4.6	mm			
CTI	Comparative tracking index (group IIIa)	275				

Applications examples

According to EN 50178 and IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions:

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2
- Non-uniform field

	EN 50178	IEC 61010-1
$d_{\rm Cp}^{},d_{\rm CI}^{},\hat{U}_{\rm W}^{}$	Rated insulation voltage	Nominal voltage
Basic insulation	300 V	300 V
Reinforced insulation	150 V	150 V

Safety

This transducer must be used in limited-energy secondary circuits according to IEC 61010-1.

$\underline{\mathbb{A}}$

This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply).

Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

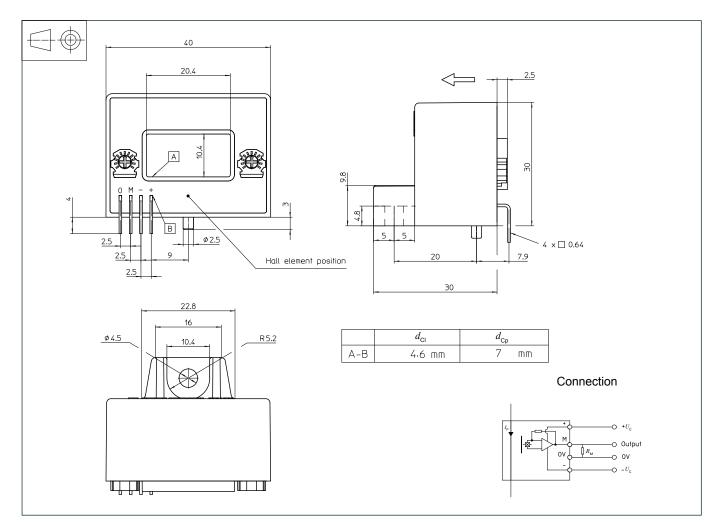
This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.



Dimensions HAS 50 ... 600-P (in mm)



Mechanical characteristics

General tolerance •

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Transducer fastening

- ±0.5 mm 1 hole Ø 4.5 mm 1 M4 steel screw
- Recommended fastening torque 0.75 N·m (±10 %) Connection of secondary
 - JST MB4P-90H

Remarks

- $V_{\rm out}$ is positive when $I_{\rm P}$ flows in the direction of the arrow.
- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 100 °C.
- · Installation of the transducer must be done unless otherwise specified on the datasheet, according to LEM Transducer Generic Mounting Rules. Please refer to LEM document N°ANE120504 available on our Web site: Products/Product Documentation.
- Dynamic performances (di/dt and response time) are best with a single bar completely filling the primary hole.
- This is a standard model. For different versions (supply voltages, turns ratios, unidirectional measurements...), please contact us.