LB1947VC

Monolithic Digital IC PWM Current Control Type Forward/Reverse Motor Driver



Overview

The LB1947VC is a PWM current control type forward/reverse motor driver IC. The IC is optimal for use in driving brushed DC motors for printers.

Features

- PWM current control (fixed OFF time)
- Selectable current decay pattern (FAST, SLOW, and MIX DECAY modes)
- Simultaneous ON prevention function (feed-through current prevention)
- Built-in thermal shutdown circuit
- Built-in noise canceler

Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25°C

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Ratings | Unit |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|------|
| Maximum motor supply voltage | V _{BB} max | | 50 | V |
| Output peak current | I _O peak | t _W ≤ 20μs | 2.25 | А |
| Output continuous current | I _O max | | 2.0 | А |
| Logic supply voltage | V _{CC} max | | 7.0 | V |
| Logic input voltage range | V _{IN} | | -0.3 to V _{CC} | V |
| Emitter output voltage | V _E max | | 1.1 | V |
| Reference voltage | V _{REF} | | -0.3 to V _{CC} | V |
| Allowable power dissipation | Pd max | Independent IC | 1.3 | W |
| Operating temperature | Topr | | -20 to +85 | °C |
| Storage temperature | Tstg | | -55 to +150 | °C |

Caution 1) Absolute maximum ratings represent the value which cannot be exceeded for any length of time.

Caution 2) Even when the device is used within the range of absolute maximum ratings, as a result of continuous usage under high temperature, high current, high voltage, or drastic temperature change, the reliability of the IC may be degraded. Please contact us for the further details.

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

LB1947VC

Allowable Operating Ranges at $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Ratings | Unit |
|----------------------|------------------|------------|-------------------------|------|
| Motor supply voltage | V _{BB} | | 10 to 45 | V |
| Logic supply voltage | V _{CC} | | 4.75 to 5.25 | V |
| Reference voltage | V _{REF} | | 0 to V _{CC} -2 | V |

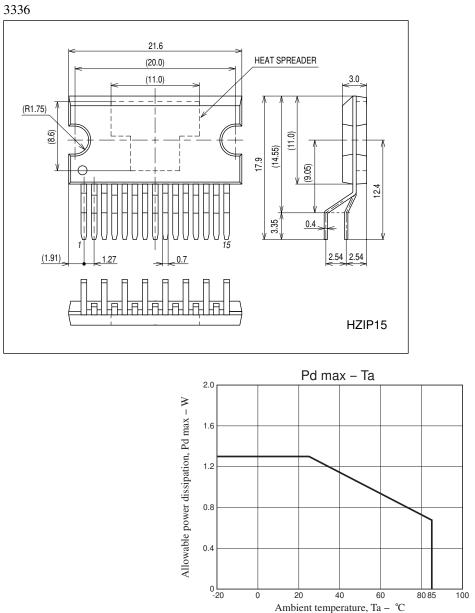
Electrical Characteristics at Ta = 25° C, V_{CC} = 5V

| Parameter | Symbol Conditions | | Ratings | | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------|--|----------------------|------|----------------------|----|
| | | | min | typ | max | |
| Output Block | 1 | | T | | | |
| Output stage supply current | I _{BB} ON | No-load state, Forward | 0.4 | 0.6 | 1.0 | mA |
| | I _{BB} BR | No-load state, Brake | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.8 | mA |
| | I _{BB} OFF | No-load state, Output off | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.8 | mA |
| | I _{BB} wt | No-load state, Standby mode | | | 0.1 | mA |
| Output saturation voltage | V _O sat1 | I _O = +1.0A, Sink | | 1.2 | 1.5 | V |
| | V _O sat2 | I _O = +2.0A, Sink | | 1.6 | 1.9 | V |
| | V _O sat3 | I _O = -1.0A, Source | | 1.8 | 2.2 | V |
| | V _O sat4 | I_{O} = -2.0A, Source | | 2.1 | 2.4 | V |
| Output leak current | I _O 1(leak) | $V_O = V_{BB}$, Sink | | | 50 | μA |
| | I _O 2(leak) | V _O = 0V, Source | -50 | | | μA |
| Output sustain voltage | V _{SUS} | L = 3.9mH, I_{O} = 2.0A, Design guarantee value* | 50 | | | V |
| Logic Block | | | | | | |
| Logic supply current | I _{CC} ON | IN1: High, IN2: Low, ST: High | 11 | 16 | 21 | mA |
| | I _{CC} BR | IN1: Low, IN2: High, ST: High | 11 | 16 | 21 | mA |
| | I _{CC} OFF | IN1: Low, IN2: Low, ST: High | 11 | 16 | 21 | mA |
| | I _{CC} wt | ST: Low | 1.0 | 2 | 3.0 | mA |
| Logic pin input voltage | V _{IN} H | High level voltage | 2 | | | V |
| (ST, IN1, IN2, VI) | VINL | Low level voltage | | | 0.8 | V |
| Logic pin input current | I _{IN} H | V _{IN} = 5V | 60 | 90 | 120 | μA |
| (ST, IN1, IN2, VI) | IINL | V _{IN} = 0.8V | 6 | 10 | 13 | μA |
| Sensing voltage | ٧ _E | | 0 | | 1.1 | V |
| Sensing voltage 25H | V _{EH} 25 | VI = High, V _{REF} = 2.5V | 0.970 | 1.0 | 1.030 | V |
| Sensing voltage 25L | V _{EL} 25 | VI = Low, V _{REF} = 2.5V | 0.483 | 0.5 | 0.513 | V |
| Sensing voltage 15H | V _{EH} 15 | VI = High, V _{REF} = 1.5V | 0.385 | 0.4 | 0.410 | V |
| Sensing voltage 15L | V _{EL} 15 | VI = Low, V _{BEF} = 1.5V | 0.190 | 0.2 | 0.210 | V |
| Sensing voltage 05H | V _{EH} 05 | VI = High, V _{REF} = 0.5V | 0.190 | 0.2 | 0.210 | V |
| Sensing voltage 05L | V _{EL} 05 | $VI = Low, V_{REF} = 0.5V$ | 0.092 | 0.1 | 0.108 | V |
| Reference current | Iref | V _{REF} = 1.0V | -0.5 | | +0.5 | μA |
| CR pin current | ICR | CR = 1.0V | -1.56 | -1.3 | -1.04 | mA |
| MD pin input voltage | V _{MD} H | High level voltage | V _{CC} -0.3 | | | V |
| | V _{MD} M | Middle level voltage | 0.3V _{CC} | | V _{CC} -1.0 | v |
| | V _{MD} L | Low level voltage | | | .0.4 | V |
| MD pin input current | | $MD = V_{CC}$ -0.5V, CR = 1.0V | -1.0 | | +1.0 | μA |
| | IMD | MD = 0.4V, CR = 2.0V | -5.0 | | | μA |
| Thermal shutdown temperature | TSD | Design guarantee value* | 0.0 | 170 | | °C |

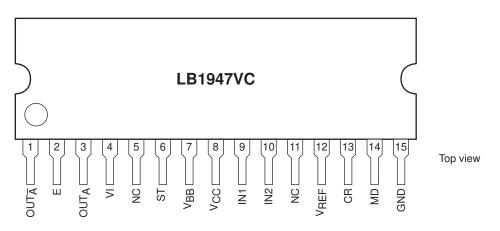
* Design guarantee value, Do not measurement.

Package Dimensions

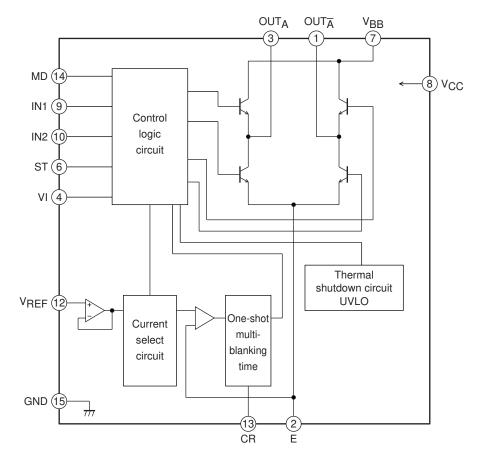
unit : mm (typ)



Pin Assignment



Block Diagram



Truth Table

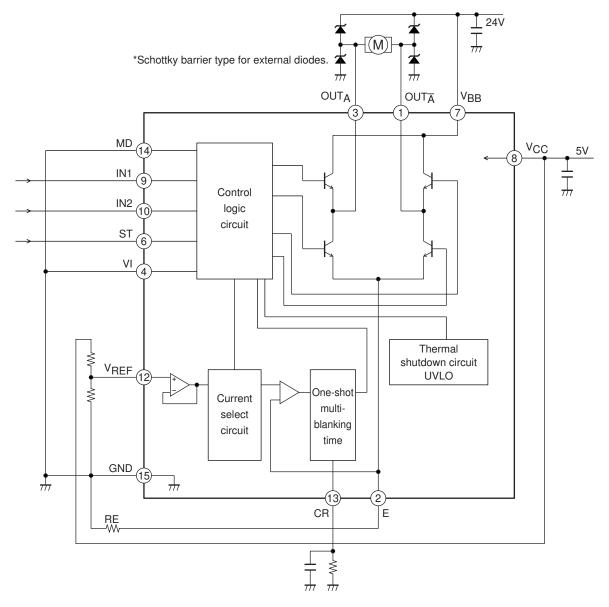
| num | abic | | | | | | |
|-----|------|-----------|----|----|------|-----|----------------------------|
| IN1 | IN2 | ST | VI | MD | OUTA | | Operating mode |
| Н | L | Н | Н | L | Н | L | Forward, 2/5 times, FAST |
| Н | L | Н | Н | М | н | L | Forward, 2/5 times, MIX |
| Н | L | Н | Н | Н | Н | L | Forward, 2/5 times, SLOW |
| Н | L | Н | L | L | н | L | Forward, 1/5 times, FAST |
| Н | L | Н | L | М | Н | L | Forward, 1/5 times, MIX |
| Н | L | Н | L | Н | Н | L | Forward, 1/5 times, SLOW |
| Н | Н | Н | Н | L | L | н | Reverse, 2/5 times, FAST |
| Н | Н | Н | Н | М | L | н | Reverse, 2/5 times, MIX |
| Н | Н | Н | Н | Н | L | Н | Reverse, 2/5 times, SLOW |
| Н | Н | Н | L | L | L | н | Reverse, 1/5 times, FAST |
| Н | Н | Н | L | М | L | н | Reverse, 1/5 times, MIX |
| Н | Н | Н | L | Н | L | Н | Reverse, 1/5 times, SLOW |
| L | Н | Н | Н | L | L | L | Brake, 2/5 times, FAST |
| L | Н | Н | Н | М | L | L | Brake, 2/5 times, MIX |
| L | Н | Н | L | L | L | L | Brake, 1/5 times, FAST |
| L | Н | Н | L | М | L | L | Brake, 1/5 times, MIX |
| L | Н | Н | Х | Н | L | L | Brake, no current limiting |
| L | L | Н | Х | Х | OFF | OFF | Output OFF |
| Х | Х | L or OPEN | Х | Х | OFF | OFF | Standby mode (circuit OFF) |

Except for MD pin, Low at input OPEN.

MD M: determined by external voltage.

| Pin F | unction | | |
|---------|-----------------|--|---|
| Pin No. | Pin name | Function | Equivalent circuit |
| 1 | OUTA | Output pin. | |
| 3 | OUTA | | |
| 2 | E | Sense voltage control pin. | |
| 4 | VI | High: sense voltage is 2/5 of VREF Low: sense voltage is 1/5 of VREF | |
| 6 | ST | High: circuit operation ON Low: standby mode | |
| 9 | IN1 | High: rotation mode Low: brake mode | |
| 10 | IN2 | High: reverse mode Low: forward mode | |
| 7 | V _{BB} | Motor power supply voltage. | |
| 8 | V _{CC} | Logic power supply voltage. | |
| 12 | VREF | Output current setting reference pin. Setting range: 0 to (V _{CC} -2V) | V _{CC} 5 _{μA} 5 _{μA} 40kΩ 12 V _{REF} |
| 13 | CR | Oscillator with self-excitation. | |
| 14 | MD | Current attenuation switching pin. Low : FAST DECAY High: SLOW DECAY M : MIX DECAY M is set by external power supply voltage. Range : 1.1 to 4.0V | |
| 15 | GND | Ground pin | |
| 5, 11 | NC | No connect | |

Sample Application Circuits 1. Forward/reverse motor with current limiter

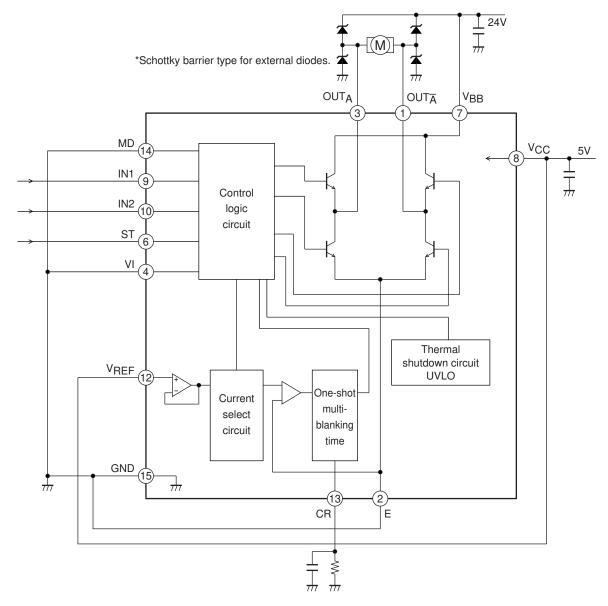


Limiter current setting method

 $I = V_{REF} / (5 \times RE)$

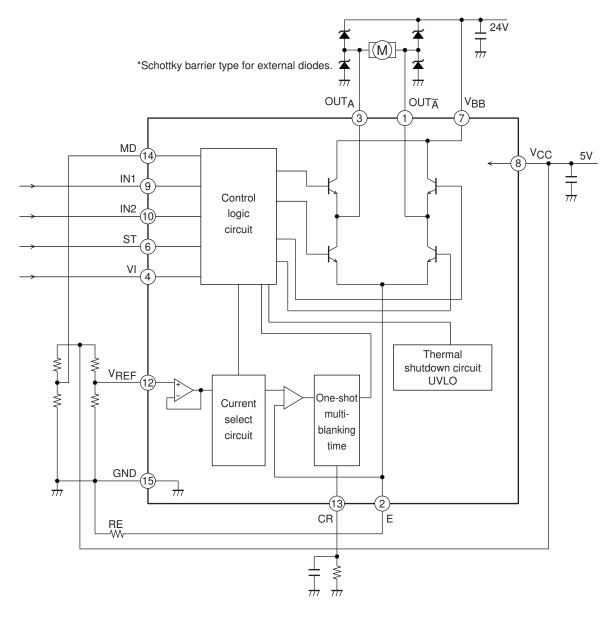
| I | N1 | IN2 | ST | OUTA | OUTA | Mode |
|---|----|-----|----|------|------|--------------|
| | Н | L | Н | Н | L | Forward |
| | Н | Н | Н | L | Н | Reverse |
| | L | Н | Н | L | L | Brake |
| | L | L | Н | OFF | OFF | Output OFF |
| | - | _ | L | OFF | OFF | Standby mode |

2. Forward/reverse motor



| IN1 | IN2 | ST | OUTA | OUTA | Mode |
|-----|-----|----|------|------|--------------|
| Н | L | Н | Н | L | Forward |
| Н | Н | Н | L | Н | Reverse |
| L | Н | Н | L | L | Brake |
| L | L | Н | OFF | OFF | Output OFF |
| - | - | L | OFF | OFF | Standby mode |

3. PWM current control forward/reverse motor (MIX DECAY)



Notes on Usage

1. VREF pin

Because the VREF pin serves for input of the set current reference voltage, precautions against noise must be taken.

2. GND pin

The ground circuit for this IC must be designed so as to allow for high-current switching. Blocks where high current flows must use low-impedance patterns and must be removed from small-signal lines. Especially the ground connection for the sensing resistor RE at pin E, and the ground connection for the Schottky barrier diodes should be in close proximity to the IC ground.

The capacitors between V_{CC} and ground, and V_{BB} and ground should be placed close to the V_{CC} and V_{BB} pins, respectively.

3. CR pin setting (Switching off time, Noise cancel time)

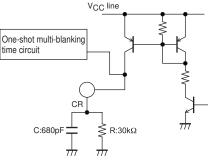
The noise cancel time (Tn) and the switching off time (Toff) are set by the following expressions:

Noise cancel time: Tn \approx C \times R \times ln {(1.0 - RI) / (4.0 - RI) [sec]

CR charge current: 1.3mA

Switching off time: Toff $\approx -C \times R \times \ln(1.0 / 4.8)$ [sec]

Internal configuration at CR pin

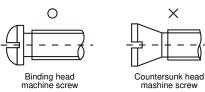


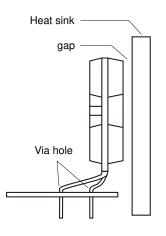
CR constant range: R = 4.7k to $100k\Omega$ C = 330pF to 2200pF

Heat sink attachment

Heat sinks are used to lower the semiconductor device junction temperature by leading the head generated by the device to the outer environment and dissipating that heat.

- a. Unless otherwise specified, for power ICs with tabs and power ICs with attached heat sinks, solder must not be applied to the heat sink or tabs.
- b. Heat sink attachment
 - \cdot Use flat-head screws to attach heat sinks.
 - \cdot Use also washer to protect the package.
 - \cdot Use tightening torques in the ranges 39-59Ncm(4-6kgcm) .
 - If tapping screws are used, do not use screws with a diameter larger than the holes in the semiconductor device itself.
 - Do not make gap, dust, or other contaminants to get between the semiconductor device and the tab or heat sink.
 - Take care a position of via hole .
 - \cdot Do not allow dirt, dust, or other contaminants to get between the semiconductor device and the tab or heat sink.
 - · Verify that there are no press burrs or screw-hole burrs on the heat sink.
 - · Warping in heat sinks and printed circuit boards must be no more than
 - 0.05 mm between screw holes, for either concave or convex warping.
 - \cdot Twisting must be limited to under 0.05 mm.
 - \cdot Heat sink and semiconductor device are mounted in parallel.
 - Take care of electric or compressed air drivers
 - The speed of these torque wrenches should never exceed 700 rpm, and should typically be about 400 rpm.
- c. Silicone grease
 - \cdot Spread the silicone grease evenly when mounting heat sinks.
 - · Our recommends YG-6260 (Momentive Performance Materials Japan LLC)
- d. Mount
 - · First mount the heat sink on the semiconductor device, and then mount that assembly on the printed circuit board.
 - \cdot When attaching a heat sink after mounting a semiconductor device into the printed circuit board, when tightening up a heat sink with the screw, the mechanical stress which is impossible to the semiconductor device and the pin doesn't hang.
- e. When mounting the semiconductor device to the heat sink using jigs, etc.,
 - \cdot Take care not to allow the device to ride onto the jig or positioning dowel.
 - · Design the jig so that no unreasonable mechanical stress is not applied to the semiconductor device.
- f. Heat sink screw holes
 - · Be sure that chamfering and shear drop of heat sinks must not be larger than the diameter of screw head used.
 - \cdot When using nuts, do not make the heat sink hole diameters larger than the diameter of the head of the screws used. A hole diameter about 15% larger than the diameter of the screw is desirable.
 - \cdot When tap screws are used, be sure that the diameter of the holes in the heat sink are not too small. A diameter about 15% smaller than the diameter of the screw is desirable.
- g. There is a method to mount the semiconductor device to the heat sink by using a spring band. But this method is not recommended because of possible displacement due to fluctuation of the spring force with time or vibration.





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