

Data Sheet March 8, 2006 FN2921.11

# 110MHz, High Slew Rate, High Output Current Buffer

The HA-5002 is a monolithic, wideband, high slew rate, high output current, buffer amplifier.

Utilizing the advantages of the Intersil D.I. technologies, the HA-5002 current buffer offers 1300V/ $\mu$ s slew rate with 110MHz of bandwidth. The  $\pm 200$ mA output current capability is enhanced by a  $3\Omega$  output impedance.

The monolithic HA-5002 will replace the hybrid LH0002 with corresponding performance increases. These characteristics range from the  $3000 k\Omega$  input impedance to the increased output voltage swing. Monolithic design technologies have allowed a more precise buffer to be developed with more than an order of magnitude smaller gain error.

The HA-5002 will provide many present hybrid users with a higher degree of reliability and at the same time increase overall circuit performance.

For the military grade product, refer to the HA-5002/883 datasheet.

#### **Features**

• Voltage Gain
• High Input Impedance
• Low Output Impedance
• Very High Slew Rate
Very Wide Bandwidth110MHz
High Output Current
Pulsed Output Current

- · Monolithic Construction
- · Pb-Free Plus Anneal Available (RoHS Compliant)

# **Applications**

- · Line Driver
- Data Acquistion
- 110MHz Buffer
- · Radara Cable Driver
- · High Power Current Booster
- · High Power Current Source
- · Sample and Holds
- · Video Products

# Ordering Information

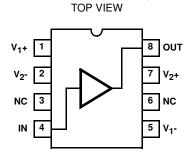
PART NUMBER	PART MARKING	TEMP. RANGE (°C)	PACKAGE	PKG. DWG.#
HA2-5002-2	HA2-5002-2	-55 to 125	8 Pin Metal Can	T8.C
HA2-5002-5	HA2-5002-5	0 to 75	8 Pin Metal Can	T8.C
HA3-5002-5	HA3-5002-5	0 to 75	8 Ld PDIP	E8.3
HA3-5002-5Z (Note)	HA3-5002-5Z	0 to 75	8 Ld PDIP* (Pb-free)	E8.3
HA4P5002-5	HA4P5002-5	0 to 75	20 Ld PLCC	N20.35
HA4P5002-5Z (Note)	HA4P5002-5Z	0 to 75	20 Ld PLCC (Pb-free)	N20.35
HA9P5002-5	50025	0 to 75	8 Ld SOIC	M8.15
HA9P5002-5Z (Note)	50025Z	0 to 75	8 Ld SOIC (Pb-free)	M8.15
HA9P5002-9	50029	-40 to 85	8 Ld SOIC	M8.15
HA9P5002-9Z (Note)	50029Z	-40 to 85	8 Ld SOIC (Pb-free)	M8.15

<sup>\*</sup>Pb-free PDIPs can be used for through hole wave solder processing only. They are not intended for use in Reflow solder processing applications.

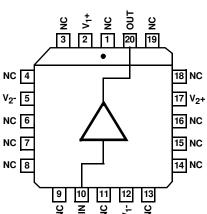
NOTE: Intersil Pb-free plus anneal products employ special Pb-free material sets; molding compounds/die attach materials and 100% matte tin plate termination finish, which are RoHS compliant and compatible with both SnPb and Pb-free soldering operations. Intersil Pb-free products are MSL classified at Pb-free peak reflow temperatures that meet or exceed the Pb-free requirements of IPC/JEDEC J STD-020.

# **Pinouts**

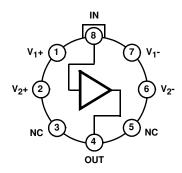
# HA-5002 (PDIP, SOIC)



### HA-5002 (PLCC) TOP VIEW



### HA-5002 (METAL CAN) TOP VIEW



NOTE: Case Voltage = Floating

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Voltage Between V+ and V- Terminals	44V
Input Voltage	ν <sub>1</sub> -
Output Current (Continuous)	0mA
Output Current (50ms On, 1s Off)	0mA

#### **Operating Conditions**

Temperature Range	
HA-5002-2	55°C to 125°C
HA-5002-5	0°C to 75°C
HA-5002-9	40°C to 85°C

#### **Thermal Information**

Thermal Resistance (Typical, Note 2)	θ <sub>JA</sub> (°C/W)	θ <sub>JC</sub> (°C/W)
PDIP Package*	92	N/A
Metal Can Package	155	67
PLCC Package	74	N/A
SOIC Package	157	N/A
Max Junction Temperature (Hermetic Packa	ges, Note 1).	175°C
Max Junction Temperature (Plastic Package	s, Note 1)	150°C
Max Storage Temperature Range	6	5°C to 150°C
Max Lead Temperature (Soldering 10s)		300°C
(PLCC and SOIC - Lead Tips Only)		

<sup>\*</sup>Pb-free PDIPs can be used for through hole wave solder processing only. They are not intended for use in Reflow solder processing applications.

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

- 1. Maximum power dissipation, including load conditions, must be designed to maintain the maximum junction temperature below 175°C for the can packages, and below 150°C for the plastic packages.
- 2.  $\theta_{\text{JA}}$  is measured with the component mounted on an evaluation PC board in free air.

 $\textbf{Electrical Specifications} \hspace{0.5cm} V_{SUPPLY} = \pm 12 \text{V to } \pm 15 \text{V}, \hspace{0.1cm} R_S = 50 \Omega, \hspace{0.1cm} R_L = 1 \text{k}\Omega, \hspace{0.1cm} C_L = 10 \text{pF}, \hspace{0.1cm} \text{Unless Otherwise Specified} \\ \hspace{0.1cm} \text{Electrical Specifications} \hspace{0.1cm} V_{SUPPLY} = \pm 12 \text{V to } \pm 15 \text{V}, \hspace{0.1cm} R_S = 50 \Omega, \hspace{0.1cm} R_L = 1 \text{k}\Omega, \hspace{0.1cm} C_L = 10 \text{pF}, \hspace{0.1cm} \text{Unless Otherwise Specified} \\ \hspace{0.1cm} \text{Electrical Specifications} \hspace{0.1cm} V_{SUPPLY} = \pm 12 \text{V to } \pm 15 \text{V}, \hspace{0.1cm} R_S = 50 \Omega, \hspace{0.1cm} R_L = 1 \text{k}\Omega, \hspace{0.1cm} C_L = 10 \text{pF}, \hspace{0.1cm} \text{Unless Otherwise Specified} \\ \hspace{0.1cm} \text{Electrical Specifications} \hspace{0.1cm} V_{SUPPLY} = \pm 12 \text{V to } \pm 15 \text{V}, \hspace{0.1cm} R_S = 50 \Omega, \hspace{0.1cm} R_L = 1 \text{k}\Omega, \hspace{0.1cm} C_L = 10 \text{pF}, \hspace{0.1cm} \text{Unless Otherwise Specified} \\ \hspace{0.1cm} \text{Electrical Specified} \hspace{0.1cm} \text{Electrical Specified} \hspace{0.1cm} \text{Electrical Specified} \\ \hspace{0.1cm} \text{Electrical Specified} \hspace{0.1cm} \text{Electrical Specified} \hspace{0.1cm} \text{Electrical Specified} \\ \hspace{0.1cm} \text{Electrical Specified} \hspace{0.1cm} \text{Electrical Specified} \hspace{0.1cm} \text{Electrical Specified} \\ \hspace{0.1cm} \text{Electrical Specified} \hspace{0.1cm} \text{Electrical Specified} \hspace{0.1cm} \text{Electrical Specified} \\ \hspace{0.1cm} \text{Electrical Specified} \\ \hspace{0.1cm} \text{Electrical Specified} \hspace{0.1cm} \text{Electrical Specified} \\ \hspace{0.1cm}$ 

	TEST	ТЕМР	HA-5002-2			HA-5002-5, -9			
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	(°C)	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS									*
Offset Voltage		25	-	5	20	-	5	20	mV
		Full	-	10	30	-	10	30	mV
Average Offset Voltage Drift		Full	-	30	-	-	30	-	μV/°C
Bias Current		25	-	2	7	-	2	7	μА
		Full	-	3.4	10	-	2.4	10	μА
Input Resistance		Full	1.5	3	-	1.5	3	-	МΩ
Input Noise Voltage	10Hz-1MHz	25	-	18	-	-	18	-	μV <sub>P-P</sub>
TRANSFER CHARACTERISTIC	S			'					
Voltage Gain	$R_L = 50\Omega$	25	-	0.900	-	-	0.900	-	V/V
$(V_{OUT} = \pm 10V)$	$R_L = 100\Omega$	25	-	0.971	-	-	0.971	-	V/V
	$R_L = 1k\Omega$	25	-	0.995	-	-	0.995	-	V/V
	$R_L = 1k\Omega$	Full	0.980	-	-	0.980	-	-	V/V
-3dB Bandwidth	$V_{IN} = 1V_{P-P}$	25	-	110	-	-	110	-	MHz
AC Current Gain		25	-	40	-	-	40	-	A/mA
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS	-			•			+		
Output Voltage Swing	$R_L = 100\Omega$	25	±10	±10.7	-	±10	±11.2	-	V
	$R_L = 1k\Omega$ , $V_S = \pm 15V$	Full	±10	±13.5	-	±10	±13.9	-	V
	$R_L = 1k\Omega$ , $V_S = \pm 12V$	Full	±10	±10.5	-	±10	±10.5	-	V
Output Current	$V_{IN} = \pm 10V$ , $R_L = 40\Omega$	25	-	220	-	-	220	-	mA
Output Resistance		Full	-	3	10	-	3	10	Ω
Harmonic Distortion	$V_{IN} = 1V_{RMS}$ , $f = 10kHz$	25	-	<0.005	-	-	<0.005	-	%
TRANSIENT RESPONSE	<u> </u>			'					*
Full Power Bandwidth (Note 3)		25	-	20.7	-	-	20.7	-	MHz
Rise Time		25	-	3.6	-	-	3.6	-	ns
Propagation Delay		25	-	2	-	-	2	-	ns
Overshoot		25	-	30	-	-	30	-	%
Slew Rate		25	1.0	1.3	-	1.0	1.3	-	V/ns
Settling Time	To 0.1%	25	-	50	-	-	50	-	ns

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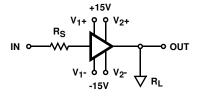
# $\textbf{Electrical Specifications} \hspace{0.5cm} V_{SUPPLY} = \pm 12 \text{V to } \pm 15 \text{V}, \hspace{0.1cm} R_S = 50 \Omega, \hspace{0.1cm} R_L = 1 \text{k}\Omega, \hspace{0.1cm} C_L = 10 \text{pF}, \hspace{0.1cm} \text{Unless Otherwise Specified} \hspace{0.1cm} \textbf{(Continued)} \\$

	TEST	TEST TEMP		HA-5002-2		HA-5002-5, -9			
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	(°C)	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Differential Gain	$R_L = 500\Omega$	25	-	0.06	-	-	0.06	-	%
Differential Phase	$R_L = 500\Omega$	25	-	0.22	-	-	0.22	-	Degrees
POWER REQUIREMENTS									
Supply Current		25	-	8.3	-	-	8.3	-	mA
		Full	-	-	10	-	-	10	mA
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	A <sub>V</sub> = 10V	Full	54	64	-	54	64	-	dB

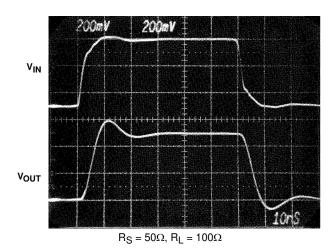
NOTE:

<sup>3</sup>· FPBW = 
$$\frac{\text{Slew Rate}}{2\pi V_{\text{PEAK}}}$$
;  $V_{\text{P}}$  = 10V ·

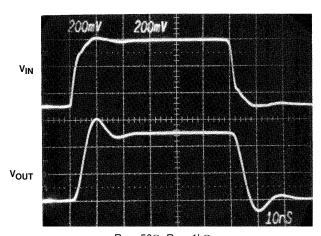
# Test Circuit and Waveforms



#### FIGURE 1. LARGE AND SMALL SIGNAL RESPONSE

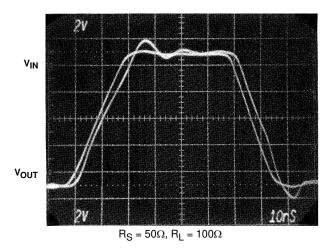


**SMALL SIGNAL WAVEFORMS** 

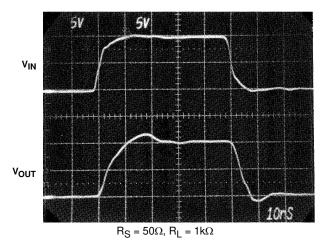


 $R_{\mbox{\scriptsize S}} = 50\Omega, \, R_{\mbox{\scriptsize L}} = 1 \mbox{\scriptsize k}\Omega$  SMALL SIGNAL WAVEFORMS

### Test Circuit and Waveforms (Continued)

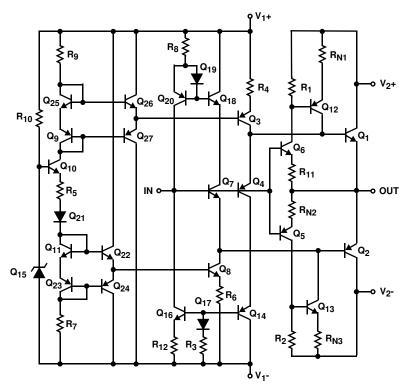


LARGE SIGNAL WAVEFORMS



LARGE SIGNAL WAVEFORMS

# Schematic Diagram



# Application Information

#### Layout Considerations

The wide bandwidth of the HA-5002 necessitates that high frequency circuit layout procedures be followed. Failure to follow these guidelines can result in marginal performance.

Probably the most crucial of the RF/video layout rules is the use of a ground plane. A ground plane provides isolation and minimizes distributed circuit capacitance and inductance which will degrade high frequency performance.

Other considerations are proper power supply bypassing and keeping the input and output connections as short as possible which minimizes distributed capacitance and reduces board space.

#### Power Supply Decoupling

For optimal device performance, it is recommended that the positive and negative power supplies be bypassed with capacitors to ground. Ceramic capacitors ranging in value from 0.01 to  $0.1 \, \mu F$  will minimize high frequency variations in supply voltage, while low frequency bypassing requires

larger valued capacitors since the impedance of the capacitor is dependent on frequency.

It is also recommended that the bypass capacitors be connected close to the HA-5002 (preferably directly to the supply pins).

#### Operation at Reduced Supply Levels

The HA-5002 can operate at supply voltage levels as low as  $\pm 5V$  and lower. Output swing is directly affected as well as slight reductions in slew rate and bandwidth.

### **Short Circuit Protection**

The output current can be limited by using the following circuit:

$$R_{LIM} = \frac{V_{+}}{I_{OUTMAX}} = \frac{V_{-}}{I_{OUTMAX}}$$

$$V_{+} = \frac{I_{OUTMAX} = 200 \text{mA}}{(\text{CONTINUOUS})}$$

$$V_{1+} = \frac{V_{+}}{I_{OUTMAX}} = \frac{V_{-}}{I_{OUTMAX}} = \frac{V_{-}}{I_{OUTMA$$

#### Capacitive Loading

The HA-5002 will drive large capacitive loads without oscillation but peak current limits should not be exceeded. Following the formula I = Cdv/dt implies that the slew rate or the capacitive load must be controlled to keep peak current below the maximum or use the current limiting approach as shown. The HA-5002 can become unstable with small capacitive loads (50pF) if certain precautions are not taken. Stability is enhanced by any one of the following: a source resistance in series with the input of  $50\Omega$  to  $1k\Omega$ ; increasing capacitive load to 150pF or greater; decreasing  $C_{LOAD}$  to 20pF or less; adding an output resistor of  $10\Omega$  to  $50\Omega$ ; or adding feedback capacitance of 50pF or greater. Adding source resistance generally yields the best results.

$$P_{DMAX} = \frac{T_{JMAX} - T_{A}}{\theta_{JC} + \theta_{CS} + \theta_{SA}}$$

Where:  $T_{JMAX}$  = Maximum Junction Temperature of the Device

 $T_A = Ambient$ 

 $\theta_{JC}$  = Junction to Case Thermal Resistance

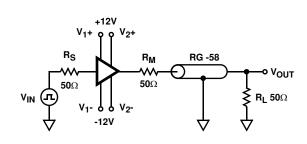
 $\theta_{CS}$  = Case to Heat Sink Thermal Resistance

 $\theta_{SA}$  = Heat Sink to Ambient Thermal Resistance

Graph is based on:  $P_{DMAX} = \frac{T_{JMAX} - T_A}{\theta_{JA}}$ 

FIGURE 2. MAXIMUM POWER DISSIPATION vs TEMPERATURE

# **Typical Application**



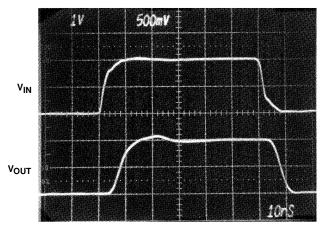


FIGURE 3. COAXIAL CABLE DRIVER -  $50\Omega$  SYSTEM

# **Typical Performance Curves**

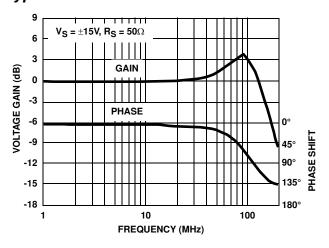


FIGURE 4. GAIN/PHASE vs FREQUENCY (RL =  $1k\Omega$ )

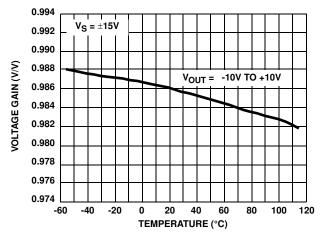


FIGURE 6. VOLTAGE GAIN vs TEMPERATURE ( $R_L = 100\Omega$ )

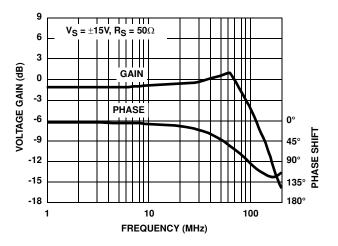


FIGURE 5. GAIN/PHASE vs FREQUENCY (RL =  $50\Omega$ )

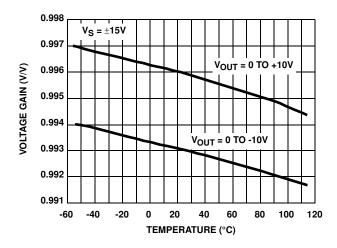


FIGURE 7. VOLTAGE GAIN vs TEMPERATURE ( $R_L = 1k\Omega$ )

# Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

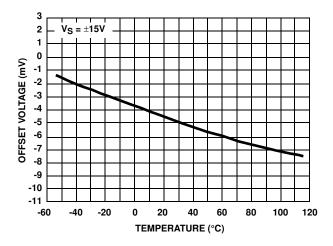


FIGURE 8. OFFSET VOLTAGE vs TEMPERATURE

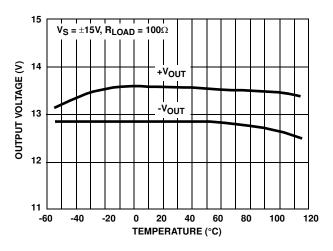


FIGURE 10. MAXIMUM OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs TEMPERATURE

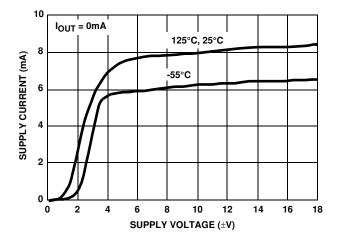


FIGURE 12. SUPPLY CURRENT vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE

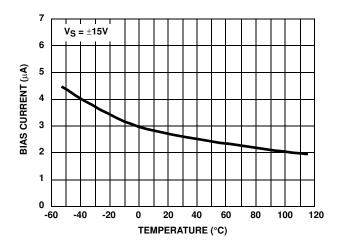


FIGURE 9. BIAS CURRENT vs TEMPERATURE

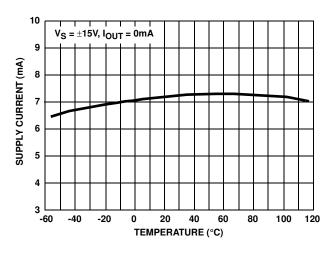


FIGURE 11. SUPPLY CURRENT vs TEMPERATURE

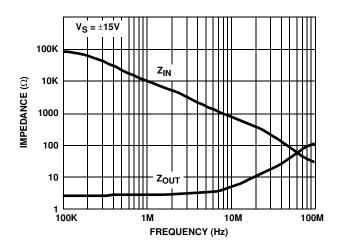


FIGURE 13. INPUT/OUTPUT IMPEDANCE vs FREQUENCY

# Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

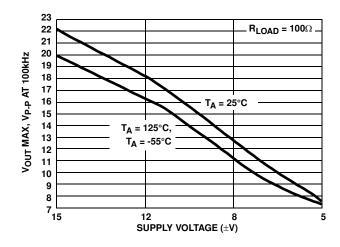


FIGURE 14.  $V_{OUT}$  MAXIMUM vs  $V_{SUPPLY}$ 

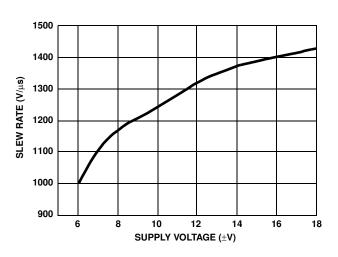


FIGURE 16. SLEW RATE vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE



SUBSTRATE POTENTIAL (POWERED UP):

V<sub>1</sub>-

TRANSISTOR COUNT:

27

PROCESS:

Bipolar Dielectric Isolation

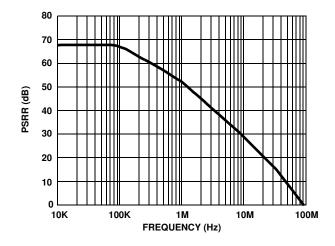


FIGURE 15. PSRR vs FREQUENCY

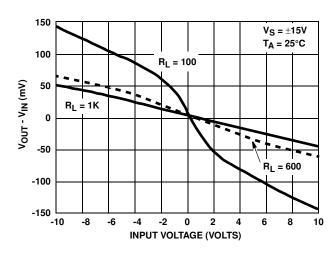
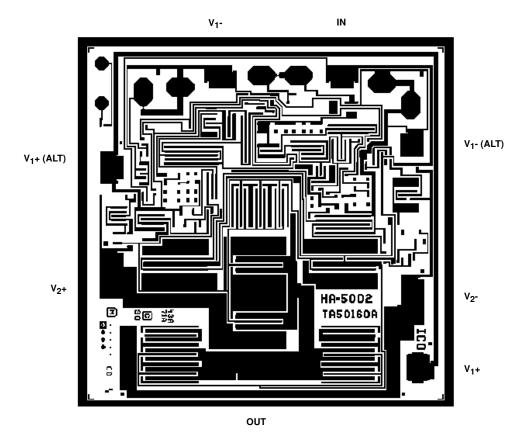


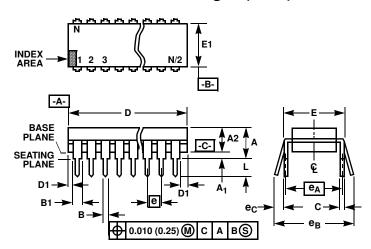
FIGURE 17. GAIN ERROR vs INPUT VOLTAGE

# Metallization Mask Layout

#### HA-5002



# Dual-In-Line Plastic Packages (PDIP)



#### NOTES:

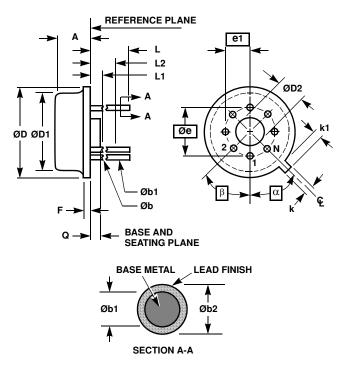
- Controlling Dimensions: INCH. In case of conflict between English and Metric dimensions, the inch dimensions control.
- 2. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
- 3. Symbols are defined in the "MO Series Symbol List" in Section 2.2 of Publication No. 95.
- 4. Dimensions A, A1 and L are measured with the package seated in JEDEC seating plane gauge GS-3.
- D, D1, and E1 dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.010 inch (0.25mm).
- E and eA are measured with the leads constrained to be perpendicular to datum -C-.
- 7.  $e_B$  and  $e_C$  are measured at the lead tips with the leads unconstrained.  $e_C$  must be zero or greater.
- 8. B1 maximum dimensions do not include dambar protrusions. Dambar protrusions shall not exceed 0.010 inch (0.25mm).
- 9. N is the maximum number of terminal positions.
- Corner leads (1, N, N/2 and N/2 + 1) for E8.3, E16.3, E18.3, E28.3, E42.6 will have a B1 dimension of 0.030 - 0.045 inch (0.76 - 1.14mm).

E8.3 (JEDEC MS-001-BA ISSUE D) 8 LEAD DUAL-IN-LINE PLASTIC PACKAGE

	INC	INCHES MILLIMETERS			
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	NOTES
Α	-	0.210	-	5.33	4
A1	0.015	-	0.39	-	4
A2	0.115	0.195	2.93	4.95	-
В	0.014	0.022	0.356	0.558	-
B1	0.045	0.070	1.15	1.77	8, 10
С	0.008	0.014	0.204	0.355	-
D	0.355	0.400	9.01	10.16	5
D1	0.005	-	0.13	-	5
Е	0.300	0.325	7.62	8.25	6
E1	0.240	0.280	6.10	7.11	5
е	0.100	BSC	2.54 BSC		-
e <sub>A</sub>	0.300	BSC	7.62	BSC	6
e <sub>B</sub>	-	0.430	-	10.92	7
L	0.115	0.150	2.93	3.81	4
N	8	3	8	3	9

Rev. 0 12/93

# Metal Can Packages (Can)



#### NOTES:

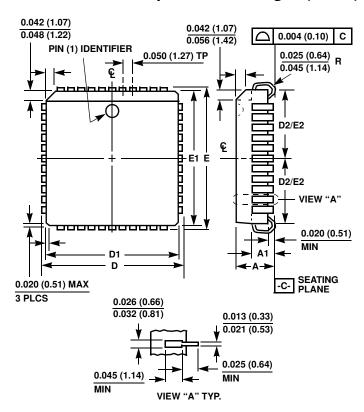
- (All leads) Øb applies between L1 and L2. Øb1 applies between L2 and 0.500 from the reference plane. Diameter is uncontrolled in L1 and beyond 0.500 from the reference plane.
- 2. Measured from maximum diameter of the product.
- 3.  $\alpha$  is the basic spacing from the centerline of the tab to terminal 1 and  $\beta$  is the basic spacing of each lead or lead position (N -1 places) from  $\alpha$ , looking at the bottom of the package.
- 4. N is the maximum number of terminal positions.
- 5. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M 1982.
- 6. Controlling dimension: INCH.

**T8.C** MIL-STD-1835 MACY1-X8 (A1) 8 LEAD METAL CAN PACKAGE

	INCHES		MILLIM	IETERS	
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	NOTES
Α	0.165	0.185	4.19	4.70	-
Øb	0.016	0.019	0.41	0.48	1
Øb1	0.016	0.021	0.41	0.53	1
Øb2	0.016	0.024	0.41	0.61	-
ØD	0.335	0.375	8.51	9.40	-
ØD1	0.305	0.335	7.75	8.51	-
ØD2	0.110	0.160	2.79	4.06	-
е	0.200 BSC		5.08 BSC		-
e1	0.100	BSC	2.54 BSC		-
F	-	0.040	-	1.02	-
k	0.027	0.034	0.69	0.86	-
k1	0.027	0.045	0.69	1.14	2
L	0.500	0.750	12.70	19.05	1
L1	-	0.050	-	1.27	1
L2	0.250	-	6.35	-	1
Q	0.010	0.045	0.25	1.14	-
α	45 <sup>0</sup>	BSC	45° BSC		3
β	45 <sup>0</sup>	BSC	45° BSC		3
N	8	3	8	3	4

Rev. 0 5/18/94

# Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier Packages (PLCC)



# NOTES:

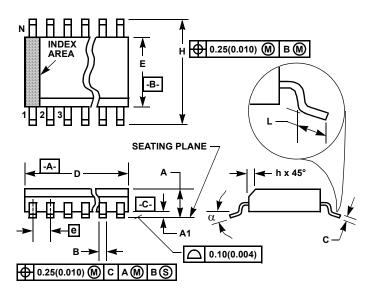
- Controlling dimension: INCH. Converted millimeter dimensions are not necessarily exact.
- 2. Dimensions and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
- Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold protrusions. Allowable mold protrusion is 0.010 inch (0.25mm) per side. Dimensions D1 and E1 include mold mismatch and are measured at the extreme material condition at the body parting line.
- 4. To be measured at seating plane -C- contact point.
- 5. Centerline to be determined where center leads exit plastic body.
- 6. "N" is the number of terminal positions.

N20.35 (JEDEC MS-018AA ISSUE A)
20 LEAD PLASTIC LEADED CHIP CARRIER PACKAGE

	INCHES		MILLIN		
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	NOTES
Α	0.165	0.180	4.20	4.57	-
A1	0.090	0.120	2.29	3.04	-
D	0.385	0.395	9.78	10.03	-
D1	0.350	0.356	8.89	9.04	3
D2	0.141	0.169	3.59	4.29	4, 5
E	0.385	0.395	9.78	10.03	-
E1	0.350	0.356	8.89	9.04	3
E2	0.141	0.169	3.59	4.29	4, 5
N	2	0	2	6	

Rev. 2 11/97

# Small Outline Plastic Packages (SOIC)



#### NOTES:

- Symbols are defined in the "MO Series Symbol List" in Section 2.2 of Publication Number 95.
- 2. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
- Dimension "D" does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusion and gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15mm (0.006 inch) per side.
- Dimension "E" does not include interlead flash or protrusions. Interlead flash and protrusions shall not exceed 0.25mm (0.010 inch) per side
- 5. The chamfer on the body is optional. If it is not present, a visual index feature must be located within the crosshatched area.
- 6. "L" is the length of terminal for soldering to a substrate.
- 7. "N" is the number of terminal positions.
- 8. Terminal numbers are shown for reference only.
- The lead width "B", as measured 0.36mm (0.014 inch) or greater above the seating plane, shall not exceed a maximum value of 0.61mm (0.024 inch).
- Controlling dimension: MILLIMETER. Converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.

M8.15 (JEDEC MS-012-AA ISSUE C) 8 LEAD NARROW BODY SMALL OUTLINE PLASTIC PACKAGE

	INCHES		MILLIN	MILLIMETERS			
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	NOTES		
Α	0.0532	0.0688	1.35	1.75	-		
A1	0.0040	0.0098	0.10	0.25	-		
В	0.013	0.020	0.33	0.51	9		
С	0.0075	0.0098	0.19	0.25	-		
D	0.1890	0.1968	4.80	5.00	3		
Е	0.1497	0.1574	3.80	4.00	4		
е	0.050	BSC	1.27	-			
Н	0.2284	0.2440	5.80	6.20	-		
h	0.0099	0.0196	0.25	0.50	5		
L	0.016	0.050	0.40	1.27	6		
N	8			7			
α	0°	8°	0°	8°	-		

Rev. 1 6/05

FN2921.11

March 8, 2006

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HA-5002

Printer Friendly Version

110MHz, High Slew Rate, High Output Current Buffer

DS <u>Datasheets.</u>	Description	<u>Key</u>	PT Parametric	Application	Related
Related Docs	<del></del>	<u>Features</u>	<u>Data</u>	<b>Diagrams</b>	Devices
& Simulations					

#### **Ordering Information**

# RoHS/Pb-Free/Green Device

	Design-In				Price		
Part No.	Status	Temp.	Package	MSL	US \$		
HA2-5002-2	Active	Mil	8 Ld Can	N/A	25.33	Buy	
HA2-5002-2ZR5254 🔒	Active	Mil	8 Ld Can	N/A	25.33	Buy	1
HA2-5002-5	Active	Comm	8 Ld Can	N/A	19.65	Buy	
HA3-5002-5	Active	Comm	8 Ld PDIP	N/A	2.59	Buy	1
HA3-5002-5Z 🔒	Active	Comm	8 Ld PDIP	N/A	2.59	Buy	Sampl
HA4P5002-5	Active	Comm	20 Ld PLCC	3	6.19	Buy	1
HA4P5002-5Z 😎	Active	Comm	20 Ld PLCC	3	6.19	Buy	Sampl
HA9P5002-5	Active	Comm	8 Ld SOIC	1	1.95	Buy	1
HA9P5002-5Z 😎	Active	Comm	8 Ld SOIC	1	1.95	Buy	Sampl
HA9P5002-9	Active	Ind	8 Ld SOIC	1	2.91	Buy	1
HA9P5002-9Z 🕫	Active	Ind	8 Ld SOIC	1	2.91	Buy	Sampl
HA7-5002-5	InActive	Comm	8 Ld CerDIP	N/A			

The price listed is the manufacturer's suggested retail price for quantities between 100 and 999 units. However, prices in today's market are fluid and may change without notice.

MSL = Moisture Sensitivity Level - per IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020

**SMD** = Standard Microcircuit Drawing

# Description

The HA-5002 is a monolithic, wideband, high slew rate, high output current, buffer amplifier.

Utilizing the advantages of the Intersil D.I. technologies, the HA-5002 current buffer offers 1300V/ $\mu$ s slew rate with 110MHz of bandwidth. The ±200mA output current capability is enhanced by a 3 $\Omega$  output impedance.

The monolithic HA-5002 will replace the hybrid LH0002 with corresponding performance increases. These characteristics range from the  $3000 k\Omega$  input impedance to the increased output voltage swing. Monolithic design technologies have allowed a more precise buffer to be developed with more than an order of magnitude smaller gain error.

The HA-5002 will provide many present hybrid users with a higher degree of reliability and at the same time increase overall circuit performance.

For the military grade product, refer to the HA-5002/883 datasheet.

#### Key Features

- Voltage Gain 0.995
- High Input Impedance 3000kΩ
- Low Output Impedance 3Ω
- Very High Slew Rate 1300V/is
- Very Wide Bandwidth 110MHz
- High Output Current ±200mAPulsed Output Current 400mA
- Monolithic Construction

Pb-Free Plus Anneal Available (RoHS Compliant)

#### **Related Documentation**

- Application Note(s):
  - Basic Analog for Digital Designers
  - Evaluation Programs for SPICE Op Amp Models
  - Feedback, Op Amps and Compensation
  - Operational Amplifier Noise Prediction
  - Recommended Test Procedures for Operational Amplifiers
- Datasheet(s):
  - 110MHz, High Slew Rate, High Output Current Buffer
- Military SMD(s):
  - Monolithic, Wideband, High Slew Rate, High Output Current Buffer
- Technical Homepage:
  - Amplifiers/Buffers
  - Military/Space ICs
- i-Sim:
  - Getting Started with iSim and iSim:PE
  - HA-5002 iSim
  - Java™ Plug-in Setup Instructions for Windows® 2000 Systems
- Design Model(s):
  - HA-5002 SPICE Buffer Amplifier Macro-Model
  - HA-5002 SPICE Operational Amplifier Macro Model

#### Other:

- 20 Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier Package (JEDEC MS-018AA Issue A)
- 8 Lead Dual-In-Line Plastic Package (JEDEC MS-001-BA Issue D)
- <u>8 Lead Narrow Body Small Outline Plastic Package (JEDEC MS-012-AA Issue C)</u>
- Mil-Std-1835 GDIP1-T8 (D-4, Configuration A) 8 Lead Ceramic Dual-In-Line Frit Seal Package
- Mil-Std-1835 MACY1-X8 (A1) 8 Lead Metal Can Package

# PT Parametric Data

# of Amps	1
BW @ -3dB (MHz)	110
Slew Rate (V/µs)	1300
Gain A <sub>V</sub> (min)	1
V <sub>IN</sub> (min) (V)	±5
V <sub>IN</sub> (max) (V)	±20
l <sub>BIAS</sub> (μA)	2
I <sub>S</sub> (mA)	8.3
PSRR (dB)	64
V <sub>OS</sub> (max) (mV)	5
Rail-to-Rail	N

# Application Block Diagrams

Smart Sensor

### **Applications**

- Line Driver
- Data Acquistion
- 110MHz Buffer
- Radara Cable Driver
- High Power Current Booster
- High Power Current Source
- Sample and Holds
- Video Products



5962-0623501QPC500MHz Rail-to-Rail Amplifier5962-0623502QPC500MHz Rail-to-Rail Amplifier5962-0623601QPC670MHz Low Noise Amplifiers5962-0623602QPC670MHz Low Noise Amplifiers

5962-0625501QXC 350MHz Fixed Gain Amplifiers with Enable

5962-0625601QHC1.4GHz Current Feedback Amplifiers with Enable5962-0625601QXC1.4GHz Current Feedback Amplifiers with Enable5962-0625602QHC1.4GHz Current Feedback Amplifiers with Enable5962-0625602QXC1.4GHz Current Feedback Amplifiers with Enable

5962-0721201QXC Video Distribution Amplifier

5962-0721301QHC Dual 500MHz Rail-to-Rail Amplifier with Enable

5962-0721301QXC500MHz Rail-to-Rail Amplifiers5962-0721302QHCDual 500MHz Rail-to-Rail Amplifier5962-0721302QXC500MHz Rail-to-Rail Amplifiers5962-0721303QDCQuad 500MHz Rail-to-Rail Amplifier5962-0721303QYC500MHz Rail-to-Rail Amplifiers

HA-2400/883 40MHz, PRAM Four Channel Programmable Amplifiers

HA-2520 20MHz, High Slew Rate, Uncompensated, High Input Impedance,

Operational Amplifiers

Microcircuit, Linear, High Speed, Operational Amplifier, Monolithic

Silicon

HA-2539 600MHz, Very High Slew Rate Operational AmplifierHA-2539/883 600MHz, Very High Slew Rate Operational Amplifier

HA-2544 50MHz, Video Operational Amplifier

HA-5002/883 Monolithic, Wideband, High Slew Rate, High Output Current Buffer

HA-5020 100MHz Current Feedback Video Amplifier With Disable

HA-5033 250MHz Video Buffer

HA-5101/883 Low Noise, High Performance Operational Amplifier

HA-5102
 Dual and Quad, 8MHz and 60MHz, Low Noise Operational Amplifiers
 HA-5104
 Dual and Quad, 8MHz and 60MHz, Low Noise Operational Amplifiers

HA-5104/883 Low Noise, High Performance, Quad Operational Amplifier

HA-5190HA4600480MHz, Video Buffer with Output Disable

HFA1130 850MHz, Output Limiting, Low Distortion Current Feedback

Operational Amplifier

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