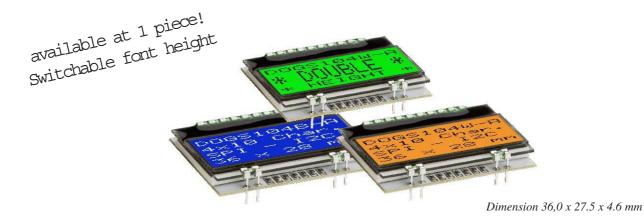


Issue 03.2022

# **DOGS104-A**

# 4x10/2x10 CHAR. INCL. CONTROLLER SSD1803A FOR SPI, I2C



# **TECHNICAL DATA**

- \* HIGH-CONTRAST LCD SUPERTWIST DISPLAY
- \* OPTIONAL LED BACKLIGHT UNITS IN DIFFERENT COLORS
- \* 4x10 CHARACTER WITH 2.6 mm SWITCHABLE TO 2X10 WITH 4.55 mm HEIGHT
- \* SSD1803A CONTROLLER FOR SPI (2-/3-/4-WIRE) AND I2C (2-WIRE) INTERFACE
- \* SINGLE POWER SUPPLY +3.3V (typically 440µA)
- \* NO ADDITIONAL VOLTAGES REQUIRED
- \* OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE -20 THROUGH +70°C
- \* LED BACKLIGHT 3 ..45mA@3.3V
- \* NO MOUNTING REQUIRED, SIMPLY SOLDER INTO PCB
- \* 3 DIFFERENT CHARACTER SETS (CYRILLIC, ENGLISH-JAPANESE AND EUROPEAN) INCLUDED IN THE SAME CONTROLLER
- \* 2 VIEWING DIRECTION POSSIBLE (BOTTOM AND TOP VIEW)

# **ORDERING CODE**

LCD MODULE 4x10 - 2.6 mm

x: B = blue background transmissive	
$W = white \ background \ transfelctive$	
N = white background reflective	
LED-BACKLIGHT AMBER	EA LED36X28-A
LED-BACKLIGHT YELLOW-GREEN / RED	EA LED36X28-GR
LED-BACKLIGHT GREEN/ RED/ WHITE	EA LED36X28-ERW

EA DOGS104x-A

# **ACCESSORIES**

USB-TESTBOARD FOR PC (WINDOWS)	<b>EA 9780-4USB</b>
SOCKET CONNECTOR 4.8mm HOCH (2 PCS REQUIRED)	EA FL-10P



### **EA DOG SERIES**

With its EA DOG series, ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY presents the world's first display series which will run on 3.3 V systems without auxiliary power.

Unlike normal LCD modules, you order the display and the corresponding backlight separately. This gives you a wealth of possible combinations.

Designed for compact hand-held devices, this modern LCD range provides a number of real benefits with or without backlight:

- \* extremely compact at 36,0x27,5 mm at the standard font size of 2.6 mm (4 x 10)
- \* ultra-flat at 2.0 mm without backlight or 4.6 mm including LED backlight
- \* SPI interface (2-/3-/4-wire) and I<sup>2</sup>C (2-wire)
- \* typical power consumption of only 440µA in full operation (LED white backlight as of 3mA)
- \* easy installation by simply soldering into the board
- \* A whole range of design variants can be supplied as of single units
- Changing background color

### LED BACKLIGHTS

3 different variants are available for individual backlighting: amber, yellow-green/red, green/red/white.

For the amber backlight, 2 separate LED paths are available, which can be switched in parallel or in series to ideally match the system voltage. This means that all the backlights can be run either at 3.3 V and higher voltages.

Operation of the backlight requires an external series resistor for current limiting. This can be calculated by R=U/I; you will find the values in the table. To improve life time it is recommanded to use a current source only.

The operating life of the yellow/green, red and amber backlights is 100,000 hours and that of the white backlight is a bit shorter. <a href="Important:">Important:</a> Never operate the backlight directly on a 5 V/3.3V supply, as this can immediately destroy the LEDs!

amber	Forward	Current	Limiting resistor			
EA LED36x28-A	voltage	max.	@ 3,3 V	@ 5 V		
Connected in parallel	2,1 V	60 mA	20 ohm	48 ohm		
Connected in series	4,2 V	30 mA	-	27 ohm		

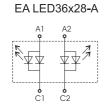
green/red/white	Forward	Current	Limiting resistor			
EA LED36X28-ERW	voltage	max.	@ 3,3 V	@ 5 V		
green path	3,0V	45 mA	7 ohm	45 ohm		
red path	2,1 V	45 mA	27 ohm	65 ohm		
white path	3,0 V	30 mA	10 ohm	67 ohm		

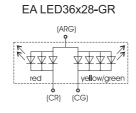
yellowgreen/red	Forward	Current	Limiting resistor			
EA LED36x28-GR	voltage	max.	@ 3,3 V	@ 5 V		
red path (AGR/CR)	2,1 V	45 mA	27 ohm	65 ohm		
yellowgreen path (AGR/CG	) 2,1 V	60 mA	20 ohm	48 ohm		

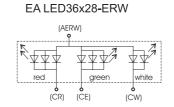
### INSTALLATION

First, the display and the corresponding backlight are clipped together. The complete unit is then inserted into a PCB and soldered. Note that the 4 pins for the backlight must also be soldered from the top with less tin.

<u>Important:</u> There are one or two protective films on the display (top and/or rear side) and one on each backlight. Those have to be removed during or after production.









### 3 DIFFERENT TECHNOLOGIES

As a standard we provide 3 different technologies as STN and FSTN:

display type	technology	optional backlight	readability	display color non backlighted	display color backlighted	recomended backlight color
DOGS104W-A FSTN pos. white LED transflec.	FSTN pos. transflective	it's fine with and without backlight	readable even without backlight	black on white	black on backlight color	all
DOGS104B-A STN ne9 bl white LED transmiss.	STN neg. blue transmissive	usage only with backlight			white backlight on blue background	white
DOGS104N-A FSTN Pos. reflective no backlit	FSTN pos. white reflective	no backlight possible	finest readble without backlight	black on white		

# **3 DIFFERENT BACKLIGHTS**

3 different backlight modules are available to match equipment's design as much as possible. The most effective and brightest one is the white part of EA LED36x28-ERW.



EA LED36x28-ERW Tri-color green red white



EA LED36x28-A Amber



EA LED36x28-GR Bi-color yellow-green red

When you can see black and white pictures only here on this page then you're able to download a coloured version from our website <a href="http://www.lcd-module.de/eng/pdf/doma/dogs104e.pdf">http://www.lcd-module.de/eng/pdf/doma/dogs104e.pdf</a>

# **USB-TEST BOARD EA 9780-4USB**

For easy startup, a USB test board is available that can be connected to a PC. An USB cable and a Windows software is supplied with the product. This allows individual text and to be displayed directly on the connected display.

# SIMULATION WITH WINDOWS

Without ordering a display, the simulator software may show all the displays and colors even without the hardware. You can download for free from our website. There's no need to install, it's a simple EXE file, also running from USB stick e.g.

https://www.lcd-module.de/fileadmin/downloads/startdog\_v46.zip



### **APPLICATION EXAMPLES**

Different wiring must be used depending on the interface.

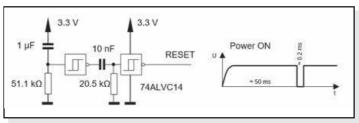
Note that the COG technology means that the current capacity of the outputs is limited. Therefore, a large load on the bus may cause signal loops and unclean levels. If in doubt, additional pull-down resistors (8051) are required or additional waits/NOPs must be incorporated.





To guarantee an error-free functionality and initialization of display it is recommended to operate the reset input actively. This can be done via microcontroller port or external circuit. Here's an application

example:



# **INITIALISATION EXAMPLE**

	Initialization Example SPI and I2C											
Command	RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Hex	Remark
Function Set	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	\$3A	8 bit data length extension Bit RE=1; REV=0
Extended function set	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	\$09	4 line display
Entry mode set	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	\$06	bottom view
Bias setting	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	\$1E	BS1=1
Function Set	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	\$39	8 bit data length extension Bit RE=0; IS=1
Internal OSC	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	\$1B	BS0=1 -> Bias=1/6
Follower control	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	\$6E	Devider on and set value
Power control	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	\$56	Booster on and set contrast (DB1=C5, DB0=C4)
Contrast Set	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	\$7A	Set contrast (DB3-DB0=C3-C0)
Function Set	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	\$38	8 bit data length extension Bit RE=0; IS=0
Display On	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	\$0F	Display on, cursor on, blink on

# 12:00 VIEWING ANGLE, TOP VIEW OPTION

If the display is read mostly from above (on the front of a laboratory power supply unit, for example), the preferred angle of viewing can be set to 12 o'clock. This rotates the display by  $180^{\circ}$ . A slightly different initialization setup is required for this. The line address is incremented by 10.

	Change view													
Command	RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Hex	Remark		
Function Set	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	\$3A	8-Bit data length extension Bit RE=1; IS=0		
Entry Mode	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	BDC	BDS	\$0X	\$06=bottom view; \$05 = top view		
Function Set	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	\$38	8-Bit data length extension Bit RE=0; IS=0		





### **SETTING THE CONTRAST**

The contrast for the EA DOGS104-A can be set by command. This is done using bits C0 through C5 in the commands "Contrast Set" and "Power/Icon Control/Contrast Set". Generally, the contrast is set once only. Thanks to the integrated temperature compensation function, it's kept constant allover the entire operating temperature range (-20 to  $+70^{\circ}$ C).

	Contrast set													
Command	RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Hex	Remark		
Function Set	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	\$39	8-Bit data length extension Bit RE=0; IS=1		
Power control	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	\$56	Booster on and set contrast (DB1=C5, DB0=C4)		
Contrast Set	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	\$7A	Set contrast (DB3-DB0=C3-C0)		
Function Set	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	\$38	8-Bit data length extension Bit RE=0; IS=0		

# **DDRAM ADDRESS / LINE COUNT**

The display controller SSD1803A affords the opportunity of double height fonts. The different line combinationes with its corresponding initialization commands are shown in the following table. The DDRAM address depends on line count and viewing direction.

Bottom view	DDRAM ADDRESS (0x80+adr)	Top view	DDRAM ADDRESS (0x80+adr)	Set line count (RS = 0, R/W = 0)
1. Line	0x00	1. Line	0x0A	0x38 ->Function set: DH = 0
2. Line	0x20	2. Line	0x2A	
2. Line	0x40	3. Line	0x4A	
4. Line	0x60	4. Line	0x6A	
1. Line	0x00	Line Line Line	0x0A	0x3A ->Function set: RE = 1
2. Line	0x20		0x2A	0x1F -> 3 Lines top
3. Line	0x40		0x4A	0x3C ->Function set: RE = 0, DH = 1
1. Line	0x00	1. Line	0x0A	0x3A ->Function set: RE = 1
2. Line	0x20	2. Line	0x2A	0x17 -> 3 Lines middle
3. Line	0x40	3. Line	0x4A	0x3C ->Function set: RE = 0, DH = 1
1. Line	0x00	1: Line	0x0A	0x3A ->Function set: RE = 1
2. Line	0x20	2: Line	0x2A	0x13 -> 3 Lines bottom
3. Line	0x40	3. Line	0x4A	0x3C ->Function set: RE = 0, DH = 1
1: Line 2: Line	0x00 0x20	1. Line 2. Line	0x0A 0x2A	0x3A ->Function set: RE = 1 0x1B -> 2 Lines 0x3C ->Function set: RE = 0, DH = 1

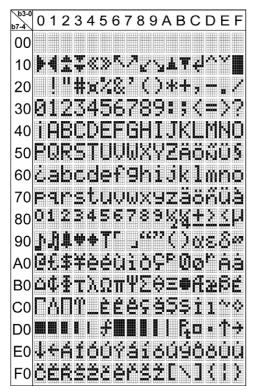
Further information about the commands of the SSD1803A, please refer to the datasheet: http://www.lcd-module.de/fileadmin/eng/pdf/zubehoer/ssd1803a 2 0.pdf



### **CHARACTER SET**

The controller has 3 built-in character sets. They can be selected with the command "ROM-Selection" in the extended command set.

# **ROM A**



# **ROM B**



# **ROM C**

Nb3-0
<sub>b7-4</sub> 0123456789ABCDEF
00
10 <b>両ႵႽႤ</b> Ӷ⊿ѲѦΞΠΣΥΦΨΩα
20 ! "#\$%&?()*+,
300123456789:;<=>?
40 DABCDEFGHIJKLMNO
50 PQRSTUUWXYZ[¥]^_
60 abcdef9hijklmno
70parstuvwxyz( }>+
80 GüéääääGeëëïîiää
90
שי בביל גבל 174 ינים מא
во-アイウエオカキクケコサシスセソ
COタチツテトナニヌネノバヒフペホマ
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FO * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *

	Change character table												
Command	RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Hex	Remark	
Function Set	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	\$3A	8-Bit data length extension Bit RE=1	
ROM Selection	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 R2	0 R1	0		\$72 \$0X	ROM selection double byte command \$00 = ROMA; \$04=ROMB; \$0C=ROMC	
Function Set	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0			8-Bit data length extension Bit RE=0	

# **CREATING YOUR OWN CHARACTERS**

It's possible to create 8 own additional characters (ASCII Codes 0..7) to the fixes ROM codes. Please be informed, that RE- and IS-Bit need to be 0.

- 1.) The command "CG RAM Address Set" defines the ASCII code (Bit 3,4,5) and the dot line (Bit 0,1,2) of the new character. Example demonstrates creating ASCII code \$00.
- 2.) Doing 8 times the write command "Data Write" defines line by line the new character. 8th. byte stands for the cursor line.
- 3.) The new defined character can be used as a "normal" ASCII code (0..7); use with "DD RAM Address Set" and "Data Write".

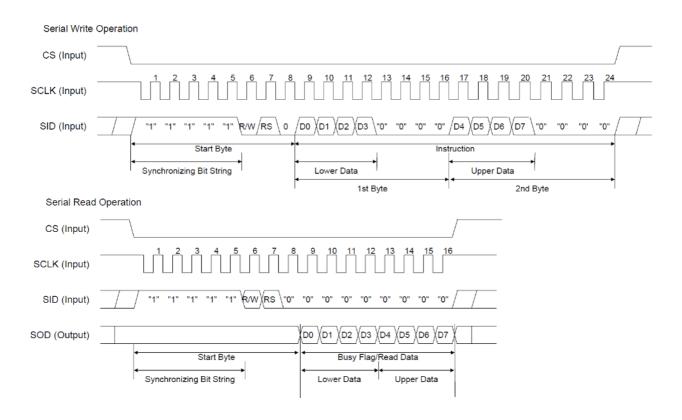
Character-data									
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Hex	
х	x	×	0	0	-	0	0	\$04	
			0	0	-	0	0	\$04	
			0	0	1	0	0	\$04	
			0	0	-	0	0	\$04	
			-	0	-	0	-	\$15	
			0	1	1	1	0	\$0E	
			0	0	-	0	0	\$04	
			0	0	0	0	0	\$00	

Define own character												
Command	RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Hex	Remark
CG-RAM address set	0	0	0	1	AC5	AC4	АСЗ	AC2	AC1	AC0	<b>\$40</b>	Set address of character \$40=0; \$48=1; \$54=2\$78=7
	1	0	x	x	x	0	0	1	0	0	\$04	first line
						0	0	1	0	0	\$04	second line
						0	0	1	0	0	\$04	third line
Character-data						0	0	1	0	0	\$04	fourth line
						1	0	1	0	1	\$15	fifth line
						0	1	1	1	0	\$0E	sixth line
						0	0	1	0	0	\$04	seventh line
						0	0	0	0	0	\$00	eighth line, cursor line



# **SERIAL INTERFACE (SPI, MODE3)**

The serial interface always needs a synchronization byte. In write mode, the byte to send hast to be devided in two bytes, into the "lower data" and "upper data". Please refer to the chart below. The maximum clock frequency for SCLK is 1 MHz.

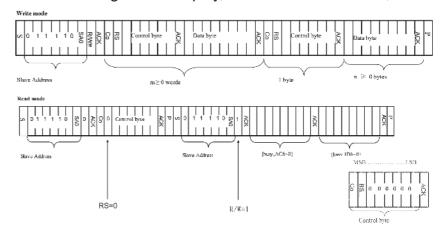


### **I<sup>2</sup>C INTERFACE**

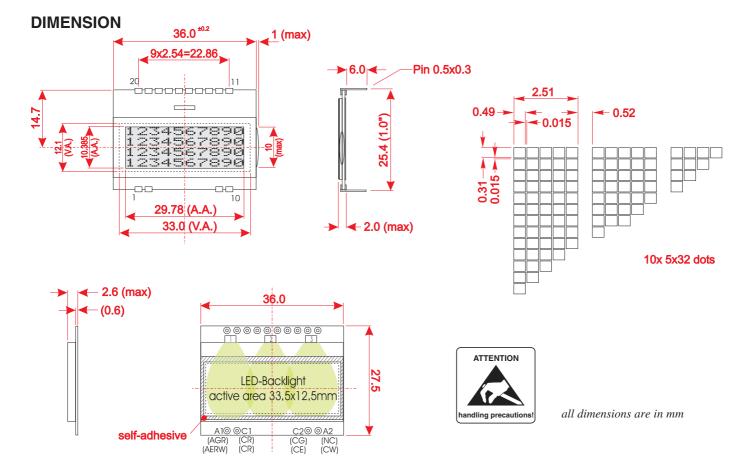
The display can be assigned to the slave adress 0x78 (0x3C) if pin SA0 is connected to VSS or 0x7A (0x3D) if SA0 is high. After transfering the start condition, the hardware adress, together with the Read(1)/Write(0) bit has to be transmitted. While writing to the display, after the slave adress, there

always is a control byte holding the information Data(1) or Command(0) and the continuation bit. If the continuation bit is set to 0, the following bytes are data bytes until the next stop condition occurs. The maximum clock rate for I<sup>2</sup>C bus is 400 kHz.

Please be informed, that the pins SDA+SCK contain an internal resistance of 600 to 1000 Ohm, or even more (Important, because of the LO-level while reading data and the ACK-Bit).



Further information about the interfaces and the timing of the SSD1803A, please refer to the datasheet http://www.lcd-module.de/fileadmin/eng/pdf/zubehoer/ssd1803a\_2\_0.pdf



### Note:

- LC-displays are not suited for wave soldering or reflow soldering. Temperatures above
- +80°C may damage LCD module.
- Surfaces of display and backlight are equipped with protection foils to be protected against scratching. Please remove before use.

# 254 22.86 80.50 EA FL-10P (Accessory)

# **PINOUT**

Pin	Symbol	Level	Function	Pin	Symbol	Level	Function
1	NC		(A1: LED backlight)	20	RST	L	Reset
2	NC		(C1: LED backlight)	19	SA0	H/L	Slave Address
3				18	CS	L	Chip Select
4				17	SCLK	H/L	Serial Clock
5				16	SID	H/L	Serial Data In
6				15	SOD	H/L	Serial Data Out
7				14	VSS	L	GND
8				13	VDD	Н	Power Supply +2.4+3,6V
9	NC		(C2: LED backlight)	12	IM1	H/L	Mode H: SPI/L: PC
10	NC		(A2: LED backlight)	11	VOUT	-	Output Voltage Converter

Note: The LED-Pins A1, C1, A2 und C2 (bzw. AGR, AERW, CG, CE, CR, CW) must be soldered from the top to ensure a clean contact.

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