



**Spec No.: DS20-2004-315**Effective Date: 11/25/2004

Revision: -

**LITE-ON DCC** 

**RELEASE** 

BNS-OD-FC001/A4

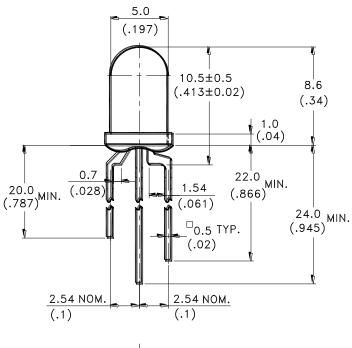


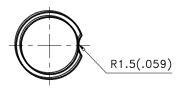
Property of Lite-On Only

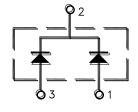
#### **Features**

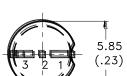
- \* Yellow Orange and Green chips are matched for uniform light output.
- \* T-1 3/4 type package.
- \* Long life-solid state reliability.
- \* Low power consumption.

### **Package Dimensions**









- 1. Yellow Orange Anode
- 2. Common Cathode
- 3. Green Anode

Part No.	Lens	Source Color
LTL30EKFGJ	White Diffused	AlInGaP Yellow Orange / Green

#### Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Tolerance is  $\pm 0.25$ mm(.010") unless otherwise noted.
- 3. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
- 4. Specification is subject to change without notice.

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## Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25°C

Parameter	Yellow Orange	Green	Unit		
Power Dissipation	75	75	mW		
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	60	60	mA		
DC Forward Current	30	30	mA		
Derating Linear From 30°C	0.4	0.4	mA/°C		
Reverse Voltage	5	5	V		
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to + 100°C				
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to + 100°C				
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm(.063") From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds				

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### Electrical Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Color	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Luminous Intensity	Iv	Yellow Orange Green	110 50	240 110		mcd	I <sub>F</sub> = 20mA I <sub>F</sub> = 20mA Note 1,4
Viewing Angle	201/2	Yellow Orange Green		80 80		deg	Note 2 (Fig.6)
Peak Emission	λр	Yellow Orange Green		611 575		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig.1)
Dominant Wavelength	λd	Yellow Orange Green		605 572		nm	Note 3
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ	Yellow Orange Green		17 11		nm	
Forward Voltage	VF	Yellow Orange Green		2.05 2.1	2.4 2.4	V	I <sub>F</sub> = 20mA
Reverse Current	$I_R$	Yellow Orange Green			100	μΑ	$V_R = 5V$

- NOTE: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE eye-response curve.
  - 2.  $\theta_{1/2}$  is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.
  - 3. Iv classification code is marked on each packing bag.
  - 4. The dominant wavelength,  $\lambda d$  is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.

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### Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

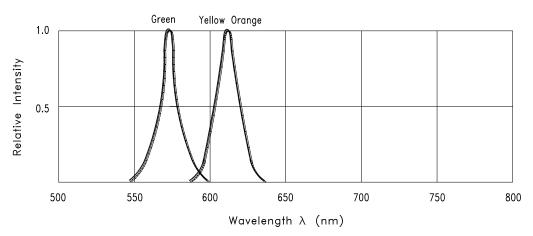
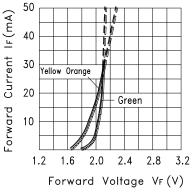


Fig.1 Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength



Forward Voltage VF(V)
Fig.2 Forward Current vs.
Forward Voltage

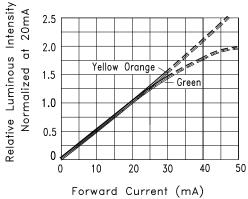
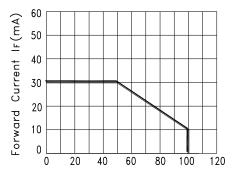


Fig.4 Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current



Ambient Temperature Ta(°C) Fig.3 Forward Current Derating Curve

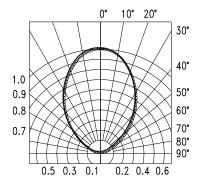


Fig.5 Spatial Distribution

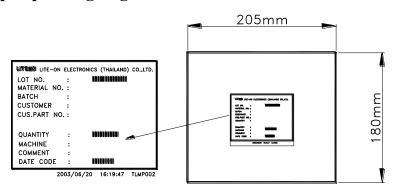
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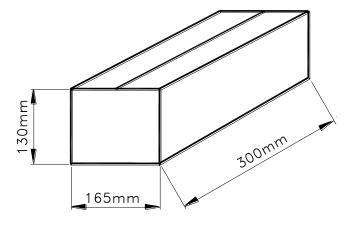
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## Packing Spec

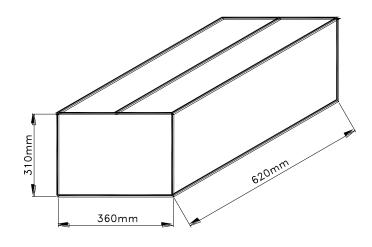
500 or 250 pcs per packing bag



10 packing bags per inner carton total 5000 pcs per inner carton



8 Inner cartons per outer carton total 40000 pcs per outer carton In every shipping lot, only the last pack will be non-full packing



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### **CAUTIONS**

#### 1. Application

The LEDs described here are intended to be used for ordinary electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communication equipment and household applications). Consult Liteon's Sales in advance for information on applications in which exceptional reliability is required, particularly when the failure or malfunction of the LEDs may directly jeopardize life or health (such as in aviation, transportation, traffic control equipment, medical and life support systems and safety devices).

#### 2. Storage

The storage ambient for the LEDs should not exceed 30°C temperature or 70% relative humidity. It is recommended that LEDs out of their original packaging are used within three months. For extended storage out of their original packaging, it is recommended that the LEDs be stored in a sealed container with appropriate desiccant or in desiccators with nitrogen ambient.

#### 3. Cleaning

Use alcohol-based cleaning solvents such as isopropyl alcohol to clean the LEDs if necessary.

#### 4. Lead Forming & Assembly

During lead forming, the leads should be bent at a point at least 3mm from the base of LED lens.

Do not use the base of the lead frame as a fulcrum during forming.

Lead forming must be done before soldering, at normal temperature.

During assembly on PCB, use minimum clinch force possible to avoid excessive mechanical stress.

#### 5. Soldering

When soldering, leave a minimum of 2mm clearance from the base of the lens to the soldering point. Dipping the lens into the solder must be avoided.

Do not apply any external stress to the lead frame during soldering while the LED is at high temperature.

Recommended soldering conditions:

Soldering iron		Wave soldering		
Temperature Soldering time	300°C Max. 3 sec. Max. (one time only)	Pre-heat Pre-heat time Solder wave Soldering time	100°C Max. 60 sec. Max. 260°C Max. 10 sec. Max.	

Note: Excessive soldering temperature and/or time might result in deformation of the LED lens or catastrophic failure of the LED. IR reflow is not suitable process for through hole type LED lamp product.

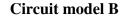
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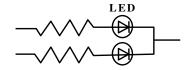
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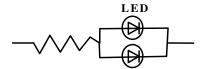
#### 6. Drive Method

An LED is a current-operated device. In order to ensure intensity uniformity on multiple LEDs connected in parallel in an application, it is recommended that a current limiting resistor be incorporated in the drive circuit, in series with each LED as shown in Circuit A below.

#### Circuit model A







- (A) Recommended circuit
- (B) The brightness of each LED might appear different due to the differences in the I-V characteristics of those LEDs

#### 7. ESD (Electrostatic Discharge)

Static Electricity or power surge will damage the LED.

Suggestions to prevent ESD damage:

- Use a conductive wrist band or anti- electrostatic glove when handling these LEDs
- All devices, equipment, and machinery must be properly grounded
- Work tables, storage racks, etc. should be properly grounded
- Use ion blower to neutralize the static charge which might have built up on surface of the LEDs plastic lens as a result of friction between LEDs during storage and handing

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#### Suggested checking list:

#### Training and Certification

- 1. Everyone working in a static-safe area is ESD-certified?
- 2. Training records kept and re-certification dates monitored?

#### Static-Safe Workstation & Work Areas

- 1. Static-safe workstation or work-areas have ESD signs?
- 2. All surfaces and objects at all static-safe workstation and within 1 ft measure less than 100V?
- 3. All ionizer activated, positioned towards the units?
- 4. Each work surface mats grounding is good?

#### Personnel Grounding

- 1. Every person (including visitors) handling ESD sensitive (ESDS) items wear wrist strap, heel strap or conductive shoes with conductive flooring?
- 2. If conductive footwear used, conductive flooring also present where operator stand or walk?
- 3. Garments, hairs or anything closer than 1 ft to ESD items measure less than 100V\*?
- 4. Every wrist strap or heel strap/conductive shoes checked daily and result recorded for all DLs?
- 5. All wrist strap or heel strap checkers calibration up to date?

#### Note: \*50V for Green LED.

#### **Device Handling**

- 1. Every ESDS items identified by EIA-471 labels on item or packaging?
- 2. All ESDS items completely inside properly closed static-shielding containers when not at static-safe workstation?
- 3. No static charge generators (e.g. plastics) inside shielding containers with ESDS items?
- 4. All flexible conductive and dissipative package materials inspected before reuse or recycle?

#### Others

- 1. Audit result reported to entity ESD control coordinator?
- 2. Corrective action from previous audits completed?
- 3. Are audit records complete and on file?

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### 8. Reliability Test

Classification	Test Item	Test Condition	Reference Standard
	Operation Life	Ta= Under Room Temperature As Per Data Sheet Maximum Rating *Test Time= 1000HRS (-24HRS,+72HRS)	MIL-STD-750D:1026 (1995) MIL-STD-883D:1005 (1991) JIS C 7021:B-1 (1982)
	High Temperature High Humidity Storage	Ta= $65\pm5^{\circ}$ C RH= $90 \sim 95\%$ Test Time= 240HRS $\pm$ 2HRS	MIL-STD-202F: 103B(1980) JIS C 7021 : B-11(1982)
Endurance Test	High Temperature High Humidity Reverse BIAS	Ta= $65\pm5^{\circ}$ C RH= $90 \sim 95\%$ VR=5V Test Time = $500$ HRS (- $24$ HRS, + $48$ HRS)	JIS C 7021 : B-11(1982)
	High Temperature Storage	Ta= 105±5°C *Test Time= 1000HRS (-24HRS,+72HRS)	MIL-STD-883D:1008 (1991) JIS C 7021:B-10 (1982)
	Low Temperature Storage	Ta= -55±5°C *Test Time=1000HRS (-24HRS,+72HRS)	JIS C 7021:B-12 (1982)
Environmental Test	Temperature Cycling	$105^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 25^{\circ}\text{C} \sim -55^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ 30mins 5mins 30mins 5mins 10  Cycles	MIL-STD-202F:107D (1980) MIL-STD-750D:1051(1995) MIL-STD-883D:1010 (1991) JIS C 7021: A-4(1982)
	Thermal Shock	$105 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C $\sim -55^{\circ}$ C $\pm 5^{\circ}$ C 10mins $10$ Cycles	MIL-STD-202F:107D(1980) MIL-STD-750D:1051(1995) MIL-STD-883D:1011 (1991)
	Solder Resistance	T.sol = $260 \pm 5$ °C Dwell Time= $10 \pm 1$ secs	MIL-STD-202F:210A(1980) MIL-STD-750D:2031(1995) JIS C 7021: A-1(1982)
	Solderability	T. sol = $230 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C Dwell Time= $5 \pm 1$ secs	MIL-STD-202F:208D(1980) MIL-STD-750D:2026(1995) MIL-STD-883D:2003(1991) JIS C 7021: A-2(1982)

#### 9. Others

The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement, without prior notice.

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