

November 2009

FPF1107 / FPF1108 Advance Load Management Switch

Features

- 1.2V to 4V Input Voltage Operating Range
- Typical R_{DS(ON)}:
 - $35m\Omega$ at $V_{IN}=3.3V$
 - $55m\Omega$ at $V_{IN}=1.8V$
 - 85mΩ at V_{IN}=1.2V
- Slew Rate Control with t_R: 130µs
- Output Discharge Function on FPF1108
- Low <1µA Quiescent Current at V_{ON}=V_{IN}
- ESD Protected: Above 4000V HBM, 2000V CDM
- GPIO/CMOS-Compatible Enable Circuitry

Applications

- Mobile Devices and Smart Phones
- Portable Media Devices
- Digital Cameras
- Advanced Notebook, UMPC, MID
- Portable Medical Devices
- GPS and Navigation Equipment

Description

The FPF1107/08 are low R_{DS} P-channel MOSFET load switches of the IntelliMAXTM family. Integrated slew-rate control prevents inrush current from glitch supply rails with capacitive loads common in power applications.

The input voltage range operates from 1.2V to 4V to fulfill today's lowest ultra-portable device supply requirements. Switch control is by a logic input (ON-pin) capable of interfacing directly with low-voltage CMOS control signals and GPIOs in embedded processors.

Ordering Information

Part Number	Part Marking	Switch (Typical) At 1.8V _{IN}	Input Buffer	Output Discharge	ON Pin Activity	t _R	© Eco Status	Package		
FPF1107	QC	55mΩ	CMOS	NA	Active HIGH	130µs	Green	4-Ball, Wafer-Level Chip-Scale Package		
FPF1108	QD	55mΩ	CMOS	65Ω	Active HIGH	130µs	Green	(WLCSP), 1.0 x 1.0mm, 0.5mm Pitch		

Por Fairchild's definition of Eco Status, please visit: http://www.fairchildsemi.com/company/green/rohs green.html.

Application Diagram

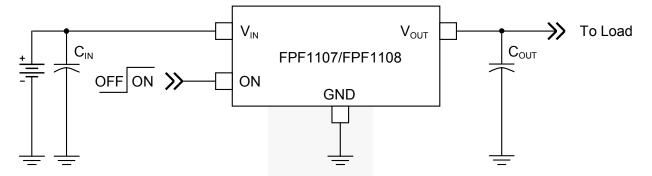


Figure 1. Typical Application

Notes:

- 1. C_{IN} =1 μ F, X5R, 0603, for example Murata GRM185R60J105KE26
- 2. C_{OUT} =1 μ F, X5R, 0805, for example Murata GRM216R61A105KA01

Block Diagram

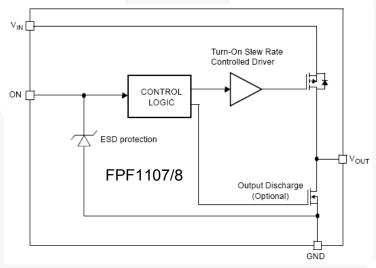


Figure 2. Block Diagram (Output Discharge for FPF1108 Only)

Pin Configurations



Figure 3. 1 x 1mm WLCSP Bumps Facing Down

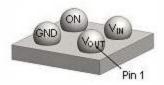


Figure 4. 1 x 1mm WLCSP Bumps Facing Up

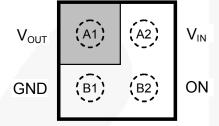


Figure 5. Pin Assignments (Top View)

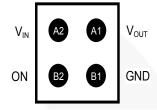


Figure 6. Pin Assignments (Bottom View)

Pin Definitions

Pin#	Name	Description
A1	V_{OUT}	Switch Output
A2	V_{IN}	Supply Input: Input to the Power Switch.
B1	GND	Ground
B2	ON	ON/OFF Control, Active HIGH

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device. The device may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only.

Symbol	Paramete	Min.	Max.	Unit	
V _{IN}	V _{IN} , V _{OUT} , V _{ON} to GND		-0.3	4.2	V
I _{SW}	Maximum Continuous Switch Current			1.2	Α
P _D	Power Dissipation at T _A =25°C			1.0	W
T _{STG}	Storage Junction Temperature	-65	+150	°C	
T _A	Operating Temperature Range		-40	+85	°C
0	Thermal Decistance Junction to Ambient	1S2P with 1 Thermal Via		95	°C/W
ΘJA	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient	1S2P without Thermal Via		187	C/VV
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge Canability	Human Body Model, JESD22-A114	4		kV
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge Capability	Charged Device Model, JESD22-C101	2		ĸV

Recommended Operating Conditions

The Recommended Operating Conditions table defines the conditions for actual device operation. Recommended operating conditions are specified to ensure optimal performance to the datasheet specifications. Fairchild does not recommend exceeding them or designing to Absolute Maximum Ratings.

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
V _{IN}	Supply Voltage 1.2 4			
T _A	Ambient Operating Temperature -40 +85 °c			

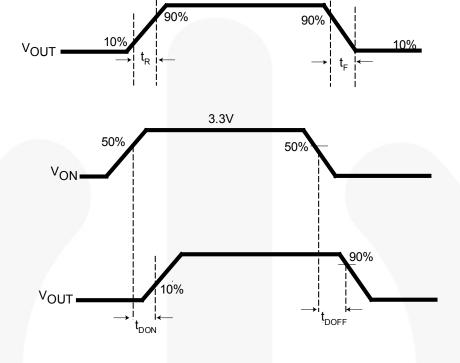
Electrical Characteristics

Unless otherwise noted, V_{IN} =1.2 to 4.0V, T_A =-40 to +85°C, typical values are at V_{IN} =3.3V and T_A =25°C.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Basic Oper	ration					
V _{IN}	Supply Voltage		1.2		4.0	V
I _{Q(OFF)}	Off Supply Current	V _{ON} =GND V _{OUT} =Open, V _{IN} =4V			1	μΑ
I _{SD(OFF)}	Off Switch Current	V _{ON} =GND V _{OUT} =GND			1	μΑ
1	Quiescent Current	I _{OUT} =0mA, V _{ON} =V _{IN}			1	μΑ
IQ	Quiescent Current	I _{OUT} =0mA, V _{ON} < V _{IN}			3	
		V _{IN} =3.3V, I _{OUT} =200mA, T _A =25°C		35	50	mΩ
		V_{IN} =1.8V, I_{OUT} =200mA, T_A =25°C		55	70	
R_{ON}	On Resistance	V_{IN} =1.5V, I_{OUT} =200mA, T_A =25°C		70		
		V_{IN} =1.2V, I_{OUT} =200mA, T_A =25°C		85	150	
		V _{IN} =1.8V, I _{OUT} =200mA, T _A =85°C ⁽³⁾		65	100	
R_{PD}	Output Discharge R _{PULL DOWN}	V_{IN} =3.3V, V_{ON} =0V, I_{FORCE} =20mA, T_{A} =25°C, FPF1108		65	110	Ω
V _{IH}	On Input Logic High Voltage	V _{IN} =1.2V to 4.0V	1.1			V
V _{IL}	On Input Logic Low Voltage	V _{IN} =1.2V to 4.0V			0.35	V
I _{ON}	On Input Leakage V _{ON} =V _{IN} or GND		-1		1	μA
Dynamic C	haracteristics					
t _{DON}	Turn-On Delay ⁽⁴⁾			80		μs
t_R	V _{OUT} Rise Time ⁽⁴⁾	V_{IN} =3.3V, R _L =10 Ω , C _L =0.1 μ F, T _A =25°C, FPF1107/8		130		μs
t _{ON}	Turn-On Time ^(4,6)	14-25 6,111 1107/6		210		μs
t _{DON}	Turn-On Delay ⁽⁴⁾			70	95	μs
t _R	V _{OUT} Rise Time ⁽⁴⁾	V_{IN} =3.3V, R _L =500 Ω , C _L =0.1 μ F, T _A =25°C, FPF1107/8		95	120	μs
ton	Turn-On Time ^(4,6)	1A-23 G, 111 1107/6		165	215	μs
FPF1107						
t _{DOFF}	Turn-Off Delay ⁽⁴⁾			2.0	2.5	μs
t _F	V _{OUT} Fall Time ⁽⁴⁾	V_{IN} =3.3V, R _L =10 Ω , C _L =0.1 μ F, T _A =25°C		2.2		μs
toff	Turn-Off ^(4,7)	- 1A-25 C		4.2	ÿ	μs
t _{DOFF}	Turn-Off Delay ⁽⁴⁾			7.0		μs
t _F	V _{OUT} Fall Time ⁽⁴⁾	V_{IN} =3.3V, R _L =500 Ω , C _L =0.1 μ F, T _A =25°C		110		μs
t _{OFF}	Turn-Off ^(4,7)	14-20 0		117		μs
FPF1108 ⁽⁵⁾						
t _{DOFF}	Turn-Off Delay ⁽⁴⁾			2.0	2.5	μs
t _F	V _{OUT} Fall Time ⁽⁴⁾	V_{IN} =3.3V, R_L =10 Ω , C_L =0.1 μ F, R_{PD} =65 Ω , T_A =25°C		1.9		μs
t _{OFF}	Turn-Off ^(4,7)	- INPU-0012, IA-20 C		3.9		μs
t _{DOFF}	Turn-Off Delay ⁽⁴⁾			2.5		μs
t _F	V _{OUT} Fall Time ⁽⁴⁾	V_{IN} =3.3V, R _L =500Ω, C _L =0.1μF, R _{PD} =65Ω, T _A =25°C		10.6		μs
t _{OFF}	Turn-Off ^(4,7)	- INPD-0011, IA-20 C		13.1		μs

- This parameter is guaranteed by design and characterization; not production tested.
 t_{DON}/t_{DOFF}/t_R/t_F are defined in Figure 7.
 Output discharge path is enabled during off.

Timing Diagram

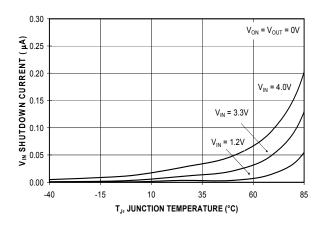


Notes:

- 6. $t_{ON}=t_R + t_{DON}$.
- 7. $t_{OFF}=t_F+t_{DOFF}$.

Figure 7. Timing Diagram

Typical Performance Characteristics



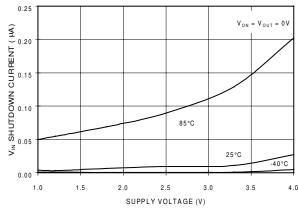
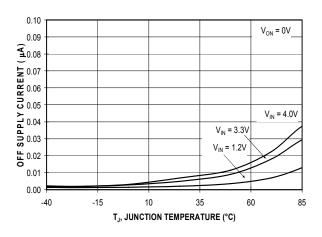


Figure 8. Shutdown Current vs. Temperature

Figure 9. Shutdown Current vs. Supply Voltage



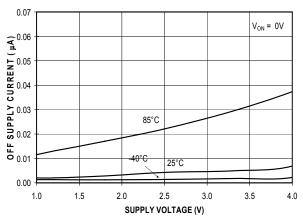
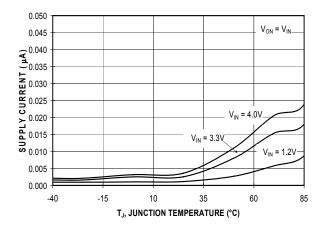


Figure 10. Off Supply Current vs. Temperature (FPF1107, VOUT is Floating)

Figure 11. Off Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage (FPF1107, VOUT is Floating)



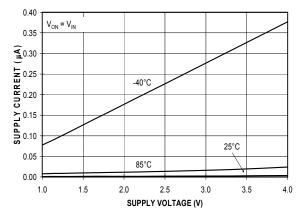


Figure 12. Quiescent Current vs. Temperature $(V_{ON}=V_{IN})$

Figure 13. Quiescent Current vs. Supply Voltage

Typical Performance Characteristics

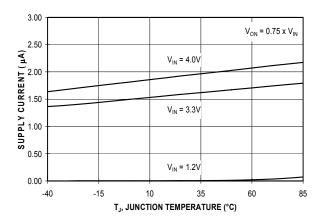


Figure 14. Quiescent Current vs. Temperature (V_{oN}=0.75 x V_{iN})

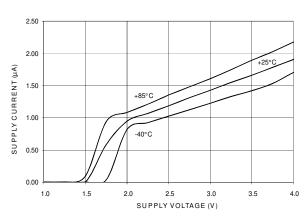


Figure 15. Quiescent Current vs. Supply Voltage at V_{ON}=1.2V

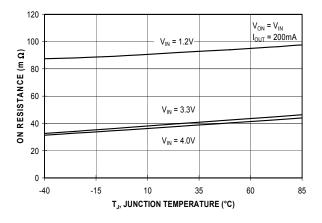


Figure 16. Ron vs. Temperature

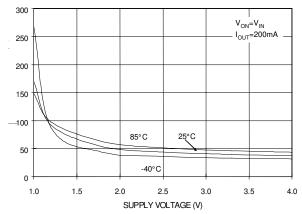


Figure 17. R_{ON} vs. Supply Voltage

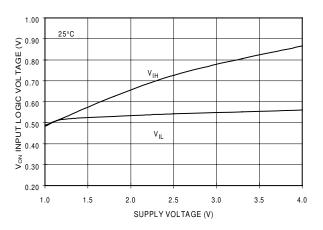


Figure 18. ON-Pin Threshold vs. V_{IN}

 $V_{IN} = 3.3V$

 $R_L = 500\Omega$

Typical Performance Characteristics

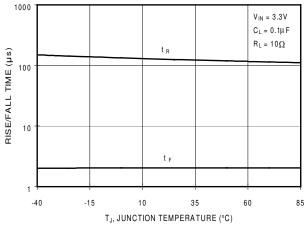
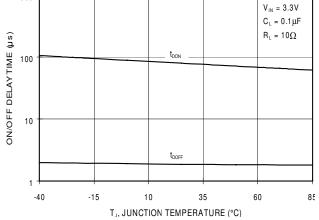


Figure 20. V_{OUT} Turn-On and Turn-Off Delay vs. Temperature at R_L =10 Ω



1000

100

90

80

10

0

-40

ON/OFF DELAYTIME (µs)

Figure 19. V_{OUT} Rise and Fall Time vs. Temperature at $R_L {=} 10\Omega$

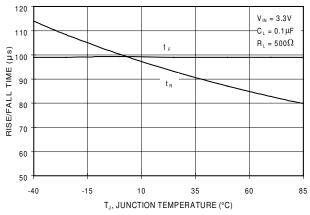


Figure 22. V_{OUT} Turn-On and Turn-Off Delay vs. Temperature at R_1 =500 Ω

T_J, JUNCTION TEMPERATURE (°C)

35

10

Figure 21. V_{OUT} Rise and Fall Time vs. Temperature Figure 22. V at R_1 = 500 Ω

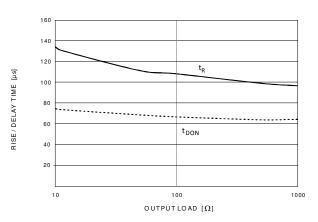


Figure 23. V_{OUT} Turn-On and Turn-Off Delay vs. Output Load at V_{IN}=3.3V

Typical Performance Characteristics

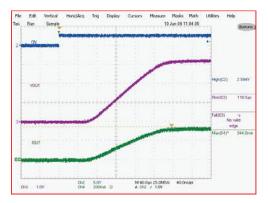


Figure 24. Turn-On Response (V_{IN} =3.3V, C_{IN} =1 μ F, C_{OUT} =0.1 μ F, R_L =10 Ω)

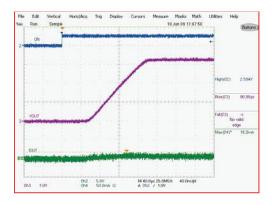


Figure 26. Turn-On Response $(V_{IN}=3.3V, C_{IN}=1\mu F, C_{OUT}=0.1\mu F, R_L=500\Omega)$

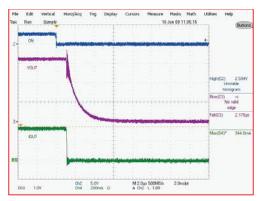


Figure 25. Turn-Off Response (VIN=3.3V, CIN=1 μ F, COUT=0.1 μ F, RL=10 Ω)

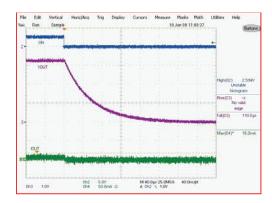


Figure 27. Turn-Off Response (FPF1107 – No Output Pull-Down Resistor) (V_{IN} =3.3V, C_{IN} =1 μ F, C_{OUT} =0.1 μ F, R_L =500 Ω)

Application Information

Input Capacitor

The IntelliMAXTM switch doesn't require input capacitor. To reduce device inrush current effect, a $0.1\mu F$ ceramic capacitor, C_{IN} , is recommended close to the VIN pin. A higher value of C_{IN} can be used to further reduce the voltage drop experienced as the switch is turned on into a large capacitive load.

Output Capacitor

The IntelliMAXTM switch works without an output capacitor. However, if parasitic board inductance forces V_{OUT} below GND when switching off, a $0.1\mu F$ capacitor, C_{OUT} , should be placed between V_{OUT} and GND.

Fall Time

Device output fall time can be calculated based on RC constant of external components as follows:

$$t_{\mathsf{F}} = \mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{L}} \times \mathsf{C}_{\mathsf{L}} \times 2.2 \tag{1}$$

where t_F is 90% to 10% fall time, R_L is output load and C_L is output capacitor.

The same equation works for a device with a pull-down output resistor, then R_L is replaced by a parallel connected pull-down and external output resistor combination, as follows:

$$t_F = \frac{R_L \times R_{PD}}{R_L + R_{PD}} \times C_L \times 2.2 \tag{2}$$

where t_F is 90% to 10% fall time, R_L is output load, $R_{PD}{=}65\Omega$ is output pull-down resistor, and C_L is the output capacitor.

Resistive Output Load

If resistive output load is missing, the IntelliMAXTM switch without pull-down output resistor is not discharging output voltage. Output voltage drop depends, in that case, mainly on external device leaks.

Recommended Land Pattern and Layout

For best thermal performance and minimal inductance and parasitic effects, it is recommended to keep input and output traces short and capacitors as close to the device as possible. Below is a recommended layout for this device to achieve optimum performance.

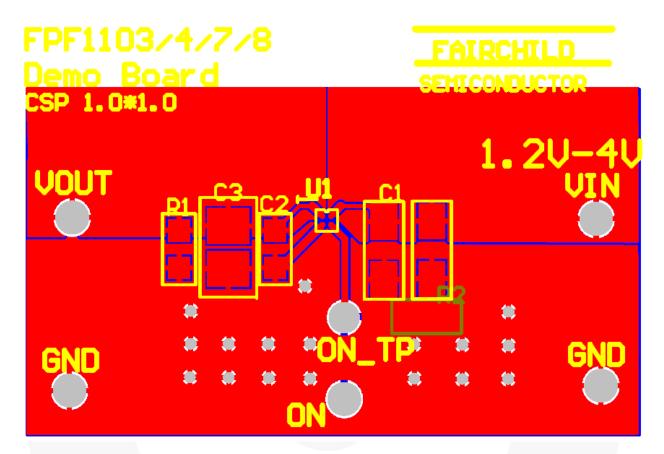


Figure 28. Recommended Land Pattern and Layout

Physical Dimensions

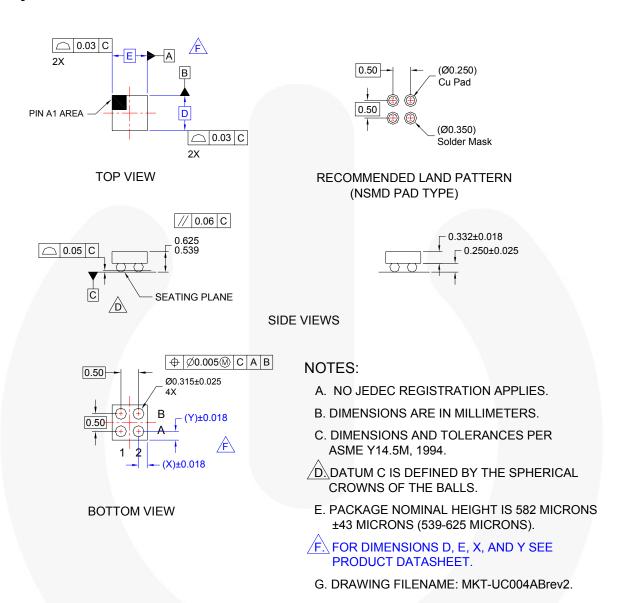


Figure 29. 4 Ball, 1.0 x 1.0mm Wafer Level Chip Scale WLCSP Packaging

Product-Specific Dimensions

Product	D	E	X	Y	
FPF1107	960μm ± 30μm	960μm ± 30μm	0.230mm	0.230mm	
FPF1108	960um ± 30µm	960um ± 30μm	0.230mm	0.230mm	

Package drawings are provided as a service to customers considering Fairchild components. Drawings may change in any manner without notice. Please note the revision and/or date on the drawing and contact a Fairchild Semiconductor representative to verify or obtain the most recent revision. Package specifications do not expand the terms of Fairchild's worldwide terms and conditions, specifically the warranty therein, which covers Fairchild products.

Always visit Fairchild Semiconductor's online packaging area for the most recent package drawings: http://www.fairchildsemi.com/packaging/.





TRADEMARKS

The following includes registered and unregistered trademarks and service marks, owned by Fairchild Semiconductor and/or its global subsidiaries, and is not intended to be an exhaustive list of all such trademarks.

AccuPower™ Auto-SPM™ Build it Now™ CorePLUS™ CorePOWER™ CROSSVOLT **CTL™** Current Transfer Logic™

EcoSPARK⁶ EfficientMax™ EZSWITCH™*

DEUXPEED™ F® Fairchild®

Fairchild Semiconductor® FACT Quiet Series™ FACT®

FastvCore™ FETBench[™] FlashVVriter®7 **FPSTM** F-PFSTM FRFET®

Global Power Resource SM Green FPS™ Green FPS™ e-Series™

Gmax™ **GTO™** IntelliMAX™ ISOPLANAR™ MegaBuck™ MICROCOUPLER™

MicroFET™ MicroPak™ MillerDrive™ MotionMax™ Motion-SPM™ OPTOLOGIC® OPTOPLANAR®

PDP SPM™

Power-SPM™ PowerTrench[®] PowerXS™

Programmable Active Droop™

QFE1 QS™ Quiet Series™ RapidConfigure™

Saving our world, 1mW/W/kW at a time™ SignalWise™

SmartMax™ SMART START™ SPM® STEALTH™ SuperFET™ SuperSOT™-3 SuperSOT™-6 SuperSOT™-8

SupreMOS™ SyncFET™ Sync-Lock™

SYSTEM® GENERAL The Power Franchise[®] wer franchise TinyBoost™ TinyBuck™ TinyCalc™ TinyLogic®
TINYOPTO™ TinyPower™ TinyPVM™ TinyWire™ TriÉault Detect™ TRUECURRENT"** μSerDes™ UHC Ultra FRFET™ UniFET**

VCXTM VisualMax™ XSTM.

DISCLAIMER

FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE TO ANY PRODUCTS HERBIN TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION, OR DESIGN. FAIRCHILD DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ANY PRODUCT OR CIRCUIT DESCRIBED HERBIN; NEITHER DOES IT CONVEY ANY LICENSE UNDER ITS PATENT RIGHTS, NOR THE RIGHTS OF OTHERS. THESE SPECIFICATIONS DO NOT EXPAND THE TERMS OF FAIRCHILD'S WORLDWIDE TERMS AND CONDITIONS, SPECIFICALLY THE WARRANTY THERBIN, WHICH COVERS THESE PRODUCTS

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

FAIRCHILD'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION.

As used herein:

- Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body or (b) support or sustain life, and (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury of the user
- A critical component in any component of a life support, device, or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

ANTI-COUNTERFEITING POLICY

Fairchild Semiconductor Corporation's Anti-Counterfeiting Policy. Fairchild's Anti-Counterfeiting Policy is also stated on our external website, www.fairchildsemi.com,

Counterfeiting of semiconductor parts is a growing problem in the industry. All manufacturers of semiconductor products are experiencing counterfeiting of their parts. Customers who inadvertently purchase counterfeit parts experience many problems such as loss of brand reputation, substandard performance, failed applications, and increased cost of production and manufacturing delays. Fainchild is taking strong measures to protect ourselves and our customers from the proliferation of counterfeit parts. Fairchild strongly encourages customers to purchase Fairchild parts either directly from Fairchild or from Authorized Fairchild Distributors who are listed by country on our web page cited above. Products customers buy either from Fairchild directly or from Authorized Fairchild Distributors are genuine parts, have full traceability, meet Fairchild's quality standards for handling and storage and provide access to Fairchild's full range of up-to-date technical and product information. Fairchild and our Authorized Distributors will stand behind all warranties and will appropriately address any warranty issues that may arise. Fairchild will not provide any warranty coverage or other assistance for parts bought from Unauthorized Sources. Fairchild is committed to combat this global problem and encourage our customers to do their part in stopping this practice by buying direct or from authorized distributors.

PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

Definition of Terms

Jennuon of Tenns						
Datasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition				
Advance Information	Formative / In Design	Datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.				
Preliminary	First Production	Data sheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice to improve design.				
No Identification Needed	Full Production	Datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice to improve the design.				
Obsolete	Not In Production	Datasheet contains specifications on a product that is discontinued by Fairchild Semiconductor. The datasheet is for reference information only.				

Rev 143

^{*} Trademarks of System General Corporation, used under license by Fairchild Semiconductor,