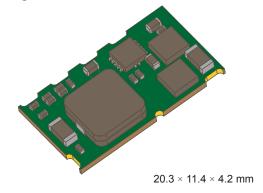


## POL Converter Module for 5 V System Intermediate Bus

## **Features and Benefits**

- Industry standard footprint
- Improved soldering: gold-plated pads and side notches
- Synchronized rectifying type stepdown chopper
- High power
- High efficiency: 96.4% at  $V_{IN} = 5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_O = 3.3 \text{ V}$ ,  $I_O = 5 \text{ A}$
- Operating temperature range: -40°C to 85°C
- Input voltage range: 4.5 to 7.0 VDC
- Output voltage: 0.75 to 3.63 V
- Output current range: 0 to 10 A
- Operating frequency: 600 kHzOvercurrent protection function

#### Package: Module



### **Description**

The BR205 is a thin type POL converter modules with an industry standard exterior shape and footprint, responsive to very high speed loads and compatible with ceramic capacitors.

It can be used as design-free POL converters for a 5 V system intermediate bus. It can be configured easily, reducing overall design time, and allowing reuse of designs.

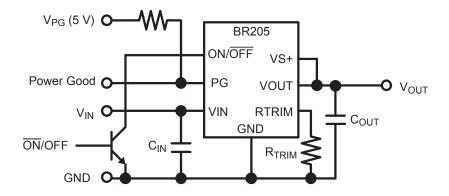
Miniaturization was achieved by high frequency switching technology, allowing saving space on the application PCB.

Soldering capability has been significantly improved by adoption of end face through holes.

## **Applications:**

- Communication devices
- Computer server
- Other low power conversion

## **Typical Application Circuit**



## **BR205**

# POL Converter Module for 5 V System Intermediate Bus

### **Selection Guide**

Part Number	Output Voltage, V <sub>OUT</sub> (V)	Operating Frequency, f <sub>OP</sub> (kHz)
BR205	0.75 to 3.63	600

The polarity value for current specifies a sink as "+," and a source as "-," referencing the IC.

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**, valid at T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C

Characteristic	Symbol	Notes	Pins	Rating	Unit
ON/OFF Pin Voltage	V <sub>ONOFF</sub>		1	7	V
PG Pin Voltage	$V_{PG}$	Sink current 7 mA	9	7	V
Operating Temperature Range	T <sub>A</sub>		_	-40 to 85	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>stg</sub>		-	-40 to 85	°C
Operating Humidity Range	H <sub>OP</sub>	No condensation	-	20 to 85	%
Storage Humidity Range	H <sub>stg</sub>	No condensation	_	10 to 95	%

## POL Converter Module for 5 V System Intermediate Bus

### Electrical Characteristics Unless specifically noted, TA is 25°C

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Input Voltage Range	V <sub>IN</sub>		4.5	5.0	7.0	V
Output Voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Adjust with R <sub>TRIM</sub>	0.75	_	3.63	V
Output Current	I <sub>OUT</sub>	With temperature derating	0	_	10	Α
Output Voltage Accuracy	Err <sub>VOUT</sub>	$V_{\text{IN}}$ = 4.5 to 7 V, $I_{\text{OUT}}$ = 0 to $I_{\text{OUT}}$ (max), Operating Temperature Range, $R_{\text{TRIM}}$ =1% accuracy	-2.0	_	2.0	%V <sub>OUT</sub>
Ripple Voltage <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>rip</sub>	BW = 20 MHz, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 3.3 V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 to10 A, C <sub>OUT</sub> = 400 μF	_	10	50	mV <sub>p-p</sub>
T#iniona.		V <sub>IN</sub> = 5 V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 10 A, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 1.5 V	_	87.8	_	%
Efficiency	η	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5 V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 10 A, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 3.3 V	-	94.5	-	%
Operating Frequency	f <sub>OP</sub>		_	600	_	kHz
Overcurrent Protection Threshold	I <sub>OUT(OCP)</sub>	Hiccup	_	24.5	_	А
Input Capacitor <sup>2</sup>	C <sub>IN</sub>	When input voltage is an ideal voltage source	100	_	5000	μF
Output Capacitor <sup>2</sup>	C <sub>OUT</sub>	When input voltage is an ideal voltage source	400	_	1900	μF
Startup Time	t <sub>r</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> from 10% to 90% points	_	0.5	_	ms
Start Delay Time	t <sub>d</sub>	With the ON/OFF pin open, measured from the VIN pin switching high, to V <sub>OUT</sub> reaching 10% of operating level (see figure 1)	_	3	-	ms
ON/OFF Start Delay Time	t <sub>rcd</sub>	With the VIN pin high, measured from the ON/OFF pin switching open, to V <sub>OUT</sub> reaching 10% of operating level (see figure 2)	_	3	-	ms
Interface Characteristics						
Power Good	P <sub>WGL</sub>	Lower limit of Power Good	83.1	87.3	91.5	%V <sub>OUT</sub>
Power Good	P <sub>WGH</sub>	Upper limit of Power Good	109.3	112.7	116.9	%V <sub>OUT</sub>
ON/OFF Pin High Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	When the ON/OFF pin is set open, the BR205 converter is turned on	0.55	0.70	1.00	V
ON/OFF Pin Low Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	When the ON/OFF pin is pulled down to GND, the BR205 converter is turned off	0.27	0.30	0.33	V

 $<sup>{}^1\</sup>mbox{See}$  the Ripple Voltage Measuring Method section.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$ Place bypass capacitors between the VIN and VOUT terminals and GND (see  $C_{IN}$  and  $C_{OUT}$  in the Typical Application Circuit diagram). Locate the capacitor as close as possible to the terminal.

## **Characteristic Definitions**

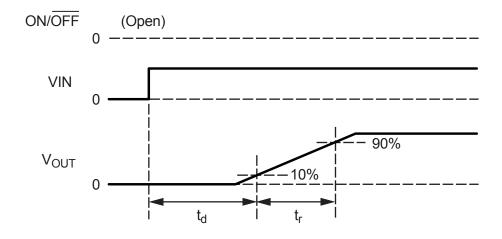


Figure 1. Start Delay Time,  $t_{\text{d}}$ , definition

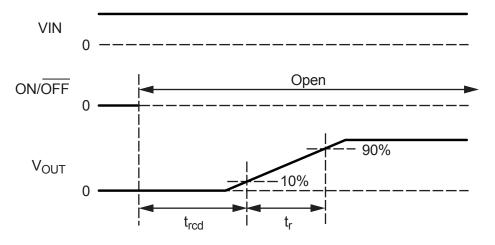


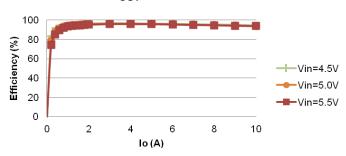
Figure 2.  $ON/\overline{OFF}$  Start Delay Time,  $t_{rcd}$ , definition

### **Performance Characteristics**

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ 

## **Efficiency versus Output Current**

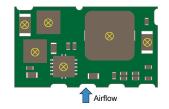




## **Temperature Derating**

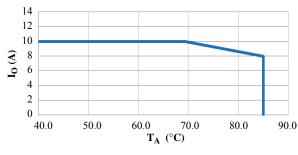
#### Measuring condition:

Product soldered directly to 101.6 ×101.6 mm, 1.6 mm thick, 6-layer PCB PCB is mounted vertically during measurement

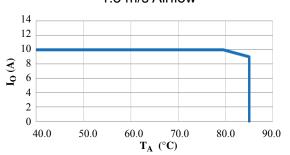


#### Measuring locations (Centers of top surface of major components)

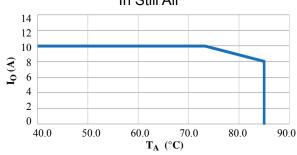




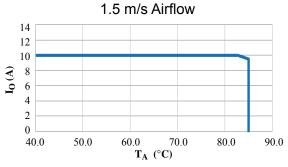
## **V<sub>OUT</sub> = 1.1 V** 1.5 m/s Airflow



## V<sub>OUT</sub> = 3.3 V In Still Air



# $V_{OUT} = 3.3 V$



## **Functional Description**

#### Power Good (PG) Operation

When output voltage,  $V_{OUT}$ , is within the Power Good detection range, the PG pin is disconnected internally by the MOSFET switch. The signal at the Power Good node is pulled up to 5 V. If  $V_{OUT}$  falls out of the Power Good detection range, the MOSFET switch connects PG to GND, and the signal at the Power Good node is pulled low. The PG peripheral circuit is shown in figure 3.

#### Output Sensing (VS+) and Compensation

Reduction in output voltage can be compensated by connecting the output sense terminal, VS+, to the load. When using LC filter, the proper connection is shown in panel A of figure 4. Note: Do not connect the output sense terminal to the output of the LC filter. It may not operate normally.

CAUTION: When the output sense terminal is not used, it must be connected directly to the VOUT output terminal. This is shown in panel B of figure 4.

## External On/Off Output Control (ON/OFF)

Operation of the output of the product can be turned on and off by using the On/Off function, irrespective of input voltage connection.

This is enabled by connection of the ON/OFF pin (pin 1) (refer to panel A of figure 5):

- When the ON/OFF pin is open, the output voltage is on
- When the ON/OFF pin is connected to GND, the output voltage is off

The ON/OFF pin is also used as a soft-start function. Do not connect the ON/OFF pin to the other pins in parallel, and be sure to connect the ON/OFF pin to a single switch device such as a FET (see figure 5). Do not pull-up the ON/OFF pin from the external voltage source.

#### CAUTION:

- The ON/OFF pin is pulled-up inside the BR205 converter. Therefore, a voltage of 5.0 V is output to the ON/OFF pin.
- Do not feed voltage to the ON/OFF pin from outside BR205 converter.

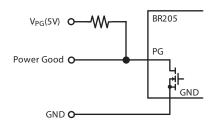


Figure 3. PG peripheral circuit

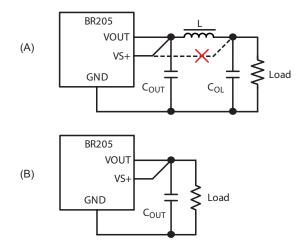


Figure 4. VS+ peripheral circuit

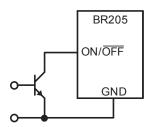


Figure 5. ON/OFF peripheral circuit

## R<sub>TRIM</sub> Constant Reference Value for Output Voltage

The output voltage level is set by the value of a resistance connected to the RTRIM pin. The relationship is:

$$R_{\text{TRIM}}(\Omega) = (0.591 \times 10,000) / (V_{\text{OUT}}(V) - 0.591)$$

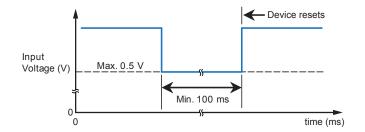
The following table provides representative values for  $R_{TRIM}$  to generate voltages within the specified  $V_{OUT}$  ranges:

V <sub>OUT</sub> (V)	R <sub>TRIM</sub> (Ω)
3.63	1944
3.3	2181
2.5	3095
1.8	4888
1.65	5580
1.6	5857
1.5	6501
1.2	9704
1.0	14449
0.95	16462
0.9	19126
0.75	37169

#### **Reset Conditions**

There are two methods for resetting all functions in the BR205 (refer to figure 6):

- Set VIN pin voltage to 0.5 V or lower for a minimum of 100 ms, or
- Set the ON/OFF pin voltage to 0.27 V or lower for a minimum of 10 ms



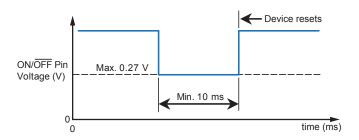


Figure 6. Reset conditions timing diagrams

## **Application Information**

#### **Test Measuring Circuit**

The test measuring circuit used for establishing the BR205 electrical characteristics is is shown in figure 7.

The decoupling capacitors,  $C_{IN}$  and  $C_{OUT}$ , should be ceramic capacitors, placed near the I/O terminals of the BR205.

#### **Ripple Voltage Measuring Method**

Figure 8 provides the test measurement circuit used for establishing voltage ripple.

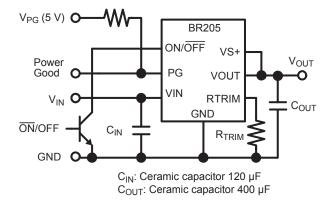


Figure 7. Test circuit for electrical characteristics

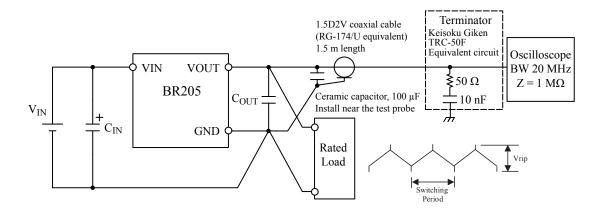
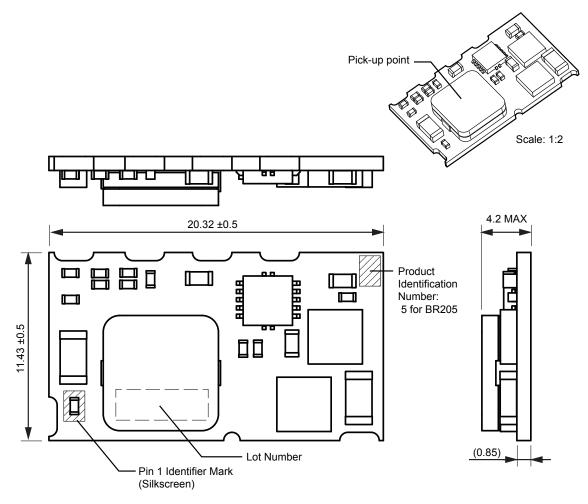


Figure 8. Test circuit for ripple voltage measurement

## **Package Outline Drawing**



- · All dimensions are in millimeters
- Dimensions shown in parentheses are reference dimensions.
- Product Weight 1.5 g
- Product Outline 20.3 x 11.4 x 4.2 mm (W  $\times$  D  $\times$  H), tolerance includes burrs and protrusions remaining from splitting the printed circuit board
- Coplanarity 0.1 mm (max)



Pb-free, compliant with the RoHS Directive.

RoHS Directive Compliance:

Lead, cadmium, mercury, hexavalent chromium and PBB, PBDE meet the specified criteria on the basis of EU Directive 2002/95/EC, except for nonrestricted materials.

#### (20.32)18.80 13.97 9.91 5.84 1.52 GND(4) NC(3) RTRIM(5) VOUT(6) 1.73 (11.43)NC(8) 4 **BR205** NC(10) 6 1.99 0.72 5.72 0.72 PG(9) 2 ON/OFF(1) VIN(2) 52 1.27 **Bottom View** 9.91

## **PCB Board Layout and Pin-out Diagram**

- The tolerance for all dimensions shown is ±0.1 mm.
- There are lands of the module, pattern, and through holes. Please give consideration to providing sufficient creepage distance when designing the pattern (the traces of different potentials are placed for a creepage distance of 0.25 mm from the land boundaries indicated by the dotted lines).
- The shaded areas indicate dimensions of lands (copper foil dimensions) on the PCB. (1.43 mm x 2.14 mm are the dimensions of a land/footprint.) Dimensions of a footprint do not include tolerance. Dimensions include only an assumed mounting variance of 0.15 mm for both vertical and horizontal directions.
- In actual use of a module, please consider actual mounting variances and adjust footprint dimensions.
- A dotted line indicates a pad of a module. The area which exceeds the footprint dimensions of 1.43 mm x 2.14 mm is the extended pad. When a user requires improvement in power dissipation and to maximize soldered area, it is recommended to cover the whole shaded area. But if a user does not require the improvement, please use the module with minimum pad area, 1.43 mm x 2.14 mm

#### **Pin List Table**

Number	Name	Function
1	ON/OFF	Input for external control of output
2 VIN		Supply for device
3, 8,10	NC	No connection
4	GND	Device ground terminal
5	RTRIM	Output voltage level setting terminal, connect to external resistor R <sub>TRIM</sub>
6	VOUT	Output voltage terminal
7	VS+	Output feedback sense terminal
9	PG	Power Good flag output

Gold plating on through hole sides and module pad faces

Module

System Substrate

Optional additional solder in through hole center

Optional extended land area

Figure 9. Optional edge soldering at through hole centers

#### **OPERATING PRECAUTIONS**

Because reliability can be affected adversely by improper storage environments and handling methods, please observe the following cautions.

#### **Cautions for Storage**

- Ensure that storage conditions comply with the standard temperature (5°C to 35°C) and the standard relative humidity (around 40% to 75%); avoid storage locations that experience extreme changes in temperature or humidity.
- Avoid locations where dust or harmful gases are present and avoid direct sunlight.
- Reinspect for rust on leads and solderability of products that have been stored for a long time.

## **Cautions for Testing and Handling**

When tests are carried out during inspection testing and other standard test periods, protect the products from power surges from the testing products, shorts between the product pins, and wrong connections. In addition, avoid tests exceeded ratings.

#### **Electrostatic Discharge**

- When handling the products, the operator must be grounded. To prevent shock hazard, grounded wrist straps should be used and at least 1 M $\Omega$  of resistance from the operator to ground should be placed near the operator.
- Workbenches where the products are handled should be grounded and be provided with conductive table and floor mats.
- When using measuring equipment such as a curve tracer, the equipment should be grounded.
- When soldering the products, the head of a soldering irons or the solder bath must be grounded in order to prevent leak voltages generated by them from being applied to the products.
- The products should always be stored and transported in Sanken shipping containers or conductive containers, or be wrapped in aluminum foil.

#### **Cautions for Use**

- Do not use the power modules under overload conditions as that will damage the module and cause a malfunction or failures.
- Use the products within the specified input voltage range.

## **BR205**

## POL Converter Module for 5 V System Intermediate Bus

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