

FTG for VIA[™] K7 Series Chipset with Programmable Output Frequency

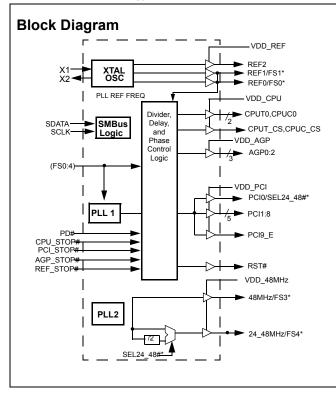
Features

- Single chip FTG solution for VIA™ K7 Series chipsets
- Programmable clock output frequency with less than
 1 MHz increment
- Integrated fail-safe Watchdog timer for system recovery
- Automatically switch to HW selected or SW programmed clock frequency when watchdog timer time-out
- Capable of generate system RESET after a watchdog timer time-out occurs or a change in output frequency via SMBus interface
- Support SMBus byte read/write and block read/ write operations to simplify system BIOS development
- · Vendor ID and Revision ID support
- · Programmable drive strength for PCI output clocks
- Programmable output skew between CPU, AGP and PCI
- Maximized EMI suppression using Cypress's Spread Spectrum technology

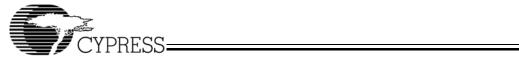
- · Low jitter and tightly controlled clock skew
- Two pairs of differential CPU clocks
- · Eleven copies of PCI clocks
- Three copies of 66-MHz outputs
- · Two copies of 48-MHz outputs
- Three copies of 14.31818-MHz reference clocks
- · One RESET output for system recovery
- · Power management control support

Key Specifications

CPU Outputs Cycle-to-cycle Jitter:	.250 ps
48-MHz, 3V66, PCI Outputs Cycle-to-cycle Jitter:	.500 ps
CPU, 3V66 Output Skew:	.200 ps
48-MHz Output Skew:	.250 ps
PCI Output Skew:	.500 ps



Pin Configuration^[1] 48 REF0/FS0* 47 REF1/FS1* 46 REF2 45 REF_STOP#* 44 AGP_STOP#* 43 GND_CPU 42 CPUT0 41 CPUC0 40 VDD_CPU VDD_REF 2 X1 🗆 \bigcirc 3 4 X2 C VDD_48MHz *FS2/48MHz ⊏ 6 FS3/24_48MHz GND_48MHz 41 CPUC0 40 VDD CPU 39 CPUT_CS 38 CPUC_CS 37 GND CPU 36 CPU_STOP#* 35 PCI_STOP#* 34 PD#* 33 VDD_CORE 31 SDATA 30 SCLK 29 GND AGP *FS4/PCI_F *SEL24_48#/PCI0 10 W312-02 11 12 13 14 15 PCI4 16 PCI5 17 PCI6 GND PCI 18 19 29 GND AGP 20 PCI8 28 🗖 AGP2 21 27 26 22 ⊐ AGP1 T AGP0 23 24 RST# VDD AGP Note: 1. Internal 100K pull-up resistors present on inputs marked with *. Design should not rely solely on internal pull-up resistor to set I/O pins HIGH.



Pin Definitions

Pin Name	Pin No.	Pin Type	Pin Description		
REF0/FS0	48	I/O	Reference Clock Output 0/Frequency Select 0: 3.3V 14.318-MHz clock output. REF0 will be disabled when REF_STOP# is active. This pin also serves as the select strap to determines device operating frequency as described in <i>Table 5</i> .		
REF1/FS1	47	I/O	Reference Clock Output 0/Frequency Select 1: 3.3V 14.318-MHz clock output. REF1 will be disabled when REF_STOP# is active. This pin also serves as the select strap to determines device operating frequency as described in <i>Table 5</i> .		
REF2	46	I/O	Reference Clock Output 2: 3.3V 14.318-MHz clock output. REF2 will be disabled when REF_STOP# is active.		
X1	3	I	<i>Crystal Input:</i> This pin has dual functions. It can be used as an external 14.318-MHz crystal connection or as an external reference frequency input.		
X2	4	I	<i>Crystal Output:</i> An input connection for an external 14.318-MHz crystal connection. If using an external reference, this pin must be left unconnected.		
PCI_F/FS4	9	I	<i>Free-Running PCI Clock/Frequency Select 4:</i> 3.3V 33-MHz free running PCI clock output. This pin also serves as the select strap to determines device operating frequency as described in <i>Table 5</i> .		
PCI_0/SEL24_48#	10	I/O	PCI Clock 0/Select 24 or 48 MHz: 3.3V 33-MHz PCI clock outputs. This output will be disabled when PCI_STOP# is active. This pin also serves as the select strap to determine device operating frequency of 24_48MHz output.		
PCI1:8	11, 13, 14, 16, 17, 18, 20, 21	0	PCI Clock 1 through 8: 3.3V 33-MHz PCI clock outputs. PCI1:8 will be disabled when PCI_STOP# is active.		
PCI9_E	22	0	<i>Early PCI Clock 9:</i> 3.3V 33-MHz PCI clock outputs. PCI9_E will be disabled when PCI_STOP# is active.		
AGP0:2	26, 27, 28	0	AGP Clock 0 through 2: 3.3V 66-MHz clock outputs. The operating frequency is controlled by FS0:4 (see <i>Table 5</i>). AGP0:2 will be disabled when AGP_STOP# is active.		
48MHz/FS2	6	I/O	48-MHz Output/Frequency Selection 3: 3.3V 48-MHz non-spread spectrum output. 48MHz will be disabled when REF_STOP# is active. This pin also serve as the select strap to determine device operating frequency as described in <i>Table 5</i> .		
24_48MHz/FS3	7	I/O	24 or 48-MHz Output/Select 24 or 48 MHz: 3.3V 24 or 48-MHz non-spread spectrum output. 24_48MHz will be disabled when REF_STOP# is active. This pin also serves as the select strap to determine device operating frequency as described in <i>Table 5</i> .		
RST#	24	O (open- drain)	Reset#: Open-drain RESET# output.		
CPUT0, CPUC0	42, 41	O (open- drain)	CPU Clock Output 0: CPUT0 and CPUC0 are the differential CPU clock outputs for the K7 processor. They are open-drain outputs.		
CPUT_CS, CPUC_CS	39, 38	0	CPU Clock Output for Chipset: CPUT_CS and CPUC_CS are the differential CPU clock outputs for the chipset. They are push-pull outputs. These outputs will be disabled when CPU_STOP# is active.		
CPU_STOP#	36	I	CPU STOP Input: This input will disable CPUT_CS and CPUC_CS when it is active.		
PCI_STOP#	35	I	PCI STOP Input: This input will disable PCI0:8 and PCI9_E when it is active.		
AGP_STOP#	44	I	AGP STOP Input: This input will disable AGP0:2 when it is active.		
REF_STOP#	45	I	REF STOP Input: This input will disable REF0:2, 24_48MHz and 48 MHz outputs when it is active.		



Pin Definitions (continued)

Pin Name	Pin No.	Pin Type	Pin Description	
PD#	34	I	Power-Down Input: This input will trigger the clock generator into Power Down mode when it is active.	
SDATA	31	I/O	Data pin for SMBus circuitry.	
SCLK	30	Ι	Clock pin for SMBus circuitry.	
VDD_CPU	40	Р	2.5V Power Connection: Power supply for CPU output buffers. Connect to 2.5V.	
VDDQ_AGP	25	Р	3.3V Power Connection: Power supply for AGP output buffers. Connect to 3.3V.	
VDDQ_PCI	15, 23	Р	3.3V Power Connection: Power supply for PCI output buffers. Connect to 3.3V.	
VDDQ_48MHz	5	Р	3.3V Power Connection: Power supply for 48 MHz output buffers. Connect to 3.3V.	
VDD_REF	1	Р	3.3V Power Connection: Power supply for reference output buffers. Connect to 3.3V.	
VDD_Core	33	Р	3.3V Power Connection: Power supply for PLL core. Connect to 3.3V.	
GND_REF, GND_48MHz, GND_PCI, GND_AGP, GND_Core, GND_CPU	2, 8, 29, 32, 37, 43	G	<i>Ground Connections:</i> Connect all ground pins to the common system ground plane.	



Serial Data Interface

The W312-02 features a two-pin, serial data interface that can be used to configure internal register settings that control particular device functions.

Data Protocol

The clock driver serial protocol supports byte/word write, byte/word read, block write and block read operations from the controller. For block write/read operation, the bytes must be

Table 1. Command Code Definitions

accessed in sequential order from lowest to highest byte with the ability to stop after any complete byte has been transferred. For byte/word write and byte read operations, system controller can access individual indexed byte. The offset of the indexed byte is encoded in the command code.

.The block write and block read protocol is outlined in *Table 1* while *Table 2* outlines the corresponding byte write and byte read protocol. The slave receiver address is 11010010 (D2h)

Bit	Descriptions
7	0 = Block read or block write operation 1 = Byte/Word read or byte/word write operation
6:0	Byte offset for byte/word read or write operation. For block read or write operations, these bits need to be set at '0000000'.

Table 2. Block Read and Block Write Protocol

Block Write Protocol			Block Read Protocol
Bit	Description	Bit	Description
1	Start	1	Start
2:8	Slave address – 7 bits	2:8	Slave address – 7 bits
9	Write	9	Write
10	Acknowledge from slave	10	Acknowledge from slave
11:18	Command Code – 8 bits '00000000' stands for block operation	11:18	Command Code – 8 bits '00000000' stands for block operation
19	Acknowledge from slave	19	Acknowledge from slave
20:27	Byte Count – 8 bits	20	Repeat start
28	Acknowledge from slave	21:27	Slave address – 7 bits
29:36	Data byte 0 – 8 bits	28	Read
37	37 Acknowledge from slave		Acknowledge from slave
38:45	8:45 Data byte 1 – 8 bits		Byte count from slave – 8 bits
46	Acknowledge from slave	38	Acknowledge
	Data Byte N/Slave Acknowledge	39:46	Data byte from slave – 8 bits
	Data Byte N – 8 bits	47	Acknowledge
	Acknowledge from slave	48:55	Data byte from slave – 8 bits
	Stop	56	Acknowledge
			Data bytes from slave/Acknowledge
			Data byte N from slave – 8 bits
			Not Acknowledge
			Stop



Table 3. Word Read and Word Write Protocol

	Word Write Protocol		Word Read Protocol		
Bit	Bit Description		Description Bit		Description
1	Start	1	Start		
2:8	Slave address – 7 bits (D2)	2:8	Slave address – 7 bits (D3)		
9	Write	9	Write		
10	Acknowledge from slave	10	Acknowledge from slave		
11:18	11:18 Command Code – 8 bits '1xxxxxx' stands for byte or word operation bit[6:0] of the command code represents the offset of the byte to be accessed		Command Code – 8 bits '1xxxxxx' stands for byte or word operation bit[6:0] of the command code represents the offset of the byte to be accessed		
19	Acknowledge from slave	19	Acknowledge from slave		
20:27	Data byte low – 8 bits	20	Repeat start		
28	Acknowledge from slave	21:27	Slave address – 7 bits		
29:36	Data byte high – 8 bits	28	Read		
37	Acknowledge from slave	29	Acknowledge from slave		
38	Stop	30:37	Data byte low from slave – 8 bits		
		38	Acknowledge		
		39:46	Data byte high from slave – 8 bits		
		47	NOT acknowledge		
		48	Stop		

Table 4. Byte Read and Byte Write Protocol

	Byte Write Protocol		Byte Read Protocol
Bit	Description	Bit	Description
1	Start	1	Start
2:8	Slave address – 7 bits	2:8	Slave address – 7 bits
9	Write	9	Write
10	Acknowledge from slave	10	Acknowledge from slave
11:18	11:18 Command Code – 8 bits '1xxxxxx' stands for byte operation bit[6:0] of the command code represents the offset of the byte to be accessed		Command Code – 8 bits '1xxxxxx' stands for byte operation bit[6:0] of the command code represents the offset of the byte to be accessed
19	Acknowledge from slave	19	Acknowledge from slave
20:27	Data byte – 8 bits	20	Repeat start
28	Acknowledge from slave	21:27	Slave address – 7 bits
29	Stop	28	Read
		29	Acknowledge from slave
		30:37	Data byte from slave – 8 bits
		38	Not Acknowledge
		39	Stop



W312-02 Serial Configuration Map

1. The serial bits will be read by the clock driver in the following order:

Byte 0 - Bits 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0

Byte 1 - Bits 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0

Byte N - Bits 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0

Byte 0: Control Register 0

- 2. All unused register bits (reserved and N/A) should be written to a "0" level.
- 3. All register bits labeled "Initialize to 0" must be written to zero during initialization.

Bit	Pin#	Name	Default	Description
Bit 7	-	Spread Enable	0	0 = Disabled
				1 = Enabled
Bit 6	-	Spread Select2	0	'000' = ±0.25%
Bit 5	-	Spread Select1	0	'001' = <i>-</i> 0.5%
Bit 4	_	Spread Select0	0	'010' = ±0.5%
				'011' = ±0.38%
				'100' = Reserved
				'101' = Reserved
				'110' = Reserved
				'111' = Reserved
Bit 3	-	SEL3	0	SW Frequency selection bits. See Table 5.
Bit 2	-	SEL2	0	
Bit 1	-	SEL1	0]
Bit 0	-	SEL0	0]

Byte 1: Control Register 1

Bit	Pin#	Name	Default	Description
Bit 7	42, 41	CPUT0, CPUC0	1	(Active/Inactive)
Bit 6	39, 38	CPUT_CS, CPUC_CS	1	(Active/Inactive)
Bit 5	6	48MHz	1	(Active/Inactive)
Bit 4	7	24_48MHz	1	(Active/Inactive)
Bit 3	-	Reserved	0	Reserved
Bit 2	28	AGP2	1	(Active/Inactive)
Bit 1	27	AGP1	1	(Active/Inactive)
Bit 0	26	AGP0	1	(Active/Inactive)

Byte 2: Control Register 2

Bit	Pin#	Name	Default	Description
Bit 7	20	PCI7	1	(Active/Inactive)
Bit 6	18	PCI6	1	(Active/Inactive)
Bit 5	17	PCI5	1	(Active/Inactive)
Bit 4	16	PCI4	1	(Active/Inactive)
Bit 3	14	PCI3	1	(Active/Inactive)
Bit 2	13	PCI2	1	(Active/Inactive)
Bit 1	11	PCI1	1	(Active/Inactive)
Bit 0	10	PCI0	1	(Active/Inactive)



Byte 3: Control Register

Bit	Pin#	Name	Default	Description
Bit 7	9	PCI_F	1	(Active/Inactive)
Bit 6	22	PCI9_E	1	(Active/Inactive)
Bit 5	-	Reserved	0	Reserved
Bit 4	21	PCI8	1	(Active/Inactive)
Bit 3	46	REF2	1	(Active/Inactive)
Bit 2	-	Reserved	0	Reserved
Bit 1	47	REF1	1	(Active/Inactive)
Bit 0	48	REF0	1	(Active/Inactive)

Byte 4: Watchdog Timer Register

Bit	Pin#	Name	Default	Description
Bit 7	-	Reserved	0	Reserved
Bit 6	_	FS_Override	0	0 = Select operating frequency by FS[4:0] input pins 1 = Select operating frequency by SEL[4:0] settings
Bit 5	-	WD_TIMER4	1	These bits store the time-out value of the Watchdog
Bit 4	-	WD_TIMER3	1	timer. The scale of the timer is determine by the prescaler.
Bit 3	-	WD_TIMER2	1	The timer can support a value of 150 ms to 4.8 sec
Bit 2	-	WD_TIMER1	1	when the prescaler is set to 150 ms. If the prescaler is set to 2.5 sec, it can support a value from 2.5 sec to 80
Bit 1	_	WD_TIMER0	1	sec. When the Watchdog timer reaches "0", it will set the WD_TO_STATUS bit.
Bit 0	-	WD_PRE_SCAL ER	0	0 = 150 ms 1 = 2.5 sec

Byte 5: Control Register 5

Bit	Pin#	Name	Default	Description
Bit 7	9	Latched FS4 input	Х	Latched FS[4:0] inputs. These bits are read only.
Bit 6	7	Latched FS3 input	Х	
Bit 5	6	Latched FS2 input	Х	
Bit 4	47	Latched FS1 input	Х	
Bit 3	48	Latched FS0 input	Х	
Bit 2	_	Reserved	0	Reserved
Bit 1	-	Reserved	0	Reserved
Bit 0	-	SEL4	0	SW Frequency selection bits. See Table 5.



Byte 6: Reserved Register

Bit	Name	Default	Pin Description
Bit 7	Reserved	1	Reserved
Bit 6	Reserved	1	Reserved
Bit 5	Reserved	1	Reserved
Bit 4	Reserved	1	Reserved
Bit 3	Reserved	1	Reserved
Bit 2	Reserved	1	Reserved
Bit 1	Reserved	1	Reserved
Bit 0	Reserved	1	Reserved

Byte 7: Reserved Register

Bit	Name	Default	Pin Description
Bit 7	Reserved	1	Reserved
Bit 6	Reserved	1	Reserved
Bit 5	Reserved	1	Reserved
Bit 4	Reserved	1	Reserved
Bit 3	Reserved	1	Reserved
Bit 2	Reserved	1	Reserved
Bit 1	Reserved	1	Reserved
Bit 0	Reserved	1	Reserved

Byte 8: Vendor ID and Revision ID Register (Read Only)

Bit	Name	Default	Pin Description
Bit 7	Revision_ID3	0	Revision ID bit[3]
Bit 6	Revision_ID2	0	Revision ID bit[2]
Bit 5	Revision_ID1	0	Revision ID bit[1]
Bit 4	Revision_ID0	0	Revision ID bit[0]
Bit 3	Vendor_ID3	1	Bit[3] of Cypress Semiconductor's Vendor ID. This bit is read only.
Bit 2	Vendor_ID2	0	Bit[2] of Cypress Semiconductor's Vendor ID. This bit is read only.
Bit 1	Vendor _ID1	0	Bit[1] of Cypress Semiconductor's Vendor ID. This bit is read only.
Bit 0	Vendor _ID0	0	Bit[0] of Cypress Semiconductor's Vendor ID. This bit is read only.



Byte 9:	System	Reset and	Watchdog	Timer Register
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Bit	Name	Default	Pin Description	
Bit 7	Reserved	0	Reserved	
Bit 6	PCI_DRV	0	PCI clock output drive strength 0 = Normal 1 = High Drive	
Bit 5	Reserved	0	Reserved	
Bit 4	RST_EN_WD	0	This bit will enable the generation of a Reset pulse when a watchdog timer time- out occurs. 0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled	
Bit 3	RST_EN_FC	0	This bit will enable the generation of a Reset pulse after a frequency change occurs. 0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled	
Bit 2	WD_TO_STATUS	0	Watchdog Timer Time-out Status bit 0 = No time-out occurs (READ); Ignore (WRITE) 1 = time-out occurred (READ); Clear WD_TO_STATUS (WRITE)	
Bit 1	WD_EN	0	0 = Stop and re-load Watchdog timer 1 = Enable Watchdog timer. It will start counting down after a frequency change occurs.	
Bit 0	Reserved	0	Reserved	

Byte 10: Skew Control Register

Bit	Name	Default	Description	
Bit 7	CPU_Skew2	0	CPU skew control	
Bit 6	CPU_Skew1	0	000 = Normal 001 = –150 ps	
Bit 5	CPU_Skew0	0	010 = -300 ps 011 = -450 ps 100 = +150 ps 101 = +300 ps 110 = +450 ps 111 = +600 ps	
Bit 4	Reserved	0	Reserved	
Bit 3	PCI_Skew1	0	PCI skew control	
Bit 2	PCI_Skew0	0	00 = Normal 01 = -500 ps 10 = Reserved 11 = +500 ps	
Bit 1	AGP_Skew1	0	AGP skew control	
Bit 0	AGP_Skew0	0	00 = Normal 01 = -150 ps 10 = +150 ps 11 = +300 ps	



Byte 11: Recovery Frequency N - Value Register

Bit	Name	Default	Pin Description
Bit 7	ROCV_FREQ_N7	0	If ROCV_FREQ_SEL is set, W312-02 will use the values programmed in
Bit 6	ROCV_FREQ_N6	0	ROCV_FREQ_N[7:0] and ROCV_FREQ_M[6:0] to determine the recovery CPU output frequency.when a Watchdog timer time-out occurs.
Bit 5	ROCV_FREQ_N5	0	The setting of FS_Override bit determines the frequency ratio for CPU, SDRAM,
Bit 4	ROCV_FREQ_N4	0	AGP and SDRAM. When it is cleared, W312-02 will use the same frequency ratio stated in the Latched FS[4:0] register. When it is set, W312-02 will use the frequency ratio stated in the SEL[4:0] register.
Bit 3	ROCV_FREQ_N3	0	
Bit 2	ROCV_FREQ_N2	0	W312-02 supports programmable CPU frequency ranging from 50 MHz to 248 MHz.
Bit 1	ROCV_FREQ_N1	0	W312-02 will change the output frequency whenever there is an update to either
Bit 0	ROCV_FREQ_N0	0	ROCV_FREQ_N[7:0] and ROCV_FREQ_M[6:0]. Therefore, it is recommended to use Word or Block write to update both registers within the same SMBus bus operation.

Byte 12: Recovery Frequency M- Value Register

Bit	Name	Default	Pin Description				
Bit 7	ROCV_FREQ_SEL	0	ROCV_FREQ_SEL determines the source of the recover frequency when a Watchdog timer time-out occurs. The clock generator will automatically switch to the recovery CPU frequency based on the selection on ROCV_FREQ_SEL. 0 = From latched FS[4:0] 1 = From the settings of ROCV_FREQ_N[7:0] & ROCV_FREQ_M[6:0]				
Bit 6	ROCV_FREQ_M6	0	If ROCV_FREQ_SEL is set, W312-02 will use the values programmed in				
Bit 5	ROCV_FREQ_M5	0	ROCV_FREQ_N[7:0] and ROCV_FREQ_M[6:0] to determine the recovery CPU output frequency.when a Watchdog timer time-out occurs				
Bit 4	ROCV_FREQ_M4	0	The setting of FS_Override bit determines the frequency ratio for CPU,				
Bit 3	ROCV_FREQ_M3	0	SDRAM, AGP and SDRAM. When it is cleared, W312-02 will use the sam frequency ratio stated in the Latched FS[4:0] register. When it is set, W312				
Bit 2	ROCV_FREQ_M2	0	will use the frequency ratio stated in the SEL[4:0] register.				
Bit 1	ROCV_FREQ_M1	0	W312-02 supports programmable CPU frequency ranging from 50 MHz to 248 MHz.				
Bit 0	ROCV_FREQ_M0	0	W312-02 will change the output frequency whenever there is an update to either ROCV_FREQ_N[7:0] and ROCV_FREQ_M[6:0]. Therefore, it is recommended to use Word or Block write to update both registers within the same SMBus bus operation.				

Byte 13: Programmable Frequency Select N-Value Register

Bit	Name	Default	Pin Description			
Bit 7	CPU_FSEL_N7	0	If Prog_Freq_EN is set, W300 will use the values programmed in			
Bit 6	CPU_FSEL_N6	0	CPU_FSEL_N[7:0] and CPU_FSEL_M[6:0] to determine the CPU output frequency. The new frequency will start to load whenever CPU_FSELM[6:0] is			
Bit 5	CPU_FSEL_N5	0	updated.			
Bit 4	CPU_FSEL_N4	0	The setting of FS_Override bit determines the frequency ratio for CPU, SDRAN AGP and SDRAM. When it is cleared, W312 will use the same frequency ratio			
Bit 3	CPU_FSEL_N3	0	stated in the Latched FS[4:0] register. When it is set, W312-02 will use the			
Bit 2	CPU_FSEL_N2	0	frequency ratio stated in the SEL[4:0] register. W312-02 supports programmable CPU frequency ranging from 50 MHz to 2			
Bit 1	CPU_FSEL_N1	0	MHz.			
Bit 0	CPU_FSEL_N0	0				



Byte 14: Programmable Frequency Select N-Value Register

Bit	Name	Default	Description				
Bit 7	Pro_Freq_EN	0	Programmable output frequencies enabled 0 = disabled 1 = enabled				
Bit 6	CPU_FSEL_M6	0	If Prog_Freq_EN is set, W300 will use the values programmed in				
Bit 5	CPU_FSEL_M5	0	CPU_FSEL_N[7:0] and CPU_FSEL_M[6:0] to determine the CPU output frequency. The new frequency will start to load whenever CPU FSELM[6:0				
Bit 4	CPU_FSEL_M4	0	updated.				
Bit 3	CPU_FSEL_M3	0	The setting of FS_Override bit determines the frequency ratio for CPU, SDRA AGP and SDRAM. When it is cleared, W312-02 will use the same frequency ratio stated in the Latched FS[4:0] register. When it is set, W312-02 will use				
Bit 2	CPU_FSEL_M2	0					
Bit 1	CPU_FSEL_M1	0	frequency ratio stated in the SEL[4:0] register. W312-02 supports programmable CPU frequency ranging from 50 MHz to MHz.				
Bit 0	CPU_FSEL_M0	0					

Byte 15: Reserved Register

Bit	Pin#	Name	Default	Description
Bit 7	_	Reserved	0	Reserved
Bit 6	_	Reserved	0	Reserved
Bit 5	_	Reserved	0	Reserved
Bit 4	_	Reserved	0	Reserved
Bit 3	_	Reserved	0	Reserved
Bit 2	_	Reserved	0	Reserved
Bit 1	-	Reserved	1	Reserved. Write with '1'
Bit 0	-	Reserved	1	Reserved. Write with '1'

Byte 16: Reserved Register

Bit	Pin#	Name	Default	Description
Bit 7	-	Reserved	0	Reserved
Bit 6	-	Reserved	0	Reserved
Bit 5	-	Reserved	0	Reserved
Bit 4	-	Reserved	0	Reserved
Bit 3	-	Reserved	0	Reserved
Bit 2	-	Reserved	0	Reserved
Bit 1	-	Reserved	0	Reserved

Byte 17: Reserved Register

Bit	Pin#	Name	Default	Description
Bit 7	_	Reserved	0	Reserved
Bit 6	_	Reserved	0	Reserved
Bit 5	_	Reserved	0	Reserved
Bit 4	_	Reserved	0	Reserved
Bit 3	_	Reserved	0	Reserved
Bit 2	_	Reserved	0	Reserved
Bit 1	-	Reserved	0	Reserved



	Inp	out Conditi	ons			Output Frequency		
FS4	FS3	FS2	FS1	FS0				PLL Gear Constants
SEL4	SEL3	SEL2	SEL1	SEL0	CPU	3V66	PCI	(G)
0	0	0	0	0	156.0	78.0	39.0	48.00741
0	0	0	0	1	154.0	77.0	38.5	48.00741
0	0	0	1	0	152.0	76.0	38.0	48.00741
0	0	0	1	1	147.0	73.5	36.8	48.00741
0	0	1	0	0	144.0	72.0	36.0	48.00741
0	0	1	0	1	142.0	71.0	35.5	48.00741
0	0	1	1	0	138.0	69.0	34.5	48.00741
0	0	1	1	1	136.0	68.0	34.0	48.00741
0	1	0	0	0	124.0	62.0	31.0	48.00741
0	1	0	0	1	122.0	61.0	30.5	48.00741
0	1	0	1	0	117.0	78.0	39.0	48.00741
0	1	0	1	1	115.0	76.7	38.3	48.00741
0	1	1	0	0	113.0	75.3	37.7	48.00741
0	1	1	0	1	108.0	72.0	36.0	48.00741
0	1	1	1	0	105.0	70.0	35.0	48.00741
0	1	1	1	1	102.0	68.0	34.0	48.00741
1	0	0	0	0	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
1	0	0	0	1	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
1	0	0	1	0	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
1	0	0	1	1	200.0	66.6	33.3	48.00741
1	0	1	0	0	190.0	76.0	38.0	48.00741
1	0	1	0	1	180.0	72.0	36.0	48.00741
1	0	1	1	0	170.0	68.0	34.0	48.00741
1	0	1	1	1	150.0	75.0	37.5	48.00741
1	1	0	0	0	140.0	70.0	35.0	48.00741
1	1	0	0	1	120.0	60.0	30.0	48.00741
1	1	0	1	0	110.0	73.3	33.3	48.00741
1	1	0	1	1	66.6	66.6	33.3	48.00741
1	1	1	0	0	200.0	66.6	33.3	48.00741
1	1	1	0	1	166.6	66.6	33.3	48.00741
1	1	1	1	0	100.0	66.6	33.3	48.00741
1	1	1	1	1	133.3	66.6	33.3	48.00741

Table 5. Additional Frequency Selections through Serial Data Interface Data Bytes

Programmable Output Frequency, Watchdog Timer and Recovery Output Frequency Functional Description

The Programmable Output Frequency feature allows users to generate any CPU output frequency from the range of 50 MHz to 248 MHz. Cypress offers the most dynamic and the simplest programming interface for system developers to utilize this feature in their platforms.

The Watchdog Timer and Recovery Output Frequency features allow users to implement a recovery mechanism when the system hangs or getting unstable. System BIOS or other control software can enable the Watchdog timer before they attempt to make a frequency change. If the system hangs and a Watchdog timer time-out occurs, a system reset will be generated and a recovery frequency will be activated.

All of the related registers are summarized in Table 7.



Table 6. Register Summary

Name	Description
Pro_Freq_EN	Programmable output frequencies enabled 0 = Disabled (default) 1 = Enabled
	When it is disabled, the operating output frequency will be determined by either the latched value of FS[4:0] inputs or the programmed value of SEL[4:0]. If FS_Override bit is clear, latched FS[4:0] inputs will be used. If FS_Override bit is set, programmed value of SEL[4:0] will be used.
	When it is enabled, the CPU output frequency will be determined by the programmed value of CPUFSEL_N, CPUFSEL_M and the PLL Gear Constant. The program value of FS_Override, SEL[4:0] or the latched value of FS[4:0] will determine the PLL Gear Constant and the frequency ratio between CPU and other frequency outputs
FS_Override	When Pro_Freq_EN is cleared or disabled, 0 = Select operating frequency by FS input pins (default) 1 = Select operating frequency by SEL bits in SMBus control bytes
	When Pro_Freq_EN is set or enabled, 0 = Frequency output ratio between CPU and other frequency groups and the PLL Gear Constant are based on the latched value of FS input pins (default) 1 = Frequency output ratio between CPU and other frequency groups and the PLL Gear Constant are based on the programmed value of SEL bits in SMBus control bytes
CPU_FSEL_N, CPU_FSEL_M	When Prog_Freq_EN is set or enabled, the values programmed in CPU_FSEL_N[7:0] and CPU_FSEL_M[6:0] determines the CPU output frequency. The new frequency will start to load whenever there is an update to either CPU_FSEL_N[7:0] or CPU_FSEL_M[6:0]. Therefore, it is recommended to use Word or Block write to update both registers within the same SMBus bus operation.
	The setting of FS_Override bit determines the frequency ratio for CPU, AGP and PIC. When FS_Override is cleared or disabled, the frequency ratio follows the latched value of the FS input pins. When FS_Override is set or enabled, the frequency ratio follows the programmed value of SEL bits in SMBus control bytes.
ROCV_FREQ_SEL	ROCV_FREQ_SEL determines the source of the recover frequency when a Watchdog timer time-out occurs. The clock generator will automatically switch to the recovery CPU frequency based on the selection on ROCV_FREQ_SEL. 0 = From latched FS[4:0] 1 = From the settings of ROCV_FREQ_N[7:0] & ROCV_FREQ_M[6:0]
ROCV_FREQ_N[7:0], ROCV_FREQ_M[6:0]	When ROCV_FREQ_SEL is set, the values programmed in ROCV_FREQ_N[7:0] and ROCV_FREQ_M[6:0] will be used to determine the recovery CPU output frequency when a Watchdog timer time-out occurs
	The setting of FS_Override bit determines the frequency ratio for CPU, AGP and PIC. When it is cleared, the same frequency ratio stated in the Latched FS[4:0] register will be used. When it is set, the frequency ratio stated in the SEL[4:0] register will be used.
	The new frequency will start to load whenever there is an update to either ROCV_FREQ_N[7:0] and ROCV_FREQ_M[6:0]. Therefore, it is recommended to use Word or Block write to update both registers within the same SMBus bus operation.
WD_EN	0 = Stop and reload Watchdog timer 1 = Enable Watchdog timer. It will start counting down after a frequency change occurs.
WD_TO_STATUS	Watchdog Timer Time-out Status bit 0 = No time-out occurs (READ); Ignore (WRITE) 1 = time-out occurred (READ); Clear WD_TO_STATUS (WRITE)
WD_TIMER[4:0]	These bits store the time-out value of the Watchdog timer. The scale of the timer is determine by the prescaler. The timer can support a value of 150 ms to 4.8 sec when the pre-scaler is set to 150 ms. If the pre-scaler is set to 2.5 sec, it can support a value from 2.5 sec to 80 sec. When the Watchdog timer reaches "0", it will set the WD_TO_STATUS bit.
WD_PRE_SCALER	0 = 150 ms 1 = 2.5 sec



Table 6. Register Summary (continued)

Name	Description
RST_EN_WD	This bit will enable the generation of a Reset pulse when a Watchdog timer time-out occurs. 0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled
RST_EN_FC	This bit will enable the generation of a Reset pulse after a frequency change occurs. 0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled

How to Program CPU Output Frequency

When the programmable output frequency feature is enabled (Pro_Freq_EN bit is set), the CPU output frequency is determined by the following equation:

Fcpu = G * (N+3)/(M+3)

"N" and "M" are the values programmed in Programmable Frequency Select N-Value Register and M-Value Register, respectively.

"G" stands for the PLL Gear Constant, which is determined by the programmed value of FS[4:0] or SEL[4:0]. The value is listed in *Table 5*. The ratio of (N+3) and (M+3) need to be greater than "1" [(N+3)/(M+3) > 1].

Table 7 lists set of N and M values for different frequency output ranges. This example use a fixed value for the M-Value Register and select the CPU output frequency by changing the value of the N-Value Register.

Table 7. Examples of N and M Value for Different CPU Frequency Range

Frequency Ranges	Gear Constants	Fixed Value for M-Value Register	Range of N-Value Register for Different CPU Frequency
50 MHz–129 MHz	48.00741	93	97–255
130 MHz–248 MHz	48.00741	48	127–245



Absolute Maximum Ratings^[2]

Stresses greater than those listed in this table may cause permanent damage to the device. These represent a stress rating only. Operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those specified in the operating sections of this specification is not implied. Maximum conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

Parameter	Description	Rating	Unit
V _{DD} , V _{IN}	Voltage on any pin with respect to GND	-0.5 to +7.0	V
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C
Τ _B	Ambient Temperature under Bias	-55 to +125	°C
T _A	Operating Temperature	0 to +70	°C
ESD _{PROT}	Input ESD Protection	2 (min.)	kV

DC Electrical Characteristics: $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to +70°C, $V_{DD} = 3.3V\pm5\%$ and 2.5V±5%

Parameter	Description		Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply Cur	rent		•				
I _{DD}	3.3V Supply Current		CPU =100 MHz Outputs Loaded ^[3]		260		mA
I _{DD}	2.5V Supply Current		CPUCS =100 MHz Outputs Loaded ^[3]		25		mA
Logic Input	s						
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage			GND – 0.3		0.8	V
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage			2.0		V _{DD} + 0.3	V
IIL	Input Low Current ^[4]					-25	μA
I _{IH}	Input High Current ^[4]					10	μA
Clock Outp	uts						
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage		I _{OL} = 1 mA			50	mV
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage		I _{OH} = –1 mA	3.1			V
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage	CPUT_CS, CPUC_CS, CPUT0, CPUC0	Termination to V pull-up (external)	0		0.3	V
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage	CPUT_CS, CPUC_CS, CPUT0, CPUC0	Termination to V pull-up (external)	1.0		1.2	V
I _{OL}	Output Low Current	PCI, AGP	V _{OL} = 1.5V	70	110	135	mA
		REF	V _{OL} = 1.5V	50	70	100	mA
		48 MHz	V _{OL} = 1.5V	50	70	100	mA
		24_48 MHz	V _{OL} = 1.5V	50	70	100	mA
I _{OH}	Output High Current	PCI, AGP	V _{OH} = 1.5V	70	110	135	mA
		REF	V _{OH} = 1.5V	50	70	100	mA
		48 MHz	V _{OH} = 1.5V	50	70	100	mA
		24_48 MHz	V _{OH} = 1.5V	50	70	100	mA

Notes:

2. Multiple Supplies: The voltage on any input or I/O pin cannot exceed the power pin during power-up. Power supply sequencing is NOT required.

3. All clock outputs loaded with 6" 60Ω transmission lines with 20-pF capacitors.

4. X1 input threshold voltage (typical) is $V_{DD}/2$.



DC Electrical Characteristics: $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to +70°C, $V_{DD} = 3.3V\pm5\%$ and 2.5V±5% (continued)

Parameter	Description	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Crystal Osc	illator					
V _{TH}	X1 Input Threshold Voltage ^[4]	V _{DD} = 3.3V		1.65		V
C _{LOAD}	Load Capacitance, Imposed on External Crystal ^[5]			18		pF
C _{IN,X1}	X1 Input Capacitance ^[6]	Pin X2 unconnected		TBD		pF
Pin Capacit	ance/Inductance					
C _{IN}	Input Pin Capacitance	Except X1 and X2			5	pF
C _{OUT}	Output Pin Capacitance				6	pF
L _{IN}	Input Pin Inductance				7	nH

AC Electrical Characteristics

T_A = 0°C to +70°C, V_{DDQ3} = 3.3V±5%, f_{XTL} = 14.31818 MHz

AC clock parameters are tested and guaranteed over stated operating conditions using the stated lump capacitive load at the clock output; Spread Spectrum is disabled.

CPU Clock Output	uts (CPUT0,	CPUC0, CI	PU CS) ^[7]

			CPU	l = 100	MHz	CPU	= 133	MHz	
Parameter	Description	Test Condition/Comments	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
t _R	Output Rise Edge Rate	CPU_CS	1.0		4.0	1.0		4.0	V/ns
t _F	Output Fall Edge Rate	CPU_CS	1.0		4.0	1.0		4.0	V/ns
t _D	Duty Cycle	Measured at 50% point	45		55	45		55	%
t _{JC}	Jitter, Cycle to Cycle				250			250	ps
f _{ST}	Frequency Stabilization from Power-up (cold start)	Assumes full supply voltage reached within 1 ms from power-up. Short cycles exist prior to frequency stabilization.		3			3		ms
Zo	AC Output Impedance	$V_{O} = V_{X}$		50			50		Ω

Notes:

The W312-02 contains an internal crystal load capacitor between pin X1 and ground and another between pin X2 and ground. Total load placed on crystal is 18 pF; this includes typical stray capacitance of short PCB traces to crystal.
 X1 input capacitance is applicable when driving X1 with an external clock source (X2 is left unconnected).
 Refer to *Figure 1* for K7 operation clock driver test circuit.



PCI Clock Outputs (Lump Capacitance Test Load = 30 pF)

Parameter	Description	Test Condition/Comments	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
t _P	Period	Measured on rising edge at 1.5V	30			ns
t _H	High Time	Duration of clock cycle above 2.4V	12			ns
tL	Low Time	Duration of clock cycle below 0.4V	12			ns
t _R	Output Rise Edge Rate	Measured from 0.4V to 2.4V	1		4	V/ns
t _F	Output Fall Edge Rate	Measured from 2.4V to 0.4V	1		4	V/ns
t _D	Duty Cycle	Measured on rising and falling edge at 1.5V	45		55	%
t _{JC}	Jitter, Cycle-to-Cycle	Measured on rising edge at 1.5V. Maximum difference of cycle time between two adjacent cycles.			250	ps
t _{SK}	Output Skew	Measured on rising edge at 1.5V			500	ps
to	CPU to PCI Clock Skew	Covers all CPU/PCI outputs. Measured on rising edge at 1.5V. CPU leads PCI output.	1.5		4	ns
f _{ST}	Frequency Stabilization from Power-up (cold start)	Assumes full supply voltage reached within 1 ms from power-up. Short cycles exist prior to frequency stabilization.			3	ms
Z _o	AC Output Impedance	Average value during switching transition. Used for determining series termination value.		30		Ω

REF Clock Outputs (Lump Capacitance Test Load = 20 pF)

Parameter	Description	Test Condition/Comments	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
f	Frequency, Actual	Frequency generated by crystal oscillator		14.318		MHz
t _R	Output Rise Edge Rate	Measured from 0.4V to 2.4V 0.5 2		2	V/ns	
t _F	Output Fall Edge Rate	Measured from 2.4V to 0.4V	0.5		2	V/ns
t _D	Duty Cycle	Measured on rising and falling edge at 1.5V	45		55	%
f _{ST}	Frequency Stabilization from Power-up (cold start)	Assumes full supply voltage reached within 1 ms from power-up. Short cycles exist prior to frequency stabilization.			3	ms
Z _o	AC Output Impedance	Average value during switching transition. Used for determining series termination value.		40		Ω

48-MHz Clock Output (Lump Capacitance Test Load = 20 pF)

Parameter	Description	Test Condition/Comments	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
f	Frequency, Actual	Determined by PLL divider ratio (see m/n below)	48.008		•	MHz
f _D	Deviation from 48 MHz	(48.008 – 48)/48	+167		ppm	
m/n	PLL Ratio	(14.31818 MHz x 57/17 = 48.008 MHz)	57/17			
t _R	Output Rise Edge Rate	Measured from 0.4V to 2.4V			2	V/ns
t _F	Output Fall Edge Rate	Measured from 2.4V to 0.4V	0.5		2	V/ns
t _D	Duty Cycle	Measured on rising and falling edge at 1.5V			55	%
f _{ST}	Frequency Stabilization from Power-up (cold start)	Assumes full supply voltage reached within 1 ms from power-up. Short cycles exist prior to frequency stabilization.			3	ms
Z _o	AC Output Impedance	Average value during switching transition. Used40for determining series termination value.40			Ω	



Parameter	Description	Test Condition/Comments	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
f	Frequency, Actual	Determined by PLL divider ratio (see m/n below)	24.004		•	MHz
f _D	Deviation from 24 MHz	(24.004 - 24)/24	+167		ppm	
m/n	PLL Ratio	(14.31818 MHz x 57/34 = 24.004 MHz)	57/34			
t _R	Output Rise Edge Rate	Measured from 0.4V to 2.4V			2	V/ns
t _F	Output Fall Edge Rate	Measured from 2.4V to 0.4V	0.5		2	V/ns
t _D	Duty Cycle	ycle Measured on rising and falling edge at 1.5V 45			55	%
f _{ST}	Frequency Stabilization from Power-up (cold start)	Assumes full supply voltage reached within 1 ms from power-up. Short cycles exist prior to frequency stabilization.			3	ms
Zo	AC Output Impedance	Average value during switching transition. Used 40 for determining series termination value.			Ω	

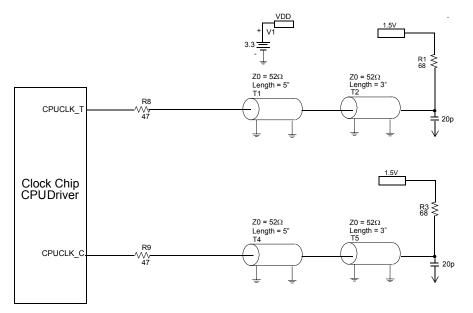


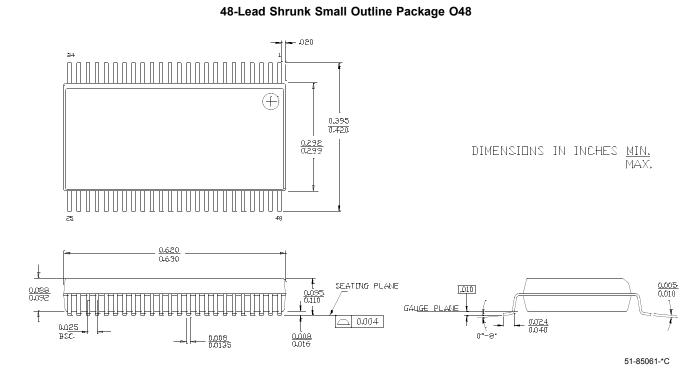
Figure 1. K7 Open Drain Clock Driver Test Circuit

Ordering Information

Ordering Code	Package Type	Product Flow
W312-02H	48-pin SSOP	Commercial, 0°C to 70°C
W312-02HT	48-pin SSOP - Tape and Reel	Commercial, 0°C to 70°C
Lead-free		i
CYW312OXC	48-pin SSOP	Commercial, 0°C to 70°C
CYW312OXCT 48-pin SSOP - Tape and Reel		Commercial, 0°C to 70°C



Package Drawing and Dimension



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Document History Page

Document Title: W312-02 FTG for VIA™ K7 Series Chipset with Programmable Output Frequency Document Number: 38-07259					
REV.	ECN NO.	lssue Date	Orig. of Change	Description of Change	
**	110524	01/07/02	SZV	Change from Spec number: 38-01087 to 38-07259	
*A	118014	09/13/02	RGL	Changed the KT266 word to K7 Series in the title and features in page 1. Filled up all the missing Byte # and Byte heading description on all the serial configuration tables on pages 6-12. Replaced the package drawing and dimension as per CY standard. Removed the word "PRELIMINARY"	
*В	122860	12/19/02	RBI	Added power-up requirements to maximum ratings information.	
*C	358435	See ECN	RGL	Added Lead-free devices	