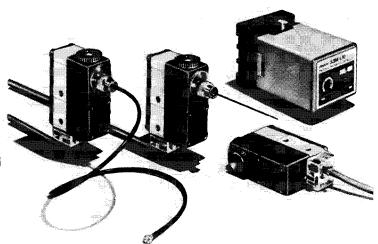


Color Registration Mark: Incandescent

E3ML

Color Registration Mark Sensor Offers High-Speed Detection

- 20 microsecond response time ideal for printing and packaging equipment
- 99-step sensitivity adjustment and incandescent light source assure accurate detection of minute color differences
- Fiber-optic versions available for sensing in confined spaces
- Optional filters improve detection of certain colors



Ordering Information

■ SENSORS

Method of detection		Diffuse reflective		Fiber-optic
Sensing distance		8 mm; 6 to 10 mm (0.30 in; 0.24 to 0.39 in)	20 mm; 16 to 24 mm (0.79 in; 0.63 to 0.94 in)	See Fiber-Optic Cables below
Part number	NPN output	E3ML-M8E4-G	E3ML-S2E4-G	E3ML-XE4-G
	PNP output	E3ML-M8F4-G	E3ML-S2F4-G	E3ML-XF4-G

■ FIBER-OPTIC CABLES

Method of detection	Through-beam	Diffuse reflective	
Sensing distance	10 mm; 0 to 10 mm (0.39 in; 0 to 0.39 in)	0.5 mm; 0.2 to 2 mm (0.02 in; 0.008 to 0.08 in)	1.2 mm; 0.5 to 4 mm (0.05 in; 0.02 to 0.16 in)
Description	Straight cable 50 cm (1.64 ft) with M4 threaded head	Bendable probe 1.5 mm dia. x 80 mm L (0.059 x 3.15 in)	Straight cable 50 cm (1.64 ft) with M4 threaded head
Required sensor	E3ML-XE4-G or E3ML-X	F4-G	
Part number	E32-TB50	E32-DB8	E32-DB50

■ ACCESORIES

Description		Part number
Controller	Provides power source for lamp and switch circuit; relay and NPN transistor outputs; ON-delay, OFF-delay and one-shot timing functions; ON/OFF and AND gate logic functions. Includes mounting socket.	S3M-L10-US-AC120
Color filters	Yellow; improves detection of green marks on blue backgrounds	E3ML-ZF1
	Orange; improves detection of red marks on blue backgrounds	E3ML-ZF2
	Red; improves detection of red marks on green backgrounds	E3ML-ZF3
Mounting track	DIN rail, 50 cm (1.64 ft) length	PFP-50N
for controller socket	DIN rail, 1 m (3.28 ft) length	PFP-100N
	End plate	PFP-M

OMRON_

■ REPLACEMENT PARTS

Description		Part number
Incandescent light bulb	Filament perpendicular to bulb axis (optional bulb)	E3ML-ZLB
	Filament parallel to bulb axis (supplied with all E3ML sensors)	E3ML-ZLA
Desiccator cell	Prevents moisture from collecting inside the sensor	E3ML-ZK
Lens	For E3ML-M8□4-G sensors, 8 mm	E3ML-ZHM8
	For E3ML-S2□4-G sensors, 20 mm	E3ML-ZHS2
Socket	For S3M-L10-US-AC120 controller (supplied with controller)	14PFA
Relay	For S3M-L10-US-AC120 controller (supplied with controller)	G2R-1-S-DC12

Specifications _____

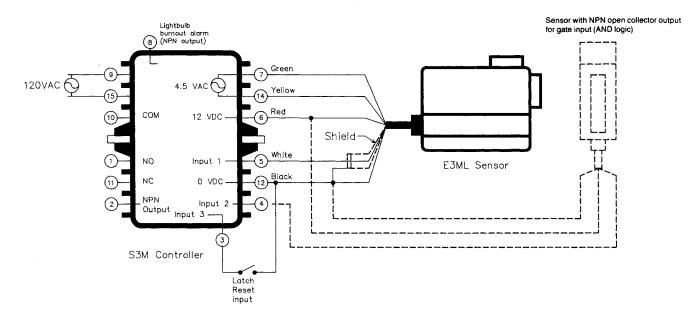
■ SENSORS

Sensor part	num	ber		E3ML-M8□4-G	E3ML-S2F)4-G	E3ML-X□4-G					
Fiber-optic part number			_	E32-TB50	E32-DB8	E32-DB50					
Method of detection		Diffuse reflective		Separate	Diffuse reflective	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Supply Circuit section		10 to 30 VDC									
voltage Lamp section		4.5 VAC									
Power Circuit section Lamp section		40 mA max.			***************************************						
		3.5 VA									
Sensing dis	tance	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		8 mm; 6 to 10 mm (0.31 in; 0.24 to 0.39 in)	20 mm; 16 to 24 mm (0.79 in; 0.63 to 0.94 in)	10 mm; 0 to 10 mm (0.39 in; 0 to 0.39 in)	0.5 mm; 0.2 to 2 mm (0.02 in; 0.008 to 0.08 in)	1.2 mm; 0.5 to 4 mm (0.05 in; 0.02 to 0.16 in)			
Light source			Incandescent bulb								
Minimum detectable mark (black mark on white paper)			1.5 x 4 mm (0.06 x 0.16 in)	0.5 x 6 mm (0.02 x 0.24 in)	1 mm (0.04 in) square	0.3 x 1.6 mm (0.01 x 0.06 in)	0.3 x 3.2 mm (0.01 x 0.13 in)				
Detectable				Marks on different	backgrounds	Opaque materials	Marks on different t	packgrounds			
Operation n		71.		Light-ON/Dark-ON		<u> </u>	·				
Sensitivity				Adjustable							
Mutual inter	rferen	ice protec	tion	Not provided		······································					
	C	Туре			collector with pull-up	(E3ML-□□E4-G)					
output s	olid-					wn (E3ML-□□F4-G)					
st	tate	Max. loa	ıd	80 mA							
		Max. on voltage		1 VDC							
Response On			20 μs max.								
time Off			20 μs max.								
Repeat response frequency		10 kHz									
Circuit protection			short-	Provided							
				Provided							
Indicators				Light Incident (red	LED)						
Fiber cable	style					Straight	_	Straight			
Fiber cable	lengt	th		_		50 cm (1.97 in)		50 cm (1.97 in)			
Sensing he	Sensing head			_		M4 threaded head	Probe with 1.5 mm (0.06 in) dia. x 80 mm (3.15 in) stainless steel tube	M4 threaded head			
Max. fiber b	pendi	ng radius				5 mm (0.2 in)	10 mm (0.4 in)	5 mm (0.2 in)			
Fiber filame	ent			_		Plastic					
Materials		Lens		Glass		_					
		Case		Metal, diecast zind	>						
		Cable s	heath	Plastic							
Mounting				Side surface with two M5 threaded holes; front surface with four M5 threaded holes							
Connection	าร	Prewire	d	6-conductor cable, 4 m (13.12 ft) length							
Weight				600 g (1.32 lbs) with electrical cable							
Sensor enclosure ratings		UL									
		NEMA		1, 4, 4X, 12							
		IEC 144		IP67							
Ambient tempera-	Ope	erating	Fiber cable	_		-25° to 70°C (-13° to 158°F)	-25° to 100°C (-13° to 212°F)	-25° to 70°C (-13° to 212°F)			
ture	L		Sensor	-10° to 55°C (14°	to 131°F)						
	Sto	rage	Fiber cable			-25° to 70°C (-13° to 158°F)	-25° to 100°C (-13° to 212°F)	-25° to 70°C (-13° to 212°F)			
			Sensor	-25° to 70°C (-13°	to 158°F)						

■ CONTROLLER

Part number				S3M-L10-US-AC120		
Supply voltage				120 VAC, 50/60 Hz		
Power consumption				13 VA max.		
On-board	DC	Voltage		12 VDC		
power supply		Current		100 mA max.		
		Short-circuit protection		Provided		
	AC	Voltage		4.5 VAC		
		Current		0.78 A max.		
		Short-circuit protection		Not provided		
Input	Number of i	nputs		Three; input, gate and latch reset		
signal	Require inp	ut type		NPN open collector or NPN with current output		
	Signal volta	ge level	High	4 to 12 VDC		
	(positive po		Low	0 to 1 VDC		
	Minimum re	equired	1	1 ms (when using 0.1 to 1 second time delay) 2 ms (when using 1 to 10 second time delay)		
	Input imped	Input impedance		Approx. 4.7 kΩ		
Logic functions	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			ON/OFF, AND (gate input), Latch		
Control	Contact	Туре		SPDT, with G2R-112S-V-US-DC12 (included)		
output		Max. load		3 A, 220 VAC (p.f. = 1)		
		Min. load		10 mA, 5 VDC		
	DC solid-	Туре		NPN with pull-up (4.7 kΩ output impedance)		
	state	Max. load		80 mA		
Response	On	Contact output		15 ms max.		
time		DC solid-state output		20 μs max.		
	Off	Contact output		15 ms max.		
		DC solid-state output		20 μs max.		
Timing functions	•	Туре		Normal, ON-delay, OFF-delay, one-shot or latch; switch selectable		
		Range		0.1 to 1 second or 1 to 10 seconds, switch selectable		
Lamp burnout alarm		Туре		NPN open collector with pull-up (4.7 KΩ output impedance)		
		Max. load		50 mA		
Indicators				Power On (red); Output Operation (red)		
Materials		Case		Plastic		
Mounting		Controller		Requires 14PFA socket (included)		
		Controller so	cket	DIN track or bottom surface with two through holes		
Connections				Plated steel terminal screws on socket		
Weight				650 g (1.43 lbs) including socket		
Enclosure ratings		UL		1		
		NEMA		1		
		IEC 144		IP22		
Approvals		UL		Recognized, File Number E41515		
		CSA		Certified, File Number LR46463		
Ambient		Operating		-10° to 55°C (14° to 131°F)		
temperature		Storage		-25° to 70°C (-13° to 158°F)		

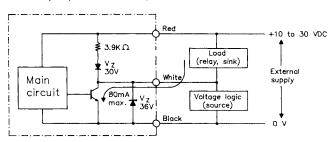
Connections



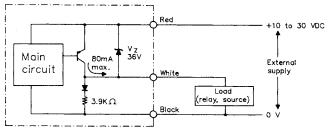
Sensor Operation

■ OUTPUT CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS

NPN output (E3ML-□□E4-G)

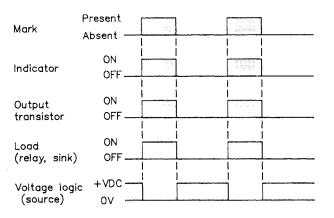


PNP output (E3ML- = F4-G)

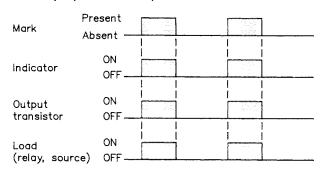


■ TIMING CHARTS

NPN output (E3ML-□□E4-G)



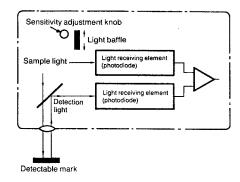
PNP output (E3ML- F4-G)



THEORY OF SENSOR OPERATION

All models of the E3ML color mark sensor utilize a replaceable incandescent light bulb to provide a detection light beam and a sample light beam. This specially designed light bulb requires a highly stable 4.5 VAC power supply for proper operation. A S3M-L10-US-AC120 sensor controller is recommended because it has a built-in 4.5 VAC power supply especially designed for the E3ML sensor.

The detection light beam is focused on the detectable object through the sensor lens. The light reflected from the detectable object passes through the same lens and is then focused onto one of the two internal light-receiving photodiodes. The sample light beam is internally directed to the second of the light receiving photodiodes.



The difference between the light incident on the two light receiving photodiodes is then amplified to allow detection of slight increases or decreases in the amount of detection light reflected back through the sensor lens. The sensed change in detection light levels will result in an output signal from the solid-state transistor.

A built-in desiccator cell-prevents moisture from collecting in the lens area of the sensor. For flexibility in installing E3ML models without fiber-optics, the lens and the desiccator cell positions may be interchanged. This allows the lens to be on the opposite side from the controls or on the top of the unit.

■ ADJUSTMENTS

Mode Selector Switch

The position of the Light-ON/Dark-ON mode selector switch is chosen based on the light reflective/transmission properties of the mark being detected, the light reflective/transmission properties of the background, and the desired operation of the solid-state output signal.

The switch position is changed by removing the plastic snap-fit cover located at the bottom of the E3ML sensor and then moving the switch to either the Light-ON position (white mark on housing) or Dark-ON position (black mark on housing).

To turn on the E3ML output transistor and to energize a relay-type load when the mark is present, the mode selector switch should be positioned according to the following table.

Method of detection	Diffuse reflective		Separate		
Mark and background reflection/transmission conditions	Mark reflects more light than the background	Mark reflects less light than the background	Mark transmits more light than the background	Mark transmits less light than the background	
Mode selector switch	Light-ON	Dark-ON	Light-ON	Dark-ON	

Sensitivity Adjustment Knob

The sensitivity adjustment knob located on the bottom of the E3ML sensor is used to optimize the sensor's ability to detect the mark and the background.

One complete revolution of the knob will cause the rotary dial, which is numbered 0

through 9, to increment one number. The sensor's internal adjustment mechanism may be damaged if the knob is turned beyond the 0 or 9 position on the dial.

When the knob is turned clockwise, the sensitivity of the sensor will increase and

the number on the rotary dial will increase. When the knob is turned counterclockwise, the sensitivity of the sensor will decrease and the number on the rotary dial will decrease.

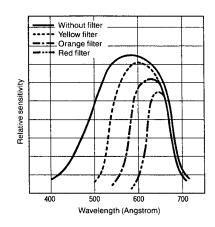
Use of Filters

Three different filters, available as accessories, may be used with the lens type sensors. Filters enhance a sensor's ability for stable operation in detecting small differences in the amount of light reflected from the mark and from the background. The filters are provided with a ring that allows them to be secured over the outer lens surface.

The graph displays the effect on the sensor's relative sensitivity to colors when using the different filters.

Filter selection should be based on the following combinations of mark and background colors:

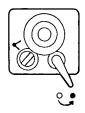
Mark color	Green tones	Red tones	Red tones
Background color	Blue tones	Blue tones	Green tones
Recommended filter color	Yellow	Orange	Red
Filter part number	E3ML-ZF1	E3ML-ZF2	E3ML-ZF3



Method of Adjustment

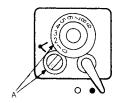
Before adjusting the E3ML sensor, allow three to five minutes of warm-up after the sensor has been energized. In applications that require the sensor to detect small color differences, allow at least 30 minutes of warm-up after the sensor has been energized before making adjustments. Follow this adjustment procedure after allowing the sensor the proper warm-up time:

- Position then fasten the E3ML sensor above the object to be detected, at the rated sensing distance.
- Select the appropriate position for the Light-ON/Dark-ON mode selector switch.

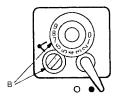


 Turn the sensitivity adjustment knob to number 9 position on the rotary dial to obtain maximum sensitivity.

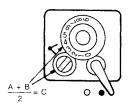
- 4. When using a diffuse reflective type sensor, place the color with the higher reflectance under the light spot emitting from the sensor. When using the separate type sensor, place the color that transmits the most light between the fiber-optic sensing heads.
- 5. Turn the sensitivity adjustment knob counterclockwise to reduce the sensitivity of the sensor. Continue reducing the sensitivity until the red indicator light located on the bottom of the sensor is no longer illuminated. Note the number on the rotary dial and the position of the adjustment knob. In the following example, this is shown as position "A" and has a value of 2.2 turns.



6. When using a diffuse reflective type sensor, position the color with the lower reflectance under the light spot. When using the separate type sensor, place the color that transmits the least light between the sensing heads. 7. Increase the sensitivity of the sensor by turning the sensitivity adjustment knob clockwise. Continue increasing the sensitivity until the red indicator light on the bottom of the sensor is illuminated. Note the number on the rotary dial and the position of the adjustment knob. In the example, this is position "B" and has a value of 7.2 turns.



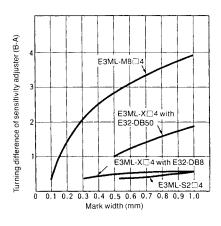
 Turn the adjustment knob to the position midway between the positions "A" and "B". In the example, this is shown as position "C" and has a value of 4.7 turns.



■ ENGINEERING DATA

Detection Stability by Mark Size

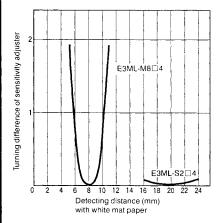
The graph below shows the detection stability of a black mark on a white background. Using the reference points A and B from the Sensitivity Adjustment section, subtract A from B to determine the "turning difference" of the adjustment knob. The greater the turning difference between points A and B, the more reliably the mark can be detected.



Detection Stability by Sensing Distance

The following graphs show how the detection stability varies with changes in the sensing distance. The values were derived by using the position of the sensitivity adjusting knob when the operation indicator illuminates at the rated detecting distance.

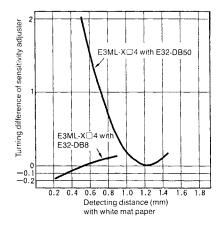
E3ML-M8 4-G, E3ML-S2 4-G



E3ML-M8|74-G sensors are extremely sensitive to changes in sensing distance. For example, a change of ±2 mm in the sensing distance corresponds to a turning difference of "1" in the Detection Stability by Mark Size graph, so marks measuring more than 0.2 mm in width can be detected.

The subsequent data show how much the adjusting knob should be turned clockwise in order to cause the operation indicator to illuminate at each of the other detecting distances.

E3ML-X□4-G with fiber-optics



However, 0.2mm wide marks cannot be detected at a change of ± 3 mm in sensing distance.

E3ML-S2 14 sensors are not as susceptible to changes in detecting distance, as reflected in the shallow detection curve.

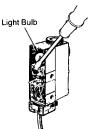
■ SENSOR MAINTENANCE

To ensure proper sensor performance, the incandescent light bulb should be replaced after approximately 3,000 hours of use.

Light Bulb Replacement

Follow these steps to replace the light bulb and its integral mounting plate:

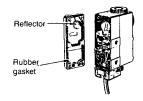
- De-energize the sensor, loosen the four screws at the back of the sensor and remove the back cover.
- Insert the tip of a small flat-blade screwdriver into the slot in the light bulb mounting plate and gently slide the plate out.



Clean the new light bulb with an alcoholdampened cloth. Make sure that there are no fingerprints or grease spots on the surface of the bulb. Install the new light bulb and mounting plate by sliding the assembly between the two spring metal contact points.



 Replace the back cover and tighten the four securing screws with a torque of 3 kgf-cm (2.6 in-lbs). Ensure that the rubber gasket has been properly positioned.



Perform the previously explained sensitivity adjustment procedure.

Lens Cleaning

Dirt and foreign matter on the lens surface should be regularly removed with a soft, lint-free cloth.

Desiccator Cell Replacement

Each E3ML sensor is equipped with a screw-in desiccator cell which absorbs moisture inside the sensor. It is located on top of the sensor. A viewing window located at the center of the cell allows the cell to be monitored for proper operation.

A properly functioning desiccator cell will be white. A blue colored cell is fully spent and should be replaced with a new cell. A reddish colored cell can be rejuvenated: Remove the cell and bake it at 100°C (212°F) for 12 hours then reinstall the cell.

Controller Operation

■ THEORY OF CONTROLLER OPERATION

The S3M controller is designed to provide control functions especially for the E3ML sensor:

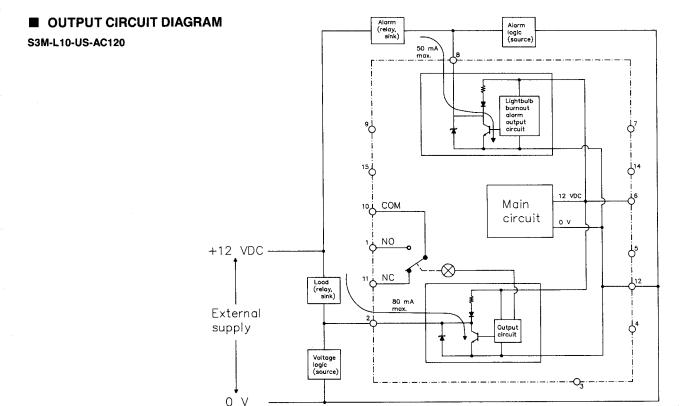
4.5 VAC power source for the light bulb

12 VDC power source for the switching circuit

ON/OFF, AND, Latch and output timing logic

NPN open collector solid-state and SPDT relay outputs

E3ML light bulb burnout alarm output



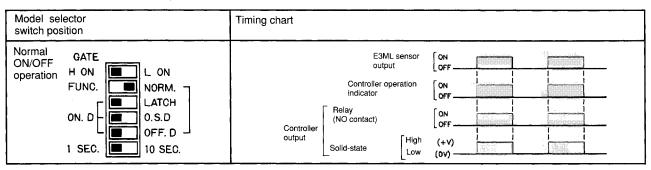
■ TIMING CHARTS

Normal ON/OFF Operation

The relay and solid-state outputs of the S3M controller provide ON/OFF operation when the top two mode selector switches, located on the face of the controller, are set

in the H-ON and NORM positions, respectively. The output from the E3ML sensor must be connected, as shown in

the connections diagram, to Input 1 (terminal 3). Input 2 (terminal 4) must be left open.

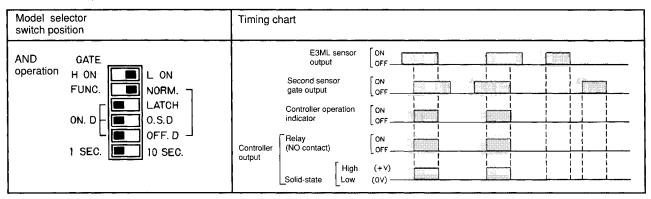


AND Operation

The S3M controller provides an AND (gate) logic function when the top two mode selector switches are set in the L-ON and NORM positions, respectively.

The output from the E3ML sensor must be connected to Input 1 (terminal 5). The second sensor must provide a solid-state NPN open collector output and have its

output connected to Input 2 (terminal 4). The controller output will operate when the outputs from both sensors are turned on.



Latch Operation

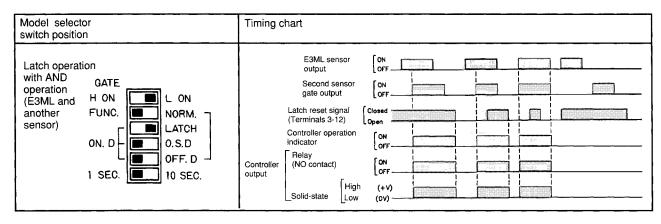
The S3M controller is equipped with a latch function that maintains the relay and solid-state outputs in the ON position until an independent reset signal is received. The latch function can be used with the E3ML sensor alone or when using the AND logic function with E3ML and another sensor.

The sensor(s) must be connected to the controller socket as shown in the connections diagram. An external switch suitable for switching 12 VDC must also be placed between the Reset Input (terminal 3) and 0 VDC (terminal 12).

When using the E3ML sensor alone, the top three mode selector switches on the controller should be set in the L-ON, FUNC, and LATCH positions, respectively. Then, when the connection between the Reset Input and 0 VDC is closed and the E3ML sensor output is turned on, the controller output will latch on. The outputs will turn off when the connection between the Reset Input and 0 VDC is opened.

When using the E3ML sensor and a second sensor in the AND operation

mode, the top three mode selector switches on the controller should be set in the H-ON, FUNC, and LATCH positions, respectively. Then, when the connection between the Reset Input and 0 VDC is closed and the E3ML and other sensor outputs are turned on, the controller outputs will latch on. The outputs will turn off when the connection between the Reset Input and 0 VDC is opened.



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ON-Delay, OFF-Delay and One-Shot Timer Operation

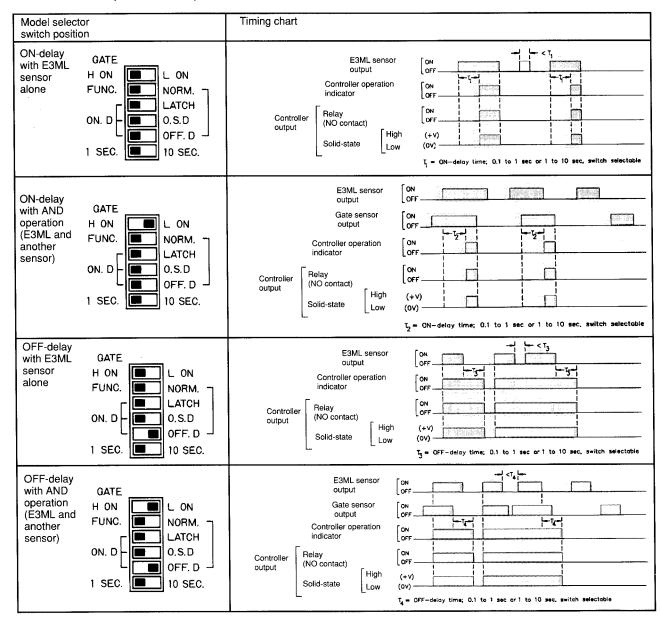
The S3M controller provides selectable ONdelay, OFF-delay or one-shot output timers when using the E3ML sensor alone or when using the AND logic function. The sensor(s) must be connected to the controller socket as shown in the connections diagram.

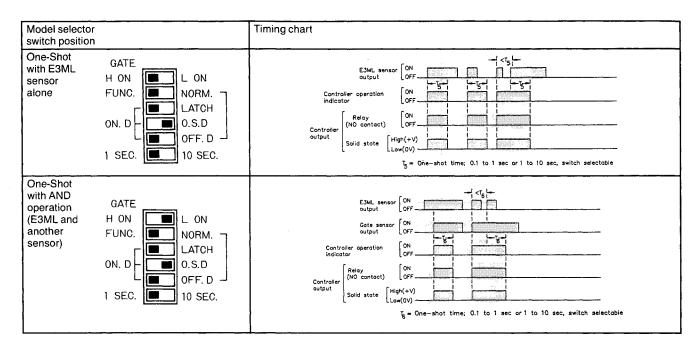
When using a timing function with only the E3ML sensor as an input device, the top

two mode selector switches must be set in the H-ON and FUNC positions, respectively.

When using the timing function with the AND operation mode (E3ML and another sensor), the top two mode selector switches must be set in the L-ON and FUNC positions, respectively.

Timing ranges of 0.1 to 1 second or 1 to 10 seconds are selected by moving the lower selector switch to the appropriate position. Use the time adjustment knob to set the final time value. The desired timing function is activated by positioning the remaining selector switches as shown below:



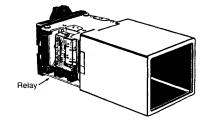


■ CONTROLLER MAINTENANCE

Relay Replacement

The S3M controller uses a replaceable SPDT relay. Follow this procedure to replace the relay:

- 1. Remove the controller from its socket.
- Remove the light gray controller cover by first inserting from the bottom a small flat-blade screwdriver into the two slots between the black base and the cover. Then, while holding the cover in one hand, push on the face of the controller
- with the other hand, sliding the controller out of the cover.
- The output relay is located on the same side as the time adjustment knob.
 Remove the relay by moving the top of the single hold-down clip to the side and then removing the old relay.
- Install the new relay, slide the cover over the controller until the detents catch, and re-install the controller into the socket.

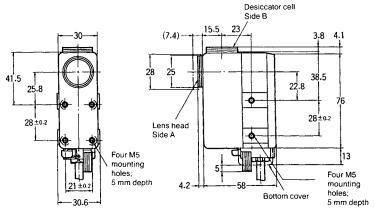


Dimensions

Unit: mm

■ SENSORS E3ML-M8□4-G

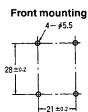




NOTE: Lens head and desiccator cell can be installed at either Side A or Side B location.

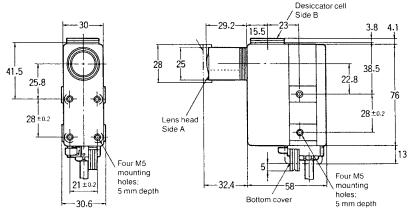
Mounting holes Side mounting





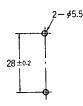
E3ML-S2 4-G





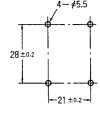
NOTE: Lens head and desiccator cell can be installed at either Side A or Side B location.

Mounting holes Side mounting

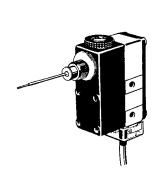


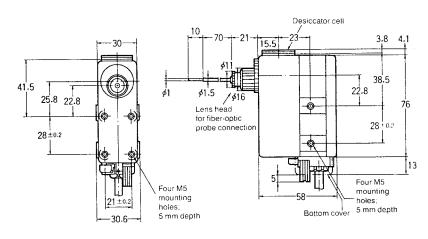
Front mounting

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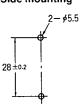


E3ML-X ☐ 4-G with E32-DB8 fiber-optic probe

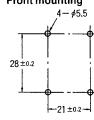




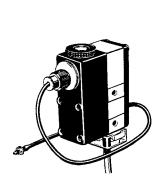
Mounting holes Side mounting

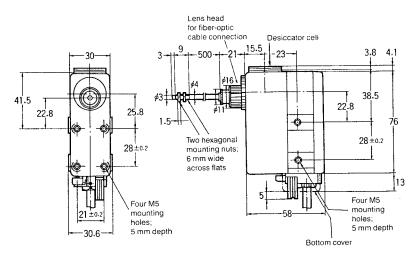


Front mounting

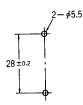


E3ML-X ☐ 4-G with E32-DB50 diffuse reflective type fiber-optic cable

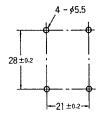




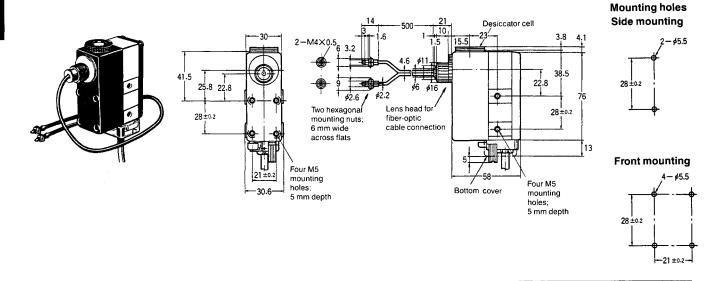
Mounting holes Side mounting



Front mounting

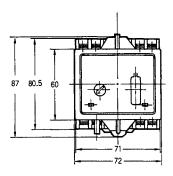


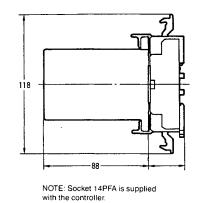
E3ML-X ☐ 4-G with E32-TB50 separate type fiber-optic cable

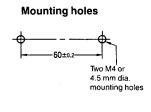


■ CONTROLLER S3M-L10-US-AC120









Photoelectric Sensors

NOTE: DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETERS. To convert millimeters to inches divide by 25.4.

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Specifications subject to change without notice.

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